# EC SECTION EC ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM С

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ABS00804

NOTE:

If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-139, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.

×:Applicable —: Not applicable

Itomo	DTC	)* <sup>1</sup>			
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
A/T INTERLOCK	P1730	1730	1	×	<u>AT-166</u>
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	0744	2	×	<u>AT-129</u>
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2122	2122	1	×	<u>EC-554</u>
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2123	2123	1	×	<u>EC-554</u>
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2127	2127	1	×	<u>EC-561</u>
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2128	2128	1	×	<u>EC-561</u>
APP SENSOR	P2138	2138	1	×	<u>EC-575</u>
ASCD BRAKE SW	P1572	1572	1	—	<u>EC-521</u>
ASCD SW	P1564	1564	1	—	<u>EC-514</u>
ASCD VHL SPD SEN	P1574	1574	1	_	<u>EC-538</u>
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	0710	2	×	<u>AT-153</u>
BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	P1805	1805	2	_	<u>EC-549</u>
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1000	1000* <sup>5</sup>	1	×	<u>EC-139</u>
CAN COMM CIRCUIT	U1001	1001* <sup>5</sup>	2	_	<u>EC-139</u>
CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	P0335	0335	2	×	<u>EC-297</u>
CLOSED LOOP-B1	P1148	1148	1	×	<u>EC-462</u>
CLOSED LOOP-B2	P1168	1168	1	×	<u>EC-462</u>
CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	P0340	0340	2	×	<u>EC-303</u>
CMP SEN/CIRC-B2	P0345	0345	2	×	<u>EC-303</u>
CTP LEARNING	P1225	1225	2	—	<u>EC-490</u>
CTP LEARNING	P1226	1226	2	—	<u>EC-492</u>
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0301	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0303	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0304	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0306	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>
D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1762	1762	1	×	<u>AT-196</u>
D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1764	1764	1	×	<u>AT-201</u>
ECM	P0605	0605	1 or 2	× or —	<u>EC-396</u>
ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	P1065	1065	2	×	<u>EC-399</u>
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0117	0117	1	×	<u>EC-181</u>
ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0118	0118	1	×	<u>EC-181</u>
ECT SENSOR	P0125	0125	1	×	<u>EC-193</u>
ENG OVER TEMP	P1217	1217	1	×	<u>EC-466</u> (A/T) <u>EC-478(</u> M/T)
ENGINE SPEED SIG	P0725	0725	2	×	<u>AT-122</u>

	DT	DTC* <sup>1</sup>				^
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page	A
ETC ACTR	P1121	1121	1	×	<u>EC-410</u>	EC
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P1122	1122	1	×	<u>EC-412</u>	
ETC MOT	P1128	1128	1	×	<u>EC-423</u>	
ETC MOT PWR	P1124	1124	1	×	<u>EC-418</u>	С
ETC MOT PWR	P1126	1126	1	×	<u>EC-418</u>	
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0455	2	×	<u>EC-361</u>	D
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P0441	0441	2	×	<u>EC-316</u>	
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0442	0442	2	×	<u>EC-321</u>	
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0451	0451	2	×	<u>EC-344</u>	Е
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0452	0452	2	×	<u>EC-347</u>	-
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	2	×	<u>EC-353</u>	F
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P0456	0456	2	×	<u>EC-369</u>	Г
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1757	1757	1	×	<u>AT-186</u>	-
FR/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1759	1759	1	×	<u>AT-191</u>	G
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0182	0182	2	×	<u>EC-275</u>	
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0183	0183	2	×	<u>EC-275</u>	
FTT SENSOR	P0181	0181	2	×	<u>EC-270</u>	H
FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	P0460	0460	2	×	<u>EC-379</u>	
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461	2	×	<u>EC-381</u>	
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0462	0462	2	×	<u>EC-383</u>	
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	P0171	0171	2	×	<u>EC-254</u>	
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	P0174	0174	2	×	<u>EC-254</u>	J
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	2	×	<u>EC-262</u>	-
FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	P0175	0175	2	×	<u>EC-262</u>	K
HLR/C SOL FNCTN	P1769	1769	1	×	<u>AT-210</u>	
HLR/C SOL/CIRC	P1767	1767	1	×	<u>AT-205</u>	
HO2S1 (B1)	P0132	0132	2	×	<u>EC-201</u>	L
HO2S1 (B1)	P0133	0133	2	×	<u>EC-211</u>	
HO2S1 (B1)	P0134	0134	2	×	EC-224	Μ
HO2S1 (B1)	P1143	1143	2	×	<u>EC-428</u>	111
HO2S1 (B1)	P1144	1144	2	×	<u>EC-434</u>	
HO2S1 (B2)	P0152	0152	2	×	EC-201	
HO2S1 (B2)	P0153	0153	2	×	<u>EC-211</u>	
HO2S1 (B2)	P0154	0154	2	×	<u>EC-224</u>	
HO2S1 (B2)	P1163	1163	2	×	<u>EC-428</u>	
HO2S1 (B2)	P1164	1164	2	×	<u>EC-434</u>	
HO2S1 HTR (B1)	P0031	0031	2	×	<u>EC-145</u>	
HO2S1 HTR (B1)	P0032	0032	2	×	<u>EC-145</u>	
HO2S1 HTR (B2)	P0051	0051	2	×	<u>EC-145</u>	-
HO2S1 HTR (B2)	P0052	0052	2	×	<u>EC-145</u>	-
HO2S2 (B1)	P0138	0138	2	×	<u>EC-234</u>	
HO2S2 (B1)	P0139	0139	2	×	<u>EC-243</u>	

ltomo	DT	C* <sup>1</sup>		MIL lighting	
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST <sup>*2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
HO2S2 (B1)	P1146	1146	2	×	<u>EC-440</u>
HO2S2 (B1)	P1147	1147	2	×	<u>EC-451</u>
HO2S2 (B2)	P0158	0158	2	×	<u>EC-234</u>
HO2S2 (B2)	P0159	0159	2	×	<u>EC-243</u>
HO2S2 (B2)	P1166	1166	2	×	<u>EC-440</u>
HO2S2 (B2)	P1167	1167	2	×	<u>EC-451</u>
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0037	0037	2	×	<u>EC-153</u>
HO2S2 HTR (B1)	P0038	0038	2	×	<u>EC-153</u>
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0057	0057	2	×	<u>EC-153</u>
HO2S2 HTR (B2)	P0058	0058	2	×	<u>EC-153</u>
I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1752	1752	1	×	<u>AT-177</u>
I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1754	1754	1	×	<u>AT-182</u>
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0112	0112	2	×	<u>EC-176</u>
IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0113	0113	2	×	<u>EC-176</u>
IAT SENSOR	P0127	0127	2	×	<u>EC-196</u>
INT/V TIM CONT-B1	P0011	0011	2	×	<u>EC-142</u>
INT/V TIM CONT-B2	P0021	0021	2	×	<u>EC-142</u>
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	P1111	1111	2	×	<u>EC-403</u>
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	P1136	1136	2	×	<u>EC-403</u>
ISC SYSTEM	P0506	0506	2	×	<u>EC-387</u>
ISC SYSTEM	P0507	0507	2	×	<u>EC-389</u>
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0327	0327	2		<u>EC-292</u>
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0328	0328	2	_	<u>EC-292</u>
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	0745	2	×	<u>AT-134</u>
LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1774	1774	1	×	<u>AT-220</u>
LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1772	1772	1	×	<u>AT-215</u>
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0101	0101	1	×	<u>EC-161</u>
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0102	0102	1	×	<u>EC-169</u>
MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	P0103	0103	1	×	<u>EC-169</u>
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0300	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>
NATS MALFUNCTION	P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	2		<u>EC-62</u>
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	No DTC	Flashing* <sup>4</sup>	_	Flashing* <sup>4</sup>	<u>EC-63</u>
NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	P0000	0000	_	_	_
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1706	2	×	<u>EC-540</u>
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	0705	2	×	<u>AT-112</u>
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0444	0444	2	×	<u>EC-330</u>
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0445	0445	2	×	<u>EC-330</u>
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	1444	2	×	<u>EC-499</u>
PW ST P SEN/CIRC	P0550	0550	2	_	<u>EC-391</u>
SENSOR POWER/CIRC	P1229	1229	1	×	<u>EC-494</u>

ltems	DT	DTC* <sup>1</sup>		MIL lighting		А
(CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page	A
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	0740	2	×	<u>AT-124</u>	EC
TCS C/U FUNCTN	P1211	1211	2	—	<u>EC-464</u>	
TCS/CIRC	P1212	1212	2	—	<u>EC-465</u>	-
THERMSTAT FNCTN	P0128	0128	2	×	<u>EC-199</u>	С
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0222	0222	1	×	<u>EC-279</u>	-
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	1	×	<u>EC-279</u>	D
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0122	0122	1	×	<u>EC-186</u>	
TP SEN 2/CIRC	P0123	0123	1	×	<u>EC-186</u>	-
TP SEN/CIRC A/T	P1705	1705	1	×	<u>AT-151</u>	E
TP SENSOR	P2135	2135	1	×	<u>EC-568</u>	-
TURBINE REV S/CIRC	P1716	1716	2	×	<u>AT-159</u>	F
TW CATALYST SYS-B1	P0420	0420	2	×	<u>EC-311</u>	- F
TW CATALYST SYS-B2	P0430	0430	2	×	<u>EC-311</u>	-
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*6	P0720	0720	2	×	<u>AT-117</u>	G
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*6	P0500	0500	2	×	<u>EC-385</u>	-
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0447	0447	2	×	<u>EC-337</u>	Н
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	1446	2	×	<u>EC-507</u>	

\*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

\*2: This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

\*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

\*4: When engine is running.

\*5: The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

\*6: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur, the MIL illuminates.

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## DTC No. Index

ABS00805

### NOTE:

If DTC U1000 or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-139, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".

×:Applicable —: Not applicable

DTO	C* <sup>1</sup>	Items		MIL lighting	
CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	(CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	up	Reference page
No DTC	Flashing*4	NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	_	Flashing* <sup>4</sup>	<u>EC-63</u>
U1000	1000* <sup>5</sup>	CAN COMM CIRCUIT	1	×	<u>EC-139</u>
U1001	1001* <sup>5</sup>	CAN COMM CIRCUIT	2	_	<u>EC-139</u>
P0000	0000	NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	_	_	_
P0011	0011	INT/V TIM CONT-B1	2	×	<u>EC-142</u>
P0021	0021	INT/V TIM CONT-B2	2	×	<u>EC-142</u>
P0031	0031	HO2S1 HTR (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-145</u>
P0032	0032	HO2S1 HTR (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-145</u>
P0037	0037	HO2S2 HTR (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-153</u>
P0038	0038	HO2S2 HTR (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-153</u>
P0051	0051	HO2S1 HTR (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-145</u>
P0052	0052	HO2S1 HTR (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-145</u>
P0057	0057	HO2S2 HTR (B2)	2	×	EC-153
P0058	0058	HO2S2 HTR (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-153</u>
P0101	0101	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	<u>EC-161</u>
P0102	0102	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	<u>EC-169</u>
P0103	0103	MAF SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	<u>EC-169</u>
P0112	0112	IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	<u>EC-176</u>
P0113	0113	IAT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	<u>EC-176</u>
P0117	0117	ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	<u>EC-181</u>
P0118	0118	ECT SEN/CIRCUIT	1	×	<u>EC-181</u>
P0122	0122	TP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-186</u>
P0123	0123	TP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-186</u>
P0125	0125	ECT SENSOR	1	×	<u>EC-193</u>
P0127	0127	IAT SENSOR	2	×	<u>EC-196</u>
P0128	0128	THERMSTAT FNCTN	2	×	<u>EC-199</u>
P0132	0132	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-201</u>
P0133	0133	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-211</u>
P0134	0134	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-224</u>
P0138	0138	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-234</u>
P0139	0139	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-243</u>
P0152	0152	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-201</u>
P0153	0153	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	EC-211
P0154	0154	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-224</u>
P0158	0158	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-234</u>

DTC	*1	_ Items		MIL lighting		А
CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	(CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	up	Reference page	1
P0159	0159	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-243</u>	EC
P0171	0171	FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1	2	×	<u>EC-254</u>	
P0172	0172	FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	2	×	<u>EC-262</u>	
P0174	0174	FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	2	×	<u>EC-254</u>	С
P0175	0175	FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	2	×	<u>EC-262</u>	
P0181	0181	FTT SENSOR	2	×	<u>EC-270</u>	D
P0182	0182	FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	<u>EC-275</u>	
P0183	0183	FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	<u>EC-275</u>	
P0222	0222	TP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-279</u>	E
P0223	0223	TP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-279</u>	
P0300	0300	MULTI CYL MISFIRE	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>	F
P0301	0301	CYL 1 MISFIRE	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>	Г
P0302	0302	CYL 2 MISFIRE	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>	
P0303	0303	CYL 3 MISFIRE	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>	G
P0304	0304	CYL 4 MISFIRE	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>	
P0305	0305	CYL 5 MISFIRE	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>	
P0306	0306	CYL 6 MISFIRE	2	×	<u>EC-286</u>	Н
P0327	0327	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	2	_	<u>EC-292</u>	
P0328	0328	KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	2	—	<u>EC-292</u>	
P0335	0335	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	2	×	<u>EC-297</u>	
P0340	0340	CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	2	×	<u>EC-303</u>	
P0345	0345	CMP SEN/CIRC-B2	2	×	<u>EC-303</u>	J
P0420	0420	TW CATALYST SYS-B1	2	×	<u>EC-311</u>	
P0430	0430	TW CATALYST SYS-B2	2	×	<u>EC-311</u>	K
P0441	0441	EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	2	×	<u>EC-316</u>	
P0442	0442	EVAP SMALL LEAK	2	×	EC-321	
P0444	0444	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	2	×	<u>EC-330</u>	L
P0445	0445	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	2	×	<u>EC-330</u>	
P0447	0447	VENT CONTROL VALVE	2	×	<u>EC-337</u>	M
P0451	0451	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	2	×	<u>EC-344</u>	IVI
P0452	0452	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	2	×	<u>EC-347</u>	
P0453	0453	EVAP SYS PRES SEN	2	×	<u>EC-353</u>	
P0455	0455	EVAP GROSS LEAK	2	×	<u>EC-361</u>	
P0456	0456	EVAP VERY SML LEAK	2	×	<u>EC-369</u>	
P0460	0460	FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	2	×	<u>EC-379</u>	
P0461	0461	FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	2	×	<u>EC-381</u>	
P0462	0462	FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	2	×	<u>EC-383</u>	
P0500	0500	VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*6	2	×	<u>EC-385</u>	
P0506	0506	ISC SYSTEM	2	×	EC-387	
P0507	0507	ISC SYSTEM	2	×	EC-389	
P0550	0550	PW ST P SEN/CIRC	2	_	EC-391	
P0605	0605	ECM	1 or 2	× or —	<u>EC-396</u>	

DT	C*1				
CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page
P0705	0705	PNP SW/CIRC	2	×	<u>AT-112</u>
P0710	0710	ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	2	×	<u>AT-153</u>
P0720	0720	VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*6	2	×	<u>AT-117</u>
P0725	0725	ENGINE SPEED SIG	2	×	<u>AT-122</u>
P0740	0740	TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	2	×	AT-124
P0744	0744	A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	2	×	<u>AT-129</u>
P0745	0745	L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	2	×	<u>AT-134</u>
P1065	1065	ECM BACK UP/CIRCUIT	2	×	<u>EC-399</u>
P1111	1111	INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	2	×	<u>EC-403</u>
P1121	1121	ETC ACTR	1	×	<u>EC-410</u>
P1122	1122	ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-412</u>
P1124	1124	ETC MOT PWR	1	×	<u>EC-418</u>
P1126	1126	ETC MOT PWR	1	×	<u>EC-418</u>
P1128	1128	ETC MOT	1	×	<u>EC-423</u>
P1136	1136	INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	2	×	<u>EC-403</u>
P1143	1143	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-428</u>
P1144	1144	HO2S1 (B1)	2	×	EC-434
P1146	1146	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-440</u>
P1147	1147	HO2S2 (B1)	2	×	<u>EC-451</u>
P1148	1148	CLOSED LOOP-B1	1	×	<u>EC-462</u>
P1163	1163	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-428</u>
P1164	1164	HO2S1 (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-434</u>
P1166	1166	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-440</u>
P1167	1167	HO2S2 (B2)	2	×	<u>EC-451</u>
P1168	1168	CLOSED LOOP-B2	1	×	<u>EC-462</u>
P1211	1211	TCS C/U FUNCTN	2	_	<u>EC-464</u>
P1212	1212	TCS/CIRC	2	—	<u>EC-465</u>
P1217	1217	ENG OVER TEMP	1	×	<u>EC-466(</u> A/T) <u>EC-478(</u> M/T)
P1225	1225	CTP LEARNING	2	—	<u>EC-490</u>
P1226	1226	CTP LEARNING	2	—	<u>EC-492</u>
P1229	1229	SENSOR POWER/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-494</u>
P1444	1444	PURG VOLUME CONT/V	2	×	<u>EC-499</u>
P1446	1446	VENT CONTROL VALVE	2	×	<u>EC-507</u>
P1564	1564	ASCD SW	1	—	<u>EC-514</u>
P1572	1572	ASCD BRAKE SW	1	—	<u>EC-521</u>
P1574	1574	ASCD VHL SPD SEN	1	—	<u>EC-538</u>
P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	NATS MALFUNCTION	2	-	<u>EC-62</u>
P1705	1705	TP SEN/CIRC A/T	1	×	<u>AT-151</u>
P1706	1706	P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	2	×	<u>EC-540</u>
P1716	1716	TURBINE REV S/CIRC	2	×	<u>AT-159</u>
P1730	1730	A/T INTERLOCK	1	×	<u>AT-166</u>

DT	C* <sup>1</sup>	Items		MIL lighting		А
CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	(CONSULT-II screen terms)	Trip	MIL lighting up	Reference page	A
P1752	1752	I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-177</u>	EC
P1754	1754	I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	1	×	<u>AT-182</u>	
P1757	1757	FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-186</u>	
P1759	1759	FR/B SOLENOID FNCT	1	×	<u>AT-191</u>	С
P1762	1762	D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-196</u>	
P1764	1764	D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	1	×	<u>AT-201</u>	D
P1767	1767	HLR/C SOL/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-205</u>	D
P1769	1769	HLR/C SOL FNCTN	1	×	<u>AT-210</u>	
P1772	1772	LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	1	×	<u>AT-215</u>	Е
P1774	1774	LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	1	×	<u>AT-220</u>	
P1805	1805	BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	2	_	<u>EC-549</u>	E
P2122	2122	APP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-554</u>	F
P2123	2123	APP SEN 1/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-554</u>	
P2127	2127	APP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-561</u>	G
P2128	2128	APP SEN 2/CIRC	1	×	<u>EC-561</u>	
P2135	2135	TP SENSOR	1	×	<u>EC-568</u>	
P2138	2138	APP SENSOR	1	×	<u>EC-575</u>	Н

\*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

\*2: This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

\*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

\*4: When engine is running.

\*5: The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

\*6: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur, the MIL illuminates.

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# PRECAUTIONS

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# Precautions for Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER"

The Supplemental Restraint System such as "AIR BAG" and "SEAT BELT PRE-TENSIONER", used along with a front seat belt, helps to reduce the risk or severity of injury to the driver and front passenger for certain types of collision. This system includes seat belt switch inputs and dual stage front air bag modules. The SRS system uses the seat belt switches to determine the front air bag deployment, and may only deploy one front air bag, depending on the severity of a collision and whether the front occupants are belted or unbelted. Information necessary to service the system safely is included in the SRS and SB section of this Service Manual.

### WARNING:

- To avoid rendering the SRS inoperative, which could increase the risk of personal injury or death in the event of a collision which would result in air bag inflation, all maintenance must be performed by an authorized NISSAN/INFINITI dealer.
- Improper maintenance, including incorrect removal and installation of the SRS, can lead to personal injury caused by unintentional activation of the system. For removal of Spiral Cable and Air Bag Module, see the SRS section.
- Do not use electrical test equipment on any circuit related to the SRS unless instructed to in this Service Manual. SRS wiring harnesses can be identified by yellow and/or orange harnesses or harness connectors.

## On Board Diagnostic (OBD) System of Engine and A/T

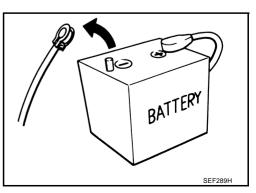
The ECM has an on board diagnostic system. It will light up the malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) to warn the driver of a malfunction causing emission deterioration.

### CAUTION:

- Be sure to turn the ignition switch OFF and disconnect the negative battery cable before any repair or inspection work. The open/short circuit of related switches, sensors, solenoid valves, etc. will cause the MIL to light up.
- Be sure to connect and lock the connectors securely after work. A loose (unlocked) connector will cause the MIL to light up due to the open circuit. (Be sure the connector is free from water, grease, dirt, bent terminals, etc.)
- Certain systems and components, especially those related to OBD, may use a new style slidelocking type harness connector. For description and how to disconnect, refer to <u>PG-65, "HAR-NESS CONNECTOR"</u>.
- Be sure to route and secure the harnesses properly after work. The interference of the harness with a bracket, etc. may cause the MIL to light up due to the short circuit.
- Be sure to connect rubber tubes properly after work. A misconnected or disconnected rubber tube may cause the MIL to light up due to the malfunction of the EVAP system or fuel injection system, etc.
- Be sure to erase the unnecessary malfunction information (repairs completed) from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module) before returning the vehicle to the customer.

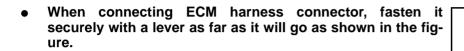
## **Precaution**

- Always use a 12 volt battery as power source.
- Do not attempt to disconnect battery cables while engine is running.
- Before connecting or disconnecting the ECM harness connector, turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect battery ground cable. Failure to do so may damage the ECM because battery voltage is applied to ECM even if ignition switch is turned OFF.
- Before removing parts, turn ignition switch OFF and then disconnect battery ground cable.



- Do not disassemble ECM.
- If a battery cable is disconnected, the memory will return to the ECM value.

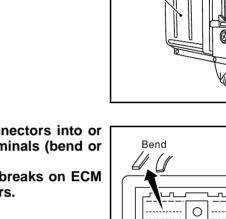
The ECM will now start to self-control at its initial value. Engine operation can vary slightly when the terminal is disconnected. However, this is not an indication of a malfunction. Do not replace parts because of a slight variation.



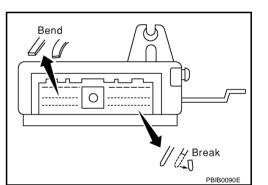
• When connecting or disconnecting pin connectors into or from ECM, take care not to damage pin terminals (bend or break).

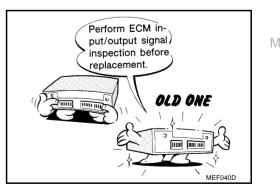
Make sure that there are not any bends or breaks on ECM pin terminal, when connecting pin connectors.

- Securely connect ECM harness connectors.
   A poor connection can cause an extremely high (surge) voltage to develop in coil and condenser, thus resulting in damage to ICs.
- Keep engine control system harness at least 10 cm (4 in) away from adjacent harness, to prevent engine control system malfunctions due to receiving external noise, degraded operation of ICs, etc.
- Keep engine control system parts and harness dry.
- Before replacing ECM, perform ECM Terminals and Reference Value inspection and make sure ECM functions properly. Refer to <u>EC-96</u>.
- Handle mass air flow sensor carefully to avoid damage.
- Do not disassemble mass air flow sensor.
- Do not clean mass air flow sensor with any type of detergent.
- Do not disassemble electric throttle control actuator.
- Even a slight leak in the air intake system can cause serious incidents.
- Do not shock or jar the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), crankshaft position sensor (POS).



ECM







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SEC406D

Fasten

Loosen

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Protector

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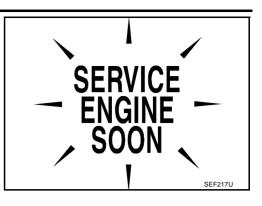
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After performing each TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS, perform DTC **Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check.** The DTC should not be displayed in the "DTC Confirmation Procedure" if the repair is completed. The "Overall Function Check" should be a good result if the repair is completed.



Batterv

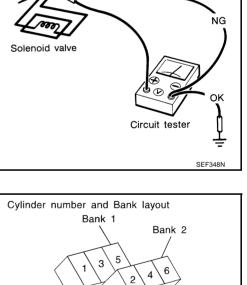
voltage

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Short

- When measuring ECM signals with a circuit tester, never . allow the two tester probes to contact. Accidental contact of probes will cause a short circuit and damage the ECM power transistor.
- Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/ output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

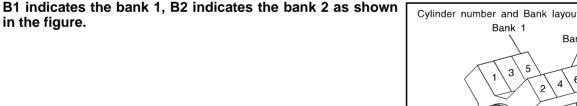
in the figure.



Harness connector

FCM

for solenoid valve





- Do not operate fuel pump when there is no fuel in lines.
- Tighten fuel hose clamps to the specified torque.

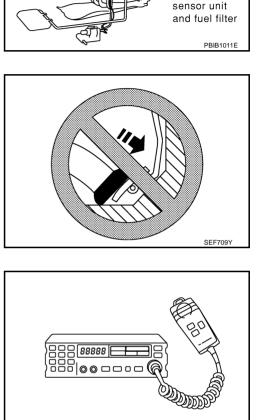
- Do not depress accelerator pedal when starting.
- Immediately after starting, do not rev up engine unnecessarily.
- Do not rev up engine just prior to shutdown.

- When installing C.B. ham radio or a mobile phone, be sure to observe the following as it may adversely affect electronic control systems depending on installation location.
- Keep the antenna as far as possible from the electronic control units.
- Keep the antenna feeder line more than 20 cm (8 in) away from the harness of electronic controls.
   Do not let them run parallel for a long distance.
- Adjust the antenna and feeder line so that the standingwave radio can be kept smaller.
- Be sure to ground the radio to vehicle body.

# Wiring Diagrams and Trouble Diagnosis

When you read wiring diagrams, refer to the following:

- <u>GI-14, "How to Read Wiring Diagrams"</u>
- <u>PG-3, "POWER SUPPLY ROUTING CIRCUIT"</u> for power distribution circuit When you perform trouble diagnosis, refer to the following:
- GI-10, "HOW TO FOLLOW TEST GROUPS IN TROUBLE DIAGNOSES"
- GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"



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Fuel pressure regulator

Fuel pump, fuel level

# PREPARATION

# PREPARATION

PFP:00002

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# **Special Service Tools**

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	ore tools may direr from those of special service	Description
KV10117100 (J-36471-A) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	S-NT379	Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensor with 22 mm (0.87 in) hexagon nut
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench	s-NT636	Loosening or tightening heated oxygen sensor a: 22 mm (0.87 in)
(J-44321) Fuel pressure gauge kit	LEC642	Checking fuel pressure
KV109E0010 (J-46209) Break-out box	Break Out Box	Measuring the ECM signals with a circuit tester
KV109E0080 (J-45819) Y-cable adapter	S-NT826	Measuring the ECM signals with a circuit tester
EG17650301 (J-33984-A) Radiator cap tester adapter	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Adapting radiator cap tester to radiator cap and radiator filler neck a: 28 (1.10) dia. b: 31.4 (1.236) dia. c: 41.3 (1.626) dia. Unit: mm (in)

# PREPARATION

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Tool name (Kent-Moore No.)		Description
Leak detector i.e.: (J41416)	S-NT703	Locating the EVAP leak
EVAP service port adapter .e.: (J41413-OBD)	S-NT704	Applying positive pressure through EVAP service port
Fuel filler cap adapter .e.: (MLR-8382)	S-NT815	Checking fuel tank vacuum relief valve opening pressure
Socket wrench	19 mm (0.75 in) Nore than 32 mm (1.26 in) S-NT705	Removing and installing engine coolant temperature sensor
Dxygen sensor thread cleaner .e.: (J-43897-18) J-43897-12)	Mating surface shave cylinder	Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new oxygen sensor. Use with anti-seize lubricant shown below. a: 18 mm diameter with pitch 1.5 mm for Zirconia Oxygen Sensor b: 12 mm diameter with pitch 1.25 mm for Titania Oxygen Sensor
Anti-seize lubricant .e.: (Permatex <sup>TM</sup> 133AR or equivalent meeting MIL specification MIL-A- 907)	S-NT779	Lubricating oxygen sensor thread cleaning tool when reconditioning exhaust system threads.

# ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM System Diagram

communication ♦ CAN Fuel level sensor MIL Fuel tank temperature sensor ECM Data link connector Fuel pressure regulator Air cleaner Ignition switch Fuel pump L Mass air flow sensor voltage and intake air temperature sensor Battery H Ь Throttle position Accelerator pedal position sensor EVAP control purge volume control solenoid valve sensor Electrical throttle control actuator ġ, system pressure sensor service port -ΈVAP EVAP canister EVAP canister \*\*\*\* Π B ل ل Three way catalyst 2 Three way catalyst 1 鸁 Fuel damper Engine coolant Heated oxygen Heated oxygen sensor 2 EVAP < temperature control valve vent sensor 1 sensor Fuel injector Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Three way catalyst 2 Knock sensor Π Three way catalyst 1 Spark plug ₿ Intake valve timing control solenoid valve PCV valve. Heated oxygén Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) sensor 2  $\bigotimes$ Heated oxygen sensor 1 **PNP** switch Cooling fan Muffler

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## Vacuum Hose Drawing

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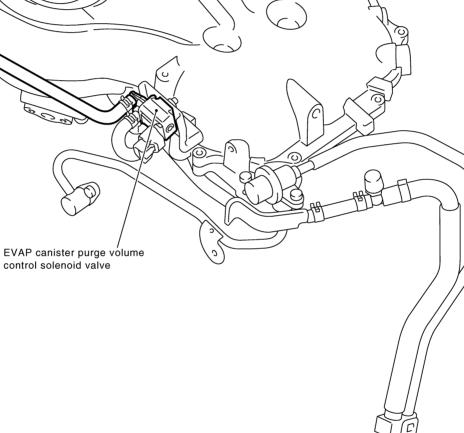
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NOTE: Do not use soapy water or any type of solvent while installing vacuum hose or purge hoses.

Refer to EC-22, "System Diagram" for Vacuum Control System.

PBIB1552E

# System Chart

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Input (Sensor)	ECM Function	Output (Actuator)
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Fuel injection & mixture ratio control	Fuel injector
<ul> <li>Crankshaft position sensor (POS)</li> </ul>	Electronic ignition system	Power transistor
<ul> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>	Fuel pump control	Fuel pump relay
<ul> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> </ul>	ASCD vehicle speed control	Electric throttle control actuator
<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li> </ul>	On board diagnostic system	MIL (On the instrument panel)*4
<ul> <li>Throttle position sensor</li> </ul>	Intake valve timing control	Intake valve control solenoid valve
<ul> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Park/neutral position (PNP) switch</li> </ul>	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater
<ul> <li>Intake air temperature sensor</li> </ul>	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater
<ul><li>Power steering pressure sensor</li><li>Ignition switch</li></ul>	EVAP canister purge flow control	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve
Battery voltage	Air conditioning cut control	Air conditioner relay*4
<ul> <li>Knock sensor</li> </ul>	Cooling fan control	Cooling fan relay* <sup>4</sup>
<ul> <li>Refrigerant pressure sensor</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Stop lamp switch</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>ASCD steering switch</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>ASCD brake switch</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>ASCD clutch switch</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Fuel level sensor<sup>*1</sup> *<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> </ul>	ON BOARD DIAGNOSIS for EVAP system	EVAP canister vent control valve
<ul> <li>Fuel tank temperature sensor*<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 2<sup>*2</sup></li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>TCM (Transmission control module)*<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Air conditioner switch<sup>*3</sup></li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Wheel sensor<sup>*3</sup></li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Electrical load signal*<sup>3</sup></li> </ul>		

\*1: This sensor is not used to control the engine system. This is used only for the on board diagnosis.

\*2: This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.

\*3: This input signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

\*4: This output signal is sent from the ECM through CAN communication line.

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# Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

Canaar	Innut Signal to FOM		Astustar	
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed <sup>*3</sup>			EC
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Piston position			20
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			С
Heated oxygen sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas			
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position			D
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	Fuel injection		D
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position & mixture ratio Fuel injector control	Fuel injector		
Knock sensor	Engine knocking condition			E
Battery	Battery voltage* <sup>3</sup>			
Power steering pressure sensor	Power steering operation			F
Heated oxygen sensor 2*1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas	S		Г
Air conditioner switch* <sup>2</sup>	Air conditioner operation			
Wheel sensor*2	Vehicle speed			G

\*1: This sensor is not used to control the engine system under normal conditions.

\*2: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

\*3: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The amount of fuel injected from the fuel injector is determined by the ECM. The ECM controls the length of time the valve remains open (injection pulse duration). The amount of fuel injected is a program value in the ECM memory. The program value is preset by engine operating conditions. These conditions are determined by input signals (for engine speed and intake air) from both the crankshaft position sensor and the mass air flow sensor.

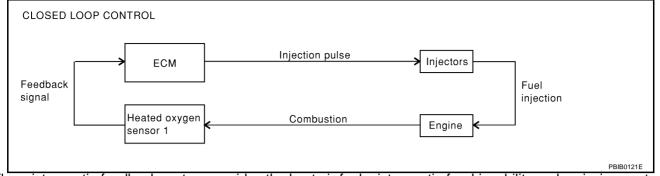
## VARIOUS FUEL INJECTION INCREASE/DECREASE COMPENSATION

In addition, the amount of fuel injected is compensated to improve engine performance under various operating conditions as listed below.

<Fuel increase>

- During warm-up
- When starting the engine
- During acceleration
- Hot-engine operation
- When selector lever is changed from N to D (A/T models)
- High-load, high-speed operation
- <Fuel decrease>
- During deceleration
- During high engine speed operation

### MIXTURE RATIO FEEDBACK CONTROL (CLOSED LOOP CONTROL)



The mixture ratio feedback system provides the best air-fuel mixture ratio for driveability and emission control. The three way catalyst 1 can then better reduce CO, HC and NOx emissions. This system uses heated oxygen sensor 1 in the exhaust manifold to monitor whether the engine operation is rich or lean. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse width according to the sensor voltage signal. For more information about heated oxygen sensor 1, refer to EC-201. This maintains the mixture ratio within the range of stoichiometric (ideal air-fuel mixture).

This stage is referred to as the closed loop control condition.

Heated oxygen sensor 2 is located downstream of the three way catalyst 1. Even if the switching characteristics of heated oxygen sensor 1 shift, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric by the signal from heated oxygen sensor 2.

### **Open Loop Control**

The open loop system condition refers to when the ECM detects any of the following conditions. Feedback control stops in order to maintain stabilized fuel combustion.

- Deceleration and acceleration
- High-load, high-speed operation
- Malfunction of heated oxygen sensor 1 or its circuit
- Insufficient activation of heated oxygen sensor 1 at low engine coolant temperature
- High engine coolant temperature
- During warm-up
- After shifting from N to D (A/T models)
- When starting the engine

### MIXTURE RATIO SELF-LEARNING CONTROL

The mixture ratio feedback control system monitors the mixture ratio signal transmitted from heated oxygen sensor 1. This feedback signal is then sent to the ECM. The ECM controls the basic mixture ratio as close to the theoretical mixture ratio as possible. However, the basic mixture ratio is not necessarily controlled as originally designed. Both manufacturing differences (i.e., mass air flow sensor hot wire) and characteristic changes during operation (i.e., injector clogging) directly affect mixture ratio.

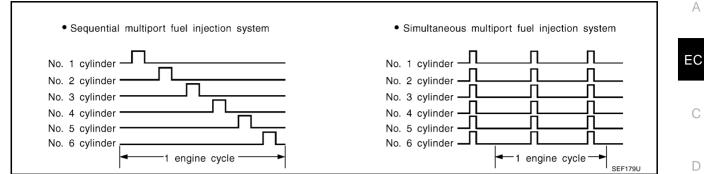
Accordingly, the difference between the basic and theoretical mixture ratios is monitored in this system. This is then computed in terms of "injection pulse duration" to automatically compensate for the difference between the two ratios.

"Fuel trim" refers to the feedback compensation value compared against the basic injection duration. Fuel trim includes short term fuel trim and long term fuel trim.

"Short term fuel trim" is the short-term fuel compensation used to maintain the mixture ratio at its theoretical value. The signal from heated oxygen sensor 1 indicates whether the mixture ratio is RICH or LEAN compared to the theoretical value. The signal then triggers a reduction in fuel volume if the mixture ratio is rich, and an increase in fuel volume if it is lean.

"Long term fuel trim" is overall fuel compensation carried out long-term to compensate for continual deviation of the short term fuel trim from the central value. Such deviation will occur due to individual engine differences, wear over time and changes in the usage environment.

### **FUEL INJECTION TIMING**



Two types of systems are used.

### **Sequential Multiport Fuel Injection System**

Fuel is injected into each cylinder during each engine cycle according to the firing order. This system is used when the engine is running.

### **Simultaneous Multiport Fuel Injection System**

Fuel is injected simultaneously into all six cylinders twice each engine cycle. In other words, pulse signals of the same width are simultaneously transmitted from the ECM.

The six injectors will then receive the signals two times for each engine cycle.

This system is used when the engine is being started and/or if the fail-safe system (CPU) is operating.

## **FUEL SHUT-OFF**

Fuel to each cylinder is cut off during deceleration or operation of the engine at excessively high speeds.

# Electronic Ignition (EI) System INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed* <sup>2</sup>			
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Piston position			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position	Ignition timing		
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position	control	Power transistor	
Knock sensor	Engine knocking			
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position			
Battery	Battery voltage*2			
Wheel sensor*1	Vehicle speed			

\*1: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

\*2: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

## SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

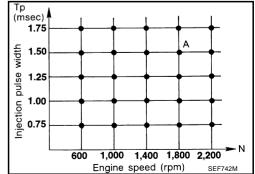
The ignition timing is controlled by the ECM to maintain the best airfuel ratio for every running condition of the engine. The ignition timing data is stored in the ECM. This data forms the map shown.

The ECM receives information such as the injection pulse width and camshaft position sensor signal. Computing this information, ignition signals are transmitted to the power transistor.

e.g., N: 1,800 rpm, Tp: 1.50 msec A °BTDC

During the following conditions, the ignition timing is revised by the ECM according to the other data stored in the ECM.

- At starting
- During warm-up



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#### • At idle

- At low battery voltage
- During acceleration

The knock sensor retard system is designed only for emergencies. The basic ignition timing is programmed within the anti-knocking zone, if recommended fuel is used under dry conditions. The retard system does not operate under normal driving conditions. If engine knocking occurs, the knock sensor monitors the condition. The signal is transmitted to the ECM. The ECM retards the ignition timing to eliminate the knocking condition.

# Air Conditioning Cut Control INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

Input Signal to ECM ECM function Sensor Actuator Air conditioner switch\*1 Air conditioner ON signal Throttle position sensor Throttle position Accelerator pedal position sensor Accelerator pedal position Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Engine speed\*2 Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Air conditioner Air conditioner relay Engine coolant temperature Engine coolant temperature sensor cut control Battery Battery voltage\*2 Refrigerant pressure sensor Refrigerant pressure Power steering pressure sensor Power steering operation Wheel sensor\*1 Vehicle speed

\*1: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

\*2: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This system improves engine operation when the air conditioner is used. Under the following conditions, the air conditioner is turned off.

- When the accelerator pedal is fully depressed.
- When cranking the engine.
- At high engine speeds.
- When the engine coolant temperature becomes excessively high.
- When operating power steering during low engine speed or low vehicle speed.
- When engine speed is excessively low.
- When refrigerant pressure is excessively low or high.

## Fuel Cut Control (at No Load and High Engine Speed) INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

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Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Park/neutral position (PNP) switch	Neutral position			
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position		Fuel injector	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	Fuel cut con-		
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed	trol		
Wheel sensor*	Vehicle speed			

\*: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

### SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

If the engine speed is above 1,800 rpm under no load (for example, the shift position is neutral and engine speed is over 1,800 rpm) fuel will be cut off after some time. The exact time when the fuel is cut off varies based on engine speed.

Fuel cut will be operated until the engine speed reaches 1,500 rpm, then fuel cut will be cancelled.

## EC-28

### NOTE:

This function is different from deceleration control listed under "Multiport Fuel Injection (MFI) System", EC-25. A

### CAN communication SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only. Refer to LAN-4, "CAN COMMUNICATION", about CAN communication for detail.

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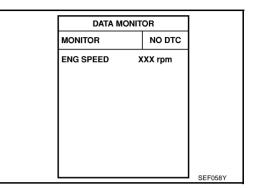
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Idle Speed and Ignition Timing Check IDLE SPEED With CONSULT-II

Check idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.



## With GST

Check idle speed with GST.

## **IGNITION TIMING**

Any of following two methods may be used.

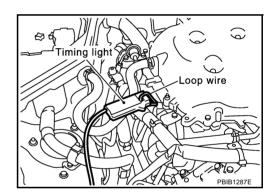
### Method A

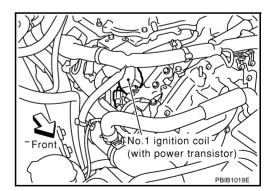
Method B

1.

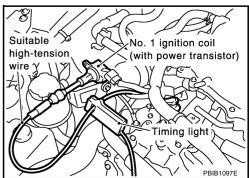
- 1. Attach timing light to loop wire as shown.
- 2. Check ignition timing.

Remove No. 1 ignition coil.



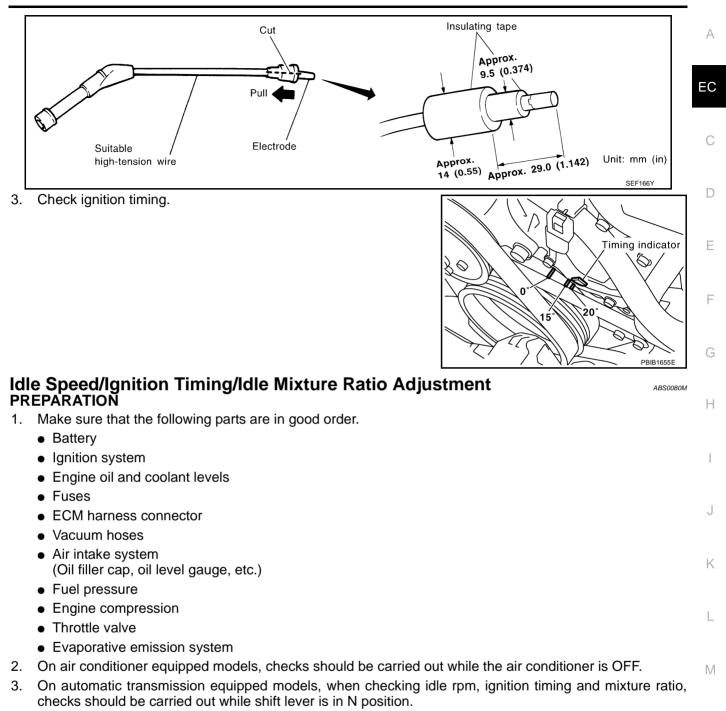


Connect No. 1 ignition coil and No. 1 spark plug with suitable high-tension wire as shown, and attach timing light clamp to this wire.

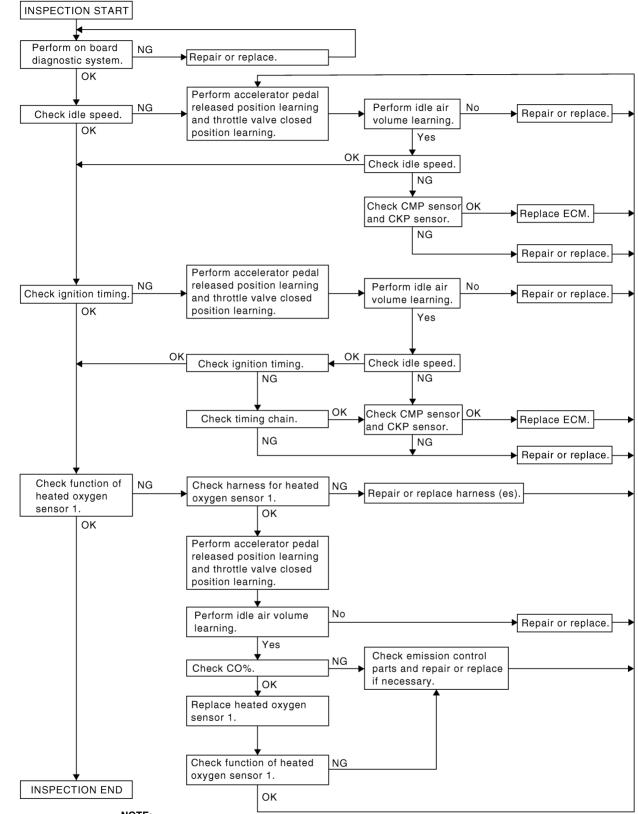


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- 4. When measuring CO percentage, insert probe more than 40 cm (15.7 in) into tail pipe.
- 5. Turn off headlamp, heater blower, rear window defogger.
- 6. Keep front wheels pointed straight ahead.



### **OVERALL INSPECTION SEQUENCE**

NOTE:

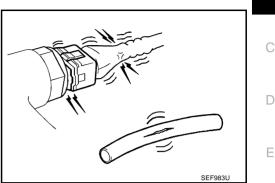
If a vehicle contains a part which is operating outside of design specifications with no MIL illumination, the part shall not be replaced prior to emission testing unless it is determined that the part has been tampered with or abused in such a way that the diagnostic system cannot reasonably be expected to detect the resulting malfunction.

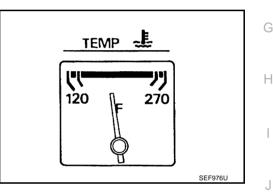
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## **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

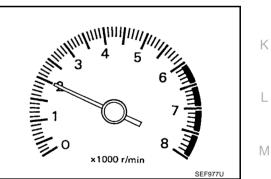
## 1. INSPECTION START

- Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related malfunction, or a current need for 1. scheduled maintenance.
- 2. Open engine hood and check the following:
- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Wiring harness for improper connections, pinches and cut
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks and improper connections
- Hoses and ducts for leaks
- Air cleaner clogging
- Gasket \_
- Confirm that electrical or mechanical loads are not applied. 3.
- Head lamp switch is OFF.
- Air conditioner switch is OFF.
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF.
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.
- Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature 4. indicator points the middle of gauge. Ensure engine stays below 1,000 rpm.





- 5. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under noload.
- 6. Make sure that no DTC is displayed with CONSULT-II or GST. OK or NG
- OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



# 2. REPAIR OR REPLACE

Repair or replace components as necessary according to corresponding Diagnostic Procedure.

>> GO TO 3.

**EC-33** 

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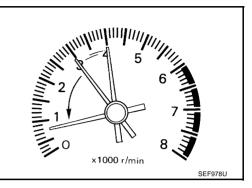
EC

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# 3. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED

### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load.
- 2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under noload, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.



- 3. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - A/T: 650  $\pm$  50 rpm (in P or N position)
  - M/T: 650  $\pm$  50 rpm (in neutral position)

DATA MONITOR		]
MONITOR NO DTC		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	1
		SEF

## **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load.
- Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no-load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.
- 3. Check idle speed.
  - A/T: 650  $\pm$  50 rpm (in P or N position)
  - M/T:  $650 \pm 50$  rpm (in neutral position)

OK or NG

```
OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 4.
```

## 4. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 5.

## 5. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 6.

6. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING	А
Perform <u>EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> . Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?	
Yes or No	EC
Yes >> GO TO 7. No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning. 2. GO TO 4.	С
7. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN	
With CONSULT-II	D
<ol> <li>Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.</li> <li>Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.</li> </ol>	E
A/T: 650 $\pm$ 50 rpm (in P or N position) M/T: 650 $\pm$ 50 rpm (in neutral position)	F
Without CONSULT-II	
<ol> <li>Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.</li> <li>Check idle speed.</li> </ol>	G
A/T: 650 $\pm$ 50 rpm (in P or N position) M/T: 650 $\pm$ 50 rpm (in neutral position)	Н
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 8.	I
8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	J
<ul> <li>Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-303</u>.</li> <li>Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-297</u>.</li> </ul>	
OK or NG	K
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> 1. Repair or replace. 2. GO TO 4.	L
9. CHECK ECM FUNCTION	
1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of a	N ■ Nan incident. but

this is a rare case.)
Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-134, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.

>> GO TO 4.

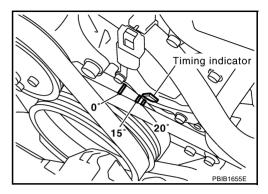
# 10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.
  - A/T:  $15 \pm 5^{\circ}$  BTDC (in N or P position)

M/T: 15  $\pm$  5° BTDC (in neutral position)

## OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 19. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 20. NG >> GO TO 11.



# 11. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 12.

# 12. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 13.

# 13. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

## Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

## Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 14.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning. 2. GO TO 4.

## 14. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

## With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

A/T: 650  $\pm$  50 rpm (in P or N position)

## M/T: 650 $\pm$ 50 rpm (in neutral position)

## **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check idle speed.
  - A/T:  $650 \pm 50$  rpm (in P or N position)

## M/T: 650 $\pm$ 50 rpm (in neutral position)

### OK or NG

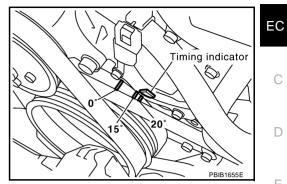
OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 17.

## 15. CHECK IGNITION TIMING AGAIN

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.
  - A/T:  $15 \pm 5^{\circ}$  BTDC (in N or P position)
    - M/T: 15  $\pm$  5° BTDC (in neutral position)

#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 19. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 20. NG >> GO TO 16.



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16. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION	E
Check timing chain installation. Refer to <u>EM-56, "TIMING CHAIN"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u>	F
OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> 1. Repair the timing chain installation. 2. GO TO 4.	G
17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	Н
<ul> <li>Check the following.</li> <li>Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to EC-303.</li> <li>Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to EC-297.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> <li>OK &gt;&gt; GO TO 18.</li> <li>NG &gt;&gt; 1. Repair or replace.</li> <li>2. GO TO 4.</li> </ul>	l
18. CHECK ECM FUNCTION	Κ
<ol> <li>Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare the case.)</li> <li>Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to</li> </ol>	L

>> GO TO 4.

EC-37

### 19. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) SIGNAL

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load.
- 2. See "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- 3. Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no-load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the monitor fluctuates between LEAN and RICH more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

1 time:  $RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH$ 

2 times: RICH  $\rightarrow$  LEAN  $\rightarrow$  RICH  $\rightarrow$  LEAN  $\rightarrow$  RICH

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 21. NG (Monitor does not fluctuate.)>>GO TO 23. NG (Monitor fluctuates less than 5 times.)>>GO TO 31.

### 20. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) SIGNAL

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Stop engine and set ECM to Self-diagnostic mode II (Heated oxygen sensor 1 monitor). Refer to <u>EC-64</u>, <u>"HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE"</u>.
- 2. Start engine and run it at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load.
- 3. Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no-load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the MIL comes on more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG (MIL does not come on)>>GO TO 23.

NG (MIL comes on less than 5 times)>>GO TO 31.

#### 21. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 2) SIGNAL

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. See "HO2S1 MNTR (B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no-load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the monitor fluctuates between LEAN and RICH more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

1 time: RICH  $\rightarrow$  LEAN  $\rightarrow$  RICH

2 times: RICH  $\rightarrow$  LEAN  $\rightarrow$  RICH  $\rightarrow$  LEAN  $\rightarrow$  RICH

#### OK or NG

#### OK >> INSPECTION END

NG (Monitor does not fluctuate.)>>GO TO 24.

NG (Monitor fluctuates less than 5 times.)>>GO TO 31.

[	DATA MON		
ſ	MONITOR	NO DTC	
	Eng Speed H02S1 MNTR (B1) H02S1 MNTR (B2)	XXX rpm LEAN RICH	
			PBIB0120E

22. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 2) SIGNAL	
🕱 Without CONSULT-II	
<ol> <li>Switch the monitored sensor from bank 1 to bank 2. Refer to <u>EC-64, "How to Switch Monitored Ser</u> <u>From Bank 1 to Bank 2 or Vice Versa"</u>.</li> </ol>	<u>nsor</u>
<ol> <li>Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no-load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperatu check that the MIL comes on more than 5 times during 10 seconds.</li> </ol>	re.),
DK or NG	
OK >> INSPECTION END NG (MIL does not come on)>>GO TO 24.	
NG (MIL comes on less than 5 times)>>GO TO 31.	
23. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) HARNESS	
. Turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect battery ground cable.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
B. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1) harness connector. Charles harness continuity between ECM terminal 25 and bested ovugen concert 1 (bank 1) terminal	- I 4
Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 35 and heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1) terminal Refer to Wiring Diagram, <u>EC-203</u> , "BANK 1".	.ו וג
Continuity should exist.	
. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
DK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 25. NG >> 1. Repair or replace harness between ECM and heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1).	
<ul> <li>NG &gt;&gt; 1. Repair or replace harness between ECM and heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1).</li> <li>2. GO TO 4.</li> </ul>	
. <i>,</i>	
24. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 2) HARNESS	
. Turn ignition switch OFF and disconnect battery ground cable.	
Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
<ol> <li>Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2) harness connector.</li> </ol>	
Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 16 and heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2) terminal Refer to Wiring Diagram, <u>EC-205</u> , "BANK 2".	al 1.
Continuity should exist.	
5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
DK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 25.	
NG >> 1. Repair or replace harness between ECM and heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2).	
2. GO TO 4.	
25. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING	
1. Reconnect ECM harness connector.	

2. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 26.

 $\sim$ 

## 26. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 27.

### 27. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

#### Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

#### Yes or No

Yes (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 28.

Yes (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 29.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning. 2. GO TO 4.

### 28. снеск со%

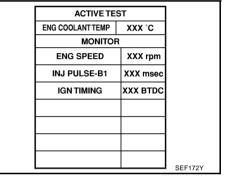
#### (B) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 3. Select "ENG COOLANT TEMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Set "ENG COOLANT TEMP" to 5°C (41°F) by touching "DWN" and "Qd".
- 5. Start engine and rev it (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no-load, then run engine at idle speed.
- 6. Check CO%.

#### Idle CO: 0.7 – 9.9% and engine runs smoothly.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 31. NG >> GO TO 30.



## 29. снеск со%

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of gauge.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- Connect a resistor (4.4 kΩ) between terminals of engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 5. Start engine and rev it (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no-load, then run engine at idle speed.
- 6. Check CO%.

#### Idle CO: 0.7 – 9.9% and engine runs smoothly.

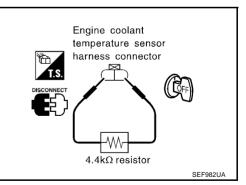
7. After checking CO%, turn ignition switch OFF, disconnect the resistor from the terminals of engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector, and then connect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector to engine coolant temperature sensor.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 31.
NG	>> GO TO 30.

#### 30. Reconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Reconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.



### EC-40

31. REPLACE HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1	А
1. Stop engine.	
2. Replace heated oxygen sensor 1 on the malfunctioning bank.	EC
With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 32.	
Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 33.	С
32. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1)/(BANK 2) SIGNAL	0
With CONSULT-II	D
<ol> <li>Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge.</li> <li>See "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.</li> </ol>	
3. Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no-load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.), check that the monitor fluctuates between LEAN and RICH more than 5 times during 10 seconds.	Е
1 time: RICH $\rightarrow$ LEAN $\rightarrow$ RICH	_
2 times: $RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH \rightarrow LEAN \rightarrow RICH$	F
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 4.	G
NG >> GO TO 34.	
33. check heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1)/(bank 2) signal	Н
🕱 Without CONSULT-II	
1. Set ECM to Self-diagnostic mode II (Heated oxygen sensor 1 monitor). Refer to <u>EC-64, "HOW TO</u> <u>SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE"</u> .	I
2. Switch the monitored sensor to the malfunctioning bank. Refer to <u>EC-64, "How to Switch Monitored Sen</u>	
<ul> <li><u>sor From Bank 1 to Bank 2 or Vice Versa</u>".</li> <li>Running engine at 2,000 rpm under no-load (The engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature.),</li> </ul>	J
check that the MIL comes on more than 5 times during 10 seconds.	
OK or NG	IZ.
OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 34.	K
34. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	L
Check the following.	
Check fuel pressure regulator and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to <u>EC-44, "Fuel Pressure Check"</u> .	M
<ul> <li>Check mass air flow sensor and its circuit, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to <u>EC-161</u> and <u>EC-169</u>.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Check injector and its circuit, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to <u>EC-595</u>.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Check engine coolant temperature sensor and its circuit, and repair or replace if necessary. Refer to <u>EC-181</u> and <u>EC-193</u>.</li> </ul>	
OK or NG	

- OK >> GO TO 36.
- NG >> 1. Repair or replace.
  - 2. GO TO 35.

### 35. ERASE UNNECESSARY DTC

After this inspection, unnecessary DTC might be displayed. Erase the stored memory in ECM and TCM. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAG-</u><u>NOSTIC INFORMATION</u>" and <u>AT-39, "HOW TO ERASE DTC</u>".

>> GO TO 4.

### 36. check ECM function

- 1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-134, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.

>> GO TO 4.

# Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning DESCRIPTION

Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning is an operation to learn the fully released position of the accelerator pedal by monitoring the accelerator pedal position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of accelerator pedal position sensor or ECM is disconnected.

#### **OPERATION PROCEDURE**

- 1. Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.

# Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning DESCRIPTION

Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning is an operation to learn the fully closed position of the throttle valve by monitoring the throttle position sensor output signal. It must be performed each time harness connector of electric throttle control actuator or ECM is disconnected.

#### **OPERATION PROCEDURE**

- 1. Make sure that accelerator pedal is fully released.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds. Make sure that throttle valve moves during above 10 seconds by confirming the operating sound.

# Idle Air Volume Learning DESCRIPTION

Idle Air Volume Learning is an operation to learn the idle air volume that keeps each engine within the specific range. It must be performed under any of the following conditions:

- Each time electric throttle control actuator or ECM is replaced.
- Idle speed or ignition timing is out of specification.

#### PREPARATION

Before performing Idle Air Volume Learning, make sure that all of the following conditions are satisfied. Learning will be cancelled if any of the following conditions are missed for even a moment.

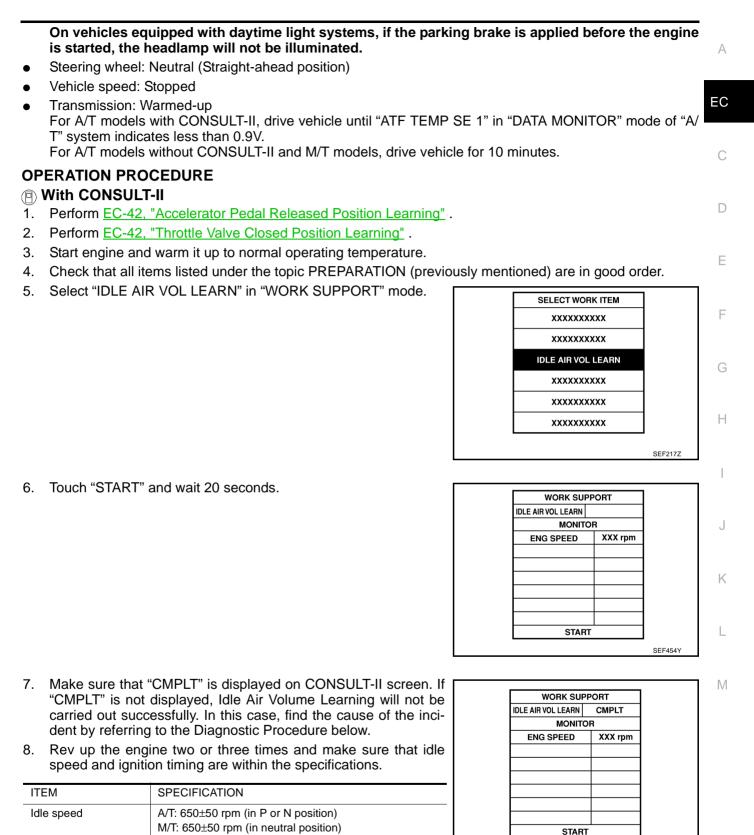
- Battery voltage: More than 12.9V (At idle)
- Engine coolant temperature: 70 100°C (158 212°F)
- PNP switch: ON
- Electric load switch: OFF (Air conditioner, headlamp, rear window defogger)

#### EC-42

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AB\$00800

ABS0080N



# Without CONSULT-II

Ignition timing

• It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.

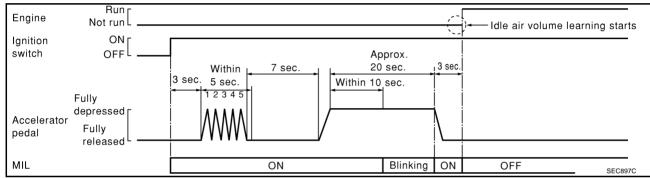
A/T: 15±5° BTDC (in P or N position)

M/T: 15±5° BTDC (in neutral position)

• It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.

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- 1. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Check that all items listed under the topic PREPARATION (previously mentioned) are in good order.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
- 7. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
- a. Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- b. Fully release the accelerator pedal.
- 8. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 20 seconds until the MIL stops blinking and turned ON.
- 9. Fully release the accelerator pedal within 3 seconds after the MIL turned ON.
- 10. Start engine and let it idle.
- 11. Wait 20 seconds.



12. Rev up the engine two or three times and make sure that idle speed and ignition timing are within the specifications.

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Idle speed	A/T: 650±50 rpm (in P or N position) M/T: 650±50 rpm (in neutral position)
Ignition timing	A/T: 15±5° BTDC (in P or N position) M/T: 15±5° BTDC (in neutral position)

13. If idle speed and ignition timing are not within the specification, Idle Air Volume Learning will not be carried out successfully. In this case, find the cause of the incident by referring to the DIAGNOSTIC PROCE-DURE below.

### DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE

If idle air volume learning cannot be performed successfully, proceed as follows:

- 1. Check that throttle valve is fully closed.
- 2. Check PCV valve operation.
- 3. Check that downstream of throttle valve is free from air leakage.
- 4. When the above three items check out OK, engine component parts and their installation condition are questionable. Check and eliminate the cause of the incident. It is useful to perform EC-125, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE".
- 5. If any of the following conditions occur after the engine has started, eliminate the cause of the incident and perform Idle air volume learning all over again:
  - Engine stalls.
  - Erroneous idle.

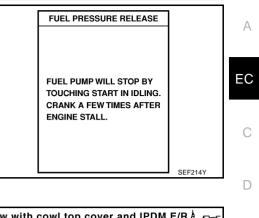
### Fuel Pressure Check FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE

#### With CONSULT-II

1. Turn ignition switch ON.

ABS0080Q

- 2. Perform "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF.



F

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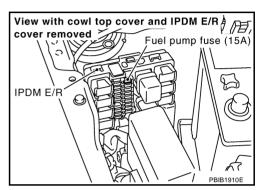
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#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Remove fuel pump fuse located in IPDM E/R.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. After engine stalls, crank it two or three times to release all fuel pressure.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 5. Reinstall fuel pump fuse after servicing fuel system.



#### FUEL PRESSURE CHECK

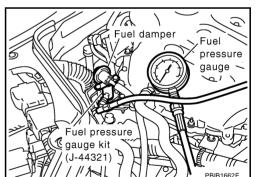
Before disconnecting fuel line, release fuel pressure from fuel line to eliminate danger. NOTE:

- Prepare pans or saucers under the disconnected fuel line because the fuel may spill out. The fuel pressure cannot be completely released because V35 models do not have fuel return system.
- Use Fuel Pressure Gauge Kit (J-44321) to check fuel pressure.
- 1. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-44, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" .
- 2. Install the inline fuel quick disconnected fitting between fuel damper and injector tube.
- 3. Connect the fuel pressure test gauge (quick connector adapter hose) to the inline fuel quick disconnected fitting.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON and check for fuel leakage.
- 5. Start engine and check for fuel leakage.
- 6. Read the indication of fuel pressure gauge.

#### At idling: Approximately 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 51 psi)

- 7. If result is unsatisfactory, go to next step.
- 8. Check the following.
  - Fuel hoses and fuel tubes for clogging
  - Fuel filter for clogging
  - Fuel pump
  - Fuel pressure regulator for clogging
  - If OK, replace fuel pressure regulator.

If NG, repair or replace.



### **ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC (OBD) SYSTEM**

#### Introduction

PFP:00028

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The ECM has an on board diagnostic system, which detects malfunctions related to engine sensors or actuators. The ECM also records various emission-related diagnostic information including:

Emission-related diagnostic information	SAE Mode
Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)	Mode 3 of SAE J1979
Freeze Frame data	Mode 2 of SAE J1979
System Readiness Test (SRT) code	Mode 1 of SAE J1979
1st Trip Diagnostic Trouble Code (1st Trip DTC)	Mode 7 of SAE J1979
1st Trip Freeze Frame data	
Test values and Test limits	Mode 6 of SAE J1979
Calibration ID	Mode 9 of SAE J1979

The above information can be checked using procedures listed in the table below.

				:	×: Applicable –	-: Not applicable
	DTC	1st trip DTC	Freeze Frame data	1st trip Freeze Frame data	SRT code	Test value
CONSULT-II	×	×	×	×	×	—
GST	×	×* <sup>1</sup>	×	_	×	×
ECM	×	×* <sup>2</sup>			_	—

\*1: 1st trip DTCs for self-diagnoses concerning SRT items cannot be shown on the GST display.

\*2: When DTC and 1st trip DTC simultaneously appear on the display, they cannot be clearly distinguished from each other.

The malfunction indicator lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel lights up when the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips (Two trip detection logic), or when the ECM enters fail-safe mode. (Refer to  $\underline{\text{EC-76}}$ .)

### **Two Trip Detection Logic**

When a malfunction is detected for the first time, 1st trip DTC and 1st trip Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up at this stage. <1st trip>

If the same malfunction is detected again during the next drive, the DTC and Freeze Frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL lights up. The MIL lights up at the same time when the DTC is stored. <2nd trip> The "trip" in the "Two Trip Detection Logic" means a driving mode in which self-diagnosis is performed during vehicle operation. Specific on board diagnostic items will cause the ECM to light up or blink the MIL, and store DTC and Freeze Frame data, even in the 1st trip, as shown below.

×: Applicable —: Not applicable

	MIL				DTC		1st trip DTC		
Items	1st trip		2nd trip		1st trip	2nd trip	1st trip	2nd trip	
	Blinking	Lighting up	Blinking	Lighting up	displaying	displaying	displaying	display- ing	
Misfire (Possible three way cata- lyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 is being detected	×	_	_	_	_	—	×	_	
Misfire (Possible three way cata- lyst damage) — DTC: P0300 - P0306 is being detected	_	_	×	_	_	×	_	_	
One trip detection diagnoses (Refer to $\underline{EC-8}$ .)	—	×	—	—	×	—	—	—	
Except above	—	—	_	×	—	×	×	_	

When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting up MIL when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut

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#### Emission-related Diagnostic Information ABS0080T EC **EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION ITEMS** DTC\*1 Test value/ Reference Items SRT code Test limit 1st trip DTC CONSULT-II (CONSULT-II screen terms) page ECM\*3 (GST only) GST\*2 CAN COMM CIRCUIT 1000\*5 U1000 EC-139 CAN COMM CIRCUIT U1001 1001\*<sup>5</sup> EC-139 × NO DTC IS DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING P0000 0000 F MAY BE REQUIRED. INT/V TIM CONT-B1 P0011 0011 EC-142 × INT/V TIM CONT-B2 P0021 0021 × EC-142 F \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ HO2S1 HTR (B1) P0031 0031 EC-145 Х × × HO2S1 HTR (B1) P0032 0032 EC-145 × Х X HO2S2 HTR (B1) P0037 0037 EC-153 × X × HO2S2 HTR (B1) P0038 0038 EC-153 Х × × HO2S1 HTR (B2) P0051 0051 EC-145 × × × Н HO2S1 HTR (B2) P0052 0052 EC-145 × × × HO2S2 HTR (B2) P0057 0057 X × EC-153 Х HO2S2 HTR (B2) P0058 0058 EC-153 X × × MAF SEN/CIRCUIT P0101 0101 \_ EC-161 MAF SEN/CIRCUIT P0102 0102 EC-169 MAF SEN/CIRCUIT P0103 0103 EC-169 IAT SEN/CIRCUIT P0112 0112 EC-176 × IAT SEN/CIRCUIT P0113 0113 × EC-176 ECT SEN/CIRCUIT P0117 0117 EC-181 \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ ECT SEN/CIRCUIT P0118 0118 EC-181 TP SEN 2/CIRC P0122 0122 EC-186 TP SEN 2/CIRC P0123 0123 EC-186 ECT SENSOR P0125 0125 EC-193 Μ IAT SENSOR P0127 0127 EC-196 × THERMSTAT FNCTN P0128 0128 × EC-199 HO2S1 (B1) P0132 0132 EC-201 \_ × × HO2S1 (B1) P0133 0133 × × × <u>EC-211</u> HO2S1 (B1) P0134 0134 EC-224 \_\_\_\_ Х Х HO2S2 (B1) P0138 0138 EC-234 × × HO2S2 (B1) P0139 0139 EC-243 Х × × HO2S1 (B2) P0152 0152 X × EC-201 HO2S1 (B2) P0153 0153 <u>EC-211</u> Х × × HO2S1 (B2) P0154 0154 EC-224 \_\_\_\_ $\times$ $\times$ HO2S2 (B2) P0158 0158 EC-234 × Х HO2S2 (B2) P0159 0159 EC-243 × × X FUEL SYS-LEAN-B1 P0171 0171 EC-254 ×

	DT	C* <sup>1</sup>		Test value/		
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page
FUEL SYS-RICH-B1	P0172	0172	_	_	×	EC-262
FUEL SYS-LEAN-B2	P0174	0174			×	<u>EC-254</u>
FUEL SYS-RICH-B2	P0175	0175	_	_	×	<u>EC-262</u>
FTT SENSOR	P0181	0181	_	_	×	<u>EC-270</u>
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0182	0182			×	<u>EC-275</u>
FTT SEN/CIRCUIT	P0183	0183	_	_	×	<u>EC-275</u>
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0222	0222	_	_	_	<u>EC-279</u>
TP SEN 1/CIRC	P0223	0223	—	—	_	<u>EC-279</u>
MULTI CYL MISFIRE	P0300	0300	—	—	×	<u>EC-286</u>
CYL 1 MISFIRE	P0301	0301	—	—	×	<u>EC-286</u>
CYL 2 MISFIRE	P0302	0302			×	EC-286
CYL 3 MISFIRE	P0303	0303			×	<u>EC-286</u>
CYL 4 MISFIRE	P0304	0304			×	<u>EC-286</u>
CYL 5 MISFIRE	P0305	0305	—	—	×	EC-286
CYL 6 MISFIRE	P0306	0306			×	EC-286
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0327	0327			×	<u>EC-292</u>
KNOCK SEN/CIRC-B1	P0328	0328	_	_	×	EC-292
CKP SEN/CIRCUIT	P0335	0335			×	EC-297
CMP SEN/CIRC-B1	P0340	0340			×	EC-303
CMP SEN/CIRC-B2	P0345	0345			×	EC-303
TW CATALYST SYS-B1	P0420	0420	×	×	×	EC-311
TW CATALYST SYS-B2	P0430	0430	×	×	×	EC-311
EVAP PURG FLOW/MON	P0441	0441	×	×	×	<u>EC-316</u>
EVAP SMALL LEAK	P0442	0442	×	×	×	EC-321
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0444	0444	_	_	×	EC-330
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P0445	0445			×	<u>EC-330</u>
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P0447	0447	_	_	×	EC-337
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0451	0451	_	_	×	<u>EC-344</u>
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0452	0452	_	_	×	<u>EC-347</u>
EVAP SYS PRES SEN	P0453	0453	—	—	×	<u>EC-353</u>
EVAP GROSS LEAK	P0455	0455	—	—	×	EC-361
EVAP VERY SML LEAK	P0456	0456	×* <sup>4</sup>	×	×	EC-369
FUEL LEV SEN SLOSH	P0460	0460			×	EC-379
FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	P0461	0461	_	_	×	EC-381
FUEL LEVL SEN/CIRC	P0462	0462	-	-	×	EC-383
VEH SPEED SEN/CIRC*6	P0500	0500	_	_	×	EC-385
ISC SYSTEM	P0506	0506	_	_	×	EC-387
ISC SYSTEM	P0507	0507			×	EC-389
PW ST P SEN/CIRC	P0550	0550	_	_	×	EC-391
ECM	P0605	0605			× or —	EC-396
PNP SW/CIRC	P0705	0705			×	AT-112
ATF TEMP SEN/CIRC	P0710	0710			×	AT-153

	DT	C* <sup>1</sup>		Test value/			^
Items (CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	Reference page	A
VEH SPD SEN/CIR AT*5	P0720	0720			×	<u>AT-117</u>	EC
ENGINE SPEED SIG	P0725	0725			×	<u>AT-122</u>	-
TCC SOLENOID/CIRC	P0740	0740	_	_	×	<u>AT-124</u>	
A/T TCC S/V FNCTN	P0744	0744	_	_	×	<u>AT-129</u>	С
L/PRESS SOL/CIRC	P0745	0745	_	_	×	<u>AT-134</u>	
ECM BACK UP/CIRC	P1065	1065	_		×	<u>EC-399</u>	D
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B1	P1111	1111			×	<u>EC-403</u>	
ETC ACTR	P1121	1121				<u>EC-410</u>	
ETC FUNCTION/CIRC	P1122	1122	_			<u>EC-412</u>	E
ETC MOT PWR	P1124	1124	_			<u>EC-418</u>	-
ETC MOT PWR	P1126	1126	_			<u>EC-418</u>	F
ETC MOT	P1128	1128				<u>EC-423</u>	
INT/V TIM V/CIR-B2	P1136	1136			×	<u>EC-403</u>	
HO2S1 (B1)	P1143	1143	×	×	×	<u>EC-428</u>	G
HO2S1 (B1)	P1144	1144	×	×	×	<u>EC-434</u>	
HO2S2 (B1)	P1146	1146	×	×	×	<u>EC-440</u>	Н
HO2S2 (B1)	P1147	1147	×	×	×	<u>EC-451</u>	
CLOSED LOOP-B1	P1148	1148	_	_	_	<u>EC-462</u>	
HO2S1 (B2)	P1163	1163	×	×	×	<u>EC-428</u>	
HO2S1 (B2)	P1164	1164	×	×	×	<u>EC-434</u>	
HO2S2 (B2)	P1166	1166	×	×	×	<u>EC-440</u>	
HO2S2 (B2)	P1167	1167	×	×	×	<u>EC-451</u>	J
CLOSED LOOP-B2	P1168	1168				<u>EC-462</u>	
TCS C/U FUNCTN	P1211	1211	_		×	<u>EC-464</u>	K
TCS/CIRC	P1212	1212	_		×	<u>EC-465</u>	-
ENG OVER TEMP	P1217	1217	_	_	_	<u>EC-466</u> (A/T) <u>EC-478</u> (M/T)	L
CTP LEARNING	P1225	1225			×	<u>EC-490</u>	
CTP LEARNING	P1226	1226	_		×	<u>EC-492</u>	
SENSOR POWER/CIRC	P1229	1229	_	_	_	<u>EC-494</u>	M
PURG VOLUME CONT/V	P1444	1444	_		×	<u>EC-499</u>	
VENT CONTROL VALVE	P1446	1446	_		×	<u>EC-507</u>	
ASCD SW	P1564	1564	_	_	_	<u>EC-514</u>	
ASCD BRAKE SW	P1572	1572	_	_	_	<u>EC-521</u>	
ASCD VHL SPD SEN	P1574	1574				<u>EC-538</u>	
NATS MALFUNCTION	P1610 - P1615	1610 - 1615	_		×	<u>EC-62</u>	-
TPV SEN/CIRC A/T	P1705	1705	_	_	_	<u>AT-151</u>	
P-N POS SW/CIRCUIT	P1706	1706			×	<u>EC-540</u>	
TURBINE REV S/CIRC	P1716	1716	_	_	×	<u>AT-159</u>	
A/T INTERLOCK	P1730	1730				AT-166	
I/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1752	1752				AT-177	
I/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1754	1754				<u>AT-182</u>	

Items	DT	C* <sup>1</sup>		Test value/		Reference
(CONSULT-II screen terms)	CONSULT-II GST* <sup>2</sup>	ECM* <sup>3</sup>	SRT code	Test limit (GST only)	1st trip DTC	page
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1757	1757	—	—	—	<u>AT-186</u>
FR/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1759	1759	—	—	_	<u>AT-191</u>
D/C SOLENOID/CIRC	P1762	1762	—	—	_	<u>AT-196</u>
D/C SOLENOID FNCTN	P1764	1764	—	—	_	<u>AT-201</u>
HLR/C SOL/CIRC	P1767	1767	—	—	_	<u>AT-205</u>
HLR/C SOL FNCTN	P1769	1769	—	—	_	<u>AT-210</u>
LC/B SOLENOID/CIRC	P1772	1772	—	—	_	<u>AT-215</u>
LC/B SOLENOID FNCT	P1774	1774	—			<u>AT-220</u>
BRAKE SW/CIRCUIT	P1805	1805	—	—	×	<u>EC-549</u>
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2122	2122	—	—	_	<u>EC-554</u>
APP SEN 1/CIRC	P2123	2123	—	—	_	<u>EC-554</u>
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2127	2127	_	_	_	EC-561
APP SEN 2/CIRC	P2128	2128	—	—	—	<u>EC-561</u>
TP SENSOR	P2135	2135	—	—	—	EC-568
APP SENSOR	P2138	2138	—	—	—	<u>EC-575</u>

\*1: 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.

\*2: This number is prescribed by SAE J2012.

\*3: In Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results), this number is controlled by NISSAN.

\*4: SRT code will not be set if the self-diagnostic result is NG.

\*5: The troubleshooting for this DTC needs CONSULT-II.

\*6: When the fail-safe operations for both self-diagnoses occur at the same time, the MIL illuminates.

#### DTC AND 1ST TRIP DTC

The 1st trip DTC (whose number is the same as the DTC number) is displayed for the latest self-diagnostic result obtained. If the ECM memory was cleared previously, and the 1st trip DTC did not reoccur, the 1st trip DTC will not be displayed.

If a malfunction is detected during the 1st trip, the 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM memory. The MIL will not light up (two trip detection logic). If the same malfunction is not detected in the 2nd trip (meeting the required driving pattern), the 1st trip DTC is cleared from the ECM memory. If the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, both the 1st trip DTC and DTC are stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up. In other words, the DTC is stored in the ECM memory and the MIL lights up when the same malfunction occurs in two consecutive trips. If a 1st trip DTC is stored and a non-diagnostic operation is performed between the 1st and 2nd trips, only the 1st trip DTC will continue to be stored. For malfunctions that blink or light up the MIL during the 1st trip, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are stored in the ECM memory.

Procedures for clearing the DTC and the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory are described in <u>EC-60, "HOW</u> <u>TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>

For malfunctions in which 1st trip DTCs are displayed, refer to <u>EC-47, "EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC</u> <u>INFORMATION ITEMS</u>". These items are required by legal regulations to continuously monitor the system/ component. In addition, the items monitored non-continuously are also displayed on CONSULT-II.

1st trip DTC is specified in Mode 7 of SAE J1979. 1st trip DTC detection occurs without lighting up the MIL and therefore does not warn the driver of a malfunction. However, 1st trip DTC detection will not prevent the vehicle from being tested, for example during Inspection/Maintenance (I/M) tests.

When a 1st trip DTC is detected, check, print out or write down and erase (1st trip) DTC and Freeze Frame data as specified in Work Flow procedure Step II, refer to <u>EC-72</u>, "<u>WORK FLOW</u>". Then perform DTC Confirmation Procedure or Overall Function Check to try to duplicate the malfunction. If the malfunction is duplicated, the item requires repair.

#### How to Read DTC and 1st Trip DTC

DTC and 1st trip DTC can be read by the following methods.

With CONSULT-II

#### With GST

CONSULT-II or GST (Generic Scan Tool) Examples: P0340, P1148, P1706, etc.

### EC-50

These DTCs are prescribed by SAE J2012.

(CONSULT-II also displays the malfunctioning component or system.)

#### No Tools

The number of blinks of the MIL in the Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-Diagnostic Results) indicates the DTC. Example: 0340, 1148, 1706, etc.

These DTCs are controlled by NISSAN.

- 1st trip DTC No. is the same as DTC No.
- Output of a DTC indicates a malfunction. However, GST or the Diagnostic Test Mode II do not indicate whether the malfunction is still occurring or has occurred in the past and has returned to normal. CONSULT-II can identify malfunction status as shown below. Therefore, using CONSULT-II (if available) is recommended.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for DTC and 1st trip DTC is shown below. DTC or 1st trip DTC of a malfunction is displayed in "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT-II. Time data indicates how many times the vehicle was driven after the last detection of a DTC.

If the DTC is being detected currently, the time data will be [0]. If a 1st trip DTC is stored in the ECM, the time data will be [11].

	SELF DIAG RESU	ULTS	SELF DIAG F	ESULTS	
	DTC RESULTS	TIME	DTC RESULTS	TIME	
DTO	CKP SEN/CIRCUIT [P0335 ]	o	CKP SEN/CIRCL [P0335] 1st trip	IT 1t	
DTC display			DTC display		1
					-

#### FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA

The ECM records the driving conditions such as fuel system status, calculated load value, engine coolant temperature, short term fuel trim, long term fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed, base fuel schedule and intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected.

Data which are stored in the ECM memory, along with the 1st trip DTC, are called 1st trip freeze frame data. The data, stored together with the DTC data, are called freeze frame data and displayed on CONSULT-II or GST. The 1st trip freeze frame data can only be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, not on the GST. For details, see <u>EC-109</u>, "Freeze Frame Data and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data".

Only one set of freeze frame data (either 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data) can be stored in the ECM. 1st trip freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory along with the 1st trip DTC. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data and it is updated each time a different 1st trip DTC is detected. However, once freeze frame data (2nd trip detection/MIL on) is stored in the ECM memory, 1st trip freeze frame data is no longer stored. Remember, only one set of freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM. The ECM has the following priorities to update the data.

Priority		Items		
1	Freeze frame data	Misfire — DTC: P0300 - P0306 Fuel Injection System Function — DTC: P0171, P0172, P0174, P0175		
2		Except the above items (Includes A/T related items)		
3	1st trip freeze frame data			

For example, the EGR malfunction (Priority: 2) was detected and the freeze frame data was stored in the 2nd trip. After that when the misfire (Priority: 1) is detected in another trip, the freeze frame data will be updated from the EGR malfunction to the misfire. The 1st trip freeze frame data is updated each time a different malfunction is detected. There is no priority for 1st trip freeze frame data. However, once freeze frame data or 1st trip freeze frame data can be stored in the ECM). If freeze frame data is stored in the ECM memory and freeze frame data with the same priority occurs later, the first (original) freeze frame data remains unchanged in the ECM memory.

Both 1st trip freeze frame data and freeze frame data (along with the DTCs) are cleared when the ECM memory is erased. Procedures for clearing the ECM memory are described in <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE EMIS-SION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.

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#### SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE

System Readiness Test (SRT) code is specified in Mode 1 of SAE J1979.

As part of an enhanced emissions test for Inspection & Maintenance (I/M), certain states require the status of SRT be used to indicate whether the ECM has completed self-diagnosis of major emission systems and components. Completion must be verified in order for the emissions inspection to proceed.

If a vehicle is rejected for a State emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", use the information in this Service Manual to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

In most cases the ECM will automatically complete its self-diagnosis cycle during normal usage, and the SRT status will indicate "CMPLT" for each application system. Once set as "CMPLT", the SRT status remains "CMPLT" until the self-diagnosis memory is erased.

Occasionally, certain portions of the self-diagnostic test may not be completed as a result of the customer's normal driving pattern; the SRT will indicate "INCMP" for these items.

#### NOTE:

The SRT will also indicate "INCMP" if the self-diagnosis memory is erased for any reason or if the ECM memory power supply is interrupted for several hours.

If, during the state emissions inspection, the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items, the inspector will continue with the emissions test. However, if the SRT indicates "INCMP" for one or more of the SRT items the vehicle is returned to the customer untested.

#### NOTE:

If MIL is ON during the state emissions inspection, the vehicle is also returned to the customer untested even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT" for all test items. Therefore, it is important to check SRT ("CMPLT") and DTC (No DTCs) before the inspection.

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#### **SRT Item**

The table below shows required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT".

SRT item (CONSULT-II indica- tion)	Perfor- mance Pri- ority*1	Required self-diagnostic items to set the SRT to "CMPLT"	Corresponding DTC No.
CATALYST	2	Three way catalyst function	P0420, P0430
EVAPORATIVE SYS-	1	EVAP control system	P0442
TEM	2	EVAP control system	P0456
	2	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P0441
HO2S	2	Heated oxygen sensor 1	P0133, P0153
		Heated oxygen sensor 1	P1143, P1163
		Heated oxygen sensor 1	P1144, P1164
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P0139, P0159
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P1146, P1166
		Heated oxygen sensor 2	P1147, P1167
HO2S HTR	2	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater	P0031, P0032, P0051, P0052
		Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater	P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058

\*1: If completion of several SRTs is required, perform driving patterns (DTC confirmation procedure), one by one based on the priority for models with CONSULT-II.

#### **SRT Set Timing**

SRT is set as "CMPLT" after self-diagnosis has been performed one or more times. Completion of SRT is done regardless of whether the result is OK or NG. The set timing is different between OK and NG results and is shown in the table below.

				Example		
Self-diagno	osis result	Diagnosis	$\leftarrow ON \rightarrow  O$		$\begin{array}{ll} PR & PR \\ PR & PR & PR \end{array} \rightarrow \\ \end{array}$	$OFF \leftarrow ON \rightarrow$
All OK	Case 1	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	OK (2)	— (2)
		P0402	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	OK (2)
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)
		SRT of EGR	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"
	Case 2	P0400	OK (1)	— (1)	— (1)	— (1)
		P0402	— (0)	— (0)	OK (1)	— (1)
		P1402	OK (1)	OK (2)	— (2)	— (2)
		SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"	"CMPLT"
NG exists	Case 3	P0400	OK	OK	—	_
		P0402	_	_	_	_
		P1402	NG	_	NG	NG (Consecutive NG)
		(1st trip) DTC	1st trip DTC	—	1st trip DTC	DTC (= MIL "ON")
		SRT of EGR	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"INCMP"	"CMPLT"

OK: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is OK.

NG: Self-diagnosis is carried out and the result is NG.

-: Self-diagnosis is not carried out.

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results in a single cycle (Ignition OFF-ON-OFF), the SRT will indicate "CMPLT".  $\rightarrow$  Case 1 above

When all SRT related self-diagnoses showed OK results through several different cycles, the SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have at least one OK result.  $\rightarrow$  Case 2 above If one or more SRT related self-diagnoses showed NG results in 2 consecutive cycles, the SRT will also indi-

cate "CMPLT".  $\rightarrow$  Case 3 above The table above shows that the minimum number of cycles for setting SRT as "INCMP" is one (1) for each

self-diagnosis (Case 1 & 2) or two (2) for one of self-diagnoses (Case 3). However, in preparation for the state emissions inspection, it is unnecessary for each self-diagnosis to be executed twice (Case 3) for the following reasons:

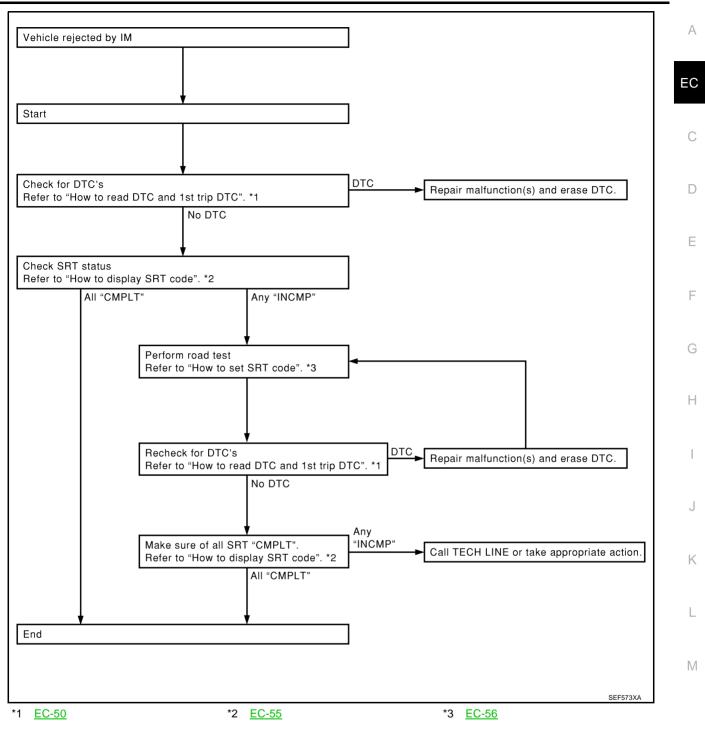
- The SRT will indicate "CMPLT" at the time the respective self-diagnoses have one (1) OK result.
- The emissions inspection requires "CMPLT" of the SRT only with OK self-diagnosis results.
- When, during SRT driving pattern, 1st trip DTC (NG) is detected prior to "CMPLT" of SRT, the self-diagnosis memory must be erased from ECM after repair.
- If the 1st trip DTC is erased, all the SRT will indicate "INCMP".

#### NOTE:

SRT can be set as "CMPLT" together with the DTC(s). Therefore, DTC check must always be carried out prior to the state emission inspection even though the SRT indicates "CMPLT".

#### **SRT Service Procedure**

If a vehicle has failed the state emissions inspection due to one or more SRT items indicating "INCMP", review the flowchart diagnostic sequence on the next page.



#### How to Display SRT Code

#### (I) WITH CONSULT-II

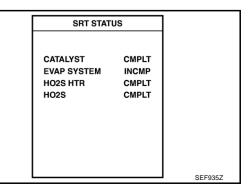
Selecting "SRT STATUS" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CONSULT-II.

For items whose SRT codes are set, a "CMPLT" is displayed on the CONSULT-II screen; for items whose SRT codes are not set, "INCMP" is displayed.

A sample of CONSULT-II display for SRT code is shown at right. "INCMP" means the self-diagnosis is incomplete and SRT is not set. "CMPLT" means the self-diagnosis is complete and SRT is set.

#### WITH GST

Selecting Mode 1 with GST (Generic Scan Tool)



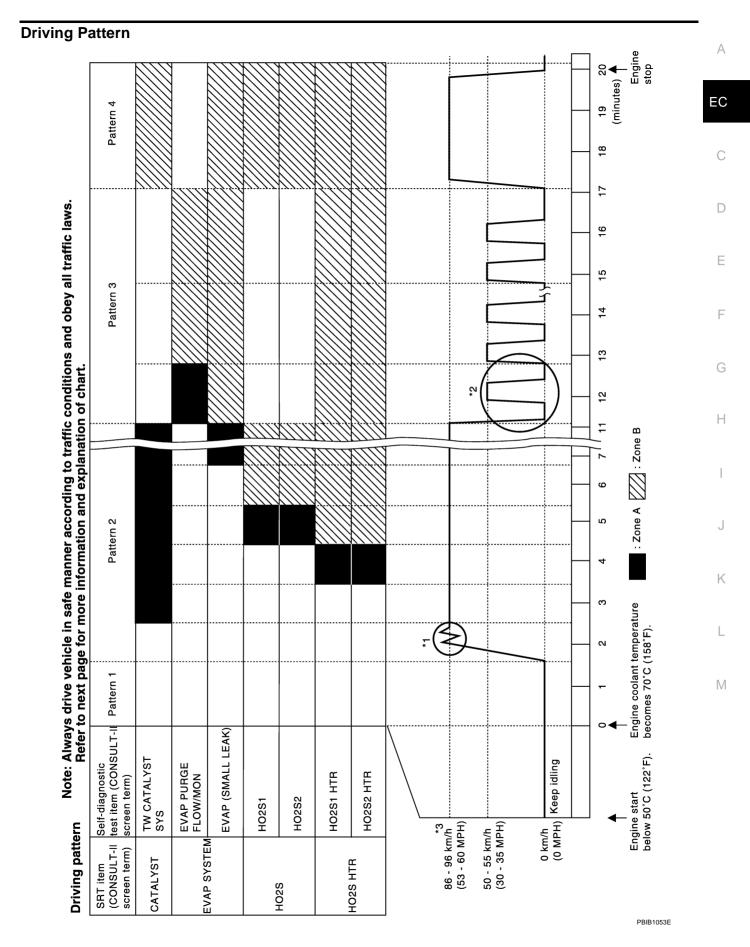
#### How to Set SRT Code

To set all SRT codes, self-diagnosis for the items indicated above must be performed one or more times. Each diagnosis may require a long period of actual driving under various conditions.

 WITH CONSULT-II
 Perform corresponding DTC Confirmation Procedure one by one based on Performance Priority in the table on EC-53, "SRT Item"

#### **WITHOUT CONSULT-II**

The most efficient driving pattern in which SRT codes can be properly set is explained on the next page. The driving pattern should be performed one or more times to set all SRT codes.



• The time required for each diagnosis varies with road surface conditions, weather, altitude, individual driving habits, etc.

Zone A refers to the range where the time, required for the diagnosis under normal conditions\*, is the shortest.

Zone B refers to the range where the diagnosis can still be performed if the diagnosis is not completed within zone A.

\*: Normal conditions refer to the following:

- Sea level
- Flat road
- Ambient air temperature: 20 30°C (68 86°F)
- Diagnosis is performed as quickly as possible under normal conditions. Under different conditions [For example: ambient air temperature other than 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)], diagnosis may also be performed.

Pattern 1:

- The engine is started at the engine coolant temperature of -10 to 35°C (14 to 95°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 73 and ground is 3.0 4.3V).
- The engine must be operated at idle speed until the engine coolant temperature is greater than 70°C (158°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 73 and ground is lower than 1.4V).
- The engine is started at the fuel tank temperature of warmer than 0°C (32°F) (where the voltage between the ECM terminal 107 and ground is less than 4.1V).

Pattern 2:

• When steady-state driving is performed again even after it is interrupted, each diagnosis can be conducted. In this case, the time required for diagnosis may be extended.

Pattern 3:

• The driving pattern outlined in \*2 must be repeated at least 3 times.

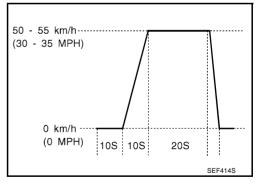
Pattern 4:

- Tests are performed after the engine has been operated for at least 17 minutes.
- The accelerator pedal must be held very steady during steady-state driving.
- If the accelerator pedal is moved, the test must be conducted all over again.

\*1: Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH), then release the accelerator pedal and keep it released for more than 10 seconds. Depress the accelerator pedal until vehicle speed is 90 km/h (56 MPH) again.

\*2: Operate the vehicle in the following driving pattern.

- 1. Decelerate vehicle to 0 km/h (0 MPH) and let engine idle.
- 2. Repeat driving pattern shown at right at least 10 times.
- During acceleration, hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.
- \*3: Checking the vehicle speed with GST is advised.



### Suggested Transmission Gear Position

Set the selector lever in the D position.

Suggested Upshift Speeds for M/T Models

Shown below are suggested vehicle speeds for shifting into a higher gear. These suggestions relate to fuel economy and vehicle performance. Actual upshift speeds will vary according to road conditions, the weather and individual driving habits.

		on in low altitude areas I9 m (4,000 ft)]:	For quick acceleration in low altitude areas and high altitude areas [over 1,219 m (4,000 ft)]:	A
Gear change	ACCEL shift point km/h (MPH)	CRUISE shift point km/h (MPH)	km/h (MPH)	
1st to 2nd	21 (13)	13 (8)	24 (15)	EC
2nd to 3rd	37 (23)	26 (16)	40 (25)	
3rd to 4th	48 (30)	40 (25)	64 (40)	С
4th to 5th	60 (37)	45 (28)	72 (45)	
6th	68 (42)	53 (33)	80 (50)	
		l.	1	D

#### Suggested Maximum Speed in Each Gear

Downshift to a lower gear if the engine is not running smoothly, or if you need to accelerate.

Do not exceed the maximum suggested speed (shown below) in any gear. For level road driving, use the highest gear suggested for that speed. Always observe posted speed limits and drive according to the road conditions to ensure sage operation. Do not over-rev the engine when shifting to a lower gear as it may cause engine damage or loss of vehicle control.

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Gear	km/h (MPH)	F
1st	56 (35)	
2nd	96 (60)	G
3rd	136 (85)	0
4th	-	
5th	-	Н
6th	-	

#### TEST VALUE AND TEST LIMIT (GST ONLY - NOT APPLICABLE TO CONSULT-II)

The following is the information specified in Mode 6 of SAE J1979.

The test value is a parameter used to determine whether a system/circuit diagnostic test is OK or NG while being monitored by the ECM during self-diagnosis. The test limit is a reference value which is specified as the maximum or minimum value and is compared with the test value being monitored.

These data (test value and test limit) are specified by Test ID (TID) and Component ID (CID) and can be displayed on the GST screen.

ltem	Self-diagnostic test item	DTC	Test v (GST d		Test limit	Conversion	
			TID	CID		Conversion 1/128 1 1/128 1 1 1/128mm <sup>2</sup>	
	Three way actalyst function (Pank 1)	P0420	01H	01H	Max.	1/128	
CATALYST	Three way catalyst function (Bank 1)	P0420	02H	81H	Min.	1	
CATALIST	Three ways actual time time (Deals O)	P0430	03H	02H	Max.	1/128	-
	Three way catalyst function (Bank 2)	P0430	04H	82H	Min.	1	•
	EVAP control system (Small leak)	P0442	05H	03H	Max.	1/128mm <sup>2</sup>	
EVAP SYSTEM	EVAP control system purge flow monitoring	P0441	06H	83H	Min.	20mV	•
	EVAP control system (Very small leak)	P0456	07H	03H	Max.	1/128mm <sup>2</sup>	•

ltem	Self-diagnostic test item	DTC	Test v (GST d		Test limit	Conversion
			TID	CID		
		P0133	09H	04H	Max.	16ms
		P1143	0AH	84H	Min.	10mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (Bank 1)	P1144	0BH	04H	Max.	10mV
		P0132	0CH	04H	Max.	10mV
		P0134	0DH	04H	Max.	1s
		P0153	11H	05H	Max.	16ms
		P1163	12H	85H	Min.	10mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (Bank 2)	P1164	13H	05H	Max.	10mV
HO2S		P0152	14H	05H	Max.	10mV
H023		P0154	15H	05H	Max.	1s
		P0139	19H	86H	Min.	10mV/500ms
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 1)	P1147	1AH	86H	Min.	10mV
		P1146	1BH	06H	Max.	10mV
		P0138	1CH	06H	Max.	10mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (Bank 2)	P0159	21H	87H	Min.	10mV/500ms
		P1167	22H	87H	Min.	10mV
		P1166	23H	07H	Max.	10mV
		P0158	24H	07H	Max.	10mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (Bank 1)	P0032	29H	08H	Max.	20mV
	neated oxygen sensor i neater (Bank I)	P0031	2AH	88H	Min.	20mV
	Heated exugen concert 4 heater (Park 2)	P0052	2BH	09H	Max.	20mV
HO2S HEATER	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (Bank 2)	P0051	2CH	89H	Min.	20mV
HUZƏ NEALEK	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 1)	P0038	2DH	0AH	Max.	20mV
	Treated oxygen sensor 2 treater (Dalik T)	P0037	2EH	8AH	Min.	20mV
	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (Bank 2)	P0058	2FH	0BH	Max.	20mV
	Treated Oxygen Sensor 2 Treater (Dalik 2)	P0057	30H	8BH	Min.	20mV

#### HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION How to Erase DTC

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

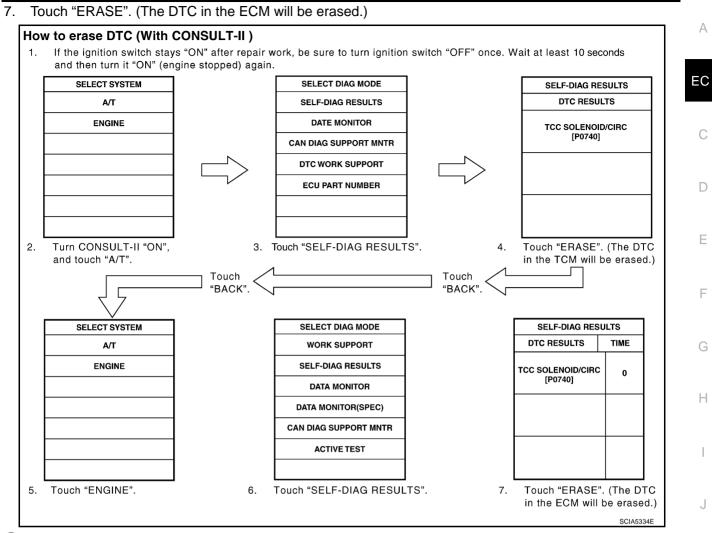
The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting "ERASE" in the "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.

If DTCs are displayed for both ECM and TCM (Transmission control module), they need to be erased individually from the ECM and TCM (Transmission control module).

#### NOTE:

#### If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see $\underline{EC-8}$ ), skip steps 2 through 4.

- 1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Turn CONSULT-II ON and touch "A/T".
- 3. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".
- 4. Touch "ERASE". [The DTC in the TCM (Transmission control module) will be erased.] Then touch "BACK" twice.
- 5. Touch "ENGINE".
- 6. Touch "SELF-DIAG RESULTS".



#### WITH GST

The emission related diagnostic information in the ECM can be erased by selecting Mode 4 with GST. **NOTE:** 

#### If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-8), skip step 2.

 If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.

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- 2. Perform <u>AT-40, "HOW TO ERASE DTC (WITH GST)"</u>. (The DTC in TCM will be erased.)
- 3. Select Mode 4 with GST (Generic Scan Tool).

#### NO TOOLS

#### NOTE:

#### If the DTC is not for A/T related items (see EC-8 ), skip step 2.

- 1. If the ignition switch stays ON after repair work, be sure to turn ignition switch OFF once. Wait at least 10 seconds and then turn it ON (engine stopped) again.
- 2. Perform AT-41, "HOW TO ERASE DTC (NO TOOLS)" . (The DTC in TCM will be erased.)
- 3. Change the diagnostic test mode from Mode II to Mode I by depressing the accelerator pedal. Refer to <u>EC-64, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE"</u>.
- If the battery is disconnected, the emission-related diagnostic information will be lost within 24 hours.
- The following data are cleared when the ECM memory is erased.
- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data

### EC-61

- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- Others

Actual work procedures are explained using a DTC as an example. Be careful so that not only the DTC, but all of the data listed above, are cleared from the ECM memory during work procedures.

### IVIS (Infiniti Vehicle Immobilizer System — NATS)

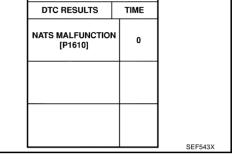
- If the security indicator lights up with the ignition switch in the ON position or "NATS MALFUNCTION" is displayed on "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" screen, perform self-diagnostic results mode with CONSULT-II using NATS program card. Refer to <u>BL-132</u>, "IVIS (INFINITI VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM-NATS)".
- Confirm no self-diagnostic results of IVIS (NATS) is displayed before touching "ERASE" in "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- When replacing ECM, initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs must be carried out with CONSULT-II using NATS program card.

Therefore, be sure to receive all keys from vehicle owner. Regarding the procedures of IVIS (NATS) initialization and IVIS (NATS) ignition key ID registration, refer to CONSULT-II operation manual, IVIS/NVIS.

#### Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) DESCRIPTION

The MIL is located on the instrument panel.

- The MIL will light up when the ignition switch is turned ON without the engine running. This is a bulb check. If the MIL does not light up, refer to <u>DI-25, "WARNING LAMPS"</u>, or see <u>EC-632</u>.
- When the engine is started, the MIL should go off. If the MIL remains on, the on board diagnostic system has detected an engine system malfunction.



SELF DIAG RESULTS

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#### ON BOARD DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM FUNCTION

The on board diagnostic system has the following four functions.

Diagnostic Test Mode	KEY and ENG. Status	Function	Explanation of Function	
Mode I	Ignition switch in ON position	BULB CHECK	This function checks the MIL bulb for damage (blown, open circuit, etc.). If the MIL does not come on, check MIL circuit.	- E(
	Engine running	MALFUNCTION WARNING	This is a usual driving condition. When a malfunction is detected twice in two consecutive driving cycles (two trip detection logic), the MIL will light up to inform the driver that a malfunction has been detected. The following malfunctions will light up or blink the MIL in the 1st trip.	- E F
			<ul><li>Misfire (Possible three way catalyst damage)</li><li>One trip detection diagnoses</li></ul>	(
Mode II	Ignition switch in ON position	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS	This function allows DTCs and 1st trip DTCs to be read.	- C
	Engine stopped			I
	Engine running	HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 MONITOR	This function allows the fuel mixture condition (lean or rich), monitored by heated oxygen sensor 1, to be read.	

When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting up MIL when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

#### **MIL Flashing Without DTC**

If the ECM is in Diagnostic Test Mode II, MIL may flash when engine is running. In this case, check ECM diagnostic test mode. <u>EC-64, "HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE"</u>.

How to switch the diagnostic test (function) modes, and details of the above functions are described later.  $\underline{\text{EC-}}_{64, \text{"HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE"}}$ .

The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

- Diagnostic trouble codes
- 1st trip diagnostic trouble codes
- Freeze frame data
- 1st trip freeze frame data
- System readiness test (SRT) codes
- Test values
- Others

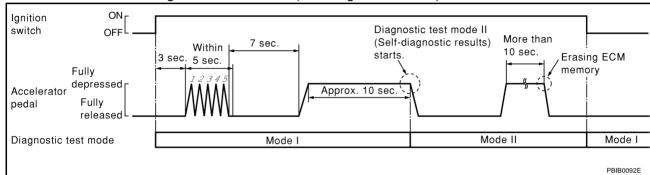
#### HOW TO SWITCH DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE

NOTE:

- It is better to count the time accurately with a clock.
- It is impossible to switch the diagnostic mode when an accelerator pedal position sensor circuit has a malfunction.
- Always ECM returns to Diagnostic Test Mode I after ignition switch is turned OFF.

#### How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

- 1. Confirm that accelerator pedal is fully released, turn ignition switch ON and wait 3 seconds.
- 2. Repeat the following procedure quickly five times within 5 seconds.
- a. Fully depress the accelerator pedal.
- b. Fully release the accelerator pedal.
- 3. Wait 7 seconds, fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for approx. 10 seconds until the MIL starts blinking.
- Fully release the accelerator pedal. ECM has entered to Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results).



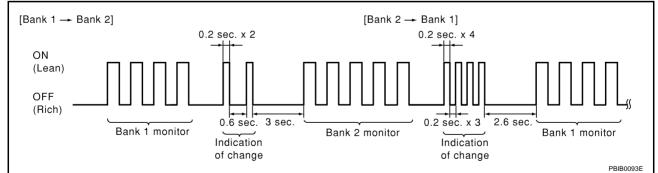
#### How to Set Diagnostic Test Mode II (Heated Oxygen Sensor 1 Monitor)

- 1. Set the ECM in Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). Refer to <u>EC-64</u>, "How to <u>Set Diagnostic</u> <u>Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)</u>".
- 2. Start Engine.

ECM has entered to Diagnostic Test Mode II (Heated oxygen sensor 1 monitor). ECM will start heated oxygen sensor 1 monitoring from the bank 1 sensor.

#### How to Switch Monitored Sensor From Bank 1 to Bank 2 or Vice Versa

- 1. Fully depress the accelerator pedal quickly and then release it immediately.
- 2. Make sure that monitoring sensor has changed by MIL blinking as follows.



#### How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

- 1. Set ECM in Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic results). Refer to <u>EC-64, "How to Set Diagnostic Test</u> <u>Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)"</u>.
- Fully depress the accelerator pedal and keep it for more than 10 seconds. The emission-related diagnostic information has been erased from the backup memory in the ECM.
- 3. Fully release the accelerator pedal, and confirm the DTC 0000 is displayed.

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — BULB CHECK

In this mode, the MIL on the instrument panel should stay ON. If it remains OFF, check the bulb. Refer to <u>DI-</u><u>A</u><u>25, "WARNING LAMPS"</u> or see <u>EC-632</u>.

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE I — MALFUNCTION WARNING

-	MIL	Condition	
-	ON	When the malfunction is detected.	
	OFF	No malfunction.	С

This DTC number is clarified in Diagnostic Test Mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS)

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS

In this mode, the DTC and 1st trip DTC are indicated by the number of blinks of the MIL as shown below. The DTC and 1st trip DTC are displayed at the same time. If the MIL does not illuminate in diagnostic test mode I (Malfunction warning), all displayed items are 1st trip DTCs. If only one code is displayed when the MIL illuminates in diagnostic test mode II (SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS), it is a DTC; if two or more codes are displayed, they may be either DTCs or 1st trip DTCs. DTC No. is same as that of 1st trip DTC. These unidentified codes can be identified by using the CONSULT-II or GST. A DTC will be used as an example for how to read a code.

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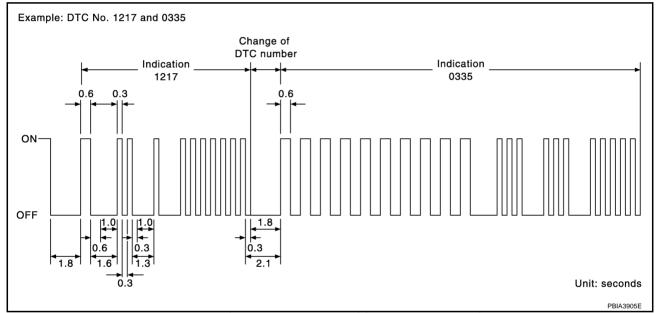
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A particular trouble code can be identified by the number of four-digit numeral flashes. The "zero" is indicated by the number of ten flashes. The length of time the 1,000th-digit numeral flashes on and off is 1.2 seconds consisting of an ON (0.6-second) - OFF (0.6-second) cycle.

The 100th-digit numeral and lower digit numerals consist of a 0.3-second ON and 0.3-second OFF cycle. A change from one digit numeral to another occurs at an interval of 1.0-second OFF. In other words, the later numeral appears on the display 1.3 seconds after the former numeral has disappeared.

A change from one trouble code to another occurs at an interval of 1.8-second OFF.

In this way, all the detected malfunctions are classified by their DTC numbers. The DTC 0000 refers to no malfunction. (See <u>EC-8</u>, "INDEX FOR DTC")

#### How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)

The DTC can be erased from the back up memory in the ECM by depressing accelerator pedal. Refer to <u>EC-64, "How to Erase Diagnostic Test Mode II (Self-diagnostic Results)"</u>.

- If the battery is disconnected, the DTC will be lost from the backup memory within 24 hours.
- Be careful not to erase the stored memory before starting trouble diagnoses.

#### DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE II — HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 MONITOR

In this mode, the MIL displays the condition of the fuel mixture (lean or rich) which is monitored by the heated oxygen sensor 1.

MIL	Fuel mixture condition in the exhaust gas	Air fuel ratio feedback control condition		
ON	Lean	Closed loop system		
OFF	Rich			
*Remains ON or OFF	Any condition	Open loop system		

\*: Maintains conditions just before switching to open loop.

To check the heated oxygen sensor 1 function, start engine in the Diagnostic Test Mode II and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points to the middle of the gauge.

Next run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load conditions. Then make sure that the MIL comes ON more than 5 times within 10 seconds with engine running at 2,000 rpm under no-load.

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#### **OBD System Operation Chart** RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, 1ST TRIP DTC, DTC, AND DETECTABLE ITEMS

- When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory.
- When the same malfunction is detected in two consecutive trips, the DTC and the freeze frame data are stored in the ECM memory, and the MIL will come on. For details, refer to <u>EC-46</u>, "Two Trip Detection <u>Logic</u>".
- The MIL will go off after the vehicle is driven 3 times with no malfunction. The drive is counted only when the recorded driving pattern is met (as stored in the ECM). If another malfunction occurs while counting, the counter will reset.
- The DTC and the freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 40 times (driving pattern A) without the same malfunction recurring (except for Misfire and Fuel Injection System). For Misfire and Fuel Injection System, the DTC and freeze frame data will be stored until the vehicle is driven 80 times (driving pattern C) without the same malfunction recurring. The "TIME" in "SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS" mode of CONSULT-II will count the number of times the vehicle is driven.
- The 1st trip DTC is not displayed when the self-diagnosis results in OK for the 2nd trip.

Items	Fuel Injection System	Misfire	Other 3 (pattern B) 40 (pattern A)	
MIL (goes off)	3 (pattern B)	3 (pattern B)		
DTC, Freeze Frame Data (no display)	80 (pattern C)	80 (pattern C)		
1st Trip DTC (clear)	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern C), *1	1 (pattern B)	
1st Trip Freeze Frame Data (clear)	*1, *2	*1, *2	1 (pattern B)	

#### SUMMARY CHART

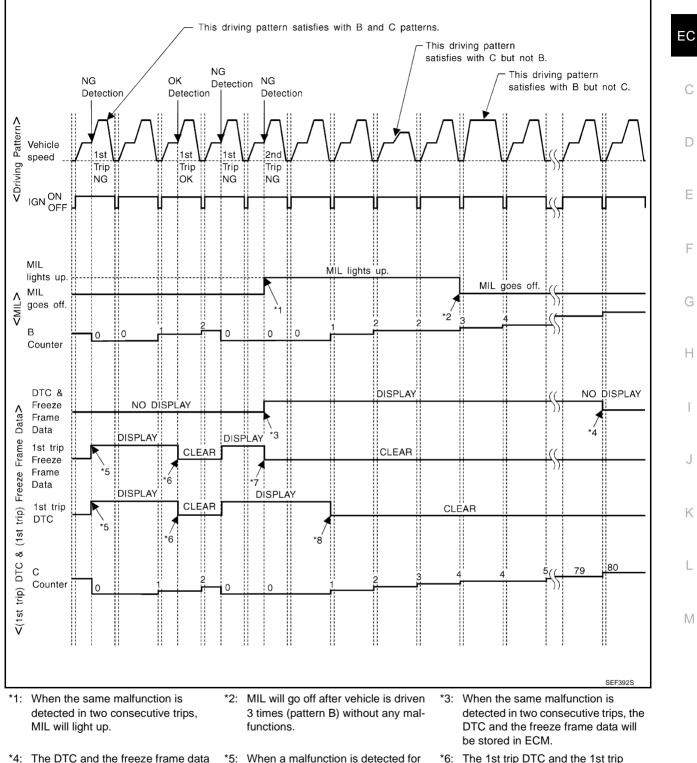
For details about patterns B and C under "Fuel Injection System" and "Misfire", see EC-68.

For details about patterns A and B under "Other", see EC-70.

\*1: Clear timing is at the moment OK is detected.

\*2: Clear timing is when the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip.

# RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE "<EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>, "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



\*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 80 times (pattern C) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)

- \*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.
- the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.

the first time, the 1st trip DTC and

\*8: 1st trip DTC will be cleared when vehicle is driven once (pattern C) without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

EC-67

\*6: The 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared at the moment OK is detected. А

#### EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORA-TION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

#### <Driving Pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

- All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.
- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunction.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3. (\*2 in OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART)

#### <Driving Pattern C>

Driving pattern C means the vehicle operation as follows:

The following conditions should be satisfied at the same time:

Engine speed: (Engine speed in the freeze frame data)  $\pm$ 375 rpm

Calculated load value: (Calculated load value in the freeze frame data)  $x (1\pm0.1)$  [%] Engine coolant temperature (T) condition:

- When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70°C (158°F), T should be lower than 70°C (158°F).
- When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F), T should be higher than or equal to 70°C (158°F).

Example:

If the stored freeze frame data is as follows:

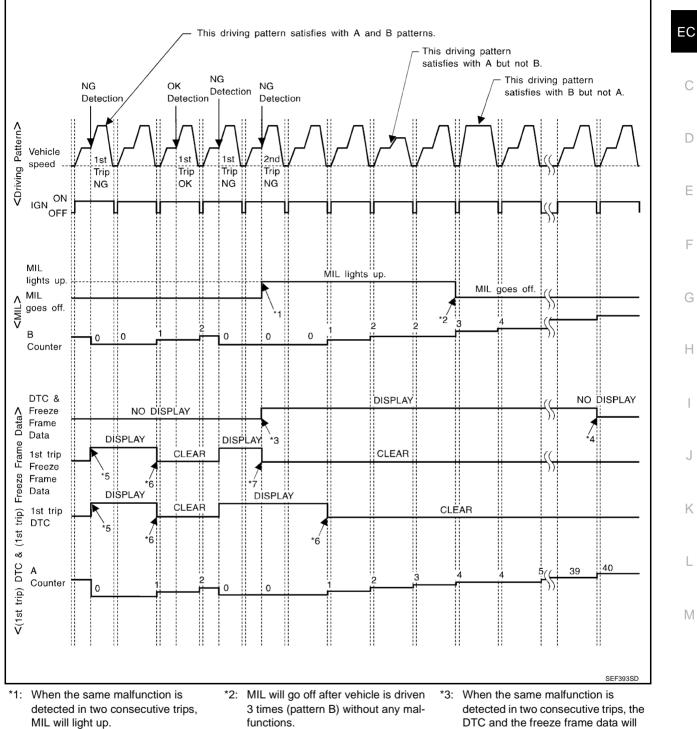
Engine speed: 850 rpm, Calculated load value: 30%, Engine coolant temperature: 80°C (176°F)

To be satisfied with driving pattern C, the vehicle should run under the following conditions:

Engine speed: 475 - 1,225 rpm, Calculated load value: 27 - 33%, Engine coolant temperature: more than 70°C (158°F)

- The C counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of vehicle conditions above.
- The C counter will be counted up when vehicle conditions above is satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after C counter reaches 80.
- The 1st trip DTC will be cleared when C counter is counted once without the same malfunction after DTC is stored in ECM.

#### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MIL, DTC, 1ST TRIP DTC AND DRIVING PATTERNS EXCEPT FOR "MISFIRE < EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"



- \*4: The DTC and the freeze frame data will not be displayed any longer after vehicle is driven 40 times (pattern A) without the same malfunction. (The DTC and the freeze frame data still remain in ECM.)
- \*7: When the same malfunction is detected in the 2nd trip, the 1st trip freeze frame data will be cleared.

- \*5: When a malfunction is detected for the first time, the 1st trip DTC and the 1st trip freeze frame data will be stored in ECM.
- be stored in ECM.

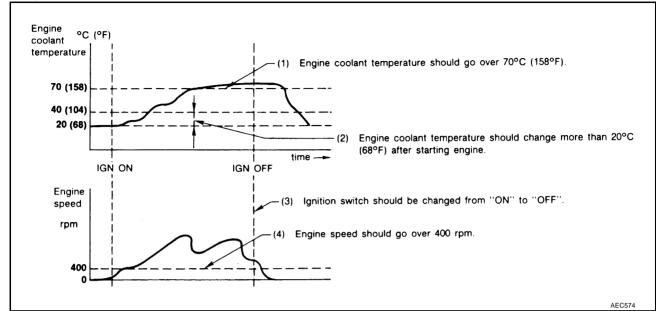
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\*6: 1st trip DTC will be cleared after vehicle is driven once (pattern B) without the same malfunction.

**EC-69** 

# EXPLANATION FOR DRIVING PATTERNS <u>EXCEPT</u> FOR "MISFIRE <EXHAUST QUALITY DETERIORATION>", "FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM"

<Driving Pattern A>



- The A counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected regardless of (1) (4).
- The A counter will be counted up when (1) (4) are satisfied without the same malfunction.
- The DTC will not be displayed after the A counter reaches 40.

#### <Driving Pattern B>

Driving pattern B means the vehicle operation as follows:

- All components and systems should be monitored at least once by the OBD system.
- The B counter will be cleared when the malfunction is detected once regardless of the driving pattern.
- The B counter will be counted up when driving pattern B is satisfied without any malfunctions.
- The MIL will go off when the B counter reaches 3 (\*2 in OBD SYSTEM OPERATION CHART).

### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

# Trouble Diagnosis Introduction INTRODUCTION

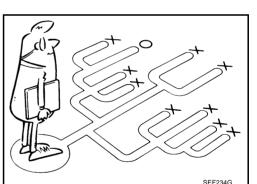
The engine has an ECM to control major systems such as fuel control, ignition control, idle air control system, etc. The ECM accepts input signals from sensors and instantly drives actuators. It is essential that both input and output signals are proper and stable. At the same time, it is important that there are no malfunctions such as vacuum leaks, fouled spark plugs, or other malfunctions with the engine.

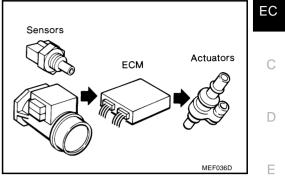
It is much more difficult to diagnose an incident that occurs intermittently rather than continuously. Most intermittent incidents are caused by poor electric connections or improper wiring. In this case, careful checking of suspected circuits may help prevent the replacement of good parts.

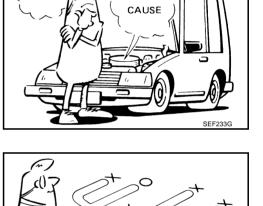
A visual check only may not find the cause of the incidents. A road test with CONSULT-II (or GST) or a circuit tester connected should be performed. Follow the Work Flow on <u>EC-72</u>.

Before undertaking actual checks, take a few minutes to talk with a customer who approaches with a driveability complaint. The customer can supply good information about such incidents, especially intermittent ones. Find out what symptoms are present and under what conditions they occur. A Diagnostic Worksheet like the example on  $\underline{EC-74}$  should be used.

Start your diagnosis by looking for conventional malfunctions first. This will help troubleshoot driveability malfunctions on an electronically controlled engine vehicle.







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### **TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS**

#### WORK FLOW Flow Chart

[	СН	ECK IN		]				
[	CHECK INCIDENT CONDIT Listen to customer complain		oms.)				······ STEF	>
	CHECK DTC AND FREEZE Check and PRINT OUT (writ on repair order sheet. Then	te down) (1st tr	ip) DTC and Free		,	e it	<sup>*1.</sup> STEF	>
L	Symptoms collected.			No symptoms, excep or (1st trip) DTC exis				
	Verify the symptom by drivin	ng in the condit	ion the customer	described.			* <u>2</u> STEF	>
No	rmal Code (at STEP II)	Malfunction	Code (at STEP II)	)	]			
	INCIDENT CONFIRMATION Verify the DTC by performin		nfirmation Proced	lure".			* <u>2</u> STEF	ь IN
	Choose the appropriate action	on.	ł		]		<u>*3.</u> STEF	⊃ V
[	Malfunction Code (at ST		Normal Code (	at both STEP II and I			0.11	
			BASIC INS					
			Without CON	ASIS (at STEP I or III)	Wi	th CONSULT	-11	
	Г	Porform incor		to Symptom Matrix Ch	aart	Perform		
	L	renominispe		Malfunction is n		"DATA MONITOR		
	Ļ		Ļ	Manufiction is in		(SPEC)"		
	TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR	R DTC PXXXX.			*4	mode with CONSULT-II		TEP VI
				Malfunction is c	letected.	If NG, perfor		IEPVI
l r			 R/REPLACE	+		"TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS		
		nerali				SPECIFICAT VALUE". *6		
NG	FINAL CHECK Confirm that the incident is of Confirmation Procedure (or ( (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC	OVERALL FUN	ICTION CHECK).	Then, erase the unne			]_]	∘ VII
г			↓ок					
	CHECK OUT If the completion of SRT is n	needed, drive v	ehicle under the s	specific driving patterr	ı. *5			
R p <sup>.</sup> N	time data of "SELF-DIAG ESULTS" is other than [0] or erform <u>EC-129, "TROUBLE I</u> IOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT ENT" .	<sup>-</sup> [1t], f <u>DIAG-</u>		not be verified, per- OUBLE DIAGNO- IITTENT	cannot power s Refer to	n board diagr be performed supply and gr D <u>EC-130, "Per ROUND CIR</u>	nostic syste d, check m round circu OWER SU	nain uit.
d B	malfunctioning part cannot b etected, perform <u>EC-129, "Tf</u> LE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTER ENT INCIDENT".	<u>ROU-</u>	<u>EC-57</u>		*6 <u>EC-125</u>	i		

#### **Description for Work Flow**

STEP	DESCRIPTION
STEP I	Get detailed information about the conditions and the environment when the incident/symptom occurred using the <u>EC-73. "DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET"</u> .
STEP II	Before confirming the concern, check and write down (print out using CONSULT-II or GST) the (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data, then erase the DTC and the data. (Refer to <u>EC-60</u> .) The (1st trip) DTC and the (1st trip) freeze frame data can be used when duplicating the incident at STEP III & IV. If the incident cannot be verified, perform <u>EC-129</u> . "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". Study the relationship between the cause, specified by (1st trip) DTC, and the symptom described by the customer. (The Symptom Matrix Chart will be useful. See <u>EC-82</u> .) Also check related service bulletins for information.
STEP III	Try to confirm the symptom and under what conditions the incident occurs. The DIAGNOSTIC WORK SHEET and the freeze frame data are useful to verify the incident. Connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform <u>EC-129. "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"</u> . If the malfunction code is detected, skip STEP IV and perform STEP V.
STEP IV	Try to detect the (1st trip) DTC by driving in (or performing) the DTC Confirmation Procedure. Check and read the (1st trip) DTC and (1st trip) freeze frame data by using CONSULT-II or GST. During the (1st trip) DTC verification, be sure to connect CONSULT-II to the vehicle in DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG) mode and check real time diagnosis results. If the incident cannot be verified, perform <u>EC-129</u> . "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". In case the DTC Confirmation Procedure is not available, perform the Overall Function Check instead. The (1st trip) DTC cannot be displayed by this check, however, this simplified check is an effective alternative. The NG result of the Overall Function Check is the same as the (1st trip) DTC detection.
STEP V	Take the appropriate action based on the results of STEP I through IV. If the malfunction code is indicated, proceed to TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR DTC PXXXX. If the normal code is indicated, proceed to the BASIC INSPECTION. (Refer to <u>EC-77</u> .) Then perform inspections according to the Symptom Matrix Chart. (Refer to <u>EC-82</u> .)
STEP VI	Identify where to begin diagnosis based on the relationship study between symptom and possible causes. Inspect the system for mechanical binding, loose connectors or wiring damage using (tracing) Harness Layouts.         Gently shake the related connectors, components or wiring harness with CONSULT-II set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode.         Check the voltage of the related ECM terminals or monitor the output data from the related sensors with CONSULT-II.         Refer to EC-96, EC-119.         The Diagnostic Procedure in EC section contains a description based on open circuit inspection. A short circuit inspection is also required for the circuit check in the Diagnostic Procedure. For details, refer to Circuit Inspection in GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident".         Repair or replace the malfunction parts.         If malfunctioning part cannot be detected, perform EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".
STEP VII	Once you have repaired the circuit or replaced a component, you need to run the engine in the same conditions and circumstances which resulted in the customer's initial complaint. Perform the DTC Confirmation Procedure and confirm the normal code [DTC No. P0000] is detected. If the incident is still detected in the final check, perform STEP VI by using a method different from the previous one. Before returning the vehicle to the customer, be sure to erase the unnecessary (already fixed) (1st trip) DTC in ECM and TCM (Transmission control module). (Refer to <u>EC-60</u> , " <u>HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC</u> <u>INFORMATION</u> " and <u>AT-39</u> , " <u>HOW TO ERASE DTC</u> ".)

#### **DIAGNOSTIC WORKSHEET**

#### Description

There are many operating conditions that lead to the malfunction of engine components. A good grasp of such conditions can make troubleshooting faster and more accurate.

In general, each customer feels differently about a incident. It is important to fully understand the symptoms or conditions for a customer complaint.

Utilize a diagnostic worksheet like the one on the next page in order to organize all the information for troubleshooting.

Some conditions may cause the MIL to come on steady or blink and DTC to be detected. Examples:

• Vehicle ran out of fuel, which caused the engine to misfire.

#### KEY POINTS

 WHAT ..... Vehicle & engine model
 WHEN ..... Date, Frequencies
 WHERE..... Road conditions
 HOW ..... Operating conditions, Weather conditions, Symptoms

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• Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on, allowing fuel to evaporate into the atmosphere.

#### **Worksheet Sample**

Customer nar	me MR/MS	Model & Year	VIN								
Engine #		Trans.	Mileage								
Incident Date		Manuf. Date	In Service Date								
Fuel and fuel	filler cap	<ul> <li>Vehicle ran out of fuel causing misfire</li> <li>Fuel filler cap was left off or incorrectly screwed on.</li> </ul>									
	☐ Startability	<ul> <li>Impossible to start</li> <li>No combustion</li> <li>Partial combustion affected by the partial combustion NOT affected</li> <li>Partial combustion NOT affected</li> <li>Possible but hard to start</li> <li>Other</li> </ul>	nrottle position d by throttle position								
Symptoms	🗌 Idling	□ No fast idle □ Unstable □ H □ Others [	High idle 🔲 Low idle ]								
Image: Stumble       Image: Stumble       Surge       Knock       Lack of power         Image: Driveability       Image: Image: Image: Stumble       Exhaust backfire         Image: Others [       Image: Ima											
Engine stall       At the time of start       While idling         While accelerating       While decelerating         Just after stopping       While loading											
Incident occu	rrence	☐ Just after delivery ☐ Recently ☐ In the morning ☐ At night [	☐ In the daytime								
Frequency		All the time Under certain conditions Sometimes									
Weather cond	ditions	□ Not affected									
	Weather	🗌 Fine 🗌 Raining 🗌 Snowing	Others [ ]								
	Temperature	🗌 Hot 🗌 Warm 🗌 Cool 🗌	Cold Humid °F								
		Cold During warm-up	After warm-up								
Engine condit	tions	Engine speed	4,000 6,000 8,000 rpm								
Road condition	ons	🗌 In town 🗌 In suburbs 🗌 Hig	ıhway 🛛 Off road (up/down)								
Driving condit	tions	Not affected     At starting     While idling     While accelerating     While decelerating     While turni	5								
		Vehicle speed	<u>,   ,   ,  </u> 30 40 50 60 MPH								
Malfunction ir	ndicator lamp	Turned on Not turned on									

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### **DTC Inspection Priority Chart**

If some DTCs are displayed at the same time, perform inspections one by one based on the following priority chart.

#### NOTE:

If DTC U1000 and/or U1001 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to  $\underline{\text{EC-139}}$ .

Priority	Detected items (DTC)	_
1	U1000 U1001 CAN communication line	- A
	P0101 P0102 P0103 Mass air flow sensor	
	P0112 P0113 P0127 Intake air temperature sensor	EC
	P0117 P0118 P0125 Engine coolant temperature sensor	
	P0128 Thermostat function	
	<ul> <li>P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223 P1225 P1226 P2135 Throttle position sensor</li> </ul>	С
	<ul> <li>P0181 P0182 P0183 Fuel tank temperature sensor</li> </ul>	
	P0327 P0328 Knock sensor	
	<ul> <li>P0335 Crankshaft position sensor (POS)</li> </ul>	D
	<ul> <li>P0340 P0345 Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)</li> </ul>	
	P0460 P0461 P0462 Fuel level sensor	
	P0500 Vehicle speed sensor	E
	• P0605 ECM	
	<ul> <li>P0705 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch</li> </ul>	
	P1229 Sensor power supply	F
	• P1610 - P1615 NATS	
	<ul> <li>P1706 Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138 Accelerator pedal position sensor</li> </ul>	G
2	P0031 P0032 P0051 P0052 Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater	-
2	<ul> <li>P0037 P0038 P0057 P0058 Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>P0132 P0133 P0134 P0152 P0153 P0154 P1143 P1144 P1163 P1164 Heated oxygen sensor 1</li> </ul>	Н
	<ul> <li>P0132 P0133 P0132 P0132 P0133 P0134 P1143 P1144 P1103 P1104 Heated oxygen sensor 1</li> <li>P0138 P0139 P0158 P0159 P1146 P1147 P1166 P1167 Heated oxygen sensor 2</li> </ul>	
		I
	P0441 EVAP control system purge flow monitoring     P0444 EVAP control system purge volume control colonaid volve	I
	P0444 P0445 P1444 EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	
	P0447 P1446 EVAP canister vent control valve	J
	P0451 P0452 P0453 EVAP control system pressure sensor	0
	P0550 Power steering pressure sensor	
	<ul> <li>P0710 P0720 P0725 P0740 P0744 P0745 P1705 P1716 P1730 P1752 P1754 P1757 P1759 P1762 P1764 P1767 P1769 P1772 P1774 A/T related sensors, solenoid valves and switches</li> </ul>	Κ
	P1065 ECM power supply	
	P1111 P1136 Intake valve timing control solenoid valve	
	P1122 Electric throttle control function	L
	P1124 P1126 P1128 Electric throttle control actuator	
	• P1217 Engine over temperature (OVERHEAT)	5.4
	P1805 Brake switch	M
3	P0011 P0021 Intake valve timing control	_
	<ul> <li>P0171 P0172 P0174 P0175 Fuel injection system function</li> </ul>	
	• P0300 - P0306 Misfire	
	<ul> <li>P0420 P0430 Three way catalyst function</li> </ul>	
	P0442 P0455 P0456 EVAP control system	
	P0506 P0507 Idle speed control system	
	P1121 Electric throttle control actuator	
	P1148 P1168 Closed loop control	
	P1211 TCS control unit	
	P1212 TCS communication line	
	<ul> <li>P1564 ASCD steering switch</li> </ul>	
	P1572 ASCD brake switch	
	P1574 ASCD vehicle speed sensor	

ABS0080Z

#### Fail-safe Chart

When the DTC listed below is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

DTC No.	Detected items	Engine opera	ting condition in fail-safe mode										
P0102 P0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more that	n 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.										
P0117 P0118	Engine coolant tempera- ture sensor circuit	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after tur ignition switch ON or START. CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.											
		Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)										
		Just as ignition switch is turned ON or START	40°C (104°F)										
		More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or START	80°C (176°F)										
		Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)										
		When the fail-safe system for engine fan operates while engine is running	e coolant temperature sensor is activated, the cooling g.										
P0122 P0123 P0222 P0223 P2135	Throttle position sensor	order for the idle position to be within	ntrol actuator in regulating the throttle opening in in +10 degrees. of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal con-										
P1121	Electric throttle control actuator	malfunction:)	tor does not function properly due to the return spring tuator by regulating the throttle opening around the not rise more than 2,000 rpm.										
			in fail-safe mode is not in specified range:) ntrol actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20										
		the engine stalls.	ve is stuck open:) down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, sition, and engine speed will not exceed 1,000 rpm or										
P1122	Electric throttle control function	ECM stops the electric throttle contr fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) b	rol actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a by the return spring.										
P1124 P1126	Throttle control motor relay	ECM stops the electric throttle contr fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) b	rol actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a by the return spring.										
P1128	Throttle control motor	ECM stops the electric throttle contr fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) b	rol actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a by the return spring.										
P1229	Sensor power supply	ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.											
P2122 P2123 P2127 P2128 P2138	Accelerator pedal position sensor	order for the idle position to be within	ntrol actuator in regulating the throttle opening in in +10 degrees. of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal con-										

• When there is an open circuit on MIL circuit, the ECM cannot warn the driver by lighting up MIL when there is malfunction on engine control system.

Therefore, when electrical controlled throttle and part of ECM related diagnoses are continuously detected as NG for 5 trips, ECM warns the driver that engine control system malfunctions and MIL circuit is open by means of operating fail-safe function.

The fail-safe function also operates when above diagnoses except MIL circuit are detected and demands the driver to repair the malfunction.

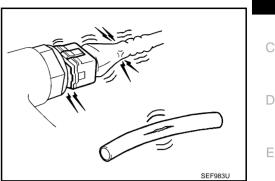
Engine speed will not rise more than 2,500 rpm due to the fuel cut

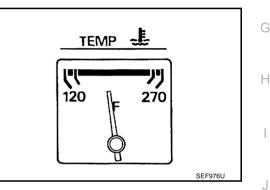
Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

### **Basic Inspection**

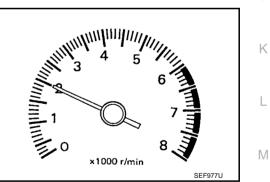
#### 1. INSPECTION START

- 1. Check service records for any recent repairs that may indicate a related malfunction, or a current need for scheduled maintenance.
- 2. Open engine hood and check the following:
- Harness connectors for improper connections
- Wiring harness for improper connections, pinches and cut
- Vacuum hoses for splits, kinks and improper connections
- Hoses and ducts for leaks
- Air cleaner clogging
- Gasket
- 3. Confirm that electrical or mechanical loads are not applied.
- Headlamp switch is OFF.
- Air conditioner switch is OFF.
- Rear window defogger switch is OFF.
- Steering wheel is in the straight-ahead position, etc.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up until engine coolant temperature indicator points the middle of gauge. Ensure engine stays below 1,000 rpm.





- 5. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under noload.
- 6. Make sure that no DTC is displayed with CONSULT-II or GST. OK or NG
- OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



### 2. REPAIR OR REPLACE

Repair or replace components as necessary according to corresponding Diagnostic Procedure.

>> GO TO 3.

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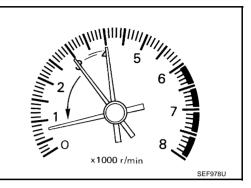
EC

F

### 3. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load.
- 2. Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under noload, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.



- 3. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
  - A/T: 650  $\pm$  50 rpm (in P or N position)
  - M/T: 650  $\pm$  50 rpm (in neutral position)

DATA M	ONITOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Run engine at about 2,000 rpm for about 2 minutes under no-load.
- Rev engine (2,000 to 3,000 rpm) two or three times under no-load, then run engine at idle speed for about 1 minute.
- 3. Check idle speed.
  - A/T:  $650 \pm 50$  rpm (in P or N position)
  - M/T:  $650 \pm 50$  rpm (in neutral position)

OK or NG

```
OK >> GO TO 10.
NG >> GO TO 4.
```

#### 4. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 5.

### 5. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 6.

6. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING	Δ
Refer to <u>EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> . Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?	
YES or NO	EC
<ul> <li>YES &gt;&gt; GO TO 7.</li> <li>NO &gt;&gt; 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning.</li> <li>2. GO TO 4.</li> </ul>	С
7. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN	
With CONSULT-II	D
<ol> <li>Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.</li> <li>Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.</li> </ol>	E
<ul> <li>A/T: 650 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position)</li> <li>M/T: 650 ± 50 rpm (in neutral position)</li> </ul>	F
Without CONSULT-II	I
<ol> <li>Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.</li> <li>Check idle speed.</li> </ol>	G
A/T: 650 ± 50 rpm (in P or N position) M/T: 650 ± 50 rpm (in neutral position)	Н
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 8.	I
8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	J
Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to EC-303.	
<ul> <li>Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-297</u>.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> </ul>	K
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> 1. Repair or replace. 2. GO TO 4.	L
9. CHECK ECM FUNCTION	
1. Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an	M incident, but

this is a rare case.)

2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to EC-62, "IVIS (Infiniti Vehicle Immobilizer System — NATS)".

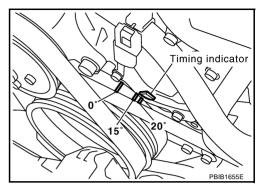
>> GO TO 4.

### 10. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.
  - A/T:  $15 \pm 5^{\circ}$  BTDC (in P or N position)
    - M/T:  $15 \pm 5^{\circ}$  BTDC (in neutral position)

#### OK or NG

- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> GO TO 11.



### 11. PERFORM ACCELERATOR PEDAL RELEASED POSITION LEARNING

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 12.

### 12. PERFORM THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING

Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .

>> GO TO 13.

### 13. PERFORM IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING

Refer to EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

#### Is Idle Air Volume Learning carried out successfully?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 14.

No >> 1. Follow the instruction of Idle Air Volume Learning. 2. GO TO 4.

### 14. CHECK TARGET IDLE SPEED AGAIN

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Read idle speed in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

A/T:  $650 \pm 50$  rpm (in P or N position)

#### M/T: 650 $\pm$ 50 rpm (in neutral position)

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check idle speed.
  - A/T:  $650 \pm 50$  rpm (in P or N position)

#### M/T: 650 $\pm$ 50 rpm (in neutral position)

#### OK or NG

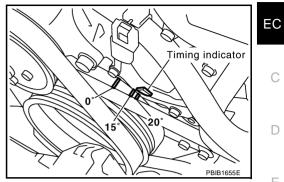
OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 17.

## 15. CHECK IGNITION TIMING AGAIN

- 1. Run engine at idle.
- 2. Check ignition timing with a timing light.
  - A/T:  $15 \pm 5^{\circ}$  BTDC (in P or N position)
    - M/T:  $15 \pm 5^{\circ}$  BTDC (in neutral position)

#### OK or NG

- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> GO TO 16.



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16. CHECK TIMING CHAIN INSTALLATION	E
Check timing chain installation. Refer to <u>EM-56, "TIMING CHAIN"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u>	F
OK >> GO TO 17. NG >> 1. Repair the timing chain installation. 2. GO TO 4.	G
17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	Н
Check the following.	
<ul> <li>Check camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-303</u>.</li> <li>Check crankshaft position sensor (POS) and circuit. Refer to <u>EC-297</u>.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> </ul>	
OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> 1. Repair or replace. 2. GO TO 4.	J
18. CHECK ECM FUNCTION	Κ
<ol> <li>Substitute another known-good ECM to check ECM function. (ECM may be the cause of an incident, but this is a rare case.)</li> <li>Deform initialization of IV(IS (NATS) system and registration of all IV(IS (NATS)) ignition key IDa. Before to</li> </ol>	L
2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to	

>> GO TO 4.

EC-62, "IVIS (Infiniti Vehicle Immobilizer System - NATS)" .

ABS00811

#### Symptom Matrix Chart SYSTEM — BASIC ENGINE CONTROL SYSTEM

		SYMPTOM													
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDRE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warrant	y symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	
Fuel	Fuel pump circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			3		2	<u>EC-601</u>
	Fuel pressure regulator system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			<u>EC-44</u>
	Injector circuit	1	1	2	3	2		2	2			2			<u>EC-595</u>
	Evaporative emission system	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4			<u>EC-634</u>
Air	Positive crankcase ventilation sys- tem	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		4	1		<u>EC-647</u>
	Incorrect idle speed adjustment						1	1	1	1		1			<u>EC-31</u>
	Electric throttle control actuator	1	1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2		2		2	<u>EC-410,</u> EC-412
Ignition	Incorrect ignition timing adjustment	3	3	1	1	1		1	1			1			<u>EC-31</u>
	Ignition circuit	1	1	2	2	2		2	2			2			<u>EC-583</u>
Main po	wer supply and ground circuit	2	2	3	3	3		3	3		2	3			<u>EC-130</u>
Mass ai	r flow sensor circuit	1			2										<u>EC-161,</u> <u>EC-169</u>
Engine	coolant temperature sensor circuit						3			3					<u>EC-181,</u> <u>EC-193</u>
Heated	oxygen sensor 1 circuit		1	2	3	2		2	2			2			EC-201, EC-211, EC-224, EC-428, EC-434
Throttle	position sensor circuit						2			2					EC-186, EC-279, EC-490, EC-492, EC-568
Accelera	ator pedal position sensor circuit			3	2	1									<u>EC-494</u> , <u>EC-554</u> , <u>EC-561</u> , <u>EC-575</u>
Knock s	ensor circuit			2								3			<u>EC-292</u>
Cranksh	naft position sensor (POS) circuit	2	2												<u>EC-297</u>
Camsha	aft position sensor (PHASE) circuit	3	2												<u>EC-303</u>
Vehicle	speed signal circuit		2	3		3						3			EC-385
Power s	teering pressure sensor circuit		2					3	3						<u>EC-391</u>

						S`	YMPT	OM							^
	P. HA)		F		ACCELERATION					JRE HIGH	7		E)	•	A EC
	(EXCP.		SPOT	7	CELE					RATI	DIT	NOI	CHARGE)		
			ESITATION/SURGING/FLAT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION		щ	-ING		i to Idle	R TEMPERATURE	CONSUMPTION	CONSUMPTION	(UNDER CH	Reference page	С
	START/RESTART	STALL	ON/SURG	NOCK/DE	POWER/POOR	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER	FUEL	oIL	DEAD		D
	HARD/NO	ENGINE 8	HESITATI	SPARK KI	LACK OF	HIGH IDLI	ROUGH II	IDLING VI	SLOW/NC	OVERHE/	EXCESSIVE	EXCESSIVE	BATTERY		Е
Warranty symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA		_
ECM	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			<u>EC-396,</u> <u>EC-399</u>	F
Intake valve timing control solenoid valve cir- cuit		3	2		1	3	2	2	3		3			<u>EC-403</u>	G
PNP switch circuit			3		3		3	3			3			<u>EC-540</u>	
Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit		2				3			3		4			<u>EC-607</u>	Н
Electrical load signal circuit							3							<u>EC-612</u>	. 1
Air conditioner circuit	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		3		2	<u>ATC-38</u>	
VDC/TCS/ABS control unit			4											BRC-10	

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1 - 6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

(continued on next page)

#### SYSTEM — ENGINE MECHANICAL & OTHER

							S	(MPT	ОМ							
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page	
Warranty	y symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA		
Fuel	Fuel tank	5													<u>FL-11</u>	
	Fuel piping	5		5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-38</u>	
	Vapor lock		5												_	
	Valve deposit												1		_	
	Poor fuel (Heavy weight gaso- line, Low octane)	5		5	5	5		5	5			5			_	

							S	(MPT)	DM						
		HARD/NO START/RESTART (EXCP. HA)	ENGINE STALL	HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT SPOT	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION	LACK OF POWER/POOR ACCELERATION	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER TEMPERATURE HIGH	EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION	EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	BATTERY DEAD (UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page
Warranty s	ymptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA	
Air	Air duct														<u>EM-16</u>
	Air cleaner	ł													EM-16
	Air leakage from air duct (Mass air flow sensor — electric throttle control actuator)		5	5		5		5	5			5			<u>EM-16</u>
	Electric throttle control actuator	5			5		5			5					<u>EM-18</u>
	Air leakage from intake manifold/ Collector/Gasket														<u>EM-18,</u> <u>EM-23</u>
Cranking	Battery	1	1	1		1		1	1					1	<u>SC-4</u>
	Generator circuit				_	•	_								<u>SC-20</u>
	Starter circuit	3										1			<u>SC-9</u>
	Signal plate	6													<u>EM-110</u>
	PNP switch	4													<u>AT-112</u> or <u>MT-12</u>
Engine	Cylinder head	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-92</u>
	Cylinder head gasket	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5	3		<u>EIVI-92</u>
	Cylinder block														
	Piston												4		
	Piston ring	6	6	6	6	6		6	6			6			<u>EM-110</u>
	Connecting rod	Ŭ	Ŭ					Ŭ	Ū			Ŭ			
	Bearing														
	Crankshaft														
Valve mecha-	Timing chain														<u>EM-56</u>
nism	Camshaft														<u>EM-76</u>
	Intake valve timing control	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-56</u>
	Intake valve												3		<u>EM-92</u>
	Exhaust valve														
Exhaust	Exhaust manifold/Tube/Muffler/ Gasket	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-25, EX-</u> <u>3</u>
1	Three way catalyst														EM 00 111
Lubrica- tion	Oil pan/Oil strainer/Oil pump/Oil filter/Oil gallery/Oil cooler	5	5	5	5	5		5	5			5			<u>EM-29</u> , <u>LU-</u> 12 , <u>LU-9</u> , <u>LU-10</u>
	Oil level (Low)/Filthy oil														<u>LU-6</u>

							S	(MPT	OM							Δ
		_				NO					ндн					A
		(EXCP. HA)		SPOT		ACCELERATION						ION	Z	(392		EC
		START/RESTART (E)		HESITATION/SURGING/FLAT S	SPARK KNOCK/DETONATION		LE	TING	-7	N TO IDLE	ER TEMPERATURE	CONSUMPTION	CONSUMPTION	(UNDER CHARGE)	Reference page	С
		START/F	STALL	N/SURG	OCK/DE	POWER/POOR	/LOW ID	LE/HUN	<b>BRATION</b>	RETUR	TS/WAT	E FUEL	oIL	DEAD (L		D
		HARD/NO	ENGINE S.	HESITATIC	SPARK KN	LACK OF F	HIGH IDLE/LOW IDLE	ROUGH IDLE/HUNTING	IDLING VIBRATION	SLOW/NO RETURN TO IDLE	OVERHEATS/WATER	EXCESSIVE	EXCESSIVE	BATTERY DEAD		E
Warranty	symptom code	AA	AB	AC	AD	AE	AF	AG	AH	AJ	AK	AL	AM	HA		
Cooling	Radiator/Hose/Radiator filler cap														<u>CO-13,</u> <u>CO-18</u>	F
	Thermostat	-								5	-				<u>CO-32</u>	
	Water pump	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	5			<u>CO-26</u>	G
	Water gallery	5	5	5	5	5		5	5		4	Э			<u>CO-34</u>	-
	Cooling fan									5					<u>CO-22</u>	Н
	Coolant level (Low)/Contami- nated coolant														<u>CO-10</u>	-
IVIS (Infin NATS)	iti Vehicle Immobilizer System —	1	1												<u>EC-62</u> or <u>BL-132</u>	I

1 - 6: The numbers refer to the order of inspection.

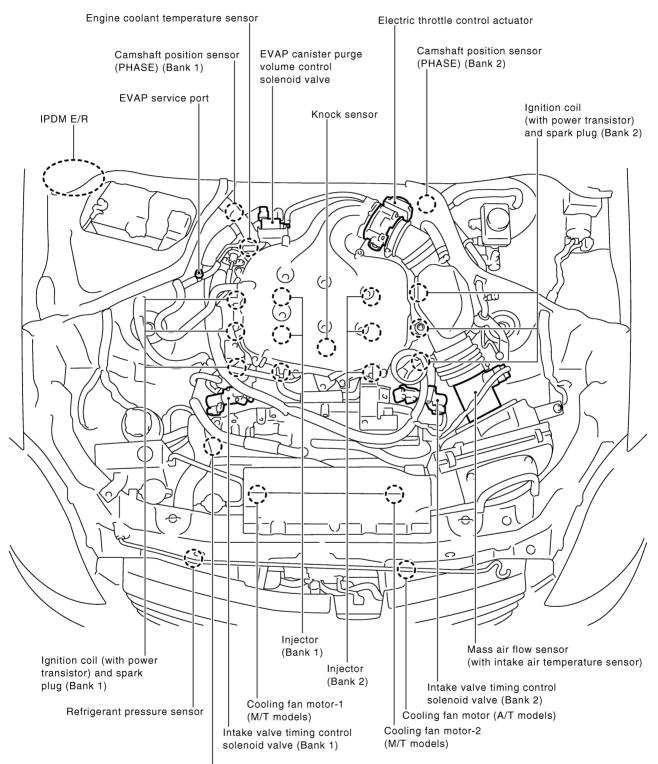
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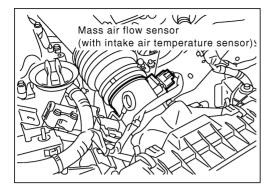
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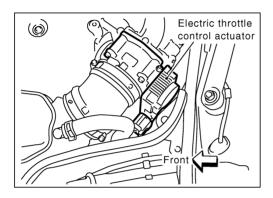
 $\mathbb{M}$ 

#### **Engine Control Component Parts Location**

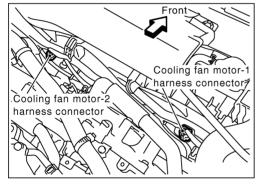


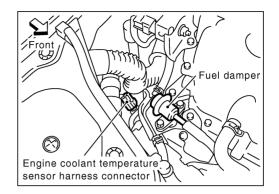
Power steering pressure sensor





#### M/T models





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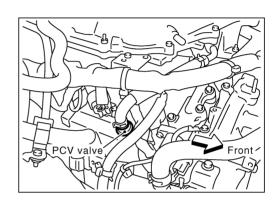
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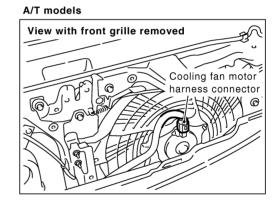
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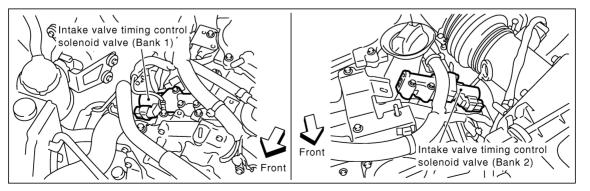
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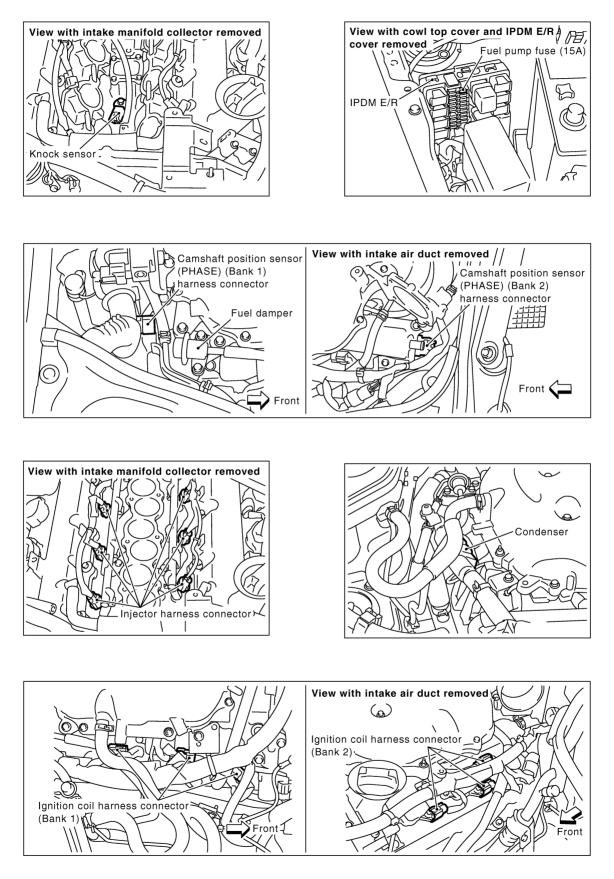




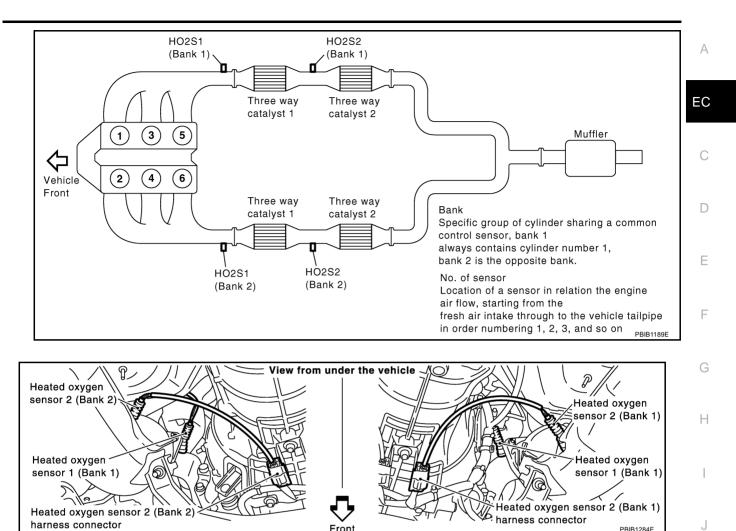


PBIB1793E

**EC-87** 



PBIB1954E

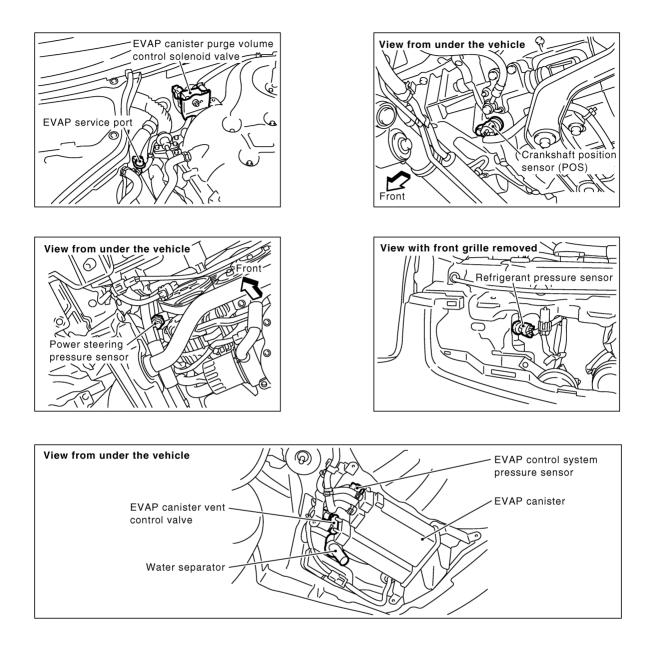


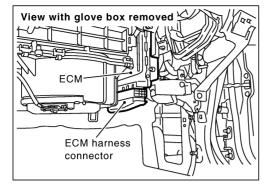
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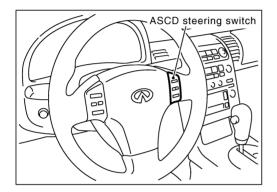
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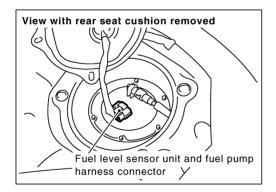
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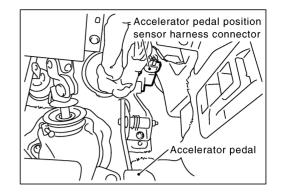
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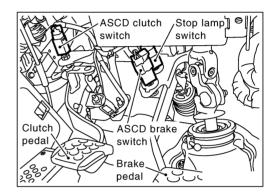


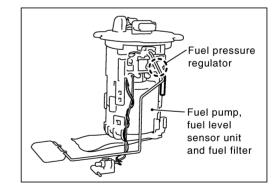












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PBIB1654E

EC

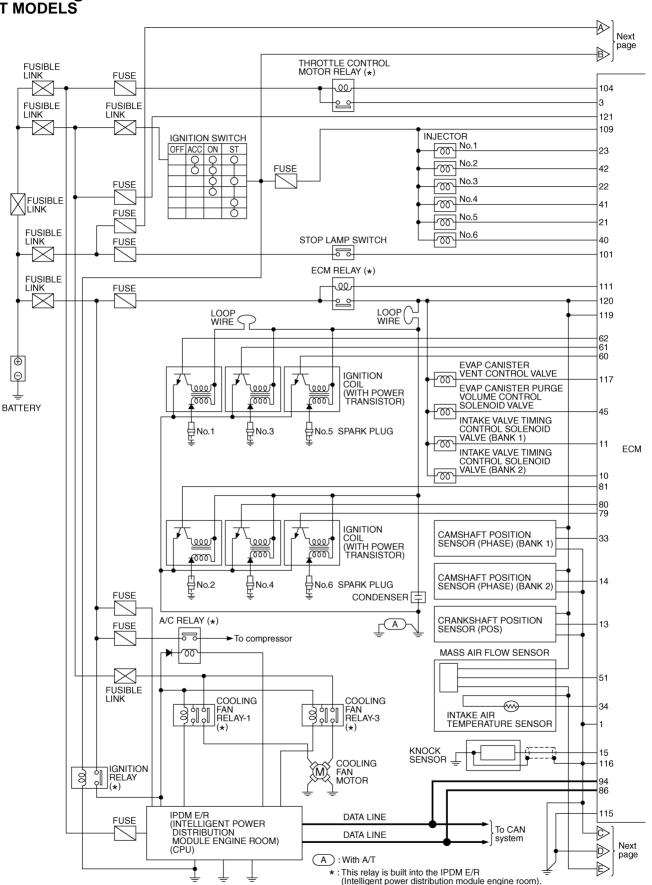
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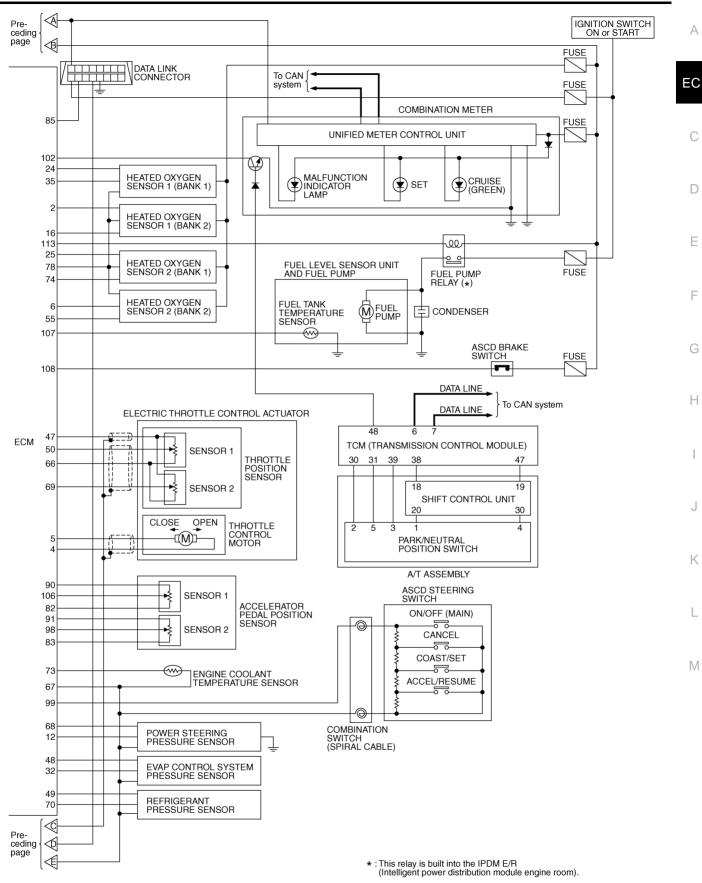
#### Circuit Diagram A/T MODELS



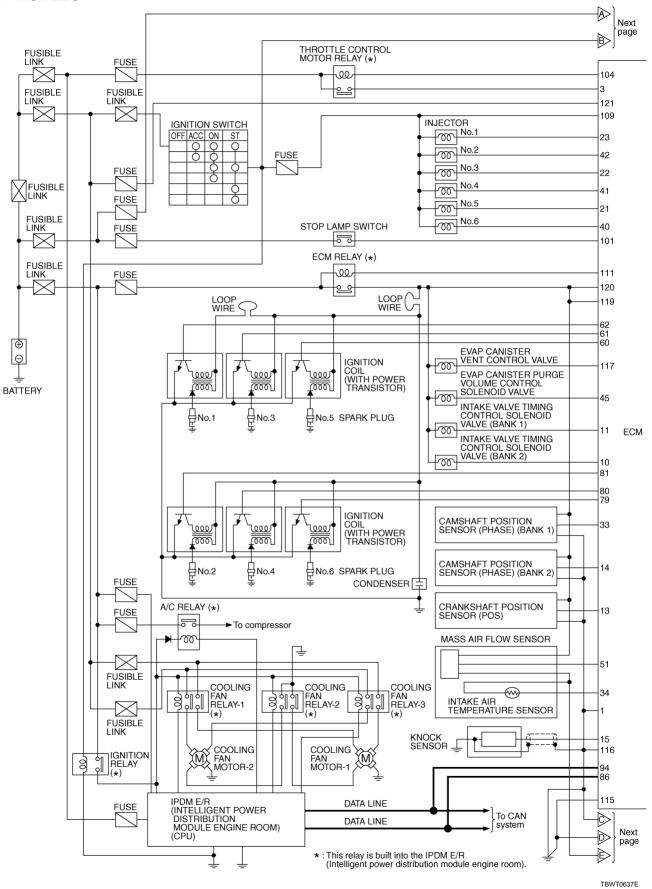
TBWT0638E

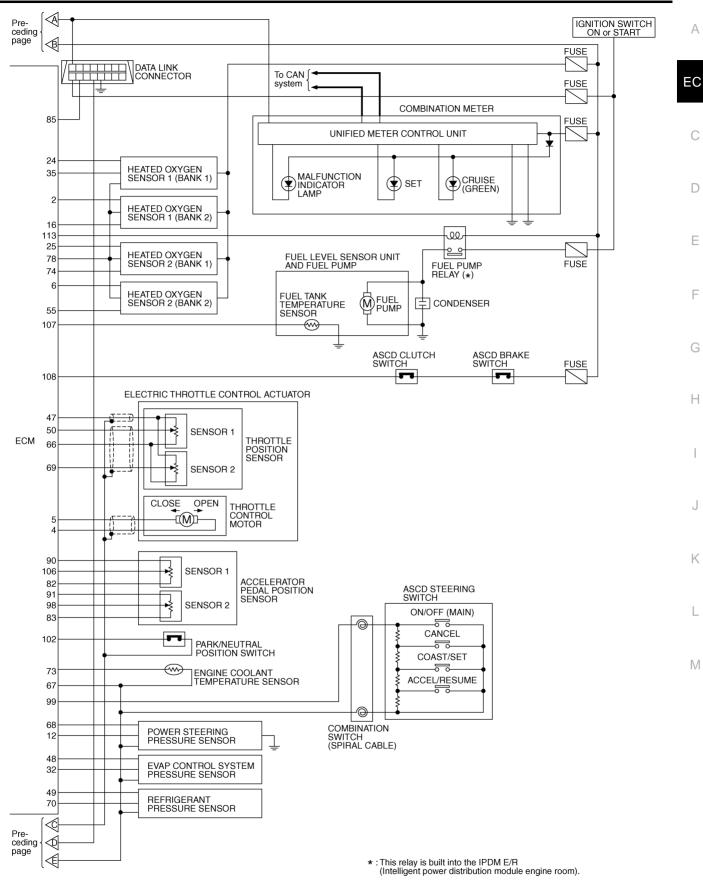
ABS00813

EC-92

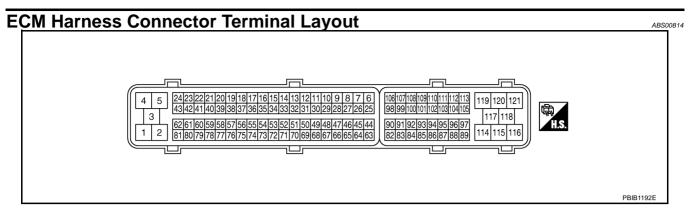


#### **M/T MODELS**



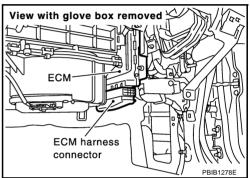


TBWT0409E



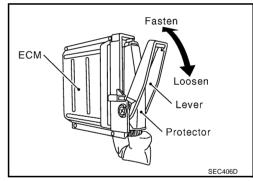
# ECM Terminals and Reference Value PREPARATION

- 1. ECM is located behind the passenger side instrument lower panel. For this inspection, remove passenger side instrument lower panel.
- 2. Remove ECM harness connector.



ABS00815

- 3. When disconnecting ECM harness connector, loosen it with levers as far as they will go as shown in the figure.
- 4. Connect a break-out box (SST) and Y-cable adapter (SST) between the ECM and ECM harness connector.
  - Use extreme care not to touch 2 pins at one time.
  - Data is for comparison and may not be exact.



#### ECM INSPECTION TABLE

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECMs transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
1	1 B ECM ground		<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Body ground

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	A
2	Y	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (bank 2)			EC C
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D
3	W/R	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	E
4	BR	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T) • Accelerator pedal is released	0 - 14V★	F
5	G	Throttle control motor (Open)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal is fully depressed</li> </ul>	0 - 14V★	H
6	BR/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: after warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	K L M
10	W/G	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>When revving engine up to 2,500 rpm quickly</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V) 7 - 12V★	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)		
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
11	R/W	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>When revving engine up to 2,500 rpm quickly</li> </ul>	7 - 12V★		
12	L/W	Power steering pressure	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Steering wheel is being turned.</li></ul>	0.5 - 4.5V		
12	L/ VV	sensor	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Steering wheel is not being turned.</li></ul>	0.4 - 0.8V		
13	BR	Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	Approximately 1.2V Approximately 1.2V Solution Solution Testing Solution Testing Solution Testing Test		
13	вк		[Engine is running] • Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	Approximately 1.1V ★		
14	v	Y Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	1.0 - 4.0V★ 		
14			[Engine is running] • Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 4.0V★		
15	W	Knock sensor	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V		
16	LG	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</li></ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)		



TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	А
21	G R/Y R/B	Injector No. 5 Injector No. 3 Injector No. 1	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.		EC C
22 23			<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</li> </ul>	SEC984C BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★ 	E
24	G/B	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm.</li> </ul>	Approximately 8V★	G H I
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	J
25	P/B	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: after warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V	K
			<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	Μ
32	Р	EVAP control system pres- sure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
33	OR	Camshaft position sensor	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.	1.0 - 4.0V★
	OR	(PHASE) (bank 1)	<b>[Engine is running]</b> • Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	1.0 - 4.0V★ 1.0
34	Y/G	Intake air temperature sen- sor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with intake air temperature.
35	W/B	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)
40	Ρ	Injector No. 6	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
41 42	R/L R/W	R/L Injector No. 4	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	A
		EVAP canister purge vol-	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★	C
45	LY	ume control solenoid valve	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed is about 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine).</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★	F
47	В	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	G
48	B/Y	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pres- sure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	F
49	W/L	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
	w	Throttle position sensor 1	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V	J
50			[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T) • Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V	K
54	00	Maga cir flaw coroor	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	0.9 - 1.2V	N
51	OR	Mass air flow sensor	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.</li></ul>	1.6 - 1.9V	
55	R/Y	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
60 61 62	PU/W L/R Y/R	Ignition signal No. 5 Ignition signal No. 3 Ignition signal No. 1	Ignition signal No. 3	
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.</li></ul>	■ 2.0 V/D/v 50 ms/D/v SEC987C
66	W/R	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
67	B/W	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V
68	Y	Sensor power supply (Power steering pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
69	R/L	Throttle position sensor 2	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	Less than 4.75V
00	N/L		<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T) or 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V
70	R/B	Refrigerant pressure sensor	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Both A/C switch and blower switch are ON. (Compressor operates.)</li> </ul>	1.0 - 4.0V
73	Y/B	Engine coolant temperature sensor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with engine coolant temperature.
74	L/B	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	А
79 80	GY/R GY	Ignition signal No. 6	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.	0 - 0.2V★	EC C
81	G/R	Ignition signal No. 4 Ignition signal No. 2	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.</li> </ul>	0.1 - 0.4V★	E
82	GY/L	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	G
83	B/R	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V	Н
85	PU	Data link connector	[Ignition switch: ON] • CONSULT-II or GST is disconnected.	Approximately 5V - Battery volt- age (11 - 14V)	I
86	R	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.1 - 2.3V Output voltage varies with the communication status.	J
90	BR/Y	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	K
94	L	CAN communication line	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 2.6 - 3.2V Output voltage varies with the communication status.	L
98	LG/B	Accelerator pedal position	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li></ul>	0.15 - 0.60V	Μ
		sensor 2	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li></ul>	1.95 - 2.40V	
			[Ignition switch: ON] • ASCD steering switch: OFF	Approximately 4V	
			[Ignition switch: ON] • ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: Pressed	Approximately 0V	
99	G/Y	ASCD steering switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • CANCEL switch: Pressed	Approximately 1V	
			[Ignition switch: ON] • COAST/SET switch: Pressed	Approximately 2V	
			[Ignition switch: ON] • ACCEL/RESUME switch: Pressed	Approximately 3V	

### EC-103

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)		
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is fully released [Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 0V		
			Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
			[Ignition switch: ON] • Shift lever: P or N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)	Approximately 0V		
102	G/OR	PNP switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE		
			Except the above gear position	(11 - 14V)		
104	G/W	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V		
			[Ignition switch: ON]	05.404		
			<ul><li>Engine stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li></ul>	0.5 - 1.0V		
106	BR	Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON]			
			<ul> <li>Engine stopped</li> </ul>	3.9 - 4.7V		
			<ul> <li>Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li> </ul>			
107	L/OR	Fuel tank temperature sen- sor	[Engine is running]	Approximately 0 - 4.8V Output voltage varies with fuel tank temperature.		
	SB	ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON]			
			<ul> <li>Brake pedal is depressed (A/T models)</li> <li>Brake pedal and/or clutch pedal are depressed (M/T models)</li> </ul>	Approximately 0V		
108			[Ignition switch: ON]			
			<ul> <li>Brake pedal is fully released (A/T models)</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE		
			<ul> <li>Brake pedal and clutch pedal are fully released (M/T models)</li> </ul>	(11 - 14V)		
			[Ignition switch: OFF]	0V		
109	W/L	Ignition switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
			[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]			
111	W	ECM relay	<ul> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V		
		(Self shut-off)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE		
			<ul> <li>More than a few seconds after turning igni- tion switch OFF</li> </ul>	(11 - 14V)		
			[Ignition switch: ON]			
			• For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON	0 - 1.5V		
113	B/OR	Fuel pump relay	[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: ON]			
			<ul> <li>More than 1 second after turning ignition switch ON.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
115 116	B/R B	ECM ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Body ground		
117	GY/L	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		

### EC-104

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	A	
119 120	P L	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	EC	
121	R/W	Power supply for ECM (Back-up)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
*: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)						

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

#### **CONSULT-II** Function FUNCTION

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Diagnostic test mode	Function
Work support	This mode enables a technician to adjust some devices faster and more accurately by following the indications on the CONSULT-II unit.
Self-diagnostic results	Self-diagnostic results such as 1st trip DTC, DTCs and 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data can be read and erased quickly.*
Data monitor	Input/Output data in the ECM can be read.
Data monitor (SPEC)	Input/Output of the specification for Basic fuel schedule, AFM, A/F feedback control value and the other data monitor items can be read.
CAN diagnostic support monitor	The results of transmit/receive diagnosis of CAN communication can be read.
Active test	Diagnostic Test Mode in which CONSULT-II drives some actuators apart from the ECMs and also shifts some parameters in a specified range.
DTC & SRT confirmation	The status of system monitoring tests and the self-diagnosis status/result can be confirmed.
Function test	This mode is used to inform customers when their vehicle condition requires periodic maintenance.
ECM part number	ECM part number can be read.

\*: The following emission-related diagnostic information is cleared when the ECM memory is erased.

Diagnostic trouble codes •

1st trip diagnostic trouble codes •

- Freeze frame data •
- 1st trip freeze frame data .
- System readiness test (SRT) codes •
- Test values •
- Others -

#### ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS/CONTROL SYSTEMS APPLICATION

			DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							
	Item		WORK		AGNOSTIC SULTS	DATA	DATA	ACTIVE TEST	DTC 8 CONFIR	
			WORK SUP- PORT	DTC*1	FREEZE FRAME DATA*2	DATA MONI- TOR	MONI- TOR (SPEC)		SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP- PORT
		Crankshaft position sensor (POS)		×	×	×	×			
		Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)		×	×	×	×			
		Mass air flow sensor		×		×	×			
		Engine coolant temperature sensor		×	×	×	×	×		
		Heated oxygen sensor 1		×		×	×		×	×
		Heated oxygen sensor 2		×		×	×		×	×
		Vehicle speed sensor		×	×	×	×			
		Accelerator pedal position sensor		×		×	×			
TS		Throttle position sensor		×		×	×			
PAR		Fuel tank temperature sensor		×		×	×	×		
NENT		EVAP control system pressure sensor		×		×	×			
ПРО		Intake air temperature sensor		×	×	×	×			
COM	INPUT	Knock sensor		×						
Р	N	Refrigerant pressure sensor				×	×			
ENGINE CONTROL COMPONENT PARTS		Closed throttle position switch (accelerator pedal position sensor signal)				×	×			
UN D		Air conditioner switch				×	×			
ĔŇ		Park/neutral position (PNP) switch		×		×	×			
		Stop lamp switch		×		×	×			
		Power steering pressure sensor		×		×	×			
		Battery voltage				×	×			
		Load signal				×	×			
		Fuel level sensor		×		×	×			
		ASCD steering switch		×		×	×			
		ASCD brake switch		×		×	×			
		ASCD clutch switch		×		×	×			

_			DIAGNOSTIC TEST MODE							=	
	_		WORK	SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULTS		DATA MONI- TOR	DATA MONI- TOR (SPEC)	ACTIVE TEST	DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION		A
Item			SUP- PORT	DTC*1	FREEZE FRAME DATA*2				SRT STATUS	DTC WORK SUP-	EC
					271772					PORT	-
		Injector				×	×	×			С
~		Power transistor (Ignition timing)				×	×	×			
RTS		Throttle control motor relay		×		×	×				
COMPONENT PARTS		Throttle control motor		×							D
ONEN	ουτΡυτ	EVAP canister purge volume con- trol solenoid valve		×		×	×	×		×	- E
COMPC		Air conditioner relay				×	×				
		Fuel pump relay	×			×	×	×			
ENGINE CONTROL	б	Cooling fan relay		×		×	×	×			F
NT		Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater		×		×	×		×		
ы		Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater		×		×	×		×		-
GIN		EVAP canister vent control valve	×	×		×	×	×			G
Ň		Intake valve timing control solenoid valve		×		×	×	×			Н
		Calculated load value			×	×	×				

X: Applicable

\*1: This item includes 1st trip DTCs.

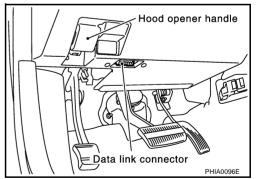
\*2: This mode includes 1st trip freeze frame data or freeze frame data. The items appear on CONSULT-II screen in freeze frame data mode only if a 1st trip DTC or DTC is detected. For details, refer to <u>EC-51</u>.

#### **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

#### **CAUTION:**

If CONSULT-II is used with no connection of CONSULT-II CONVERTER, malfunctions might be detected in self-diagnosis depending on control unit which carry out CAN communication.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Connect "CONSULT-II" and "CONSULT-II CONVERTER" to data link connector, which is located under LH dash panel near the hood opener handle.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



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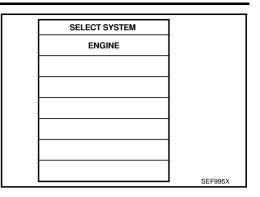
NISSAN CONSULT -II ENGINE START (NISSAN BASED VHCL) START (RENAULT BASED VHCL) SUB MODE MBIB0233E

4. Touch "START (NISSAN BASED VHCL)".

5. Touch "ENGINE". If "ENGINE" is not indicated, go to <u>GI-38, "CONSULT-II Data</u> <u>Link Connector (DLC) Circuit"</u>.

6. Perform each diagnostic test mode according to each service

For further information, see the CONSULT-II Operation Manual.



SELECT DIAG MODE WORK SUPPORT SELF-DIAG RESULTS DATA MONITOR DATA MONITOR CAN DIAG SUPPORT MNTR ACTIVE TEST PBIB2308E

#### WORK SUPPORT MODE Work Item

procedure.

WORK ITEM	CONDITION	USAGE		
FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE	• FUEL PUMP WILL STOP BY TOUCHING "START" DUR- ING IDLING. CRANK A FEW TIMES AFTER ENGINE STALLS.	When releasing fuel pressure from fuel line		
IDLE AIR VOL LEARN	• THE IDLE AIR VOLUME THAT KEEPS THE ENGINE WITHIN THE SPECIFIED RANGE IS MEMORIZED IN ECM.	When learning the idle air volume		
SELF-LEARNING CONT	• THE COEFFICIENT OF SELF-LEARNING CONTROL MIXTURE RATIO RETURNS TO THE ORIGINAL COEF- FICIENT.	When clearing the coefficient of self-learning control value		
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE	CLOSE THE EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE IN ORDER TO MAKE EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE UNDER THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS.	When detecting EVAP vapor leak point of EVAP system		
	• IGN SW "ON"			
	ENGINE NOT RUNNING			
	<ul> <li>AMBIENT TEMPERATURE IS ABOVE 0°C (32°F).</li> </ul>			
	NO VACUUM AND NO HIGH PRESSURE IN EVAP SYS- TEM			
	• FUEL TANK TEMP. IS MORE THAN 0°C (32°F).			
	WITHIN 10 MINUTES AFTER STARTING "EVAP SYS- TEM CLOSE"			
	• WHEN TRYING TO EXECUTE "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" UNDER THE CONDITION EXCEPT ABOVE, CONSULT- II WILL DISCONTINUE IT AND DISPLAY APPROPRI- ATE INSTRUCTION.			
	NOTE: WHEN STARTING ENGINE, CONSULT-II MAY DISPLAY "BATTERY VOLTAGE IS LOW. CHARGE BATTERY", EVEN IN USING CHARGED BATTERY.			

#### EC-108

WORK ITEN	CONDITION	USAGE		
TARGET IDLE RPM A	DJ* • IDLE CONDITION	When setting target idle speed		
TARGET IGN TIM ADJ	* • IDLE CONDITION	When adjusting target ignition tim- ing		
This function is not nee	cessary in the usual service procedure.			
ELF-DIAG RESU	JLTS MODE			
elf Diagnostic It	em			
Regarding items of	DTC and 1st trip DTC, refer to <u>EC-8, "INDEX FOF</u>	<u>R DTC"</u> .)		
reeze Frame Dat	a and 1st Trip Freeze Frame Data			
Freeze frame data item*	Description	n		
DIAG TROUBLE CODE [PXXXX]	• The engine control component part/control system has a <u>EC-8, "INDEX FOR DTC"</u> .)	trouble code, it is displayed as PXXXX. (Refer to		
FUEL SYS-B1	• "Fuel injection system status" at the moment a malfunction	on is detected is displayed.		
FUEL SYS-B2	<ul> <li>One mode in the following is displayed.</li> <li>Mode2: Open loop due to detected system malfunction</li> <li>Mode3: Open loop due to driving conditions (power enrichment, deceleration enleanment)</li> <li>Mode4: Closed loop - using oxygen sensor(s) as feedback for fuel control</li> <li>Mode5: Open loop - has not yet satisfied condition to go to closed loop</li> </ul>			
CAL/LD VALUE [%]	• The calculated load value at the moment a malfunction is	s detected is displayed.		
COOLANT TEMP [°C] or [°F]	• The engine coolant temperature at the moment a malfund	ction is detected is displayed.		
L-FUEL TRM-B1 [%]	• "Long-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is dete	cted is displayed.		
L-FUEL TRM-B2 [%]	<ul> <li>The long-term fuel trim indicates much more gradual feed than short-term fuel trim.</li> </ul>	back compensation to the base fuel schedule		
S-FUEL TRM-B1 [%]	• "Short-term fuel trim" at the moment a malfunction is deter	ected is displayed.		
S-FUEL TRM-B2 [%]	• The short-term fuel trim indicates dynamic or instantaneous feedback compensation to the base fuel schedule.			
ENGINE SPEED [rpm]	• The engine speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.			
VEHICL SPEED [km/ h] or [mph]	• The vehicle speed at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.			
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]	• The base fuel schedule at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.			
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	• The intake air temperature at the moment a malfunction is detected is displayed.			

 $\ensuremath{^*:}$  This item is the same as that of 1st trip freeze frame data.

### DATA MONITOR MODE Monitored Item

ECM MAIN Monitored item INPUT SIG-Description Remarks [Unit] SIG-NALS NALS • Accuracy becomes poor if engine • Indicates the engine speed computed from speed drops below the idle rpm. the signals of the crankshaft position sensor ENG SPEED [rpm] × × • If the signal is interrupted while the (POS) and camshaft position sensor engine is running, an abnormal value (PHASE). may be indicated. • When the engine is stopped, a certain • The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor MAS A/F SE-B1 [V] × × is displayed. value is indicated.

×: Applicable

EC-109

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		×	• "Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injec- tion pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board correction.	
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%]		×		• When the engine is stopped, a certain
A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×	• The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feedback correction factor per cycle is indicated.	<ul><li>value is indicated.</li><li>This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.</li></ul>
COOLAN TEMP/S [°C] or [°F]	×	×	• The engine coolant temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the engine coolant temperature sensor) is displayed.	• When the engine coolant temperature sensor is open or short-circuited, ECM enters fail-safe mode. The engine coolant temperature determined by the ECM is displayed.
HO2S1 (B1) [V]	×	×	• The signal voltage of the heated oxygen sen-	
HO2S1 (B2) [V]	×		sor 1 is displayed.	
HO2S2 (B1) [V]	×		• The signal voltage of the heated oxygen sen-	
HO2S2 (B2) [V]	×		sor 2 is displayed.	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) [RICH/LEAN]	×	×	Display of heated oxygen sensor 1 signal dur- ing air-fuel ratio feedback control:	• After turning ON the ignition switch, "RICH" is displayed until air-fuel mix-
HO2S1 MNTR (B2) [RICH/LEAN]	×		RICH: means the mixture became "rich", and control is being affected toward a leaner mix- ture. LEAN: means the mixture became "lean", and control is being affected toward a rich mixture.	<ul> <li>ture ratio feedback control begins.</li> <li>When the air-fuel ratio feedback is clamped, the value just before the clamping is displayed continuously.</li> </ul>
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) [RICH/LEAN]	×		• Display of heated oxygen sensor 2 signal: RICH: means the amount of oxygen after	<ul> <li>When the engine is stopped, a certain</li> </ul>
HO2S2 MNTR (B2) [RICH/LEAN]	×		three way catalyst is relatively small. LEAN: means the amount of oxygen after three way catalyst is relatively large.	value is indicated.
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]	×	×	• The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from combination meter is displayed.	
BATTERY VOLT [V]	×	×	• The power supply voltage of ECM is displayed.	
ACCEL SEN 1 [V]	×	×	<ul> <li>The accelerator pedal position sensor signal</li> </ul>	ACCEL SEN 2 signal is converted by     ECM internally. Thus, it differs from:
ACCEL SEN 2 [V]	×		voltage is displayed.	ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage signal.
THRTL SEN 1 [V]	×	×	• The throttle position sensor signal voltage is	• THRTL SEN 2 signal is converted by
THRTL SEN 2 [V]	×		displayed.	ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage signal.
FUEL T/TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×		• The fuel temperature (determined by the sig- nal voltage of the fuel tank temperature sen- sor) is displayed.	
INT/A TEMP SE [°C] or [°F]	×	×	• The intake air temperature (determined by the signal voltage of the intake air temperature sensor) is indicated.	
EVAP SYS PRES [V]	×		<ul> <li>The signal voltage of EVAP control system pressure sensor is displayed.</li> </ul>	
FUEL LEVEL SE [V]	×		<ul> <li>The signal voltage of the fuel level sensor is displayed.</li> </ul>	
START SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates start signal status [ON/OFF] com- puted by the ECM according to the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.</li> </ul>	• After starting the engine, [OFF] is displayed regardless of the starter signal.

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description Remarks		А
CLSD THL POS [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates idle position [ON/OFF] computed by ECM according to the accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor signal.</li> </ul>		EC
AIR COND SIG [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of the air condi- tioner switch as determined by the air condi- tioner signal.</li> </ul>		С
P/N POSI SW [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the park/ neutral position (PNP) switch signal.</li> </ul>		D
PW/ST SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	• [ON/OFF] condition of the power steering sys- tem (determined by the signal voltage of the power steering pressure sensor signal) is indicated.		Е
LOAD SIGNAL [ON/OFF]	×	×	<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the electrical load signal.</li> <li>ON: Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd position.</li> <li>OFF: Both rear window defogger switch and lighting switch are OFF.</li> </ul>		F
IGNITION SW [ON/OFF]	×		<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ignition switch signal.</li> </ul>		
HEATER FAN SW [ON/OFF]	×		• Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the heater fan switch signal.		H
BRAKE SW [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from the stop lamp switch signal.</li> </ul>		
INJ PULSE-B1 [msec]		×	<ul> <li>Indicates the actual fuel injection pulse width compensated by ECM according to the input</li> </ul>	• When the engine is stopped, a certain	
INJ PULSE-B2 [msec]			signals.	computed value is indicated.	J
IGN TIMING [BTDC]		×	<ul> <li>Indicates the ignition timing computed by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	• When the engine is stopped, a certain value is indicated.	К
CAL/LD VALUE [%]			<ul> <li>"Calculated load value" indicates the value of the current air flow divided by peak air flow.</li> </ul>		
MASS AIRFLOW [g·m/s]			• Indicates the mass air flow computed by ECM according to the signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor.		L
PURG VOL C/V [%]			• Indicates the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve control value computed by the ECM according to the input signals.		Μ
INT/V TIM (B1) [°CA]			<ul> <li>The opening becomes larger as the value increases.</li> <li>Indicates [°CA] of intake camshaft advanced angle.</li> </ul>		-
[°CA]			-		-
INT/V SOL (B1) [%]			• The control value of the intake valve timing control solenoid valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated.		
(DZ) [%]			• The advance angle becomes larger as the value increases.		_
AIR COND RLY [ON/OFF]		×	• The air conditioner relay control condition (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated.		

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
FUEL PUMP RLY [ON/OFF]		×	<ul> <li>Indicates the fuel pump relay control condition determined by ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>	
VENT CONT/V [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>The control condition of the EVAP canister vent control valve (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated.</li> <li>ON: Closed</li> <li>OFF: Open</li> </ul>	
THRTL RELAY [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates the throttle control motor relay con- trol condition determined by the ECM accord- ing to the input signals.</li> </ul>	
COOLING FAN [HI/LOW/OFF]			<ul> <li>The control condition of the cooling fan (determined by ECM according to the input signals) is indicated.</li> <li>HI: High speed operation</li> <li>LOW: Low speed operation</li> <li>OFF: Stop</li> </ul>	
HO2S1 HTR (B1) [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of heated oxy- gen sensor 1 heater determined by ECM</li> </ul>	
HO2S1 HTR (B2) [ON/OFF]			according to the input signals.	
HO2S2 HTR (B1) [ON/OFF]			Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of heated oxy-	
HO2S2 HTR (B2) [ON/OFF]			gen sensor 2 heater determined by ECM according to the input signals.	
I/P PULLY SPD [rpm]			• Indicates the engine speed computed from the turbine revolution sensor signal.	
VEHICLE SPEED [km/h] or [MPH]			• The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from TCM or combination meter is displayed.	
IDL A/V LEARN [YET/CMPLT]			<ul> <li>Display the condition of idle air volume learn- ing YET: Idle air volume learning has not been performed yet.</li> <li>CMPLT: Idle air volume learning has already been performed successfully.</li> </ul>	
TRVL AFTER MIL [km] or [mile]			• Distance traveled while MIL is activated.	
O2SEN HTR DTY [%]			<ul> <li>Indicates the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater control value computed by the ECM accord- ing to the input signals.</li> </ul>	
AC PRESS SEN [V]			• The signal voltage from the refrigerant pres- sure sensor is displayed.	
VHCL SPEED SE [km/h] or [mph]			• The vehicle speed computed from the vehicle speed signal sent from combination meter is displayed.	
SET VHCL SPD [km/h] or [mph]			• The preset vehicle speed is displayed.	
MAIN SW [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ON/OFF (MAIN) switch signal.</li> </ul>	
CANCEL SW [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from CANCEL switch signal.</li> </ul>	

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks	А
RESUME/ACC SW [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ACCEL/ RESUME switch signal.</li> </ul>		EC
SET SW [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from COAST/ SET switch signal.</li> </ul>		0
BRAKE SW1 [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition from ASCD brake switch signal, and ASCD clutch switch signal (M/T models).</li> </ul>		
BRAKE SW2 [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of stop lamp switch signal.</li> </ul>		· L
VHCL SPD CUT [NON/CUT]			<ul> <li>Indicates the vehicle cruise condition. NON: Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed. CUT: Vehicle speed increased to excessively high compared with the ASCD set speed, and ASCD operation is cut off.</li> </ul>		F
LO SPEED CUT [NON/CUT]			<ul> <li>Indicates the vehicle cruise condition.</li> <li>NON: Vehicle speed is maintained at the ASCD set speed.</li> <li>CUT: Vehicle speed decreased to excessively low compared with the ASCD set speed, and ASCD operation is cut off.</li> </ul>		G
AT OD MONITOR [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of A/T O/D according to the input signal from the TCM.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For M/T models always "OFF" is dis- played.</li> </ul>	-
AT OD CANCEL [ON/OFF]			• Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of A/T O/D can- cel signal sent from the TCM.	<ul> <li>For M/T models always "OFF" is dis- played.</li> </ul>	·
CRUISE LAMP [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of CRUISE lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>		J
SET LAMP [ON/OFF]			<ul> <li>Indicates [ON/OFF] condition of SET lamp determined by the ECM according to the input signals.</li> </ul>		k
Voltage [V]					-
Frequency [msec], [Hz] or [%]				• Only "#" is displayed if item is unable to be measured.	L
DUTY-HI			• Voltage, frequency, duty cycle or pulse width	• Figures with "#"s are temporary ones.	
DUTY-LOW			measured by the probe.	They are the same figures as an actual piece of data which was just previously	Ν
PLS WIDTH-HI				measured.	
PLS WIDTH-LOW					

NOTE:

• Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

#### DATA MONITOR (SPEC) MODE Monitored Item

Monitored item [Unit]	ECM INPUT SIG- NALS	MAIN SIG- NALS	Description	Remarks
ENG SPEED [rpm]	×	×	• Indicates the engine speed computed from the signals of the crankshaft position sensor (POS) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE).	
MAS A/F SE-B1 [V]	×	×	• The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor specification is displayed.	• When engine is running specification range is indicated.
B/FUEL SCHDL [msec]		×	<ul> <li>"Base fuel schedule" indicates the fuel injection pulse width programmed into ECM, prior to any learned on board cor- rection.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When engine is running specification range is indicated.</li> </ul>
A/F ALPHA-B1 [%] A/F ALPHA-B2 [%]		×	• The mean value of the air-fuel ratio feed- back correction factor per cycle is indi- cated.	<ul> <li>When engine is running specification range is indicated.</li> <li>This data also includes the data for the air-fuel ratio learning control.</li> </ul>

#### NOTE:

Any monitored item that does not match the vehicle being diagnosed is deleted from the display automatically.

### ACTIVE TEST MODE

#### **Test Item**

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
FUEL INJEC- TION	<ul> <li>Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>Change the amount of fuel injec- tion using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	<ul><li>Harness and connectors</li><li>Fuel injectors</li><li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li></ul>
IGNITION TIM- ING	<ul> <li>Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>Timing light: Set</li> <li>Retard the ignition timing using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	Perform Idle Air Volume Learning.
POWER BAL- ANCE	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, idle the engine.</li> <li>A/C switch: OFF</li> <li>Shift lever: N</li> <li>Cut off each injector signal one at a time using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	Engine runs rough or dies.	<ul> <li>Harness and connectors</li> <li>Compression</li> <li>Fuel injectors</li> <li>Power transistor</li> <li>Spark plugs</li> <li>Ignition coils</li> </ul>
COOLING FAN*	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> <li>Turn the cooling fan "HI", "LOW" and "OFF" using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	Cooling fan moves and stops.	<ul> <li>Harness and connectors</li> <li>Cooling fan motor</li> <li>IPDM E/R</li> </ul>
ENG COOLANT TEMP	<ul> <li>Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>Change the engine coolant temperature using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	<ul> <li>Harness and connectors</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> <li>Fuel injectors</li> </ul>
FUEL PUMP RELAY	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> <li>Turn the fuel pump relay "ON" and "OFF" using CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Fuel pump relay makes the operat- ing sound.	<ul><li>Harness and connectors</li><li>Fuel pump relay</li></ul>

TEST ITEM	CONDITION	JUDGEMENT	CHECK ITEM (REMEDY)
	• Engine: After warming up, run engine at 1,500 rpm.		
PURG VOL CONT/V	<ul> <li>Change the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve opening percent using CON- SULT-II.</li> </ul>	Engine speed changes according to the opening percent.	<ul> <li>Harness and connectors</li> <li>Solenoid valve</li> </ul>
FUEL/T TEMP SEN	Change the fuel tank temperature	using CONSULT-II.	
VENT CON- TROL/V	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)</li> <li>Turn solenoid valve "ON" and "OFF" with the CONSULT-II and listen to operating sound.</li> </ul>	Solenoid valve makes an operating sound.	<ul><li>Harness and connectors</li><li>Solenoid valve</li></ul>
V/T ASSIGN ANGLE	<ul> <li>Engine: Return to the original trouble condition</li> <li>Change intake valve timing using CONSULT-II.</li> </ul>	If trouble symptom disappears, see CHECK ITEM.	<ul> <li>Harness and connectors</li> <li>Intake valve timing control sole- noid valve</li> </ul>

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DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION MODE SRT STATUS Mode

For details, refer to EC-52, "SYSTEM READINESS TEST (SRT) CODE".

#### **SRT Work Support Mode**

This mode enables a technician to drive a vehicle to set the SRT while monitoring the SRT status.

#### DTC Work Support Mode

Test mode	Test item	Condition	Reference page	-
	PURGE FLOW P0441		<u>EC-316</u>	-
EVAPORATIVE SYS-	EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442*		<u>EC-321</u>	
TEM	EVAP V/S SML LEAK P0456/P1456*		<u>EC-369</u>	-
	PURG VOL CN/V P1444		<u>EC-499</u>	k
	HO2S1 (B1) P0133		<u>EC-211</u>	-
	HO2S1 (B1) P0134		<u>EC-224</u>	-
	HO2S1 (B1) P1143		<u>EC-428</u>	- L
HO2S1	HO2S1 (B1) P1144		<u>EC-434</u>	-
H0251	HO2S1 (B2) P0153	Refer to corresponding	<u>EC-211</u>	N
	HO2S1 (B2) P0154	trouble diagnosis for DTC.	<u>EC-224</u>	_
	HO2S1 (B2) P1163		<u>EC-428</u>	-
	HO2S1 (B2) P1164		<u>EC-434</u>	-
	HO2S2 (B1) P0139		<u>EC-243</u>	-
	HO2S2 (B1) P1146		<u>EC-440</u>	_
110000	EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442*           EVAP V/S SML LEAK P0456/P1456*           PURG VOL CN/V P1444           HO2S1 (B1) P0133           HO2S1 (B1) P0134           HO2S1 (B1) P1143           HO2S1 (B1) P1144           HO2S1 (B1) P1144           HO2S1 (B2) P0153           HO2S1 (B2) P0154           HO2S1 (B2) P1163           HO2S2 (B1) P1146           HO2S2 (B1) P1147		<u>EC-451</u>	_
HO2S2	HO2S2 (B2) P0159		<u>EC-243</u>	-
	HO2S2 (B2) P1166		<u>EC-440</u>	-
	HO2S2 (B2) P1167		<u>EC-451</u>	-

\*: DTC P1442 and P1456 does not apply to V35 models but appears in DTC Work Support Mode screens.

#### REAL TIME DIAGNOSIS IN DATA MONITOR MODE (RECORDING VEHICLE DATA) Description

CONSULT-II has two kinds of triggers and they can be selected by touching "SETTING" in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

- 1. "AUTO TRIG" (Automatic trigger):
  - The malfunction will be identified on the CONSULT-II screen in real time.

In other words, DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will be displayed if the malfunction is detected by ECM.

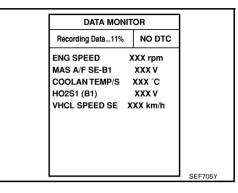
At the moment a malfunction is detected by ECM, "MONI-TOR" in "DATA MONITOR" screen is changed to "Recording Data ... xx%" as shown at right, and the data after the malfunction detection is recorded. Then when the percentage reached 100%, "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is displayed. If "STOP" is touched on the screen during "Recording Data ... xx%", "REAL-TIME DIAG" screen is also displayed.

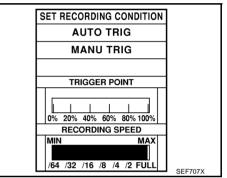
The recording time after the malfunction detection and the recording speed can be changed by "TRIGGER POINT" and "Recording Speed". Refer to CONSULT-II OPERATION MAN-UAL.

2. "MANU TRIG" (Manual trigger):

• DTC/1st trip DTC and malfunction item will not be displayed automatically on CONSULT-II screen even though a malfunction is detected by ECM.

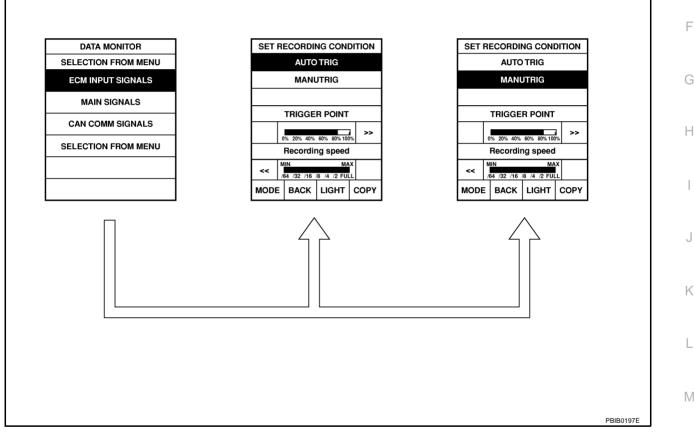
DATA MONITOR can be performed continuously even though a malfunction is detected.





#### Operation

- 1. "AUTO TRIG"
  - While trying to detect the DTC/1st trip DTC by performing the DTC Confirmation Procedure, be sure to select to "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode. You can confirm the malfunction at the moment it is detected.
  - While narrowing down the possible causes, CONSULT-II should be set in "DATA MONITOR (AUTO TRIG)" mode, especially in case the incident is intermittent. When you are inspecting the circuit by gently shaking (or twisting) the suspicious connectors, components and harness in the DTC Confirmation Procedure, the moment a malfunction is found the DTC/1st trip DTC will be displayed. (Refer to INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS in <u>GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident"</u>.)
- 2. "MANU TRIG"
  - If the malfunction is displayed as soon as "DATA MONITOR" is selected, reset CONSULT-II to "MANU TRIG". By selecting "MANU TRIG" you can monitor and store the data. The data can be utilized for further diagnosis, such as a comparison with the value for the normal operating condition.

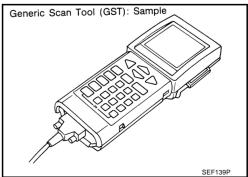


# Generic Scan Tool (GST) Function DESCRIPTION

Generic Scan Tool (OBDII scan tool) complying with SAE J1978 has 8 different functions explained below.

ISO9141 is used as the protocol.

The name "GST" or "Generic Scan Tool" is used in this service manual.



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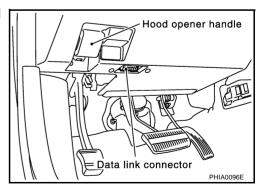
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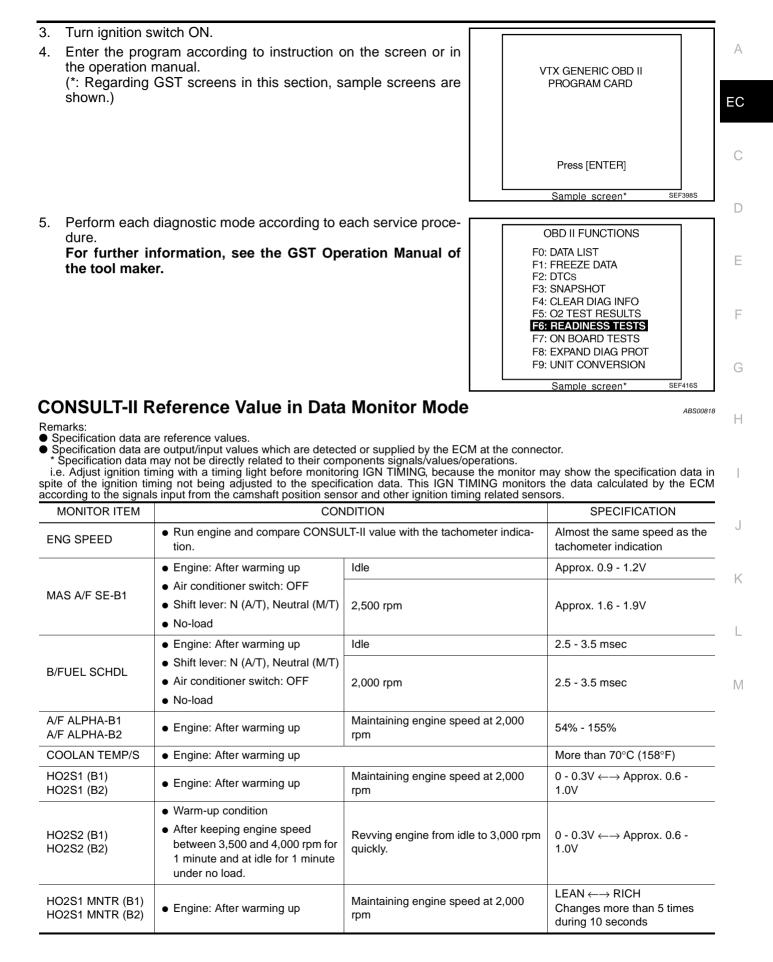
FUNCT	TION
-------	------

Di	iagnostic test mode	Function
MODE 1	READINESS TESTS	This mode gains access to current emission-related data values, including analog inputs and outputs, digital inputs and outputs, and system status information.
MODE 2	(FREEZE DATA)	This mode gains access to emission-related data value which were stored by ECM during the freeze frame. For details, refer to EC-51, "FREEZE FRAME DATA AND 1ST TRIP FREEZE FRAME DATA".
MODE 3	DTCs	This mode gains access to emission-related power train trouble codes which were stored by ECM.
		This mode can clear all emission-related diagnostic information. This includes:
		Clear number of diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 1)
		• Clear diagnostic trouble codes (MODE 3)
MODE 4	CLEAR DIAG INFO	• Clear trouble code for freeze frame data (MODE 1)
		• Clear freeze frame data (MODE 2)
		Reset status of system monitoring test (MODE 1)
		• Clear on board monitoring test results (MODE 6 and 7)
MODE 6	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode accesses the results of on board diagnostic monitoring tests of specific com- ponents/systems that are not continuously monitored.
MODE 7	(ON BOARD TESTS)	This mode enables the off board test drive to obtain test results for emission-related pow- ertrain components/systems that are continuously monitored during normal driving condi- tions.
		This mode can close EVAP system in ignition switch ON position (Engine stopped). When this mode is performed, the following parts can be opened or closed.
		• EVAP canister vent control valve open
		In the following conditions, this mode cannot function.
		Low ambient temperature
MODE 8	_	Low battery voltage
		Engine running
		Ignition switch OFF
		Low fuel temperature
		<ul> <li>Too much pressure is applied to EVAP system</li> </ul>
MODE 9	(CALIBRATION ID)	This mode enables the off-board test device to request specific vehicle information such as Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) and Calibration IDs.

#### **INSPECTION PROCEDURE**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Connect "GST" to data link connector, which is located under LH dash panel near the hood opener handle.





MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	<ul> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>After keeping engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>	Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly.	$LEAN \leftarrow \rightarrow RICH$
VHCL SPEED SE	• Turn drive wheels and compare C indication.	ONSULT-II value with the speedometer	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication
BATTERY VOLT	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)	ed)	11 - 14V
ACCEL SEN1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
AGGEL GENT	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.0 - 4.7V
ACCEL SEN2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.3 - 1.2V
ACCEL SENZ	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	3.9 - 4.8V
THRTL SEN1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
THRTL SEN2*	(Engine stopped) • Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
EVAP SYS PRES	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>		Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V
START SIGNAL	• Ignition switch: $ON \rightarrow START \rightarrow C$	DN	$OFF\toON\toOFF$
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
	• Engine: After warming up, idle	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF
AIR COND SIG	the engine	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	ON
P/N POSI SW	• Ignition switch: ON	Shift lever: P or N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)	ON
F/N F0313W	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Shift lever: Except above	OFF
PW/ST SIGNAL	• Engine: After warming up, idle the engine	Steering wheel is in neutral position. (Forward direction)	OFF
		Steering wheel is turned.	ON
LOAD SIGNAL		Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd.	ON
LOAD SIGNAL	Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger switch is OFF and lighting switch is OFF.	OFF
IGNITION SW	• Ignition switch: $ON \rightarrow OFF \rightarrow ON$		$ON\toOFF\toON$
HEATER FAN SW	• Engine: After warming up, idle	Heater fan is operating.	ON
	the engine	Heater fan is not operating	OFF
BRAKE SW	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON
INJ PULSE-B1	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> </ul>	Idle	2.0 - 3.0 msec
INJ PULSE-B2	<ul><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li><li>No-load</li></ul>	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec
IGN TIMING	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> </ul>	Idle 2,000 rpm	13° - 18° BTDC 25° - 45° BTDC
	No-load		
CAL/LD VALUE	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	Idle 2,500 rpm	5% - 35% 5% - 35%

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION	-
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 6.0 g⋅m/s	A
MASS AIRFLOW	<ul> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	2,500 rpm	7.0 - 20.0 g⋅m/s	EC
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0%	
PURG VOL C/V	<ul> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	2,000 rpm	_	С
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	–5° - 5°CA	D
INT/V TIM (B1) INT/V TIM (B2)	<ul> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	When revving engine up to 2,000 rpm quickly	Approx. 0° - 30°CA	E
	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>	Idle	0% - 2%	
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	<ul> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	When revving engine up to 2,000 rpm quickly	Approx. 0% - 50%	F
	e Engine After warming up idle	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF	G
AIR COND RLY	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, idle the engine</li> </ul>	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates)	ON	
FUEL PUMP RLY	For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON     FUEL PUMP RLY     Engine running or cranking		ON	Н
	Except above conditions		OFF	
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON		OFF	
THRTL RELAY	Ignition switch: ON		ON	
		Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less	OFF	J
COOLING FAN	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, idle the engine</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> </ul>	Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 99°C (210°F)	LOW	K
		Engine coolant temperature is 100°C (212°F) or more	н	
HO2S1 HTR (B1) HO2S1 HTR (B2)	<ul><li>Engine: After warming up</li><li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm</li></ul>		ON	L
	• Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm		OFF	N
	<ul> <li>Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>		ON	
HO2S2 HTR (B1) HO2S2 HTR (B2)	<ul> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>			
	• Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm		OFF	
I/P PULLY SPD	• Vehicle speed: More than 20 km/h (12MPH)		Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication	
VEHICLE SPEED	• Turn drive wheels and compare C indication.	ONSULT-II value with the speedometer	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication	
TRVL AFTER MIL	Ignition switch: ON	Vehicle has traveled after MIL has turned ON.	0 - 65,535 km (0 - 40,723 mile)	
O2SEN HTR DTY	<ul> <li>Engine coolant temperature when</li> <li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm</li> </ul>	engine started: More than 80°C (176°F)	Approx. 40%	

MONITOR ITEM	COM	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
	Ignition switch: ON (Engine stopped)		Approx. 0V
AC PRESS SEN	Engine: Idle     Air conditioner switch: OFF		1.0 - 4.0V
VHCL SPEED SE	• Turn drive wheels and compare C indication.	ONSULT-II value with the speedometer	Almost the same speed as the speedometer indication
SET VHCL SPD	Engine: Running	ASCD: Operating	The preset vehicle speed is displayed.
MAIN SW	Ignition switch: ON	ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: Pressed	ON
MAIN SW	• Ignition switch. ON	ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: Released	OFF
CANCEL SW		CANCEL switch: Pressed	ON
CANCEL SW	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	CANCEL switch: Released	OFF
		ACCEL/RESUME switch: Pressed	ON
RESUME/ACC SW	Ignition switch: ON	ACCEL/RESUME switch: Released	OFF
		COAST/SET switch: Pressed	ON
SET SW	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	COAST/SET switch: Released	OFF
		Clutch pedal (M/T) and brake pedal: Fully released	ON
BRAKE SW1	Ignition switch: ON	Clutch pedal (M/T) and/or brake pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF
BRAKE SW2		Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF
DRAKE SWZ	Ignition switch: ON	Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON
CRUISE LAMP	Ignition switch: ON	ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: Pressed at the 1st time $\rightarrow$ at the 2nd time	$ON \rightarrow OFF$
	ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: ON	COAST/SET switch: Pressed	ON
SET LAMP	When vehicle speed is between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89MPH)	COAST/SET switch: Released	OFF

\*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal and throttle position sensor 2 signal are converted by ECM internally. Thus, they differ from ECM terminals voltage signal.

### Major Sensor Reference Graph in Data Monitor Mode

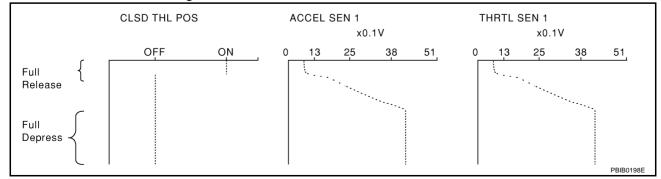
ABS00819

The following are the major sensor reference graphs in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

#### CLSD THL POS, ACCEL SEN 1, THRTL SEN 1

Below is the data for "CLSD THL POS", "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" when depressing the accelerator pedal with the ignition switch ON and with shift lever in D (A/T), 1st (M/T) position.

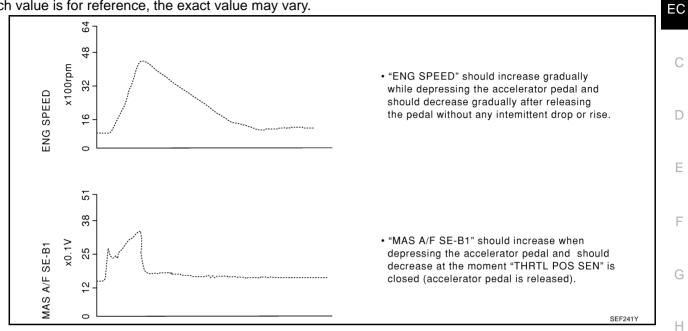
The signal of "ACCEL SEN 1" and "THRTL SEN 1" should rise gradually without any intermittent drop or rise after "CLSD THL POS" is changed from "ON" to "OFF".



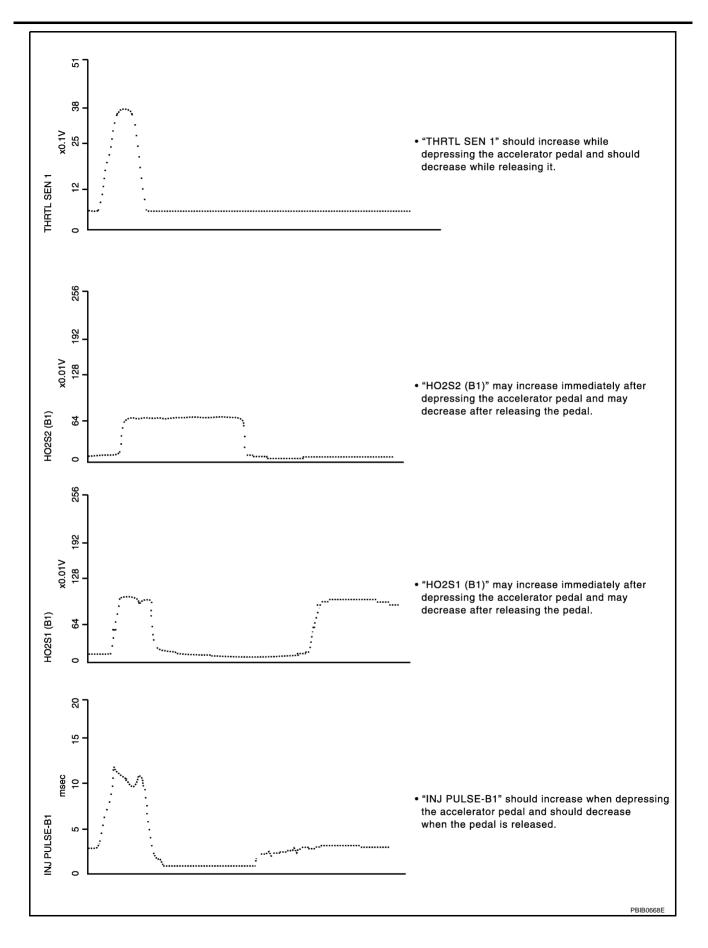
#### ENG SPEED, MAS A/F SE-B1, THRTL SEN 1, HO2S2 (B1), HO2S1 (B1), INJ PULSE-B1

А Below is the data for "ENG SPEED", "MAS A/F SE-B1", "THRTL SEN 1", "HO2S2 (B1)", "HO2S1 (B1)" and "INJ PULSE-B1" when revving engine quickly up to 4,800 rpm under no load after warming up engine sufficiently.

Each value is for reference, the exact value may vary.

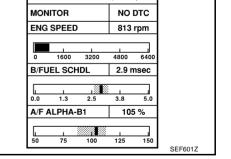


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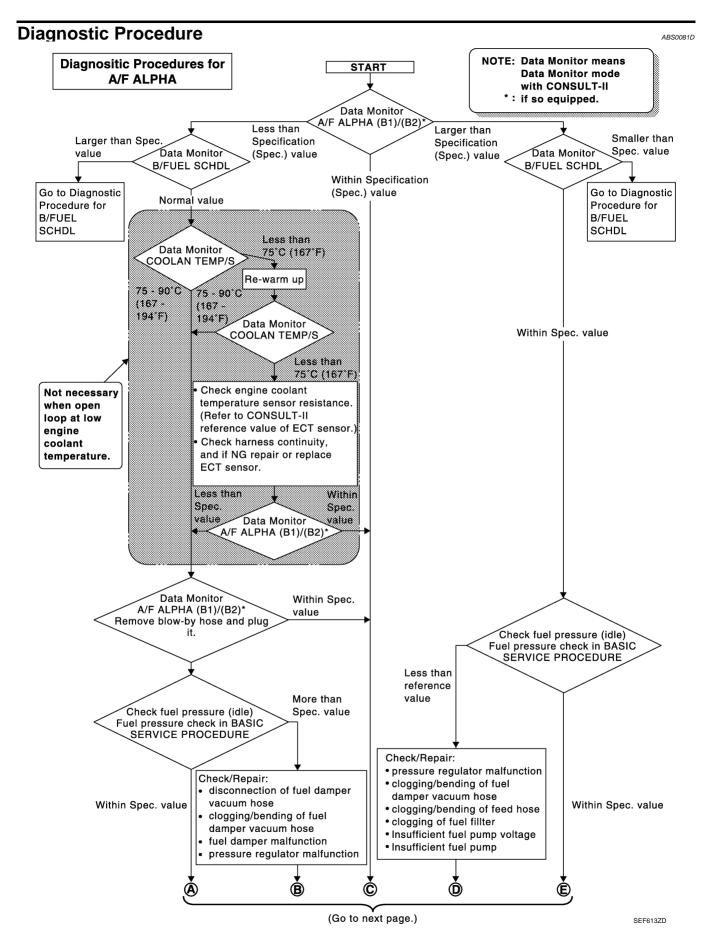


TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS - SPECIFICATION VALUE	PFP:00031
Description	A ABS0081A
The specification (SP) value indicates the tolerance of the value that i mode of CONSULT-II during normal operation of the Engine Control S TOR (SPEC)" mode is within the SP value, the Engine Control Syst "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode is NOT within the SP value, the E	System. When the value in "DATA MONI- tem is confirmed OK. When the value in
more malfunctions. The SP value is used to detect malfunctions that may affect the Eng MIL.	gine Control System, but will not light the <sup>C</sup>
The SP value will be displayed for the following three items:	
<ul> <li>B/FUEL SCHDL (The fuel injection pulse width programmed into rection)</li> </ul>	ECM prior to any learned on board cor-
<ul> <li>A/F ALPHA-B1/B2 (The mean value of air-fuel ratio feedback con</li> <li>MAS A/F SE-B1 (The signal voltage of the mass air flow sensor)</li> </ul>	
Testing Condition	ABS0081B
• Vehicle driven distance: More than 5,000 km (3,017 miles)	F
<ul> <li>Barometric pressure: 98.3 - 104.3 kPa (1.003 - 1.064 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 14</li> <li>Atmospheric temperature: 20 - 30°C (68 - 86°F)</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature: 75 - 95°C (167 - 203°F)</li> </ul>	4.25 - 15.12 psi) G
<ul> <li>Transmission: Warmed-up*<sup>1</sup></li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Electrical load: Not applied*<sup>2</sup></li> <li>Engine speed: Idle</li> </ul>	Н
*1: For A/T models, after the engine is warmed up to normal operat TEMP 1" (A/T fluid temperature sensor signal) indicates more than 6 For M/T models, after the engine is warmed up to normal operating to *2: Rear window defogger switch, air conditioner switch, lighting sw	0°C (140°F). emperature, drive vehicle for 5 minutes.
ahead.	J
Inspection Procedure	ABS0081C
NOTE:	K
Perform "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode in maximum scale display.	DATA MONITOR (SPEC)
1. Perform <u>EC-77, "Basic Inspection"</u> .	
2. Confirm that the testing conditions indicated above are met.	ENG SPEED 813 rpm
<ol> <li>Select "B/FUEL SCHDL", "A/F ALPHA-B1", "A/F ALPHA-B2" and "MAS A/F SE-B1" in "DATA MONITOR (SPEC)" mode with CONSULT-II.</li> </ol>	0 1600 3200 4800 6400 B/FUEL SCHDL 2.9 msec

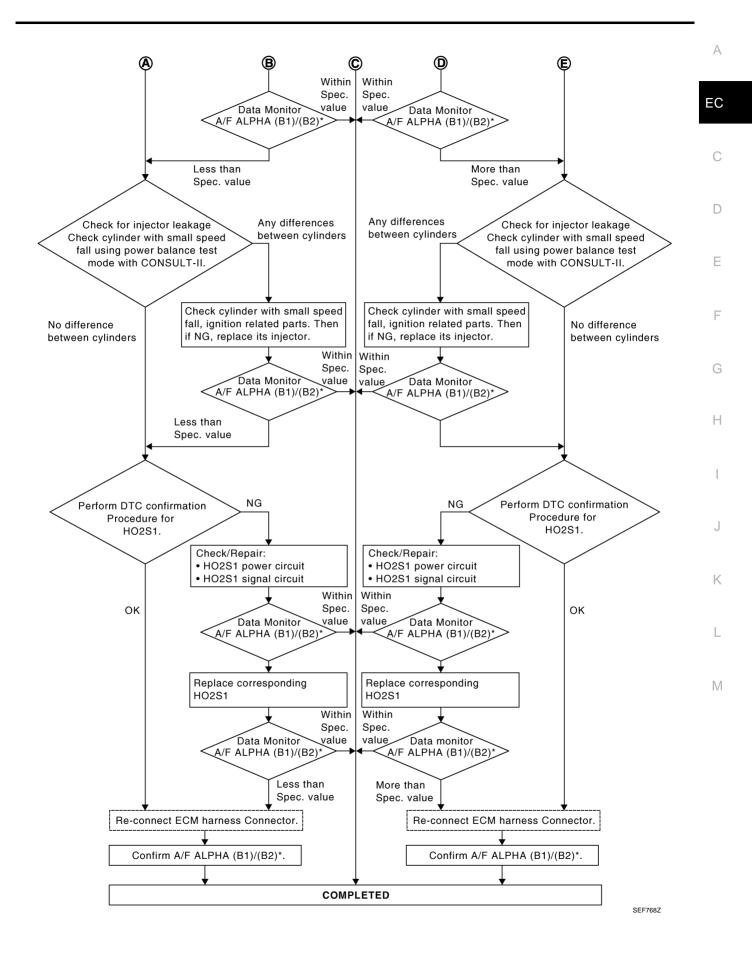
- 4. Make sure that monitor items are within the SP value.
- 5. If NG, go to EC-126, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

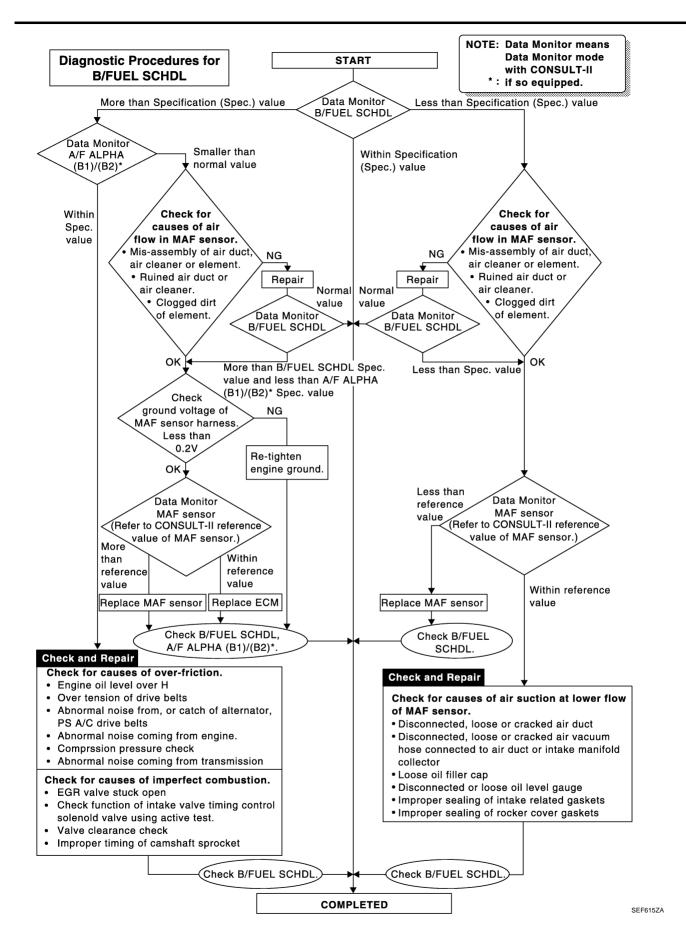


EC-125



EC-126





### TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

### Description

Intermittent incidents (I/I) may occur. In many cases, the malfunction resolves itself (the part or circuit function returns to normal without intervention). It is important to realize that the symptoms described in the customer's complaint often do not recur on (1st trip) DTC visits. Realize also that the most frequent cause of I/I occurrences is poor electrical connections. Because of this, the conditions under which the incident occurred may not be clear. Therefore, circuit checks made as part of the standard diagnostic procedure may not indicate the specific malfunctioning area.

#### **Common I/I Report Situations**

STEP in Work Flow	Situation	D
II	The CONSULT-II is used. The SELF-DIAG RESULTS screen shows time data other than [0] or [1t].	_
III	The symptom described by the customer does not recur.	
IV	(1st trip) DTC does not appear during the DTC Confirmation Procedure.	- E
VI	The Diagnostic Procedure for PXXXX does not indicate the malfunctioning area.	_
Diagnostic Proc 1. INSPECTION ST		31F F

Erase (1st trip) DTCs. Refer to EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMA-TION" .

>> GO TO 2.

## 2. CHECK GROUND TERMINALS

Check ground terminals for corroding or loose connection. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG

>> Repair or replace.

# 3. SEARCH FOR ELECTRICAL INCIDENT

Perform GI-26, "How to Perform Efficient Diagnosis for an Electrical Incident", "INCIDENT SIMULATION TESTS".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair or replace.

### 4. CHECK CONNECTOR TERMINALS

Refer to GI-23, "How to Check Terminal", "HOW TO PROBE CONNECTORS", "How to Check Enlarged Contact Spring of Terminal".

OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Repair or replace connector. PFP:00006

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#### POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT Wiring Diagram ABS0081G EC-MAIN-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START BATTERY FUSE BLOCK (J/B) م Ò 15A 77 10A IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER 1 (M4) REFER TO PG-POWER. 15A DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) W/L ς ECM RELAY 00 οIJ (E7), (E9) 17 46 18 W/L Т Ŵ/B : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC W/L 8 W/L W/L 15H W/В (M72) (E11) ,E12 ГÌ 6 W/L (F2) (F102) (F3) Т ŵ W/L - TO EC-IGNSYS W/L 109 120 111 119 IGN SW SSOFE VB VB ECM (F108) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. (F102) -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) 12345 678910 23 19 18 17 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 22 21 20 (E7) (E9) (F2) M4 -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 GY W GY BOX (J/B) 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 5 119 120 4 121 43 26 25 98 99 100 101 104 105 40 F3 3 117 118 (F108) H.S 90 91 92 93 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 94 95 96 97 В 114 115 1 2 116 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63 π π

### **EC-130**

PFP:24110

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			[Ignition switch: OFF]	0V	С
109	W/L	Ignition switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
		[Engine is running] [Ignition switch: OFF]	0.451		
111	w	ECM relay	<ul> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V	Е
		(Self shut-off)	[Ignition switch: OFF]		
			• More than a few seconds after turning igni- tion switch OFF	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F
119 120	P L	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

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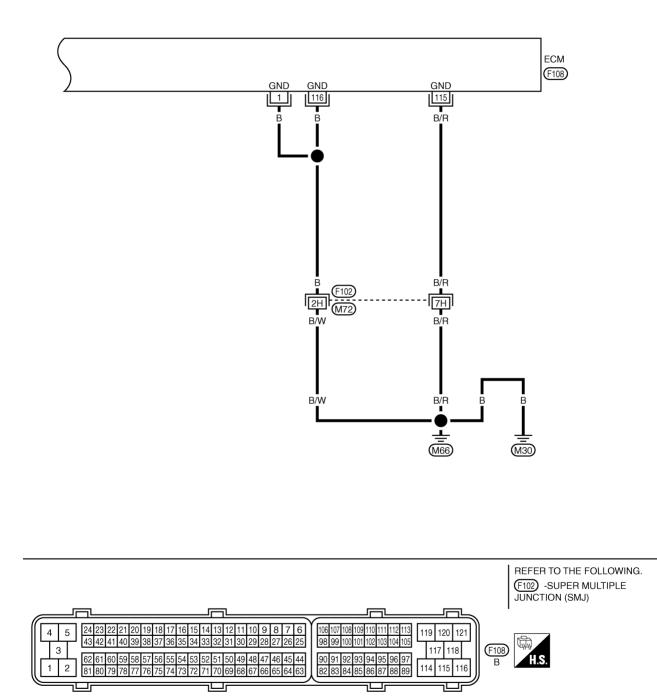
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# EC-MAIN-02

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



TBWT0641E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
1	В	ECM ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Body ground	С
115 116	B/R B	ECM ground	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Body ground	D

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

#### **1. INSPECTION START**

#### Start engine.

Is engine running?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 8. No >> GO TO 2.

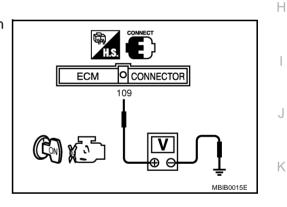
# 2. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and then ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 109 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

#### Check the following.

- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Fuse block (J/B) connector M4
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ECM and fuse

>> Repair harness or connectors.

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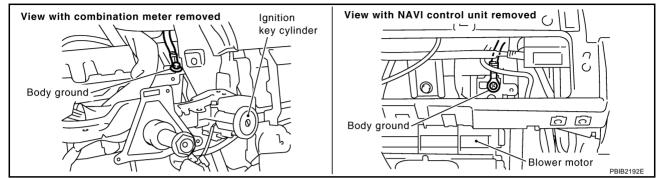
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ABS0081H

# 4. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### 5. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 1, 115, 116 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F102, M72
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

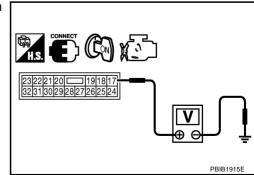
### 7. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Reconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 17 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

OK or NG

- OK >> Go to EC-583, "IGNITION SIGNAL".
- NG >> GO TO 8.



# 8. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and then OFF.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 119, 120 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: After turning ignition switch OFF, battery voltage will exist for a few seconds, then drop approximately 0V.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15.

- NG (Battery voltage does not exist.)>>GO TO 9.
- NG (Battery voltage exists for more than a few seconds.)>>GO TO 18.

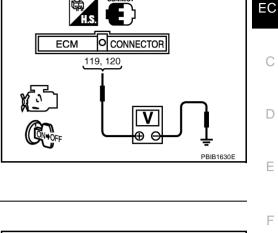
### 9. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-IV

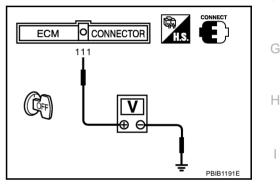
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 111 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 10.
NG	>> GO TO 12.





# 10. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-V

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E7.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 119, 120 and IPDM E/R terminal 18. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> GO TO 11.

# 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

#### Check the following.

- Harness or connectors E12, F3
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

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# 12. CHECK ECM POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-VI

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E9.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 111 and IPDM E/R terminal 46. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

<u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 14.

NG >> GO TO 13.

# 13. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness or connectors E11, F2
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 14. CHECK 15A FUSE

- 1. Disconnect 15A fuse from IPDM E/R.
- 2. Check 15A fuse.

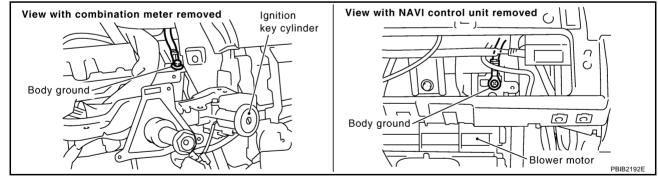
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Replace 15A fuse.

# 15. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT

16. CHECK ECM GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II	Δ
<ol> <li>Disconnect ECM harness connector.</li> <li>Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 1, 115, 116 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	EC
Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to power. OK or NG	С
OK >> GO TO 18. NG >> GO TO 17. <b>17. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART</b>	D
<ul> <li>Check the following.</li> <li>Harness or connectors F102, M72</li> <li>Harness for open or short between ECM and ground</li> </ul>	E
>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness connectors. 18. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	F
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"         OK or NG       OK         OK       >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to PG-16	H
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	I
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### **Ground Inspection**

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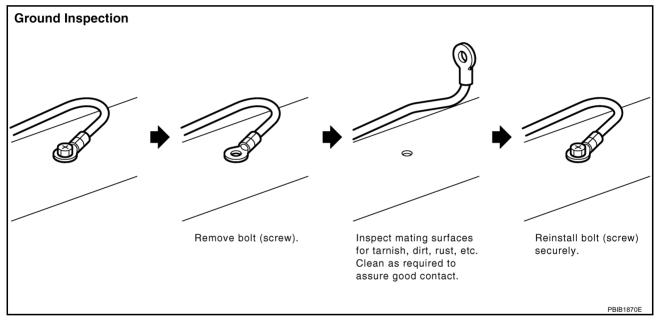
Ground connections are very important to the proper operation of electrical and electronic circuits. Ground connections are often exposed to moisture, dirt and other corrosive elements. The corrosion (rust) can become an unwanted resistance. This unwanted resistance can change the way a circuit works.

Electronically controlled circuits are very sensitive to proper grounding. A loose or corroded ground can drastically affect an electronically controlled circuit. A poor or corroded ground can easily affect the circuit. Even when the ground connection looks clean, there can be a thin film of rust on the surface.

When inspecting a ground connection follow these rules:

- Remove the ground bolt or screw.
- Inspect all mating surfaces for tarnish, dirt, rust, etc.
- Clean as required to assure good contact.
- Reinstall bolt or screw securely.
- Inspect for "add-on" accessories which may be interfering with the ground circuit.
- If several wires are crimped into one ground eyelet terminal, check for proper crimps. Make sure all of the
  wires are clean, securely fastened and providing a good ground path. If multiple wires are cased in one
  eyelet make sure no ground wires have excess wire insulation.

For detailed ground distribution information, refer to PG-29, "Ground Distribution" .



### DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

### Description

CAN (Controller Area Network) is a serial communication line for real time application. It is an on-vehicle multiplex communication line with high data communication speed and excellent error detection ability. Many electronic control units are equipped onto a vehicle, and each control unit shares information and links with other control units during operation (not independent). In CAN communication, control units are connected with 2 communication lines (CAN H line, CAN L line) allowing a high rate of information transmission with less wiring. Each control unit transmits/receives data but selectively reads required data only.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
U1000* <sup>1</sup> 1000* <sup>1</sup>	CAN communication	<ul> <li>ECM cannot communicate to other control units.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (CAN communication line is open or</li> </ul>
U1001* <sup>2</sup> 1001* <sup>2</sup>	line	• ECM cannot communicate for more than the specified time.	shorted)

\*1: This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

\*2: The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-141, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

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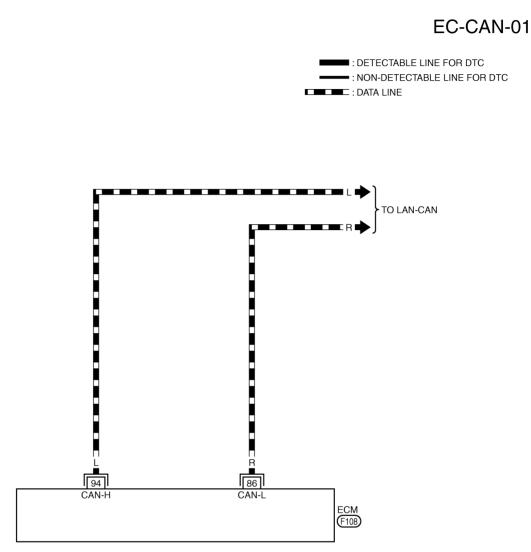
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# DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

# Wiring Diagram





4         5           24/23/22/21/20/19/18/17/16/15/14/13/12/11/10/9/8/7/6           3	106107108109110111112113 989900100101102103104105 117 118 (F108)
1         2         62         61         60         59         58         57         56         55         54         53         52         51         50         49         48         47         46         45         44           1         2         81         80         79         77         76         75         74         73         72         71         70         69         68         67         66         64         63         3	90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 114 115 116 B H.S.

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# DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE

Diagnostic Procedure	ABS0081M	
Go to LAN-2, "Precautions When Using CONSULT-II"		A
		EC
		С
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		K
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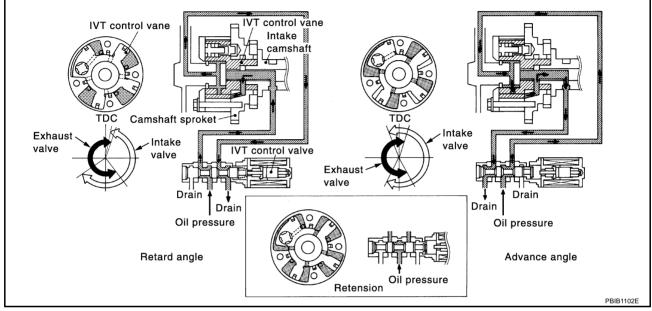
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# DTC P0011, P0021 IVT CONTROL

#### Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine anod			
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed	Intake valve	Intake valve timing control	
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature	timing control	solenoid valve	
Wheel sensor*	Vehicle speed			

\*: This signal is sent to ECM through CAN communication line.



This mechanism hydraulically controls cam phases continuously with the fixed operating angle of the intake valve.

The ECM receives signals such as crankshaft position, camshaft position, engine speed, and engine coolant temperature. Then, the ECM sends ON/OFF pulse duty signals to the intake valve timing control solenoid valve depending on driving status. This makes it possible to control the shut/open timing of the intake valve to increase engine torque in low/mid speed range and output in high-speed range.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

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Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	–5° - 5°CA
INT/V TIM (B1) INT/V TIM (B2)	• Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)		Approx. 0° - 30°CA
	<ul> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> </ul>	When revving engine up to 2,000 rpm quickly	
	<ul> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	quotty	
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0% - 2%
	<ul> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	When revving engine up to 2,000 rpm quickly	Approx. 0% - 50%

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# DTC P0011, P0021 IVT CONTROL

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	Detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0011 0011			Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	EC
(Bank 1)	Intake valve timing	There is a gap between angle of target and	Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	
P0021 0021 (Bank 2)	0021	phase-control angle degree.	<ul> <li>Accumulation of debris to the signal pick-up portion of the camshaft</li> </ul>	С

#### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
Intake valve timing control	The signal is not energized to the solenoid valve and the valve control does not function.	

### DTC Confirmation Procedure

#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive at a safe speed.

NOTE:

- If DTC P0011 or P0021 is displayed with DTC P1111 or P1136, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P1111 or P1136. Refer to <u>EC-403</u>.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10V and 16V at idle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Maintain the following conditions for at least 6 consecutive seconds.

Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

VHCL SPEED SE	100 - 120 km/h (63 - 75 MPH)
ENG SPEED	2,000 - 4,000 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	60 - 120°C (140 - 248°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	More than 7.26 msec
Selector lever	A/T models: D position M/T models: 5th position

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED B/FUEL SCHDL COOLAN TENP/S VHCL SPEED SE NT/V TIM (B1) NT/V TIM (B2) NT/V SOL (B1) NT/V SOL (B2)	XXX rpm XXX msec XXX °C XXX km/h XXX °CA XXX °CA XXX °CA XXX % XXX %

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- 4. Stop vehicle with engine running and let engine idle for 10 seconds.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-144, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to next step.
- 6. Maintain the following conditions for at least 20 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,700 - 3,175 rpm (A constant rotation is maintained.)
COOLANT TEMPS	70 - 105°C (158 - 221°F)
Selector lever	1st or 2nd position
Driving location uphill	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.)

7. If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-144, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

1. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to EC-302, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS).

# 2. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

Refer to EC-310, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE).

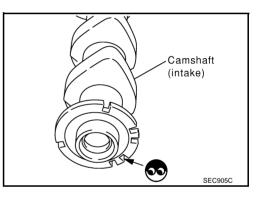
# **3.** CHECK CAMSHAFT (INTAKE)

Check the following.

- Accumulation of debris to the signal plate of camshaft rear end
- Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft rear end or replace camshaft.



### 4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-129</u>, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"</u>. For wiring diagram, refer to <u>EC-298</u> for CKP sensor (POS), <u>EC-304</u> and <u>EC-306</u> for CMP sensor (PHASE).

#### >> INSPECTION END

ABS0081R

### DTC P0031, P0032, P0051, P0052 HO2S1 HEATER

#### Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	EC
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	Heated oxygen sensor 1		
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant tempera- ture	heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater	С

The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater corresponding to the engine speed and engine coolant temperature. The duty percent varies with engine coolant temperature when engine is started.

#### OPERATION

		F
Engine speed rpm	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater	
Above 3,600	OFF	
Below 3,600 after warming up	ON	F

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
HO2S1 HTR (B1) HO2S1 HTR (B2)	<ul><li>Engine: After warming up</li><li>Engine speed: Below 3,600 rpm</li></ul>	ON	Н
	<ul> <li>Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm</li> </ul>	OFF	

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0031 0031 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 1 heater circuit is</li> </ul>	
P0051 0051 (Bank 2)	control circuit low	(An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater.)	<ul><li>open or shorted.)</li><li>Heater oxygen sensor 1 heater</li></ul>	
P0032 0032 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 1 heater circuit is</li> </ul>	
P0052 0052 (Bank 2)	<ul> <li>sensor 1 heater</li> <li>control circuit high</li> </ul>	(An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 1 heater.)	<ul><li>shorted.)</li><li>Heater oxygen sensor 1 heater</li></ul>	

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### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

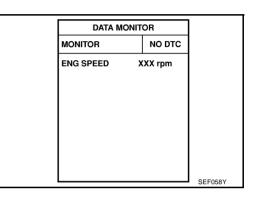
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine and run it for at least 6 seconds at idle speed.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-150, "Diagnostic Procedure"

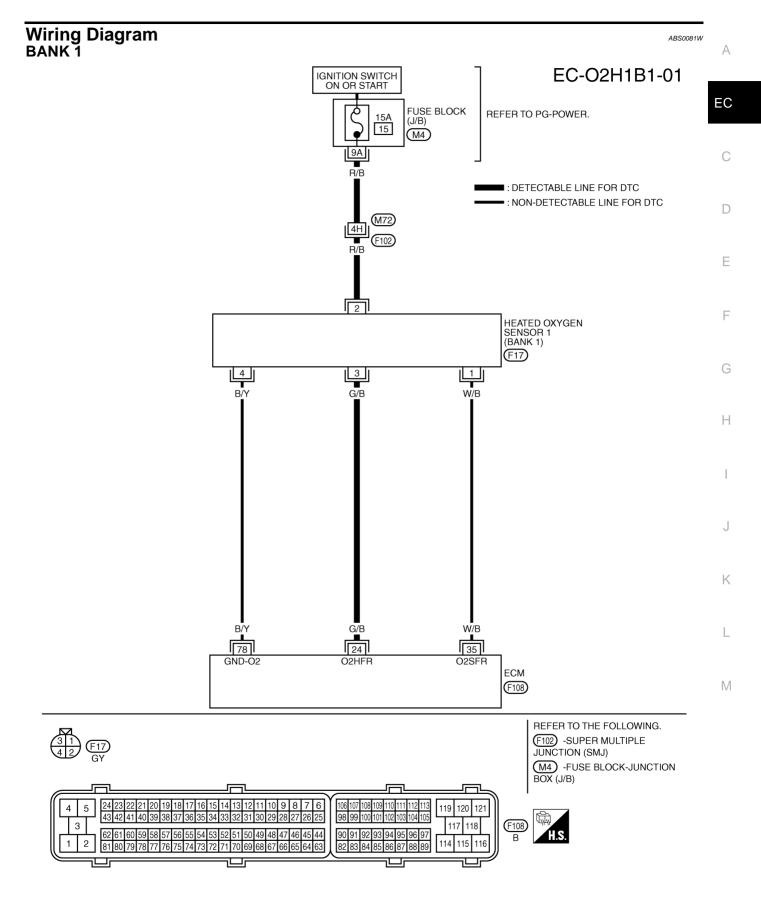


#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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### DTC P0031, P0032, P0051, P0052 HO2S1 HEATER



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

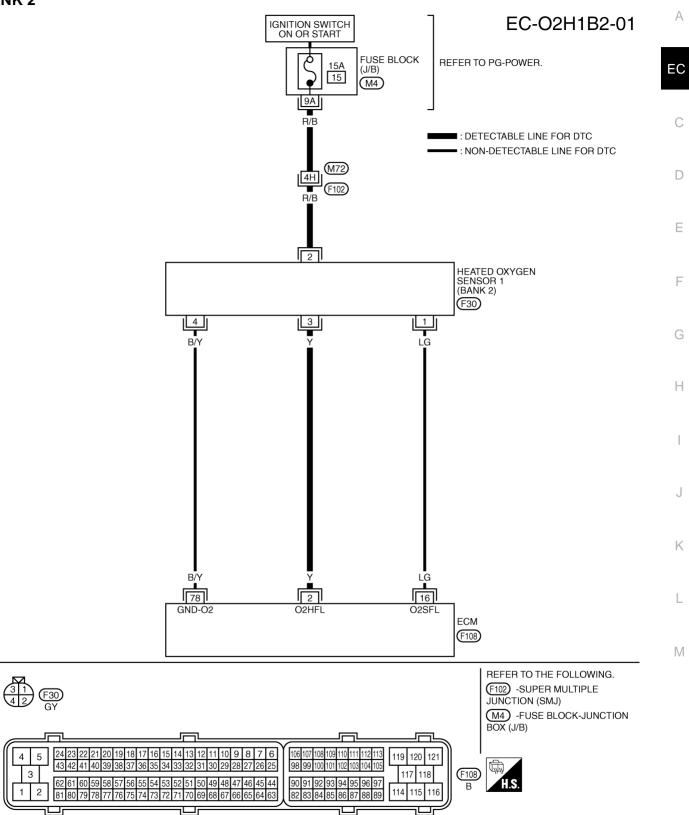
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
24	G/B	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm.</li> </ul>	Approximately 8V★
			[Engine is running]	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			<ul> <li>Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.</li> </ul>	(11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
2	Y	Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm.</li> </ul>	Approximately 8V★
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

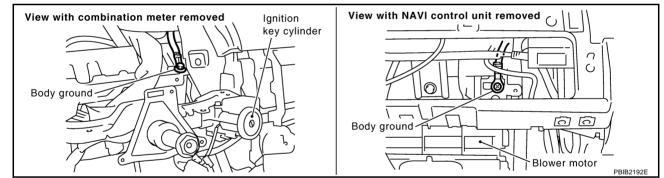
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★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

### Diagnostic Procedure

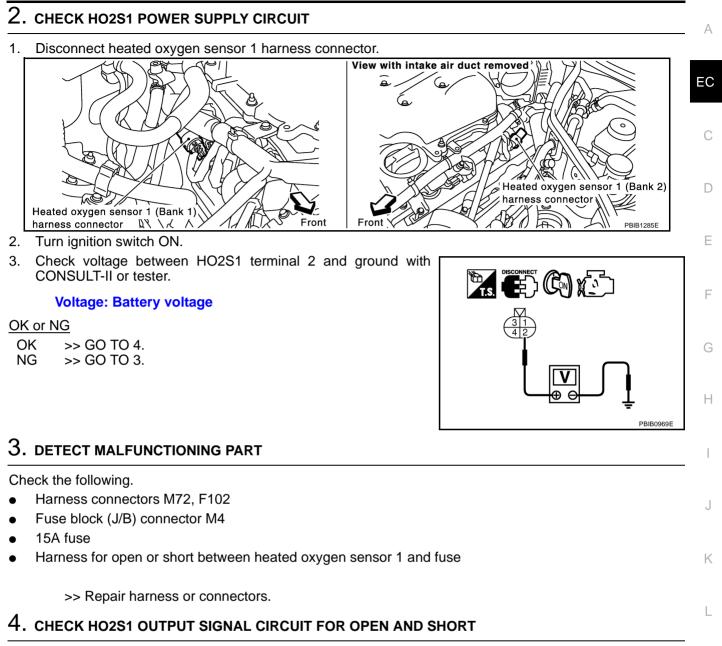
### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.



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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Darik
P0031, P0032	24	3	1
P0051, P0052	2	3	2

### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

- OK or NG
- OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### EC-151

### 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-152, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

#### 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 HEATER

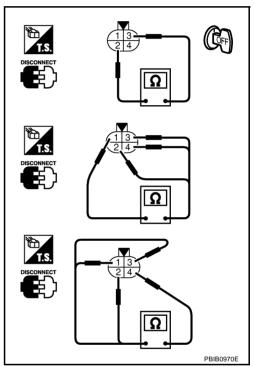
1. Check resistance between HO2S1 terminals as follows.

Terminal No.	Resistance
2 and 3	3.3 - 4.0 Ω at 25°C (77°F)
1 and 2, 3, 4	$\infty \Omega$
4 and 1, 2, 3	(Continuity should not exist)

2. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 1.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



### **Removal and Installation**

**HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1** 

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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### DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER

### Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	E
Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)		Low anoton		
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant tempera- ture	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater control	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater	C
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			-

The ECM performs ON/OFF control of the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater corresponding to the engine speed, amount of intake air and engine coolant temperature.

#### OPERATION

Engine speed rpm	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater	
Above 3,600	OFF	
Below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.		F
<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>	ON	
<ul> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>		G

### **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

#### Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	1
HO2S2 HTR (B1) HO2S2 HTR (B2)	<ul> <li>Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load</li> </ul>	ON	J
	• Engine speed: Above 3,600 rpm	OFF	_

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause		
P0037 0037 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater sor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range.		sor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal rande		(The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is
P0057 0057 (Bank 2)	control circuit low	(An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.)	open or shorted.) • Heater oxygen sensor 2 heater		
P0038 0038 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen	The current amperage in the heated oxygen sen- sor 2 heater circuit is out of the normal range.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The heated oxygen sensor 2 heater circuit is</li> </ul>		
P0058 0058 (Bank 2)	sensor 2 heater control circuit high ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater.) (An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the heated oxygen sensor 2 heater oxygen sensor 2 heater		,		

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### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is between 10.5V and 16V at idle.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start the engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 rpm and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-158, "Diagnostic Procedure"

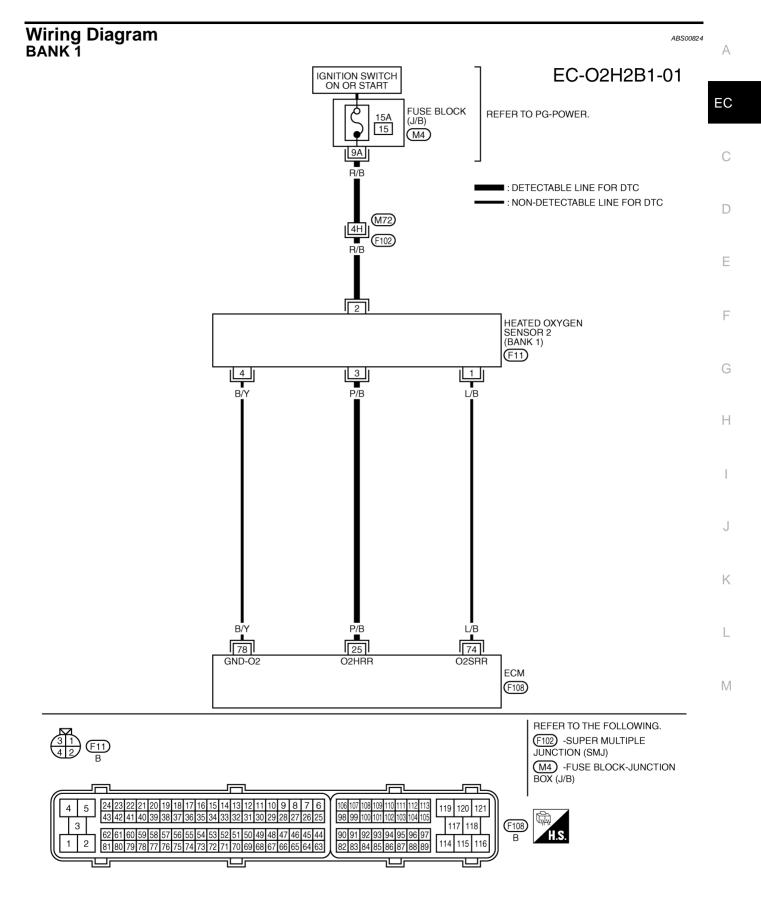
DATA MONIT	ÖR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
COOLAN TEMP/S VHCL SPEED SE X		
		SEF176Y

#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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### DTC P0037, P0038, P0057, P0058 HO2S2 HEATER



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

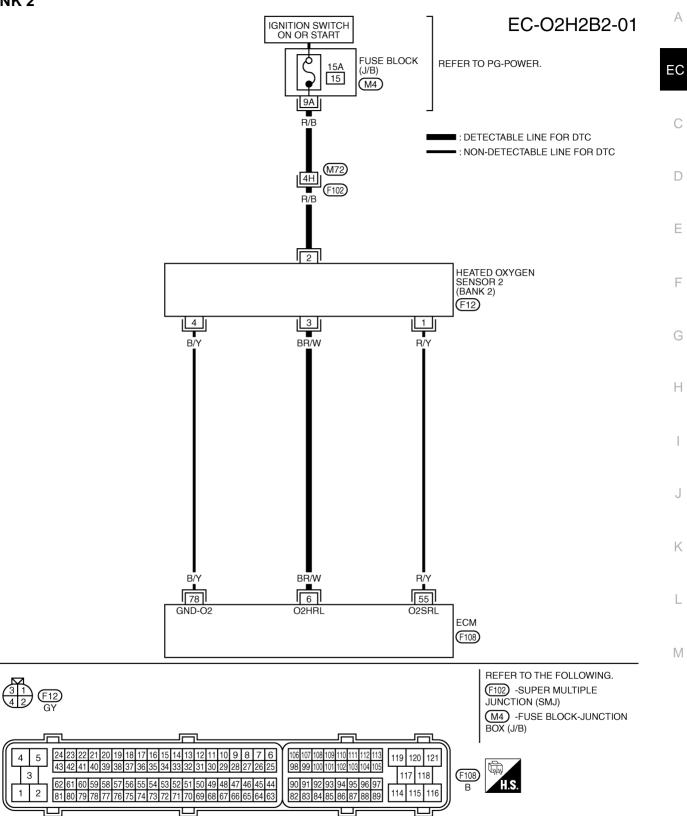
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
25	P/B	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>Engine: after warming up</li> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V
			<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)



4

1



Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### CAUTION:

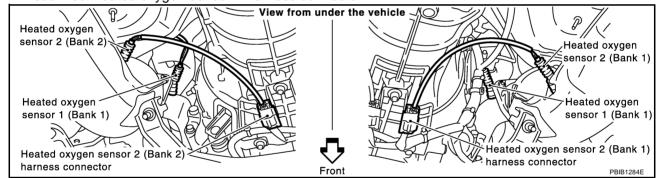
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
			[Engine is running]	
			<ul> <li>Engine speed is below 3,600 rpm after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Engine: after warming up</li> </ul>	0 - 1.0V
6	BR/W	Heated oxygen sensor 2 heater (bank 2)	<ul> <li>Keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>	
			[Ignition switch: ON]	
			Engine stopped	BATTERY VOLTAGE
			[Engine is running]	(11 - 14V)
			<ul> <li>Engine speed is above 3,600 rpm.</li> </ul>	

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

ABS00825

- 1. CHECK H02S2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.

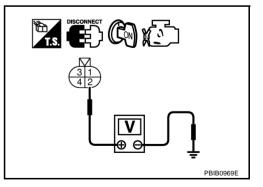


- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between HO2S2 terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> GO TO 2.



2. DETECT I	MALFUNCTION	IING PART			Α
Check the follo	wing.				
Harness c	onnectors M72,	F102			50
	k (J/B) connecto	or M4			EC
• 15A fuse		h . (			
Harness to	or open or short	between heate	ed oxygen sen	sor 2 and fuse	С
>> Re	epair harness or	connectors.			
				EN AND SHORT	D
-	on switch OFF.				Е
	t ECM harness		torminal and L	10282 terminal as follows	
	/iring Diagram.	Delween ECM	terminal and r	IO2S2 terminal as follows.	
		ninals		-	F
DTC	ECM	Sensor	- Bank		
P0037, P0038	25	3	1	_	G
P0057, P0058	6	3	2	_	0
Contin				-	
	uity should ex				Н
4. Also checl OK or NG	k harness for sh	iort to ground a	na snort to po	wer.	
	O TO 4.				
		it or short to gro	ound or short t	o power in harness or connectors.	
4. снеск н	EATED OXYGE	EN SENSOR 2	HEATER		J
Refer to EC-16	0, "Component	Inspection".			
OK or NG					K
	О ТО 5.				
NG >> Re	eplace malfuncti	ioning heated o	xygen sensor	2.	
5. снеск ім	ITERMITTENT	INCIDENT			L
Refer to EC-12	29, "TROUBLE I	DIAGNOSIS FO		TENT INCIDENT" .	
					Μ

### >> INSPECTION END

### Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 HEATER

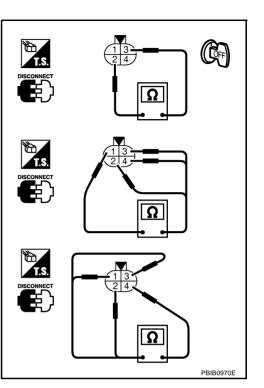
1. Check resistance between HO2S2 terminals as follows.

Terminal No.	Resistance
2 and 3	5.0 - 7.0 Ω at 25°C (77°F)
1 and 2, 3, 4	Ω ∞
4 and 1, 2, 3	(Continuity should not exist)

2. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.



#### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

ABS00827

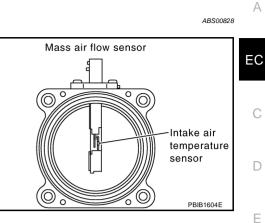
ABS00826

### **DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR**

### **Component Description**

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. The mass air flow sensor controls the temperature of the hot wire to a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the electric current supplied to hot wire is changed to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.



### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION	-
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	Approx. 0.9 - 1.2V	•
MAS A/F SE-B1	Air conditioner switch: OFF			-
WAS AN SE-DI	• Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)	2,500 rpm	Approx. 1.6 - 1.9V	
	No-load			
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	5% - 35%	-
CAL/LD VALUE	• Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)			-
CAL/LD VALUE	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,500 rpm	5% - 35%	
	No-load			
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 6.0 g⋅m/s	-
MASS AIRFLOW	• Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)			-
	Air conditioner switch: OFF	2,500 rpm	7.0 - 20.0 g⋅m/s	
	No-load			

#### Specification data are reference values.

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name		DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
	Mass air flow sensor cir-	A)	A high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under light load driving condition.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>	
P0101 0101	cuit range/performance problem	B)	A low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM under heavy load driving condition.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>	-

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	Intake air temperature sensor
	PBIB1604E
e	ABS00825

PFP:22680

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A

#### NOTE:

If engine will not start or stops soon, wait at least 10 seconds with engine stopped (Ignition switch ON) instead of running engine at idle speed.

### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 seconds at idle speed.
- 5. If DTC is detected, go to EC-165, "Diagnostic Procedure".

DATA MON	ITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C	
		SEF174Y

### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B

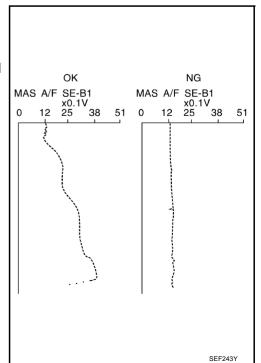
#### **CAUTION:**

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
   If engine cannot be started, go to <u>EC-165, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Check the voltage of "MAS A/F SE-B1" with "DATA MONITOR".
- 5. Increases engine speed to about 4,000 rpm.
- 6. Monitor the linear voltage rise in response to engine speed increases.

If NG, go to <u>EC-165, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If OK, go to following step.



ABS0082B

7. Maintain the following conditions for at least 10 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	More than 2,000 rpm
THRTL SEN 1	More than 3V
THRTL SEN 2	More than 3V
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Driving vehicle uphill (Increased engine load) will help maintain the driving conditions required for this test.

8. If DTC is detected, go to EC-165, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

#### **Overall Function Check PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the mass air flow sensor circuit. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

#### With GST

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. 1.
- Select "MODE 1" with GST. 2.
- Check the mass air flow sensor signal with "MODE 1". 3.
- Check for linear mass air flow sensor signal value rise in 4. response to increases to about 4,000 rpm in engine speed.
- If NG, go to EC-165, "Diagnostic Procedure" . 5.

CALC LOAD COOLANT TEMP SHORT FT #1 LONG FT #1 SHORT FT #2 LONG FT #2 ENGINE SPD VEHICLE SPD IGN ADVANCE INTAKE AIR MAF THROTTLE POS	20% 95°C 2% 0% 4% 0% 2637RPM 0MPH 41.0° 41°C 14.1cm/sec 3%	
	SEF534F	

DATA MONITOR

NO DTC

XXX rpm

XXX km/h

xxx v

XXX V

MONITOR

ENG SPEED

VHCL SPEED SE

THRTL SEN 1

THRTL SEN 2

А

EC

С

D

F

F

Κ

L

Μ

PBIB0199E

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### **DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR**

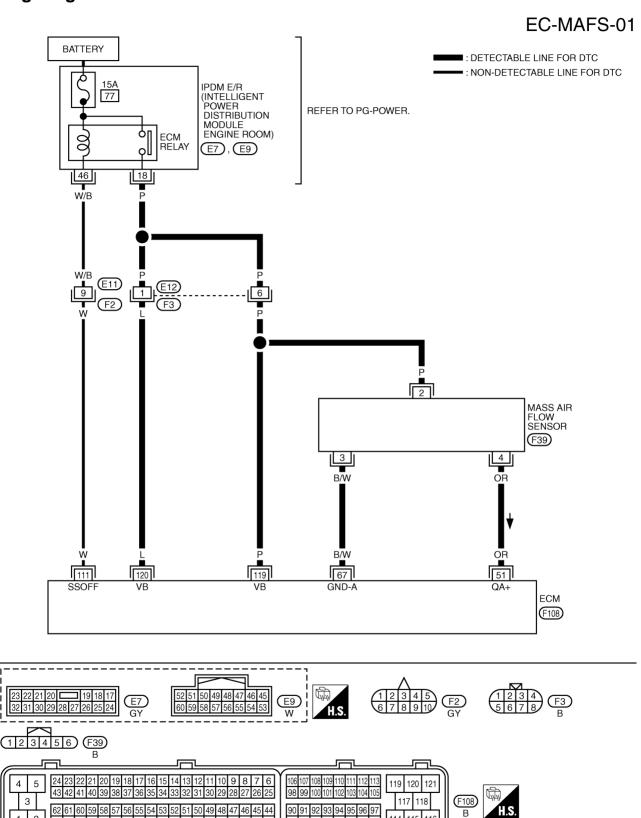
### Wiring Diagram

2

81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63

JUJ

1



TBWT0646E

ABS0082D

82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89

114 115

116

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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-				_	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	E
51	OR	Mass air flow sensor	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	0.9 - 1.2V	0
51	UK		<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.</li> </ul>	1.6 - 1.9V	
67	B/W	Sensor ground	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> </ul>	Approximately 0V	— E
111 W	w	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V	(
			<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	ŀ
119 120	P L	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. INSPECTION START

Which malfunction (A or B) is duplicated?

#### <u>A or B</u>

A >> GO TO 3. B >> GO TO 2.

### 2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct and intake manifold

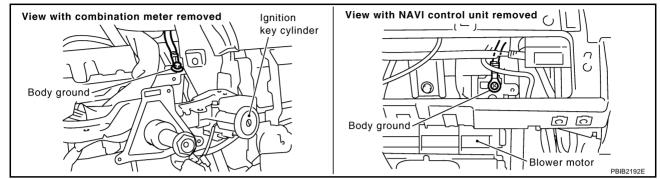
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Reconnect the parts.

### $\overline{\mathbf{3.}}$ check ground connections

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



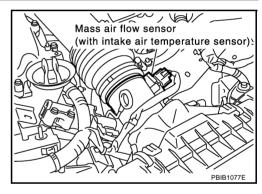
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### 4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

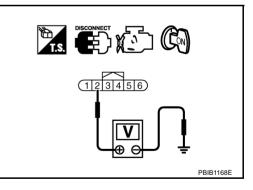


3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



### 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E12, F3
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and mass air flow sensor
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

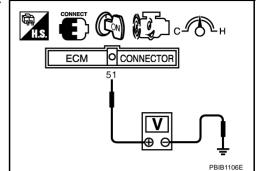
### DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR

6. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	А
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	EC
Continuity should exist.	С
<ol><li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li><li>OK or NG</li></ol>	
OK 01 NG OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	D
7. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	E
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 51. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	
Continuity should exist.	F
2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
OK or NG	G
<ul> <li>OK &gt;&gt; GO TO 8.</li> <li>NG &gt;&gt; Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.</li> </ul>	
8. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR	Н
Refer to EC-168, "Component Inspection".	
<u>OK or NG</u>	
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.	J
9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	J
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	K
>> INSPECTION END	
	L
	M

### Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 51 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	Voltage V
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	0.9 - 1.2
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.6 - 1.9
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	0.9 - 1.2 to Approx. 2.4



\*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
  - Turn ignition switch OFF.
  - Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
  - Perform steps 2 and 3 again.
- 5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot wire for damage or dust.
- 6. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

#### Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-16, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

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### DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR

### **Component Description**

Specification data are reference values.

The mass air flow sensor is placed in the stream of intake air. It measures the intake flow rate by measuring a part of the entire intake flow. The mass air flow sensor controls the temperature of the hot wire to a certain amount. The heat generated by the hot wire is reduced as the intake air flows around it. The more air, the greater the heat loss.

Therefore, the electric current supplied to hot wire is changed to maintain the temperature of the hot wire as air flow increases. The ECM detects the air flow by means of this current change.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

MONITOR ITEM CONDITION SPECIFICATION • Engine: After warming up Idle Approx. 0.9 - 1.2V • Air conditioner switch: OFF MAS A/F SE-B1 • Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) 2,500 rpm Approx. 1.6 - 1.9V No-load • Engine: After warming up 5% - 35% Idle • Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) CAL/LD VALUE • Air conditioner switch: OFF 2,500 rpm 5% - 35% No-load • Engine: After warming up Idle 2.0 - 6.0 g·m/s Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T) MASS AIRFLOW • Air conditioner switch: OFF 7.0 - 20.0 g·m/s 2,500 rpm No-load

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	L
P0102 0102	Mass air flow sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>	Μ
P0103 0103	Mass air flow sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>	

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode	
Mass air flow sensor circuit	Engine speed will not rise more than 2,400 rpm due to the fuel cut.	

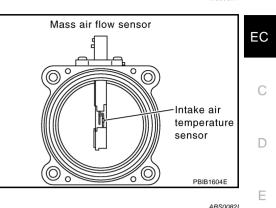
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### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

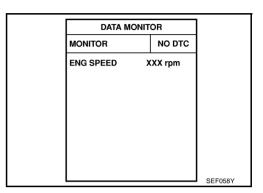
#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0102

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-172, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

### **PROCEDURE FOR DTC P0103**

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-172</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If DTC is not detected, go to next step.
- 5. Start engine and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-172, "Diagnostic Procedure".

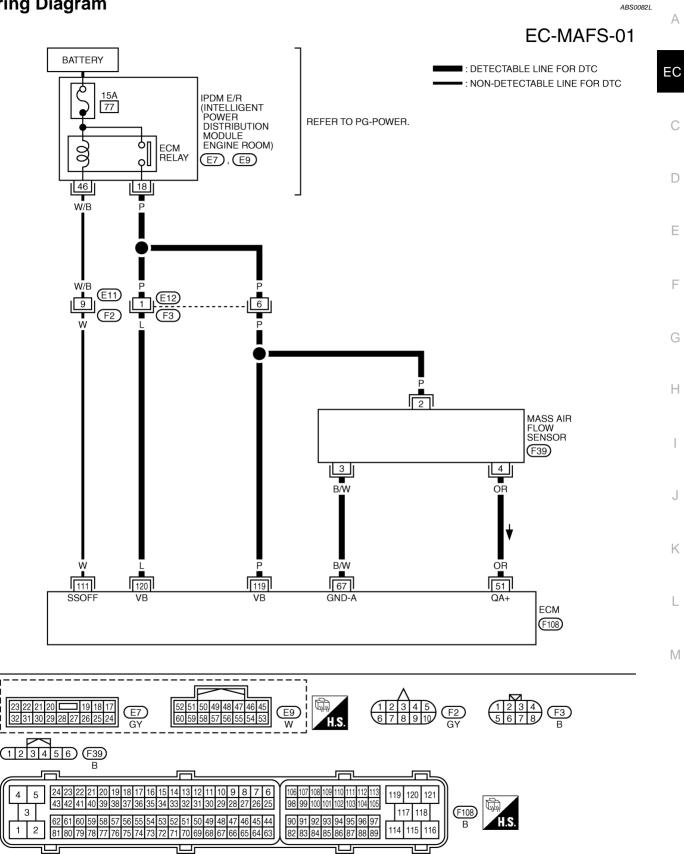
DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR NO DTC		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	

#### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

### DTC P0102, P0103 MAF SENSOR





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### EC-171

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
51	OR	Mass air flow sensor	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	0.9 - 1.2V
51			<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.</li> </ul>	1.6 - 1.9V
67	B/W	Sensor ground	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
111	W	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V
			<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	P L	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

#### 1. INSPECTION START

Which malfunction (P0102 or P0103) is duplicated?

P0102 or P0103

P0102 >> GO TO 2. P0103 >> GO TO 3.

### 2. CHECK INTAKE SYSTEM

Check the following for connection.

- Air duct
- Vacuum hoses
- Intake air passage between air duct and intake manifold

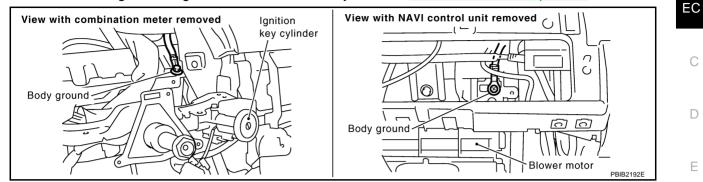
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Reconnect the parts.

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## $\overline{\mathbf{3}}$ . CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



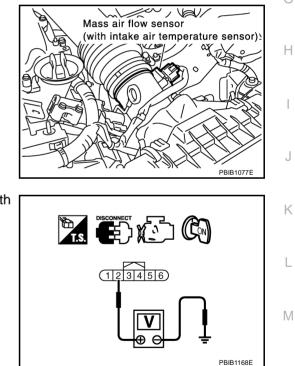
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### 4. CHECK MAF SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow (MAF) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



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# 3. Check voltage between MAF sensor terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 6.
NG	>> GO TO 5.



Check the following.

- Harness connectors E12, F3
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and mass air flow sensor
- Harness for open or short between mass air flow sensor and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

### 6. CHECK MAF SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 7. CHECK MAF SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between MAF sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 51. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 8. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EC-175, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.

### 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

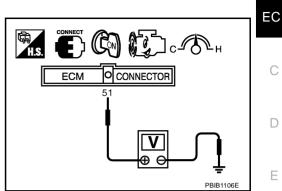
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

### Component Inspection MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 51 (Mass air flow sensor signal) and ground.

Condition	Voltage V
Ignition switch ON (Engine stopped.)	Approx. 0.4
Idle (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	0.9 - 1.2
2,500 rpm (Engine is warmed-up to normal operating temperature.)	1.6 - 1.9
Idle to about 4,000 rpm*	0.9 - 1.2 to Approx. 2.4



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\*: Check for linear voltage rise in response to engine being increased to about 4,000 rpm.

- 4. If the voltage is out of specification, proceed the following.
  - Turn ignition switch OFF.
  - Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector and reconnect it again.
  - Perform steps 2 and 3 again.
- 5. If NG, remove mass air flow sensor from air duct. Check hot wire for damage or dust.
- 6. If NG, clean or replace mass air flow sensor.

#### Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-16, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

### DTC P0112, P0113 IAT SENSOR

### **Component Description**

The intake air temperature sensor is built-into mass air flow sensor. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

#### <Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
25 (77)	3.32	1.94 - 2.06
80 (176)	1.23	0.295 - 0.349

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 34 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0112 0112	Intake air tempera- ture sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors</li> <li>(The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> </ul>
P0113 0113	Intake air tempera- ture sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Intake air temperature sensor

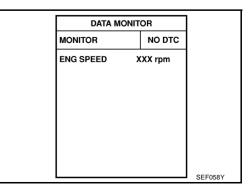
### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

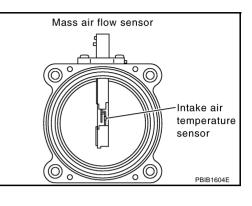
#### B WITH CONSULT-II

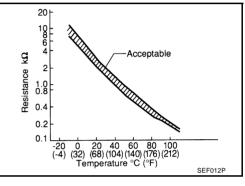
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-179, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>



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Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

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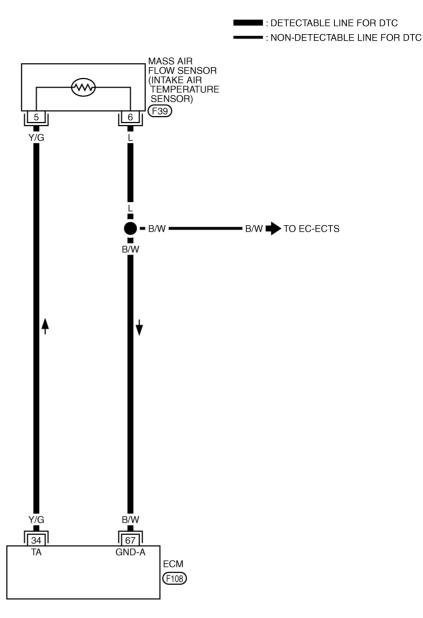
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EC-177

### Wiring Diagram

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### EC-IATS-01



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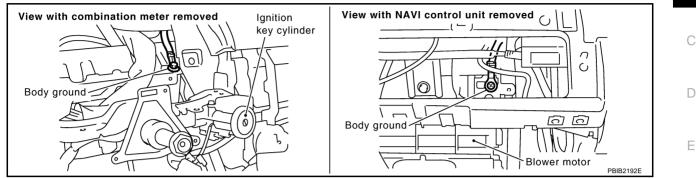
			L_
4         5         24/23/22/21/20           43/42/41/40/39         43/42/41/40/39           62/61/60/59/58         81/80/79/78/77	19       18       17       16       15       14       13       12       11       10       9       8       7       6         38       37       36       35       34       33       32       31       30       29       28       27       26       25         57       56       55       54       53       52       51       50       49       48       47       46       45       44         76       75       74       73       72       71       70       69       68       67       66       65       64       63	98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 117 118 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97	121 3 116 B B H.S.
			F

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### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" . 2.



#### OK or NG

3.

ground.

OK or NG

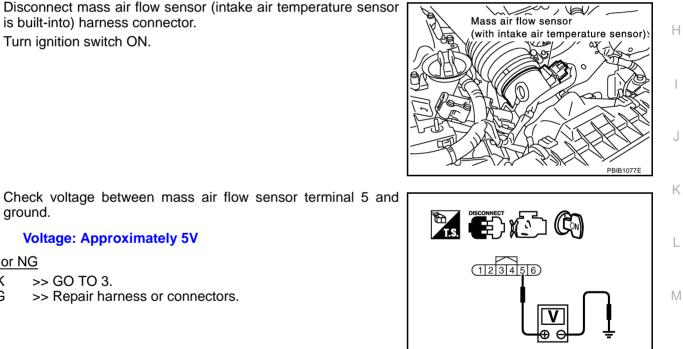
OK

NG

- >> GO TO 2. OK
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### 2. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect mass air flow sensor (intake air temperature sensor is built-into) harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



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# 3. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.

>> GO TO 3.

2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.

Voltage: Approximately 5V

>> Repair harness or connectors.

3. Check harness continuity between mass air flow sensor terminal 6 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### EC-179

### 4. CHECK INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-180, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).

### 5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

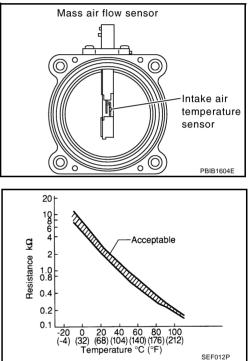
#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between mass air flow sensor terminals 5 and 6 under the following conditions.

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
25 (77)	1.94 - 2.06

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).



Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-16, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

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#### DTC P0117, P0118 ECT SENSOR

#### **Component Description**

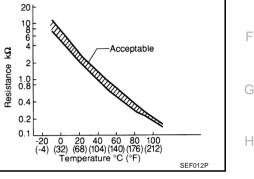
The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

# Terminal EC Sensor Gasket SEF594K

#### <Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.



#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

#### On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

**Trouble Diagnosis** DTC No. **DTC Detecting Condition** Possible Cause Κ Name Engine coolant tem-P0117 An excessively low voltage from the sensor is perature sensor cirsent to ECM. 0117 Harness or connectors cuit low input (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.) Engine coolant tem- Engine coolant temperature sensor P0118 An excessively high voltage from the sensor is perature sensor cir-0118 sent to ECM. cuit high input Μ

#### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode		
	Engine coolant temperature will be determined by ECM based on the time after turning ignition switch ON or START. CONSULT-II displays the engine coolant temperature decided by ECM.		
	Condition	Engine coolant temperature decided (CONSULT-II display)	
Engine coolant temper-	Just as ignition switch is turned ON or START	40°C (104°F)	
ature sensor circuit	More than approx. 4 minutes after ignition ON or START	80°C (176°F)	
	Except as shown above	40 - 80°C (104 - 176°F) (Depends on the time)	
	When the fail-safe system for engine coolant tempera while engine is running.	ature sensor is activated, the cooling fan operates	

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#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-184, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

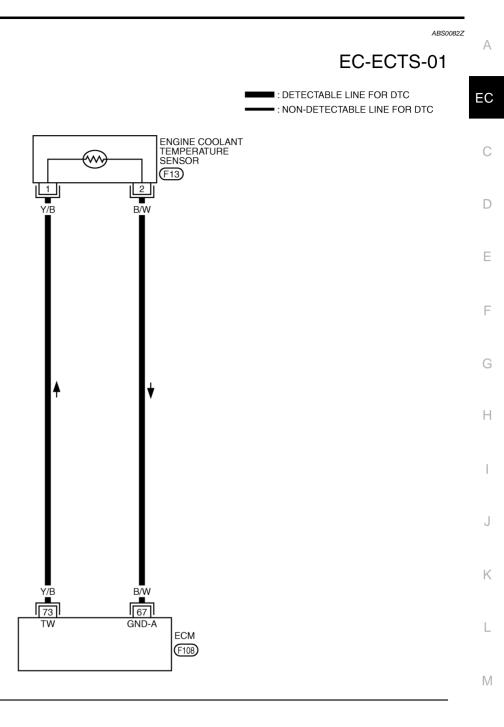
DATA M	ONITOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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## Wiring Diagram





4         5         24 23 22 21 20           43 42 41 40 39         43 42 41 40 39	19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25	98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105	20 121 118 (F108)
1         2         62         61         60         59         58           1         2         81         80         79         78         77	57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63	90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 114 11	I5 116 B H.S.

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#### **Diagnostic Procedure**

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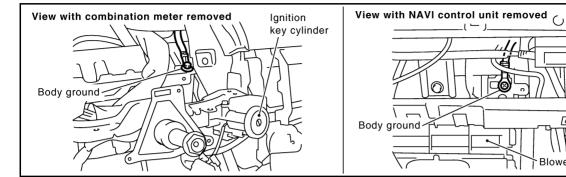
PBIB2192E

6

Blower motor

#### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

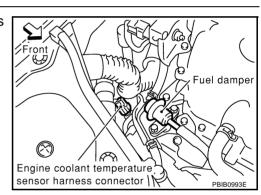


#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

#### 2. CHECK ECT SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

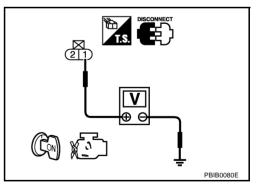


3. Check voltage between ECT sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

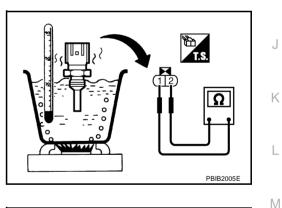


3. CHECK ECT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN	I AND SHORT
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between ECT sensor terminal Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	2 and ECM terminal 67. EC
Continuity should exist.	C
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to pow	/er.
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 4.	D
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to	power in harness or connectors.
4. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSO	R
Refer to EC-185, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	F
OK >> GO TO 5.	Г
NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.	
5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	G
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMIT	ENT INCIDENT"
>> INSPECTION END	Н

## **Component Inspection**

#### ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



#### <Reference data>

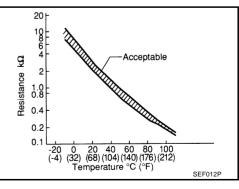
Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

#### Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to CO-34, "WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING" .



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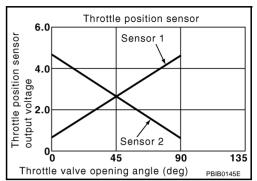
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#### DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

#### **Component Description**

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



#### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN1 THRTL SEN2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
	(Engine stopped) ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

\*: Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No. DTC detecting condition Possible cause Trouble diagnosis name P0122 • Harness or connectors Throttle position sensor An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor 0122 2 is sent to ECM. 2 circuit low input (TP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.) (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) Electric throttle control actuator P0123 Throttle position sensor An excessively high voltage from the TP sen-(TP sensor 2) 0123 2 circuit high input sor 2 is sent to ECM. • Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2)

#### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

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#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

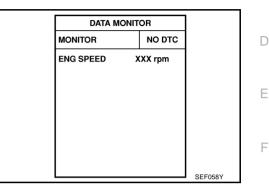
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

#### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and let it idle for 1 second. 3.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-189, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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#### Wiring Diagram

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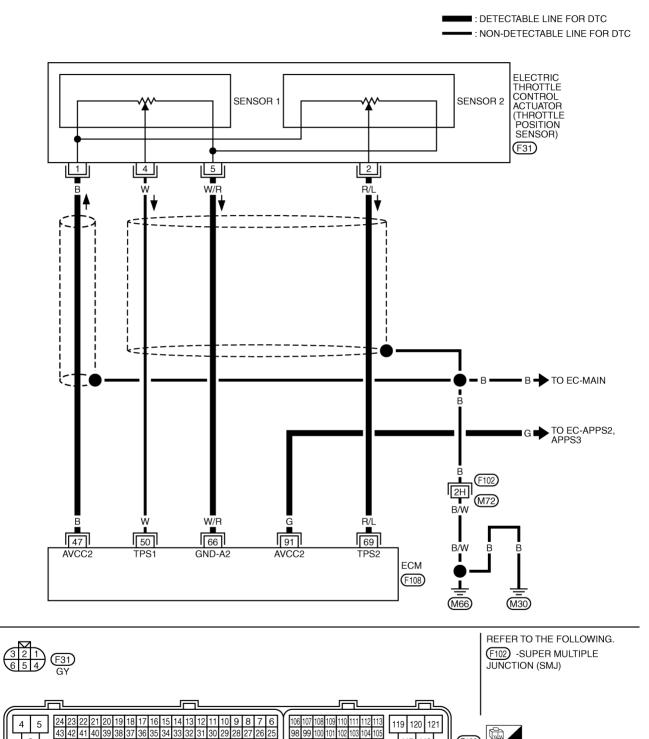
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EC-TPS2-01



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50 49

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81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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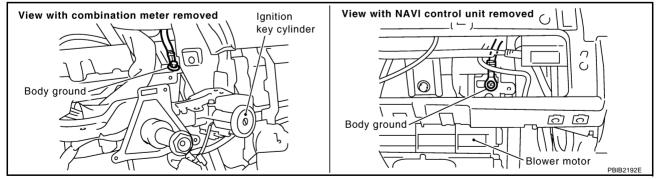
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TER- /INAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)		
47	В	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V		
50	10/	Throttle position concer 1	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V		
50 W	50	vv	Throttle position sensor 1	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li> </ul>	Less than 4.75V	
66	W/R	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V		
60	D.4		<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	Less than 4.75V		
69	R/L	Throttle position sensor 2	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V		
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V		

#### Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

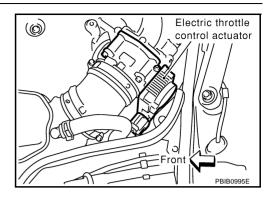


#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

## 2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

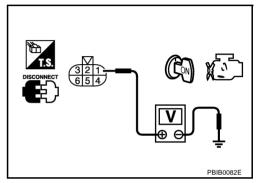


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



## 3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ECM terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace open circuit.

#### 4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 1	<u>EC-188</u>
91	APP sensor terminal 4	<u>EC-563</u>

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-567, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

#### EC-190

### DTC P0122, P0123 TP SENSOR

6.	REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY	Δ
1. 2.	Replace accelerator pedal assembly. Perform <u>EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"</u> .	EC
3. 4.	Perform <u>EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"</u> . Perform <u>EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	EC
	>> INSPECTION END	С
7.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	— D
1. 2. 3.	Turn ignition switch OFF. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 5 and ECM terminal 66. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	E
	Continuity should exist.	F
	Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	Г
O N		G
8.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	Н
1.	Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 69 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
	Continuity should exist.	I
_	or NG	J
O N		
9.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR	Κ
	fer to <u>EC-192, "Component Inspection"</u> .	L
0 0 N		Μ
1(	). REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR	IVI
1. 2. 3.	Replace the electric throttle control actuator. Perform <u>EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"</u> . Perform <u>EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	
	>> INSPECTION END	

## 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

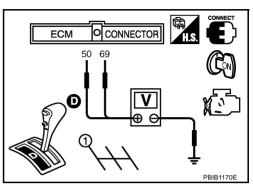
- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Set selector lever to D (A/T) or 1st (M/T) position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal), 69 (TP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

- 6. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 7. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 8. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

#### Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-18, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR" .



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#### DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

#### DTC P0125 ECT SENSOR

#### **Component Description**

#### NOTE:

If DTC P0125 is displayed with P0117 or P0118, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0117 or P0118. Refer to <u>EC-181</u>.

The engine coolant temperature sensor is used to detect the engine coolant temperature. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the engine coolant temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

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	Gasket –⁄ SEF594K
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- Sensor

#### <Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
-10 (14)	4.4	7.0 - 11.4
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

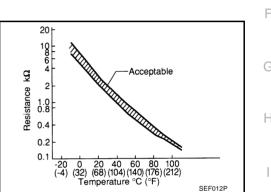
## CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

#### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0125 0125	Insufficient engine cool- ant temperature for closed loop fuel control	<ul> <li>Voltage sent to ECM from the sensor is not practical, even when some time has passed after starting the engine.</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature is insufficient for closed loop fuel control.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (High resistance in the circuit)</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> <li>Thermostat</li> </ul>	M



PFP:22630

Terminal 7

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#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### CAUTION:

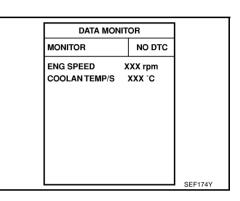
#### Be careful not to overheat engine.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check that "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 10°C (50°F). If it is above 10°C (50°F), the test result will be OK. If it is below 10°C (50°F), go to following step.
- Start engine and run it for 65 minutes at idle speed. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" increases to more than 10°C (50°F) within 65 minutes, stop engine because the test result will be OK.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-194, "Diagnostic Procedure"



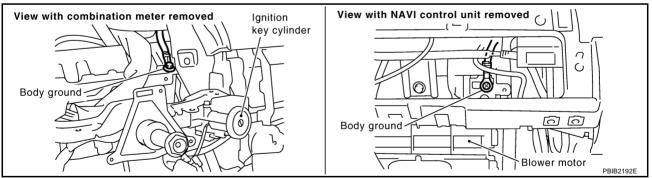
#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

#### **Diagnostic Procedure**

#### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

#### 2. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-195, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

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## $\overline{\mathbf{3}}$ . CHECK THERMOSTAT OPERATION

When the engine is cold [lower than 70°C (158°F)] condition, grasp lower radiator hose and confirm the engine coolant does not flow.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace thermostat. Refer to CO-32, "WATER INLET AND THERMOSTAT ASSEMBLY"

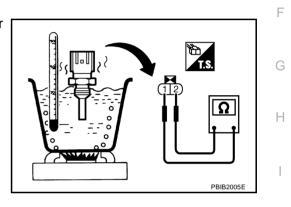
#### 4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-129</u>, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT". Refer to <u>EC-183</u>, "Wiring Diagram".

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### **Component Inspection** ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



Acceptable

-20 0 20 40 60 80 100 (-4) (32) (68) (104) (140) (176) (212) Temperature °C (°F)

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2 0.1 0.4 0.2 0.2

#### <Reference data>

Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

#### Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to CO-34, "WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING" .

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#### DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR

#### **Component Description**

The intake air temperature sensor is built into mass air flow sensor. The sensor detects intake air temperature and transmits a signal to the ECM.

The temperature sensing unit uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. Electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases in response to the temperature rise.

#### <Reference data>

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
25 (77)	3.32	1.94 - 2.06
80 (176)	1.23	0.295 - 0.349

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 34 (Intake air temperature sensor) and ground.

#### CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

#### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0127 0127	Intake air temperature too high	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage signal from engine coolant temperature sensor.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Intake air temperature sensor</li> </ul>

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### CAUTION:

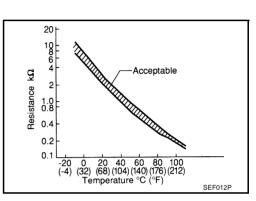
Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

**TESTING CONDITION:** 

This test may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Wait until engine coolant temperature is less than 90°C (194°F)
- a. Turn ignition switch ON.



Mass air flow sensor

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Intake air temperature sensor

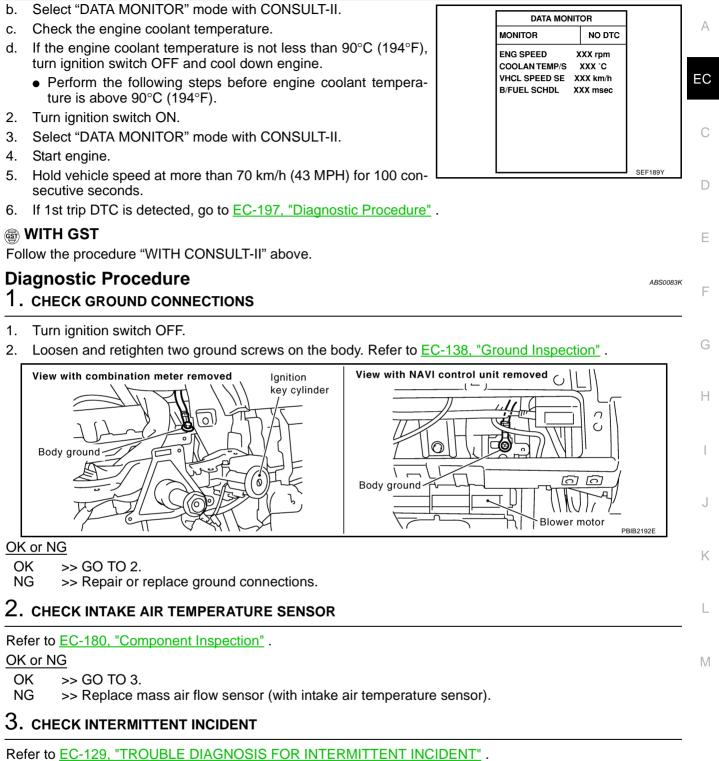
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#### DTC P0127 IAT SENSOR



Refer to EC-178, "Wiring Diagram".

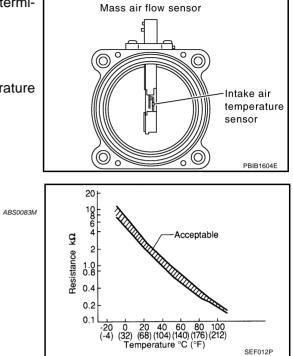
>> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between intake air temperature sensor terminals 5 and 6 under the following conditions.

Intake air temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
25 (77)	1.94 - 2.06

2. If NG, replace mass air flow sensor (with intake air temperature sensor).



# Removal and Installation MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

Refer to EM-16, "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT" .

#### **DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION**

#### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

Engine coolant temperature has not risen enough to open the thermostat even though the engine has run long enough.

This is due to a leak in the seal or the thermostat stuck open.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	-
P0128 0128	Thermostat function	The engine coolant temperature does not reach to specified temperature even though the engine has run long enough.	<ul> <li>Thermostat</li> <li>Leakage from sealing portion of thermostat</li> <li>Engine coolant temperature sensor</li> </ul>	C

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test. **TESTING CONDITION:** 

- For best results, perform at ambient temperature of -10°C (14°F) or higher.
- For best results, perform at engine coolant temperature of  $-10^{\circ}$ C (14°F) to 60°C (140°F).

#### (I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Replace thermostat with new one. Refer to CO-32. Use only a genuine NISSAN thermostat as a replacement. If an incorrect thermostat is used, the MIL may come on.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "COOLAN TEMP/S" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 3.
- Check that the "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F). 4. If it is below 60°C (140°F), go to following step. If it is above 60°C (140°F), cool down the engine to less than 60°C (140°F), then retry from step 1.
- Drive vehicle for 10 consecutive minutes under the following conditions. 5.

Diagnostic Proc 1. снеск емдіме	COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR	ABS0083P
1. Follow the proce	dure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.	
If 1st trip DTC is	detected, go to EC-199, "Diagnostic Procedure"	
VHCL SPEED SE	80 - 120 km/h (50 - 75 MPH)	

#### Refer to EC-200, "Component Inspection".

#### OK or NG

#### OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor. PFP:21200

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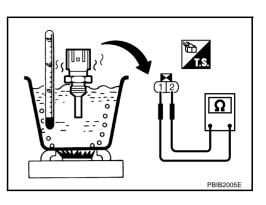
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#### **DTC P0128 THERMOSTAT FUNCTION**

#### Component Inspection ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

1. Check resistance between engine coolant temperature sensor terminals 1 and 2 as shown in the figure.



#### <Reference data>

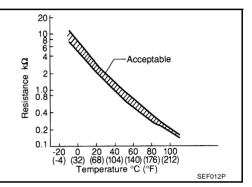
Engine coolant temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	3.5	2.1 - 2.9
50 (122)	2.2	0.68 - 1.00
90 (194)	0.9	0.236 - 0.260

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 73 (Engine coolant temperature sensor) and ground.

2. If NG, replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

#### Removal and Installation ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to CO-34, "WATER OUTLET AND WATER PIPING" .



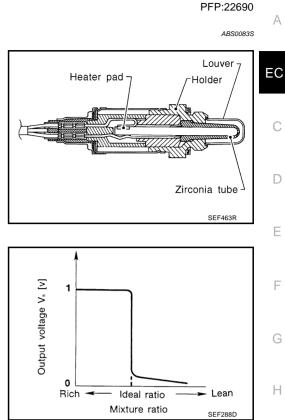
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#### DTC P0132, P0152 HO2S1

#### **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.



#### **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

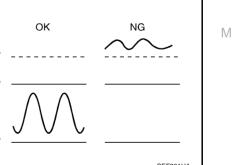
MONITOR ITEM	CON	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	J
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	$0 - 0.3V \leftrightarrow Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V$	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.	Κ

#### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

To judge the malfunction, the diagnosis checks that the heated oxygen sensor 1 output is not inordinately high.

## ΟK NG 1.4V 1V ٥v SEF301UA

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0132 0132 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> </ul>
P0152 0152 (Bank 2)	1 circuit high voltage	sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li> </ul>



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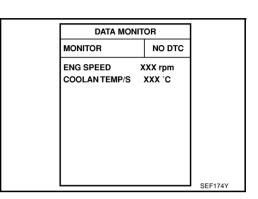
#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Restart engine and let it idle for 2 minutes.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-206, "Diagnostic Procedure"



#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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#### DTC P0132, P0152 HO2S1

#### Wiring Diagram BANK 1 ABS0083W А EC-02S1B1-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START EC FUSE BLOCK (J/B) Ċ REFER TO PG-POWER. 15A 15 (M4) 9A С R/B ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC D (M72) 4H (F102) Т R/B Е 2 F HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) (F17) G 3 4 B/Y G/B W/B Н I J Κ W/B G/B B/Y L 24 78 GND-O2 O2HFR O2SFR ECM Μ (F108) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. $\begin{array}{c} \hline 3 \\ 4 \\ \hline 9 \\$ (F102) -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) (M4) -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B) 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 4 5 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 119 120 121 43 25 98 99 (F108) 3 117 118 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 90 91 92 93 94 95 HS 97 В 114 115 2 116 1 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 ٦Шr

#### EC-203

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

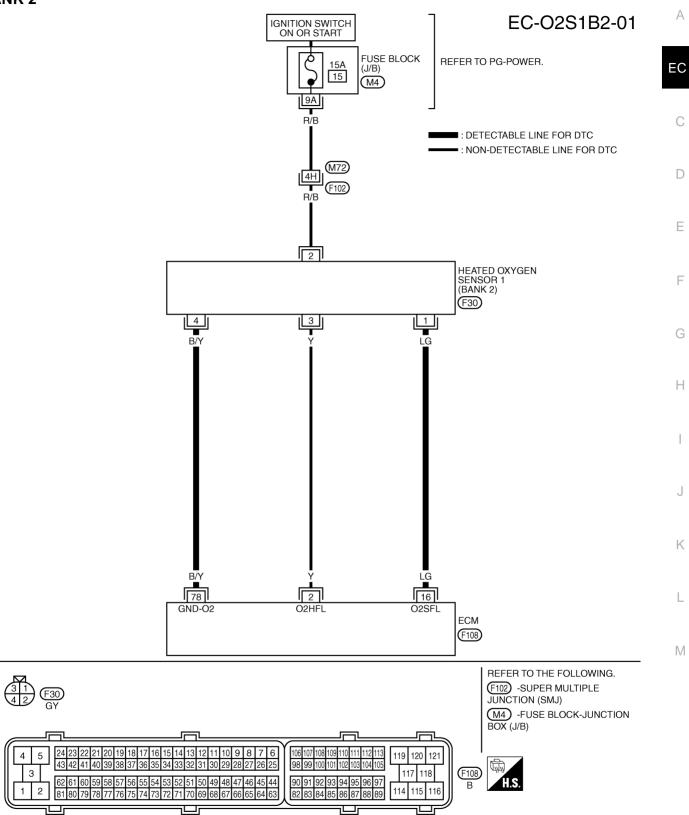
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
35	W/B	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</li></ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V



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#### **EC-205**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

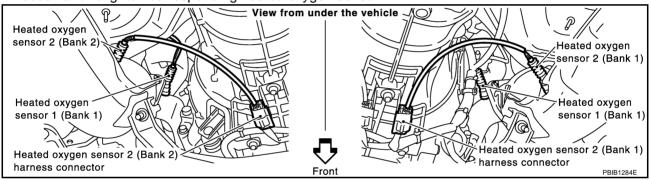
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
16	LG	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</li></ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

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## Diagnostic Procedure

#### 1. RETIGHTEN HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten corresponding heated oxygen sensor 1.

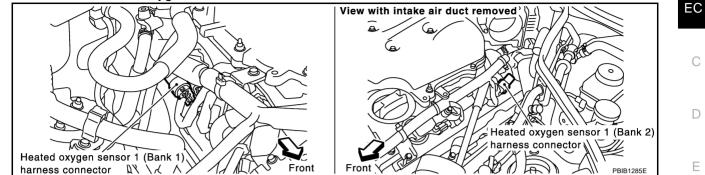


Tightening torque: 40 - 50 N·m (4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 2.

## $\overline{2}$ . CHECK HO2S1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.



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3. Check harness continuity between HO2S1 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

- 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.
- OK or NG
- OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 3. CHECK HO2S1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Darik
P0132	35	1	1
P0152	16	1	2

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dailk
P0132	35	1	1
P0152	16	1	2

#### Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK HO2S1 CONNECTOR FOR WATER

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.
- 3. Check connectors for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

### 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EC-209, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

#### 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### DTC P0132, P0152 HO2S1

#### **Component Inspection** ABS0083Y **HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1** А (R) With CONSULT-II Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. 1. EC Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-2. Ш Select "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)". 3. 4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps. 5. Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen. DATA MONITOR MONITOR NO DTC ENG SPEED XXX rpm MAS A/F SE-B1 xxx v COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C F HO2S1 (B1) XXX V HO2S1 MNTR (B1) LEAN F SEF646Y 6. Check the following. Bank 1 • "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode 1 2 3 4 5 cvcle HO2S1 MNTR (B1) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 sec-Н onds. Bank 2 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | cvcle "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once. HO2S1 MNTR (B2) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once. B means HO2S1 "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V. MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates RICH L means HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates LEAN SEF647Y 128 Trigger K ENG HO2S1 Maximum SPEED (B1) Maximum voltage should be over 0.6V at least one time. XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX 64 Minimum voltage XXX XXX should be below 0.30V XXX XXX XXX XXX at least one time. XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX Μ

#### **CAUTION:**

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• Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

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• Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 16 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and ground.
- Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.
  - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

1 time: 0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V

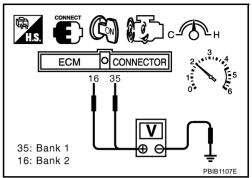
2 times: 0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

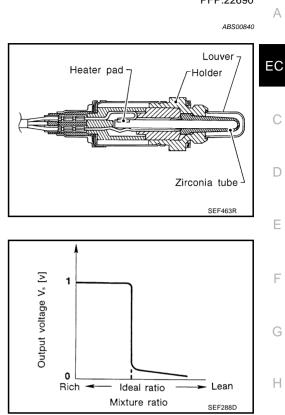


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#### DTC P0133, P0153 H02S1

#### **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.



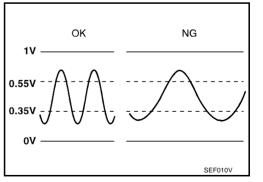
#### **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	J
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	$0 - 0.3V \leftrightarrow Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V$	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.	К

#### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

To judge the malfunction of heated oxygen sensor 1, this diagnosis measures response time of heated oxygen sensor 1 signal. The time is compensated by engine operating (speed and load), fuel feedback control constant, and heated oxygen sensor 1 temperature index. Judgment is based on whether the compensated time (heated oxygen sensor 1 cycling time index) is inordinately long or not.



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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0133 0133	Heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit slow response	The response of the voltage signal from the sensor takes more than the specified time.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)
(Bank 1)			<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li> </ul>
P0153 0153 (Bank 2)			Fuel pressure
			Injectors
			<ul> <li>Intake air leaks</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> </ul>
			PCV valve
			<ul> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

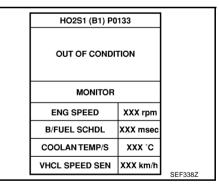
#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Always perform at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "HO2S1 (B1) P0133" or "HO2S1 (B2) P0153" of "HO2S1" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Touch "START".
- 5. Start engine and let it idle for at least 3 minutes. **NOTE:**

## Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm after this step. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, return to step 5.



HO2S1 (B1) P0		
TESTING		
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED XXX rpm		
B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec		
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C		
VHCL SPEED SEN	XXX km/h	0552207
		SEF339Z

6.	When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be dis-
	played on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions con-
	tinuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will
	take approximately 20 to 50 seconds.)

ENG SPEED	1,200 - 3,100 rpm
Vehicle speed	More than 80 km/h (50 MPH)
B/FUEL SCHDL	2.5 - 12.0 msec
Selector lever	Suitable position

If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

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 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-217, "Diagnostic</u> <u>Procedure"</u>.

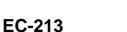
#### **Overall Function Check**

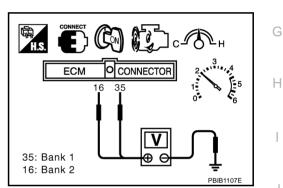
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1(B1) signal] or 16 [HO2S1(B2) signal] and F ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.

4. If NG, go to EC-217, "Diagnostic Procedure" .





HO2S1 (B1) P0133

COMPLETED

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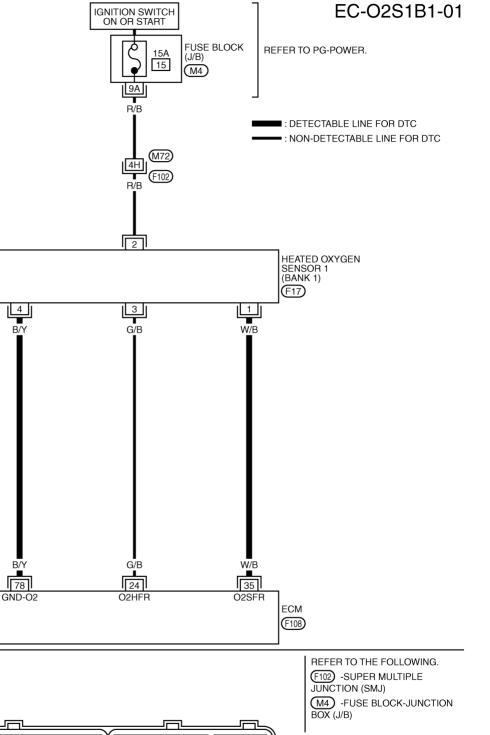
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#### Wiring Diagram BANK 1

 $\underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} \hline 3 \\ \hline 4 \\ \hline \end{array} }^{31} \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} F17 \\ GY \end{array} }_{GY}$ 



			BOX (J/B)
4         5         24 23 22 21 20           4         4         4         4           3         3         3	19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25	1061071081091101111112113 199100101102103104105         119         120         121           117         118	(F108)
1         2         62         61         60         59         58           81         80         79         78         77	57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63		B H.S.

ABS00845

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
35	W/B	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)	С
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	D

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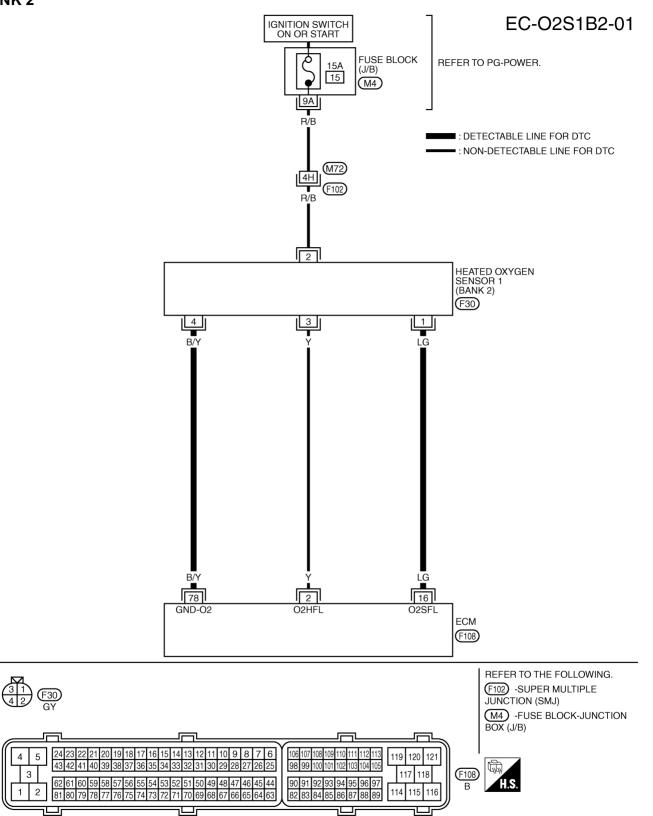
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

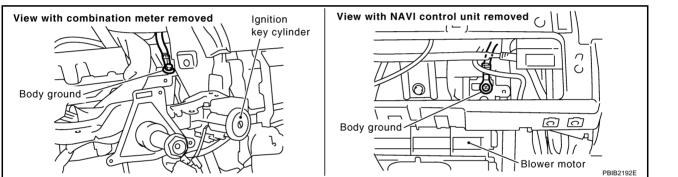
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
16	LG	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)	С
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	D

# Diagnostic Procedure

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

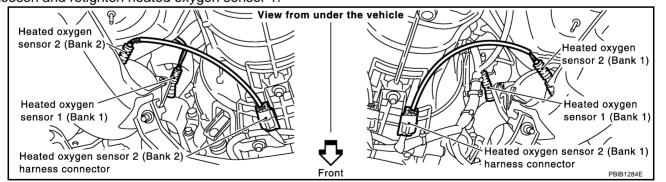


### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

## 2. RETIGHTEN HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten heated oxygen sensor 1.



Tightening torque: 40 - 50 N·m (4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

>> GO TO 3.

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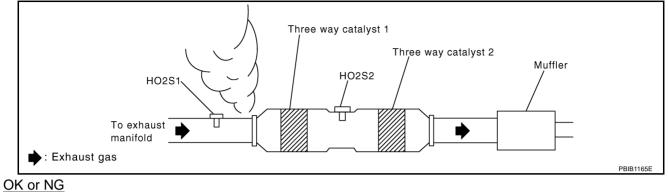
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# 3. CHECK FOR EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst 1. 2.



OK >> GO TO 4. NG

## >> Repair or replace.

## 4. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

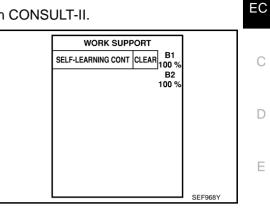
## OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

## 5. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

## With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

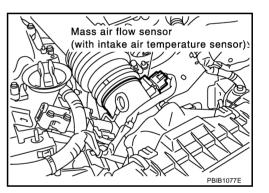


## **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
   Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
   Is it difficult to start engine?

## Yes or No

- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or DTC P0172, P0175 (Refer to <u>EC-254</u> or <u>EC-262</u>).
- No  $>> \overline{\text{GO}}$  TO 6.



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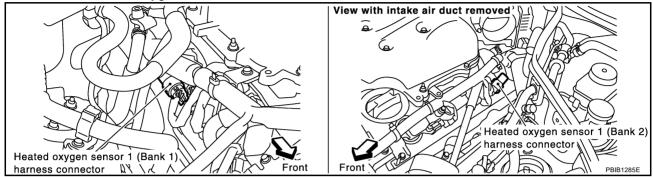
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# 6. CHECK HO2S1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.



 Check harness continuity between HO2S1 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 7. CHECK HO2S1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Darik
P0133	35	1	1
P0153	16	1	2

## Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0133	35	1	1
P0153	16	1	2

## Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# DTC P0133, P0153 HO2S1

8. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR	Δ
Refer to EC-175, "Component Inspection".	$\cap$
OK or NG	EC
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Replace mass air flow sensor.	
9. CHECK PCV VALVE	С
Refer to EC-647, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	D
OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> Replace PCV valve.	
10. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1	E
Refer to EC-221, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	F
OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.	
11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	G
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	Н
>> INSPECTION END	
Component Inspection ABS00847	I
HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1	
With CONSULT-II	
<ol> <li>Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.</li> <li>Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-</li> </ol>	J
<ol> <li>Select "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)".</li> </ol>	Κ
4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.	
5. Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.	
MONITOR NO DTC	
ENG SPEED XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1 XXX V	M
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX C HO2S1 (B1) XXX V	
HO2S1 (D1) LEAN	

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### 6. Check the following.

 "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.
 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right.

- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

```
Bank 1

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

HO2S1 MNTR (B1) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

Bank 2

cycle | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

HO2S1 MNTR (B2) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R

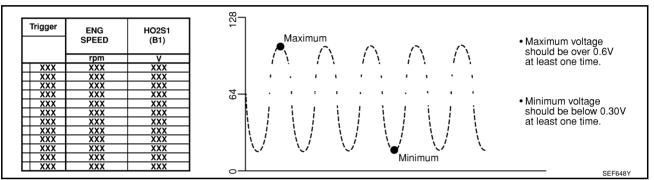
R means HO2S1

MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates RICH

L means HO2S1

MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates LEAN

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```



#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

## **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 16 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.
  - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

1 time: 0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V 2 times: 0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V

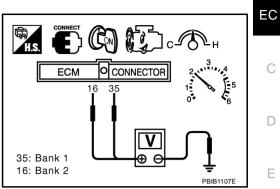
2 times: 0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .



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## DTC P0134, P0154 HO2S1

## **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.

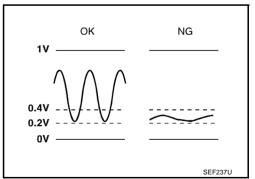


Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	$0 - 0.3V \leftrightarrow Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V$
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

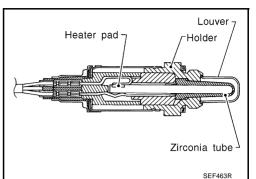
Under the condition in which the heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is not input, the ECM circuits will read a continuous approximately 0.3V. Therefore, for this diagnosis, the time that output voltage is within 200 to 400 mV range is monitored, and the diagnosis checks that this time is not inordinately long.

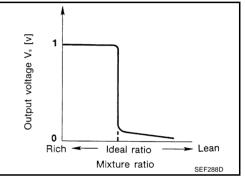


DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0134 0134 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit no activity	The voltage from the sensor is constantly	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> </ul>
P0154 0154 (Bank 2)	detected	approx. 0.3V.	<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li> </ul>

EC-224

#### PFP:22690





ABS0084B

ABS0084A

	DTC P0134, P0154 HO2	51				
<b>DTC Confirmation</b>	Procedure				ABS0084C	
CAUTION: Always drive vehicle at	a safe speed.					А
NOTE: If DTC Confirmation Proc least 10 seconds before of TESTING CONDITION:	cedure has been previously conducted, alwa		-			EC C
B WITH CONSULT-II						
1. Start engine and war	m it up to normal operating temperature.					D
2. Select "HO2S1 (B1) CONSULT-II.	P0134" or "HO2S1 (B2) P0154" of "HO2S1"	in "DTC	WORK SUP	PORT" r	node with	D
3. Touch "START".		Г	HO2S1 (B1) P0	134		Е
4. Let it idle for at least	3 minutes.					
	speed above 3,600 rpm after this step. If		OUT OF CONDI	TION		F
the engine speed lir	nit is exceeded, return to step 4.		MONITOR			
			ENG SPEED	XXX rpm		
			B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec		G
			COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx °C		
		L	VHCL SPEED SEN	XXX km/h	PBIB0544E	Н
E When the following o	ponditions are mot "TESTINC" will be die	-				
	conditions are met, "TESTING" will be dis- ULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions con-		HO2S1 (B1) PC	0134		
	TING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will		TESTING			
ENG SPEED	1,400 - 2,600 rpm	-				
Vehicle speed	More than 64 km/h (40 MPH)	-		XXX rpm		J
B/FUEL SCHDL	2.0 - 12.0 msec	-	ENG SPEED	XXX msec		
Selector lever	Suitable position	-	COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C		K
If "TESTING" is no	t displayed after 5 minutes, retry from		VHCL SPEED SEN	XXX km/h	PBIB0545E	
step 2.	t displayed after 5 minutes, rely nom			•	FBIB0343E	
	" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG		HO2S1 (B1)	D0124	- I	L
RESULTS". If "NG" i <u>Procedure"</u> .	is displayed, refer to <u>EC-230, "Diagnostic</u>		H0251 (B1)	10134		N /I
						Μ
			COMPLE	TED		

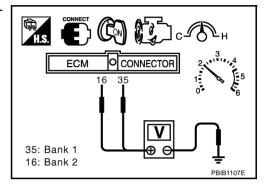
SEC750C

## **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 16 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
- The voltage does not remain in the range of 0.2 to 0.4V.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-230, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



## DTC P0134, P0154 HO2S1

#### Wiring Diagram BANK 1 ABS0084E А EC-02S1B1-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START EC FUSE BLOCK (J/B) Ċ REFER TO PG-POWER. 15A 15 (M4) 9A С R/B ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC D (M72) 4H (F102) Т R/B Е 2 F HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1) (F17) G 3 4 B/Y G/B W/B Н I J Κ W/B B/Y G/B L . 24 78 GND-O2 O2HFR O2SFR ECM Μ (F108) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. $\begin{array}{c} \hline 3 \\ 4 \\ \hline 9 \\$ (F102) -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) (M4) -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B) 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 4 5 119 120 121 43 27 26 25 98 99 (F108) 3 117 118 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 90 91 92 93 94 95 HS 97 В 2 114 115 116 1 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 ٦Шr 1 🗆 r

TBWT0649E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

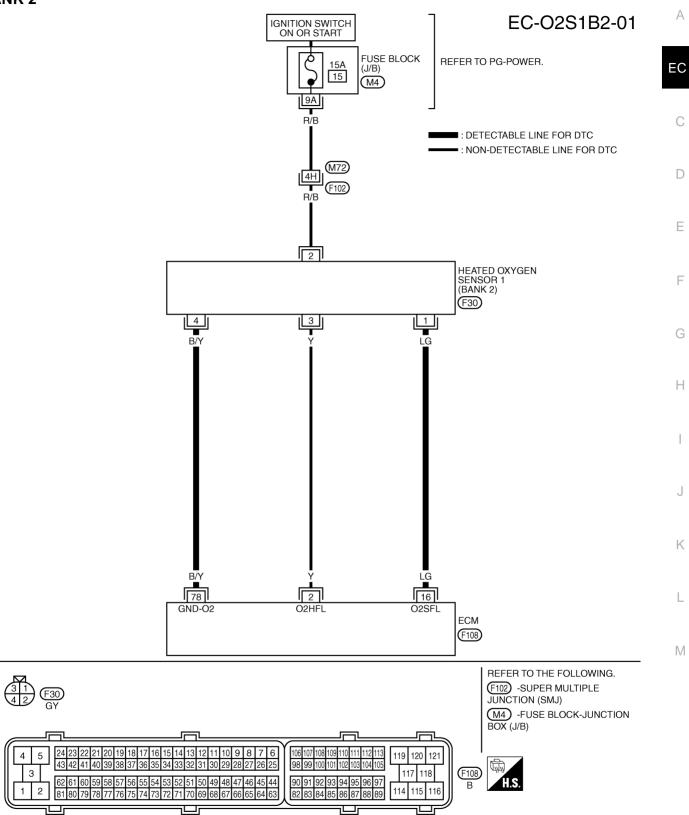
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
35	W/B	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 1)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</li></ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V



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TBWT0650E

## **EC-229**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

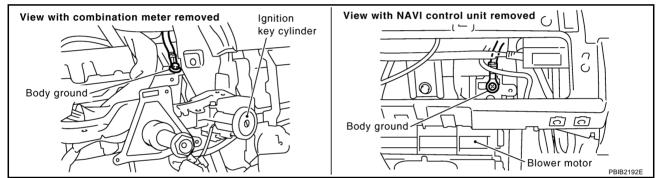
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
16	LG	Heated oxygen sensor 1 (bank 2)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</li></ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V (Periodically change)
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

ABS0084F

# Diagnostic Procedure

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

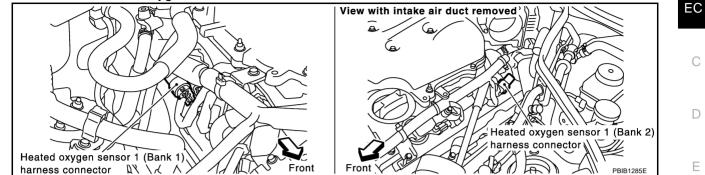


OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# $\overline{2}$ . CHECK HO2S1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.



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3. Check harness continuity between HO2S1 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 3. CHECK HO2S1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S1 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0134	35	1	1
P0154	16	1	2

### Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P0134	35	1	1
P0154	16	1	2

## Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EC-232, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

# EC-231

## 5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

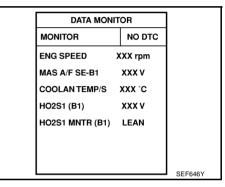
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

## With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Select "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)".
- 4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 5. Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.



- 6. Check the following.
  - "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.
    - 5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right.
  - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
  - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
  - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Bank 1		
	cycle	1   2   3   4   5
HO2S1	MNTR (B1)	R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
Bank 2		
	cycle	1   2   3   4   5
HO2S1	MNTR (B2)	) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
R means MNTR (B <sup>-</sup>	HO2S1 1)/(B2) indica	ates BICH

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L means HO2S1

MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates LEAN

128 Trigger ENG HO2S1 Maximum SPEED (B1) Maximum voltage should be over 0.6V rpn at least one time. XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX 64 Minimum voltage XXX XXX XX) XXX should be below 0.30V XX) XX) at least one time XXX XX) XX) XX) XXX XX) Minimum  $\overline{}$ SEF648Y

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### **Without CONSULT-II**

1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.

ABS0084G

- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 16 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.
  - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

1 time: 0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V 2 times: 0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V

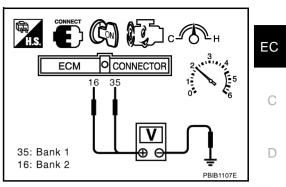
#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

EC-233

#### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .



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## DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

## **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst 1, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the heated oxygen sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.

# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

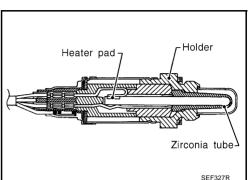
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	<ul><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>After keeping engine speed</li></ul>	Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	quickly.	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

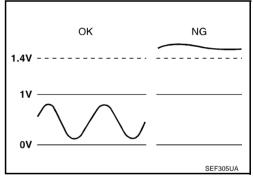
The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the heated oxygen sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the voltage is unusually high during the various driving condition such as fuel cut.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0138 0138 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> </ul>
P0158 0158 (Bank 2)	2 circuit high voltage	sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 2</li> </ul>



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## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

## **CAUTION:**

### Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 2 minutes.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-239, "Diagnostic Procedure"

## WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

MONITOR         NO DTC           ENG SPEED         XXX rpm           COOLAN TEMP/S         XXX °C

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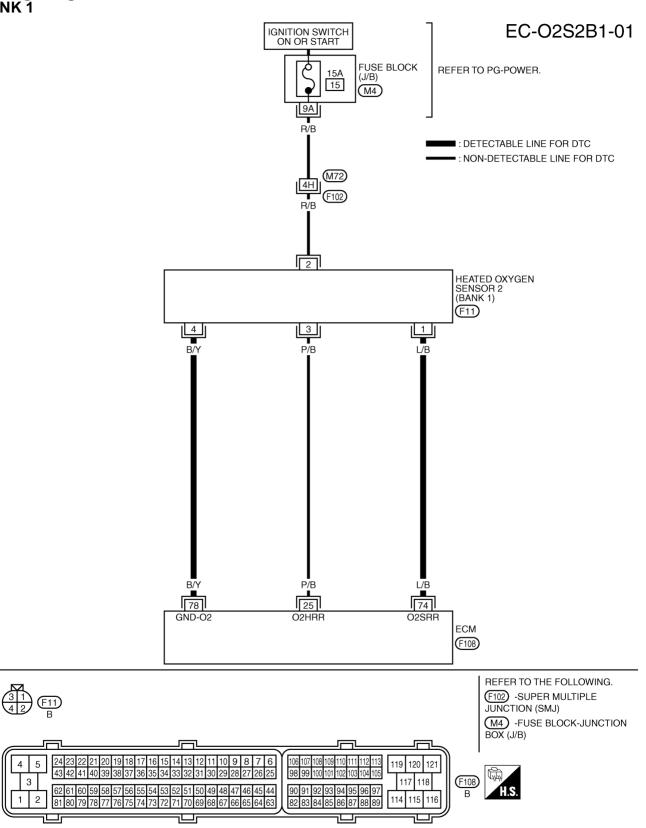
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## Wiring Diagram BANK 1





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## EC-236

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

-					
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li></ul>		С
74	L/B	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	D
			<ul> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>		Е
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	F

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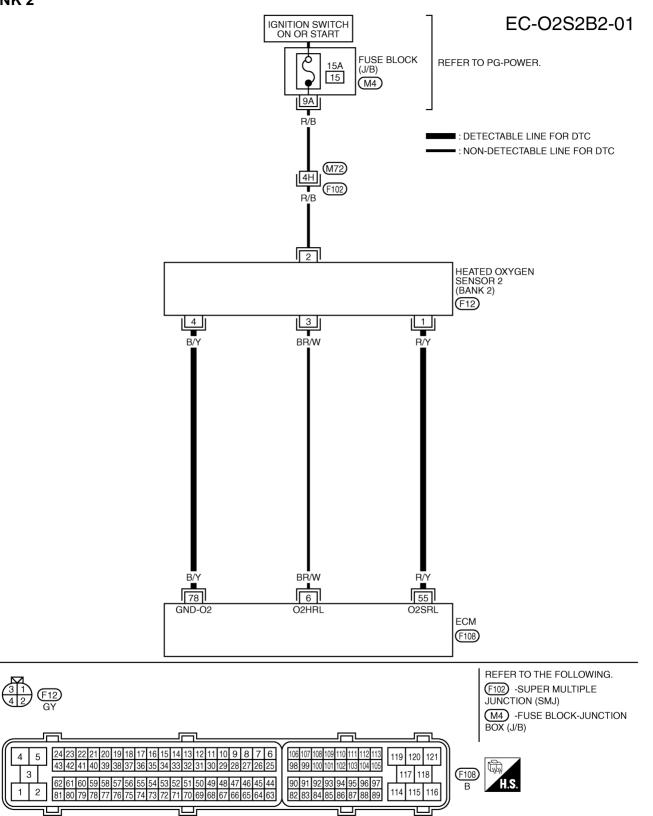
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TBWT0652E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

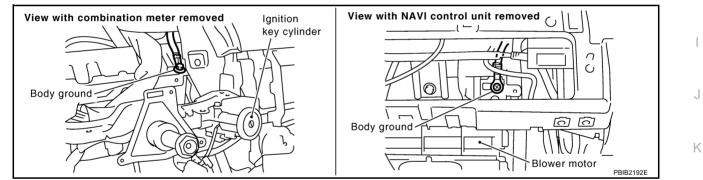
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

•		•		-	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li></ul>		С
55	55 R/Y Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	D	
			<ul> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>		E
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li></ul>	Approximately 0V	
		(notice oxygen sensor)	Idle speed		

# Diagnostic Procedure

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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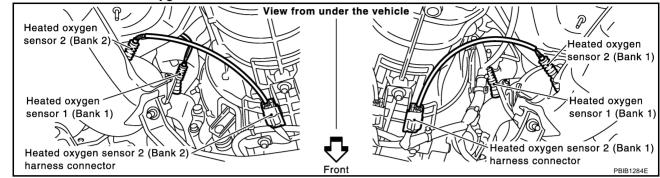
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# $\overline{2}$ . CHECK HO2S2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



3. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## $\mathbf{3}$ . CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dank	
P0138	74	1	1	
P0158	55	1	2	

## Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Darik
P0138	74	1	1
P0158	55	1	2

## Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2

4. CHECK HO2S2 CONNECTOR FOR WATER	A	Δ
<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch OFF.</li> <li>Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.</li> <li>Check connectors for water.</li> </ol>	EC	C
Water should not exist. OK or NG	С	0
OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors. <b>5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2</b>	D	C
Refer to <u>EC-241, "Component Inspection"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u>	E	-
OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2. 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	F	-
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .	G	3
>> INSPECTION END Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 (a) With CONSULT-II	ABS00840	-
<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.</li> <li>Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.</li> </ol>	J	J
<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.</li> <li>Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.</li> </ol>	K	<

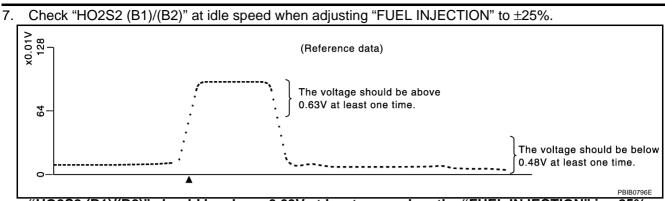
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.

ACTIVE TES	т	1
FUEL INJECTION	25 %	]
MONITOR	_	]
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S1 (B1)	xxx v	]
HO2S2 (B1)	xxx v	]
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	RICH	]
HO2S2 MNTR (B1)	RICH	1
		1

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## DTC P0138, P0158 HO2S2



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be above 0.63V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is +25%.

"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is –25%.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.63V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage is above 0.63V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D (A/T), 4th (M/T) gear position.

The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

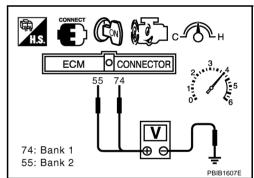
8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .



## DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

## DTC P0139, P0159 HO2S2

## **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst 1, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the heated oxygen sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.

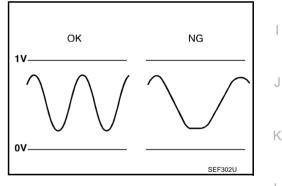
## **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

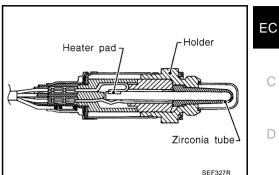
MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION	
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	<ul><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>After keeping engine speed</li></ul>	Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	$0 - 0.3V \leftrightarrow Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V$	_
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	quickly.	$LEAN \longleftrightarrow RICH$	(

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the heated oxygen sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the switching response of the sensor's voltage is faster than specified during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0139 0139 (Bank 1)	- Heated oxygen sensor	It takes more time for the sensor to respond	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 2</li> </ul>	Μ
P0159 0159 (Bank 2)	2 circuit slow response	between rich and lean than the specified time.	<ul><li>Fuel pressure</li><li>Injectors</li><li>Intake air leaks</li></ul>	



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## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

## NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

## B WITH CONSULT-II

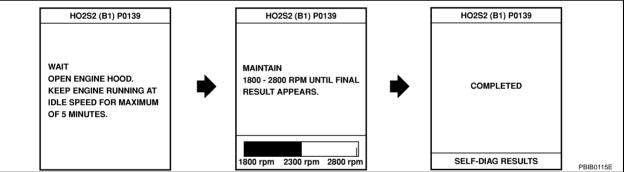
## **TESTING CONDITION:**

For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
   If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN

TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).

- Select "HO2S2 (B1) P0139" or "HO2S2 (B2) P0159" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 8. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



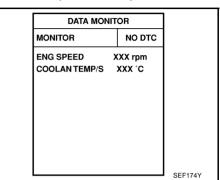
- Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-249, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- a. Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

## **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.



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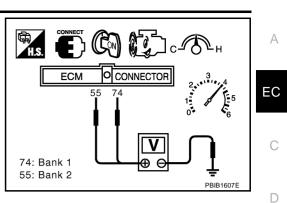
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**EC-245** 

- Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times. (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) A change of voltage should be more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure. If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.
- 7. Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D (A/T), 4th gear position (M/T).

A change of voltage should be more than 0.06V for 1 second during this procedure.

8. If NG, go to EC-249, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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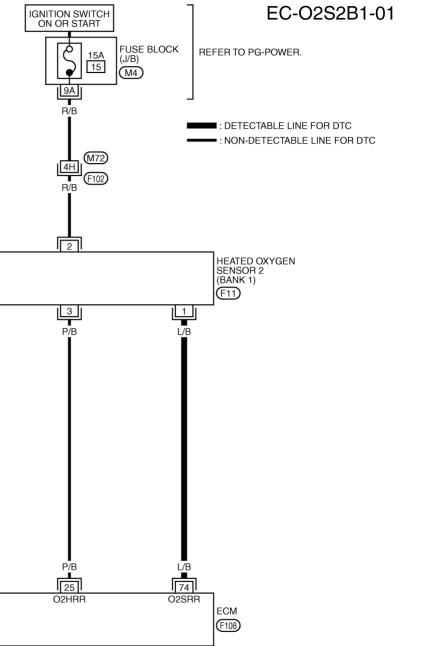
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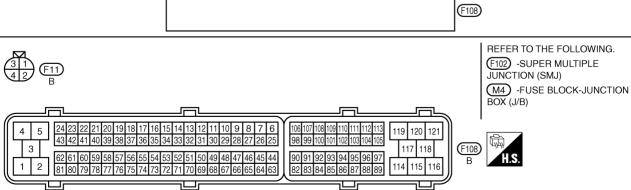
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## Wiring Diagram BANK 1





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B/γ

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GND-O2

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## EC-246

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li></ul>		С
74	L/B	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	D
			<ul> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>		E
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	F

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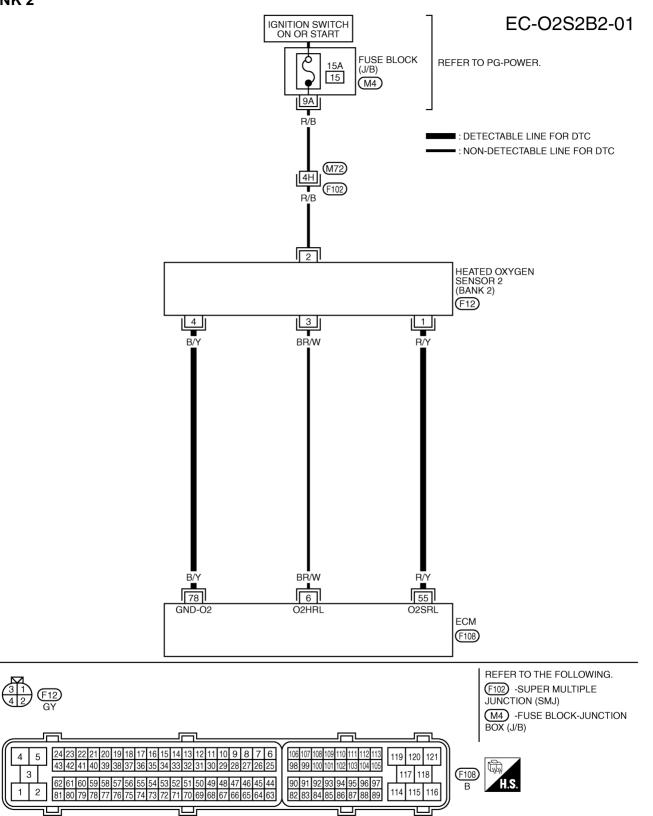
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

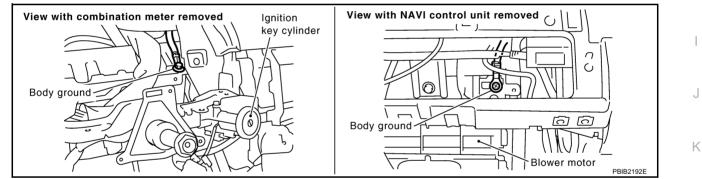
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

•		•		-	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li></ul>		С
55	R/Y	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	D
			<ul> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>		E
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li></ul>	Approximately 0V	
		(neated oxygen sensor)	Idle speed		

# Diagnostic Procedure

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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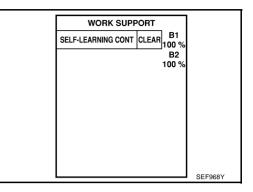
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# 2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

## With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

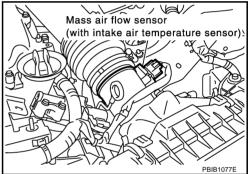


## **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed.
   Is the 1st trip DTC P0171, P0172, P0174 or P0175 detected?
   Is it difficult to start engine?

Yes or No

Yes  $\rightarrow$  Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174 or P0172, P0175. Refer to <u>EC-254</u> or <u>EC-262</u>. No  $\rightarrow$  GO TO 3.



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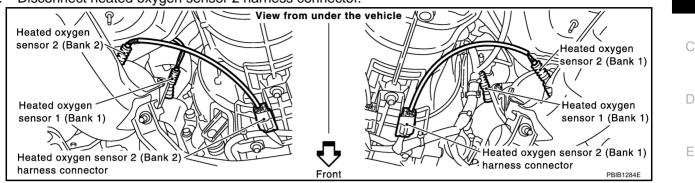
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# $\overline{\mathbf{3.}}$ check ho2s2 ground circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



4. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0139	74	1	1
P0159	55	1	2

### Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dank
P0139	74	1	1
P0159	55	1	2

### Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

EC-251

## 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-252, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

## 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

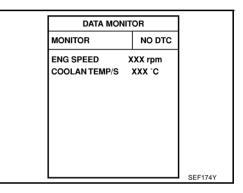
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

## Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

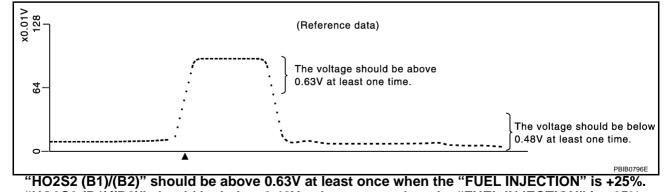
## With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.



ACTIVE TES		
FUEL INJECTION	25 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S1 (B1)	XXX V	
HO2S2 (B1)	XXX V	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	RICH	
HO2S2 MNTR (B1)	RICH	
		SEF662Y

### 7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is –25%.

#### CAUTION:

• Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

ABS0084X

 Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.63V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage is above 0.63V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D (A/T), 4th gear position (M/T).

The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

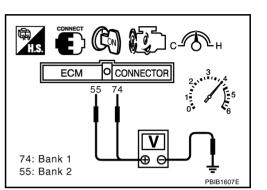
8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .



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# DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the heated oxygen sensors 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too lean.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Heated oxygen sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injector

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0171 0171			<ul><li>Intake air leaks</li><li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li></ul>
(Bank 1)		<ul> <li>Fuel injection system does not operate properly.</li> <li>The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too lean.)</li> </ul>	Injector
P0174 0174 (Bank 2)	Fuel injection system too lean		<ul> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Incorrect fuel pressure</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Lack of fuel</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Incorrect PCV hose connection</li> </ul>

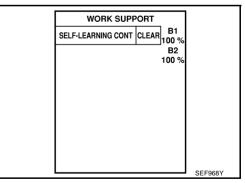
# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 4. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes. The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <u>EC-258, "Diagnostic</u> <u>Procedure"</u>.
- 7. If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
- Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to <u>EC-258</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If engine does not start, check exhaust and intake air leak visually.



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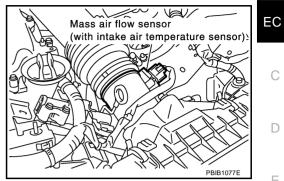
PFP:16600

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### **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds. 2.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness con-4. nector.
- 5. Select "MODE 3" with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is detected.
- 6 Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 7. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
- 8. Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to EC-258, "Diagnostic Procedure".
- 9. If it is difficult to start engine at step 7, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- 10. Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to EC-258, "Diagnostic Procedure" . If engine does not start, check exhaust and intake air leak visually.

EC-255



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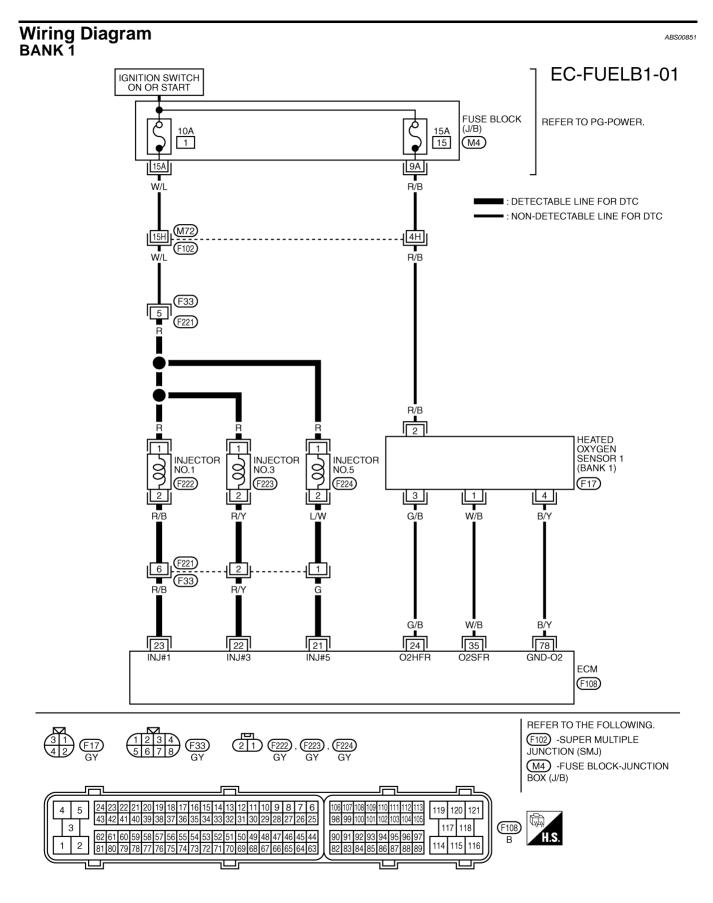
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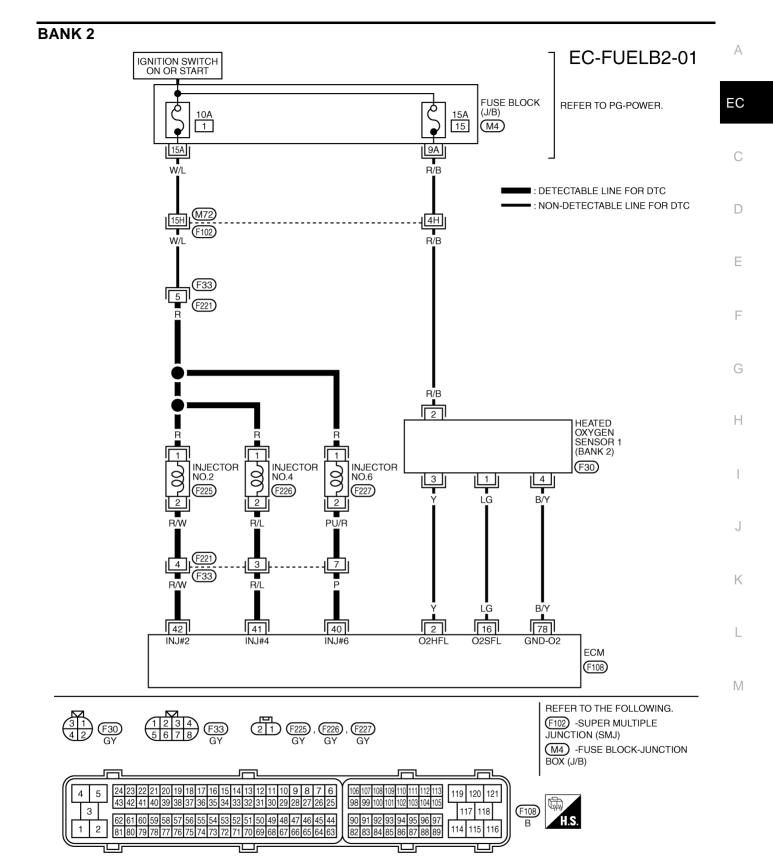
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# DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION



# DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION



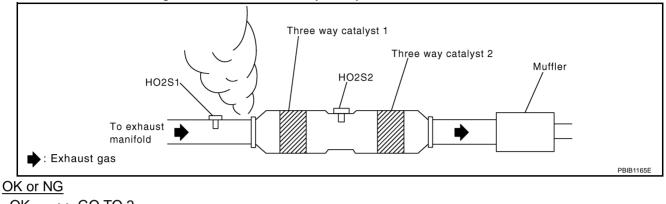
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# Diagnostic Procedure

ABS00852

# 1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst 1.



OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace.

# 2. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

- 1. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.
- 2. Check PCV hose connection.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

# DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

3.	CHECK H	EATED OXYGE	N SENSOR 1	CIRCUIT FOR	OPEN AND SHORT	A
1.	Turn ignitio	on switch OFF.				
2. 3. 4.	Disconnec Disconnec Check har	t corresponding t ECM harness	connector.		2S1) harness connector. O2S1 terminal as follows.	EC
			inals		_	С
	DTC	Terminals ECM Sensor		Bank		
PC	)171	35	1	1	_	D
PC	)174	16	1	2	_	
	Contin	uity should exi	st.		=	E
5.		ness continuity l /iring Diagram.	petween the fo	llowing termina	als and ground.	F
Terminals		-				
	DTC	ECM	Sensor	Bank	_	
PC	)171	35	1	1	_	G
PC	)174	16	1	2	_	
6.	Check har	uity should not ness continuity l uity should exi	petween HO2S	1 terminal 4 a	nd ECM terminal 78.	Н
7.		c harness for sho		nd shart to nov	ver	I
	or NG		on to ground a			
0	K >> GC	D TO 4.				J
N			-	ound of short to	power in harness or connectors.	
4.	CHECK FU	JEL PRESSUR	E			K
1. 2.		•			PRESSURE RELEASE" . fer to <u>EC-45, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u> .	L
	At idlin	ig: 350 kPa (3.5	7 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 51	psi)		
<u>0</u> K	or NG	-				M
O N	K >> G(	D TO 6. D TO 5.				
5.		ALFUNCTION	ING PART			

#### Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to <u>EC-601</u>.)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to EC-45.)
- Fuel lines
- Fuel filter for clogging

>> Repair or replace.

### 6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling

7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

### With GST

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Check mass air flow sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling

7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or grounds. Refer to <u>EC-161, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR"</u>.

# 7. CHECK FUNCTION OF INJECTORS

#### With CONSULT-II

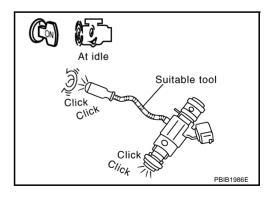
- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

	ACTIVE TE		
	POWER BALANCE		
	MONITOF	ł	
	ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
	MAS A/F SE-B1	xxx v	
			PBIB0133E

### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to each injector operating sound.

Clicking noise should be heard.



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for <u>EC-595</u>, "INJECTOR CIRCUIT".

# EC-260

# DTC P0171, P0174 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

# 8. CHECK INJECTOR

- 1. Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect all injector harness connectors.
- 4. Remove injector gallery assembly. Refer to <u>EM-38, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"</u>. Keep fuel hose and all injectors connected to injector gallery.
- 5. For DTC P0171, reconnect injector harness connectors on bank 1. For DTC P0174, reconnect injector harness connectors on bank 2.
- 6. Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.
- 7. Prepare pans or saucers under each injector.
- Crank engine for about 3 seconds. For DTC P0171, make sure that fuel splays out from injectors on bank 1. For DTC P0174, make sure that fuel splays out from injectors on

For DTC P0174, make sure that fuel splays out from injectors on bank 2.

### Fuel should be sprayed evenly for each injector.

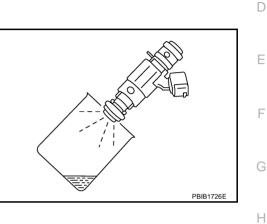
### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> Replace injectors from which fuel does not spray out. Always replace O-ring with new ones.

### 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END



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# DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

With the Air/Fuel Mixture Ratio Self-Learning Control, the actual mixture ratio can be brought closely to the theoretical mixture ratio based on the mixture ratio feedback signal from the heated oxygen sensors 1. The ECM calculates the necessary compensation to correct the offset between the actual and the theoretical ratios.

In case the amount of the compensation value is extremely large (The actual mixture ratio is too rich.), the ECM judges the condition as the fuel injection system malfunction and lights up the MIL (2 trip detection logic).

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Heated oxygen sensors 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	Fuel injection control	Fuel injector

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0172 0172 (Bank 1)	Fuel injection system	• Fuel injection system does not operate properly.	<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li> <li>Injector</li> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> </ul>
P0175 0175 (Bank 2)	too rich	• The amount of mixture ratio compensation is too large. (The mixture ratio is too rich.)	<ul> <li>Exhaust gas leaks</li> <li>Incorrect fuel pressure</li> <li>Mass air flow sensor</li> </ul>

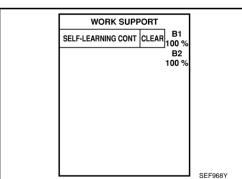
# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 4. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 5. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes. The 1st trip DTC P0172, P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <u>EC-266, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- 7. If it is difficult to start engine at step 6, the fuel injection system has a malfunction, too.
- Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal. If engine starts, go to <u>EC-266, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If engine does not start, remove spark plugs and check for fouling, etc.

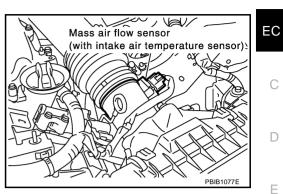


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### 

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector. Then restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Select "MODE 3" with GST. Make sure DTC P0102 is detected.
- 6. Select "MODE 4" with GST and erase the DTC P0102.
- 7. Start engine again and let it idle for at least 10 minutes.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST. The 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 should be detected at this stage, if a malfunction exists. If so, go to <u>EC-266, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- 9. If it is difficult to start engine at step 7, the fuel injection system has a malfunction.
- Crank engine while depressing accelerator pedal.
   If engine starts, go to <u>EC-266, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If engine does not start, remove spark plugs and F check for fouling, etc.

**EC-263** 



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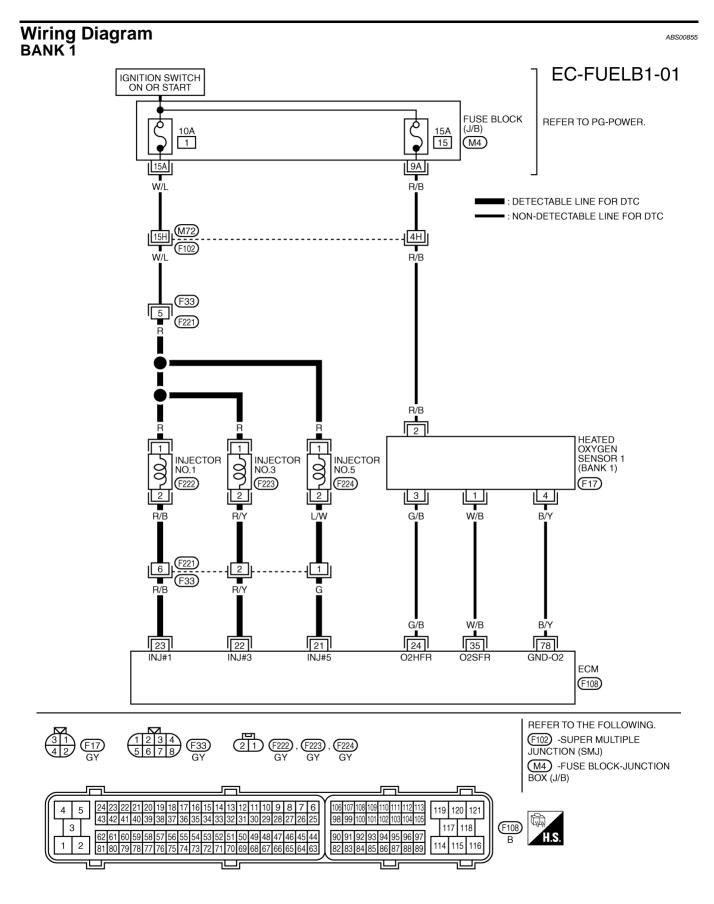
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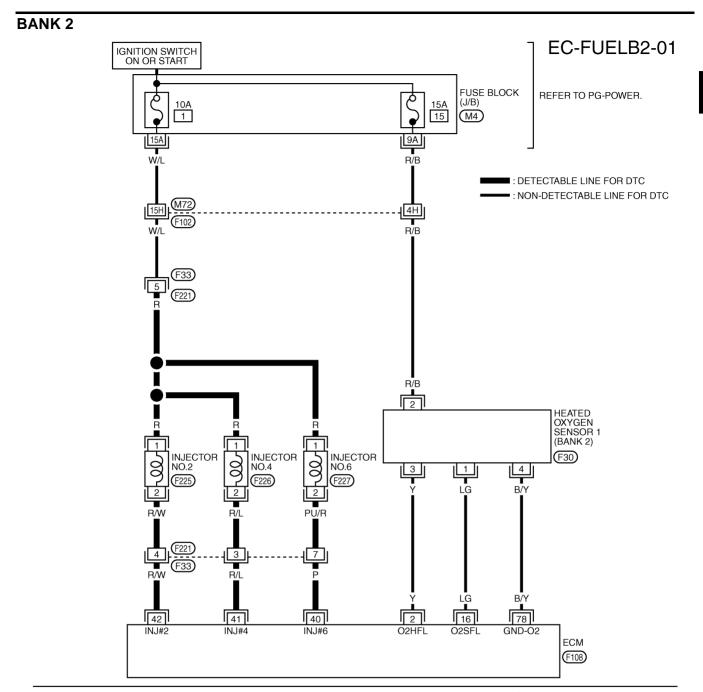
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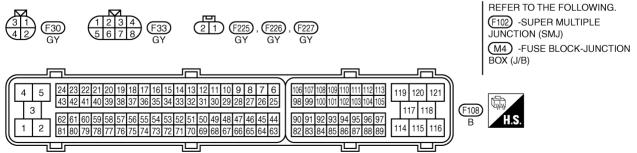
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# DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION



# DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION





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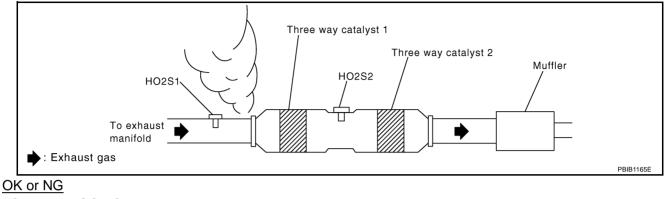
### EC-265

# Diagnostic Procedure

ABS00856

# 1. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before three way catalyst 1.



OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace.

# 2. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor. OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> Repair or replace.

# DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

3. снеск н	EATED OXYGE	N SENSOR 1		OPEN AND SHORT	А
<ol> <li>2. Disconnec</li> <li>3. Disconnec</li> <li>4. Check har</li> </ol>	t ECM harness	connector.	·	2S1) harness connector. D2S1 terminal as follows.	EC
	Term	inals			С
DTC	ECM	Sensor	Bank		
P0172	35	1	1		D
P0175	16	1	2		
Contin	uity should exi	st.			E
	ness continuity l /iring Diagram.	petween the fo	llowing terminal	s and ground.	F
DTC	Term	inals	Book		
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Bank		
P0172	35	1	1		G
P0175	16	1	2		
6. Check har	uity should not ness continuity l uity should exi	petween HO2S	1 terminal 4 an	d ECM terminal 78.	H
OK or NG OK >> GC	c harness for sho O TO 4. epair open circui	-		er. power in harness or connectors.	J
4. снеск го		E			K
	•			RESSURE RELEASE" . er to <u>EC-45, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK"</u> .	L
At idlin	ig: 350 kPa (3.5	7 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 51	psi)		
NG >> G(	D TO 6. D TO 5.				Μ
5. DETECT M	ALFUNCTION	ING PART			

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to, EC-601.)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to EC-45.)

>> Repair or replace.

### 6. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Check "MASS AIR FLOW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling

7.0 - 20.0 g-m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

### (a) With GST

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Check mass air flow sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling

7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or grounds. Refer to <u>EC-161, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR"</u>.

# 7. CHECK FUNCTION OF INJECTORS

### With CONSULT-II

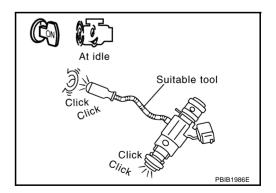
- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

	ACTIVE TE		
	POWER BALANCE		
	MONITOF	1	
	ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
	MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
			PBIB0133E

### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to each injector operating sound.

### Clicking noise should be heard.



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Perform trouble diagnosis for <u>EC-595, "INJECTOR CIRCUIT"</u>.

# EC-268

# DTC P0172, P0175 FUEL INJECTION SYSTEM FUNCTION

8.	CHECK INJECTOR	А
1.	Remove injector assembly. Refer to <u>EM-38, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"</u> . Keep fuel hose and all injectors connected to injector gallery.	
2.	Confirm that the engine is cooled down and there are no fire hazards near the vehicle.	EC
3.	Disconnect all injector harness connectors.	
4.	Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.	
5.	Prepare pans or saucers under each injectors.	С
6.	Crank engine for about 3 seconds. Make sure fuel does not drip from injector.	_
<u>OK</u>	Cor NG	D
	K (Does not drip.)>>GO TO 9. G (Drips.)>>Replace the injectors from which fuel is dripping. Always replace O-ring with new one.	Е
9.	CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
Re	fer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	F
	>> INSPECTION END	G
		Н
		I
		J
		K

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# DTC P0181 FTT SENSOR

# **Component Description**

The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

### <Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance kΩ
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0181 0181	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit range/ performance	Rationally incorrect voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM, compared with the voltage sig- nals from engine coolant temperature sensor and intake air temperature sensor.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Fuel tank temperature sensor</li> </ul>

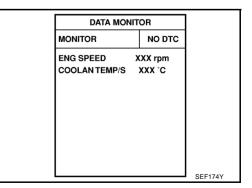
### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Wait at least 10 seconds. If the result is NG, go to EC-273, "Diagnostic Procedure" . If the result is OK, go to following step.
- Check "COOLAN TEMP/S" value. 4. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F), the result will be OK. If "COOLAN TEMP/S" is above 60°C (140°F), go to the following step.
- 5. Cool engine down until "COOLAN TEMP/S" is less than 60°C (140°F).
- Wait at least 10 seconds.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-273, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



#### 20 10 8 6 Acceptable Resistance kn 2 1.0 0.8 0.4 0.2 n 0 20 40 60 80 100 (32) (68) (104) (140) (176) (212) Temperature °C (°F) SEE012P

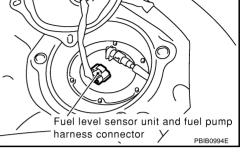
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View with rear seat cushion removed 6 Fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector Y PBIB0994E



# B WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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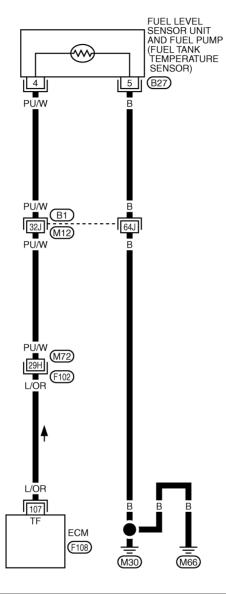
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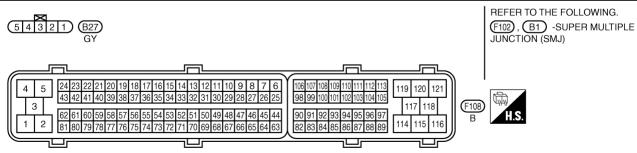
# Wiring Diagram

ABS0085A

# EC-FTTS-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





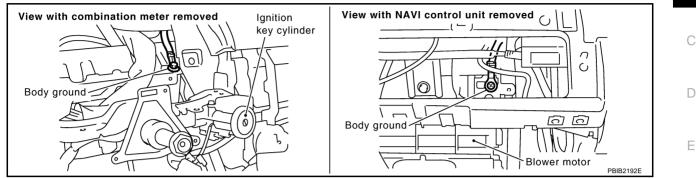
TBWT0455E

### EC-272

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

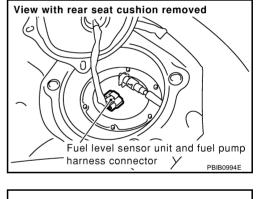


#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### 2. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

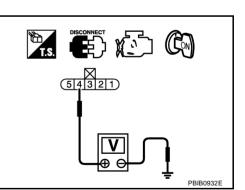


3. Check voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



# **3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART**

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness connectors B1, M12
- Harness for open or short between ECM and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump"

>> Repair harness or connector.

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# 4. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 5 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

### 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B1, M12
- Harness for open or short between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" and ground.

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connector.

### 6. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-274, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

### 7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

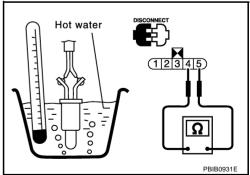
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

- 1. Remove fuel level sensor unit.
- 2. Check resistance between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminals 4 and 5 by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90



#### Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to FL-4, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

# <u>spection"</u> .

EC-274

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ABS0085C

# DTC P0182, P0183 FTT SENSOR

# **Component Description**

The fuel tank temperature sensor is used to detect the fuel temperature inside the fuel tank. The sensor modifies a voltage signal from the ECM. The modified signal returns to the ECM as the fuel temperature input. The sensor uses a thermistor which is sensitive to the change in temperature. The electrical resistance of the thermistor decreases as temperature increases.

### <Reference data>

Fluid temperature °C (°F)	Voltage* V	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	3.5	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	2.2	0.79 - 0.90

\*: These data are reference values and are measured between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor) and ground.

### CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0182 0182	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)	
P0183 0183	Fuel tank temperature sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Fuel tank temperature sensor	k

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

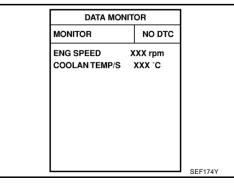
### B WITH CONSULT-II

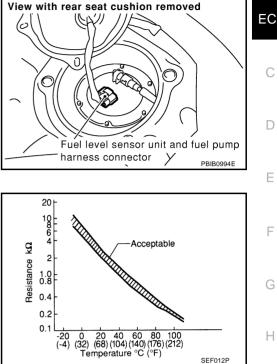
WITH GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-277, "Diagnostic Procedure"





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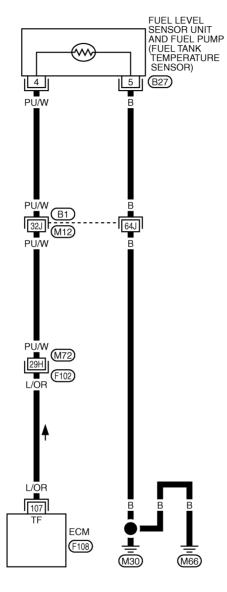
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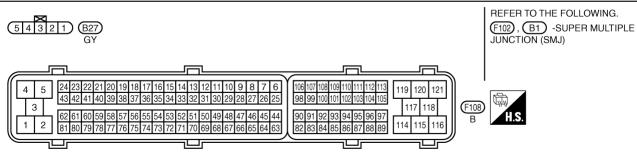
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# Wiring Diagram

# EC-FTTS-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



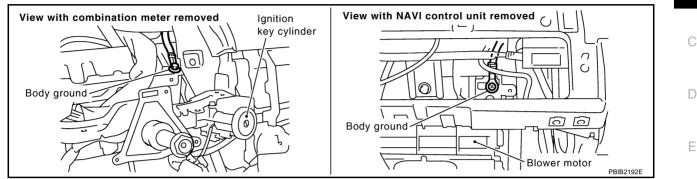


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# **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

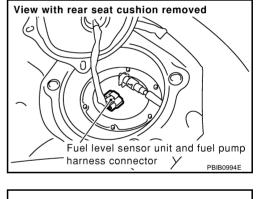


#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### 2. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

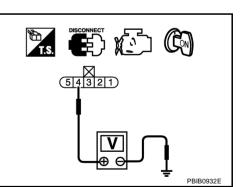


3. Check voltage between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness connectors B1, M12
- Harness for open or short between ECM and "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump"

>> Repair harness or connector.

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# 4. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 5 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

### 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B1, M12
- Harness for open or short between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" and ground.

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connector.

### 6. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-274, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

### 7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

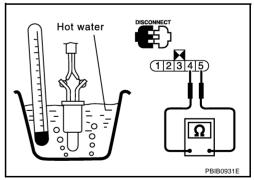
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

- 1. Remove fuel level sensor unit.
- 2. Check resistance between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminals 4 and 5 by heating with hot water or heat gun as shown in the figure.

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance $k\Omega$
20 (68)	2.3 - 2.7
50 (122)	0.79 - 0.90



#### Removal and Installation FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to FL-4, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

# EC-278

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# DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

# **Component Description**

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

# **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION	
THRTL SEN1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V	
THRTL SEN2*	(Engine stopped) • Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V	(

\*: Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0222 0222	Throttle position sensor 1 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the TP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	Harness or connectors     (TP sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.)	
P0223	Throttle position sensor	An excessively high voltage from the TP sen- sor 1 is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>(APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1)</li> </ul>	,
0223	1 circuit high input	Sor T is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2)</li> </ul>	

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

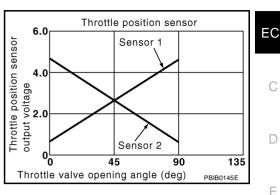
When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode an the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.



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### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

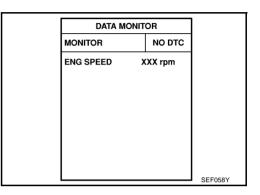
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### TESTING CONDITION:

### Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-282, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

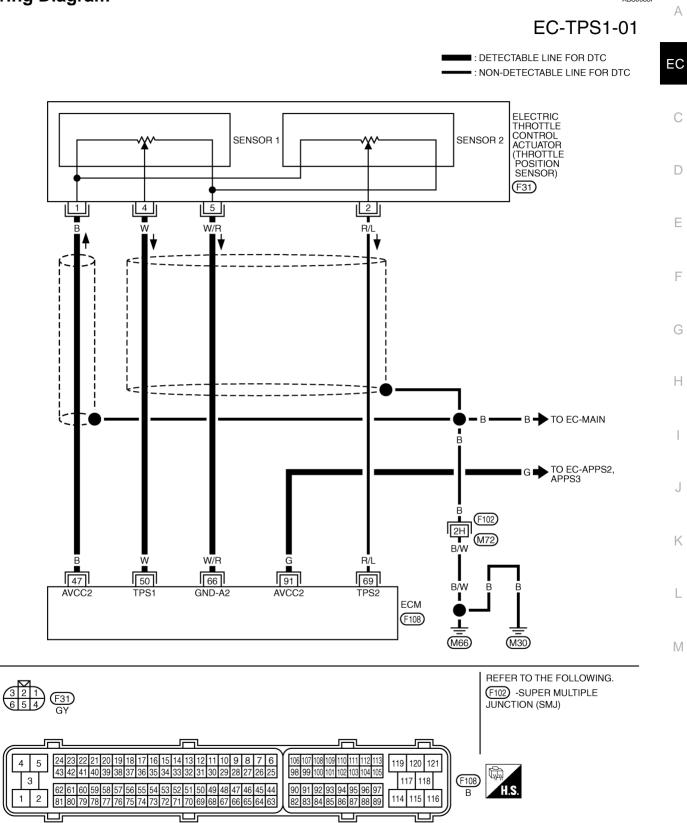


### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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# Wiring Diagram



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ABS0085P А Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

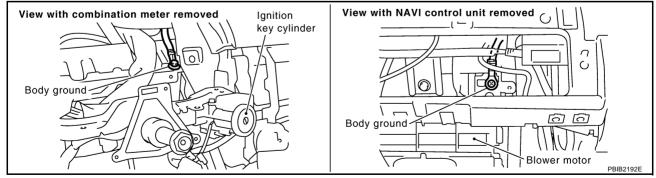
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	В	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50	w	Throttle position sensor 1	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V
50	vv		[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) • Accelerator pedal fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
66	W/R	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
69	R/L	Throttle position sensor 2	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	Less than 4.75V
09			[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) • Accelerator pedal fully depressed	More than 0.36V
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

# Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

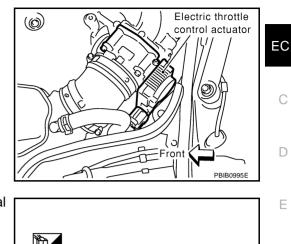


#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.



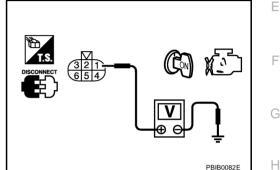
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3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



#### 3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II 1. Turn ignition switch OFF. 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector. 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ECM terminal 47. 1 Refer to Wiring Diagram. Continuity should exist. OK or NG K OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair or replace open circuit. 4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals. Μ

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 1	<u>EC-281</u>
91	APP sensor terminal 4	<u>EC-563</u>

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-567, "Component Inspection" .  $\begin{array}{l} \underline{OK \text{ or NG}} \\ \overline{OK} & >> \text{GO TO 11.} \\ NG & >> \text{GO TO 6.} \end{array}$ 

# EC-283

# DTC P0222, P0223 TP SENSOR

### 6. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Replace accelerator pedal assembly.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 4. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

#### >> INSPECTION END

### 7. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 5 and ECM terminal 66. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 8. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR 1 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 50 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 4. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 9. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-285, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 10.

### 10. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

# 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

### Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

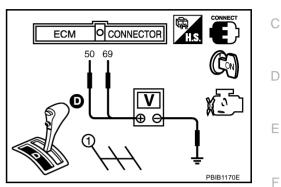
- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Set selector lever to D (A/T), 1st (M/T) position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal), 69 (TP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

- 6. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 7. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 8. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

### Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-18, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR" .



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### DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MIS-FIRE

### DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MIS-FIRE PFP:00000

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

When a misfire occurs, engine speed will fluctuate. If the engine speed fluctuates enough to cause the crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) signal to vary, ECM can determine that a misfire is occurring.

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function
Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	Engine speed	On board diagnosis of misfire

The misfire detection logic consists of the following two conditions.

1. One Trip Detection Logic (Three Way Catalyst Damage)

On the first trip that a misfire condition occurs that can damage the three way catalyst (TWC) due to overheating, the MIL will blink.

When a misfire condition occurs, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 200 engine revolutions for a change.

When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will turn off. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC on a second trip, the MIL will blink. When the misfire condition decreases to a level that will not damage the TWC, the MIL will remain on. If another misfire condition occurs that can damage the TWC, the MIL will begin to blink again.

2. Two Trip Detection Logic (Exhaust quality deterioration)

For misfire conditions that will not damage the TWC (but will affect vehicle emissions), the MIL will only light when the misfire is detected on a second trip. During this condition, the ECM monitors the CKP sensor signal every 1,000 engine revolutions.

A misfire malfunction can be detected on any one cylinder or on multiple cylinders.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0300 0300	Multiple cylinder misfire detected	Multiple cylinder misfire.	Improper spark plug
P0301 0301	No.1 cylinder misfire detected	No. 1 cylinder misfires.	<ul> <li>Insufficient compression</li> <li>Incorrect fuel pressure</li> </ul>
P0302 0302	No. 2 cylinder misfire detected	No. 2 cylinder misfires.	<ul><li>The injector circuit is open or shorted</li><li>Fuel injector</li></ul>
P0303 0303	No. 3 cylinder misfire detected	No. 3 cylinder misfires.	<ul> <li>Intake air leak</li> <li>The ignition signal circuit is open or</li> </ul>
P0304 0304	No. 4 cylinder misfire detected	No. 4 cylinder misfires.	shorted • Lack of fuel
P0305 0305	No. 5 cylinder misfire detected	No. 5 cylinder misfires.	<ul><li>Signal plate</li><li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li></ul>
P0306 0306	No. 6 cylinder misfire detected	No. 6 cylinder misfires.	Incorrect PCV hose connection

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

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### DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MIS-FIRE

### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON, and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Restart engine and let it idle for about 15 minutes.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-287, "Diagnostic Procedure"

#### NOTE:

If 1st trip DTC is not detected during above procedure, performing the following procedure is advised.

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2. Start engine and drive the vehicle under the similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data for a certain time. Refer to the table below.

#### Hold the accelerator pedal as steady as possible.

The similar conditions to (1st trip) Freeze Frame Data means the vehicle operation that the following conditions should be satisfied at the same time.

Engine speed	Engine speed in the freeze frame data $\pm400$ rpm	G
Vehicle speed	Vehicle speed in the freeze frame data $\pm$ 10 km/h (6 MPH)	- 0
Engine coolant temperature	When the freeze frame data shows lower than 70 °C (158 °F), T should be lower than 70 °C (158 °F).	- Н
(T) condition	When the freeze frame data shows higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F), T should be higher than or equal to 70 °C (158 °F).	

The time to driving varies according to the engine speed in the freeze frame data.

Engine speed	Time
Around 1,000 rpm	Approximately 10 minutes
Around 2,000 rpm	Approximately 5 minutes
More than 3,000 rpm	Approximately 3.5 minutes

#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK FOR INTAKE AIR LEAK AND PCV HOSE

- 1. Start engine and run it at idle speed.
- 2. Listen for the sound of the intake air leak.
- 3. Check PCV hose connection.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

### 2. CHECK FOR EXHAUST SYSTEM CLOGGING

Stop engine and visually check exhaust tube, three way catalyst and muffler for dents. OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace it.

DATA MON	NITOR	]	A
MONITOR	NO DTC		
ENG SPEED COOLAN TEMP/S VHCL SPEED SE	XXX rpm XXX °C XXX km/h		EC
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec		С
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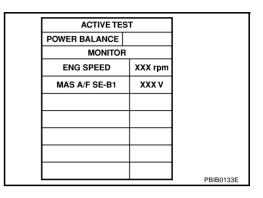
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### DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MIS-FIRE

# 3. PERFORM POWER BALANCE TEST

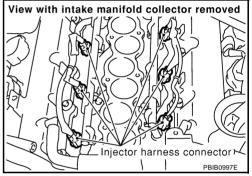
#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 2. Is there any cylinder which does not produce a momentary engine speed drop?



#### **Without CONSULT-II**

When disconnecting each injector harness connector one at a time, is there any cylinder which does not produce a momentary engine speed drop?



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Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 4. >> GO TO 7. No

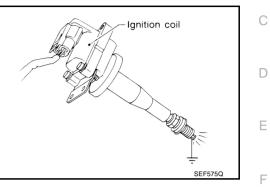
### 4. CHECK INJECTOR

Does each injector make an operating sound at idle? C Yes or No Yes >> GO TO 5. At idle No >> Check injector(s) and circuit(s). Refer to EC-595. Suitable tool "INJECTOR CIRCUIT" . Click Click Click Click

## DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MIS-FIRE

## 5. CHECK IGNITION SPARK

- 1. Remove ignition coil assembly from rocker cover.
- 2. Remove spark plug from ignition coil assembly
- 3. Connect a known good spark plug to the ignition coil.
- 4. Place end of spark plug against a suitable ground and crank engine.
- 5. Check for spark.
- OK or NG
  - OK >> GO TO 6.
  - NG >> Check ignition coil, power transistor and their circuits. Refer to <u>EC-583, "IGNITION SIGNAL"</u>.



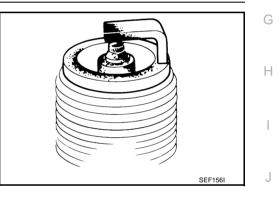
EC

## 6. CHECK SPARK PLUGS

Remove the spark plugs and check for fouling, etc.

## OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> Repair or replace spark plug(s) with standard type one(s). For spark plug type, refer to, <u>MA-17</u>, <u>"Changing</u> <u>Spark Plugs (Platinum-Tipped Type)"</u>.



# 7. CHECK COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Check compression pressure. Refer	to EM-92, "CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE".	Κ
Standard:	1,275 kPa (13.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 185 psi)/300 rpm	
Minimum:	981 kPa (10.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 142 psi)/300 rpm	L
Difference between each cylinder:	98 kPa (1.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 14 psi)/300 rpm	
OK or NG		M

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Check pistons, piston rings, valves, valve seats and cylinder head gaskets.

## 8. CHECK FUEL PRESSURE

- 1. Install all removed parts.
- 2. Release fuel pressure to zero. Refer to EC-44, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" .
- 3. Install fuel pressure gauge and check fuel pressure. Refer to EC-45, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK" .

## At idle: Approx. 350 kPa (3.57 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 51 psi)

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.

## DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MIS-FIRE

# 9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuel pump and circuit (Refer to <u>EC-601, "FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT"</u>.)
- Fuel pressure regulator (Refer to EC-45, "FUEL PRESSURE CHECK" .)
- Fuel lines
- Fuel filter for clogging

>> Repair or replace.

## **10.** CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check the following items. Refer to EC-77, "Basic Inspection" .

Items	Specifications	
Target idle speed	A/T	$650 \pm 50$ rpm (in P or N position)
	M/T 650 $\pm$ 50 rpm (in neutral position)	
Ignition timing	A/T	$15\pm5^\circ$ BTDC (in P or N position)
Ignition timing	M/T	$15\pm5^\circ$ BTDC (in neutral position)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Follow the <u>EC-77</u>, "Basic Inspection".

# 11. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 (BANK 1)/(BANK 2)

Refer to EC-209, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

# 12. CHECK MASS AIR FLOW SENSOR

### (P) With CONSULT-II

Check mass air flow sensor signal in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling 7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

### With GST

Check mass air flow sensor signal in MODE 1 with GST.

2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec: at idling

7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec: at 2,500 rpm

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Check connectors for rusted terminals or loose connections in the mass air flow sensor circuit or grounds. Refer to <u>EC-161, "DTC P0101 MAF SENSOR"</u>.

# 13. CHECK SYMPTOM MATRIX CHART

Check items on the rough idle symptom in <u>EC-82, "Symptom Matrix Chart"</u>. OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 14.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

# DTC P0300 - P0306 MULTIPLE CYLINDER MISFIRE, NO. 1 - 6 CYLINDER MIS-FIRE

14. ERASE THE 1ST TRIP DTC	А
Some tests may cause a 1st trip DTC to be set. Erase the 1st trip DTC from the ECM memory after performing the tests. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u> .	EC
>> GO TO 15. <b>15. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT</b>	С
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .	D
>> INSPECTION END	
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# DTC P0327, P0328 KS

# **Component Description**

The knock sensor is attached to the cylinder block. It senses engine knocking using a piezoelectric element. A knocking vibration from the cylinder block is sensed as vibrational pressure. This pressure is converted into a voltage signal and sent to the ECM.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

## The MIL will not light up for these diagnoses.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detected condition	Possible cause
P0327 0327	Knock sensor circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> </ul>
P0328 0328	Knock sensor circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	Knock sensor

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

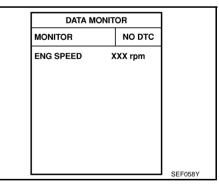
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

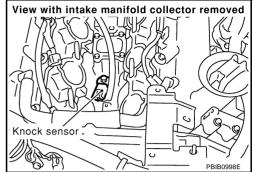
### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-294, "Diagnostic Procedure"



## WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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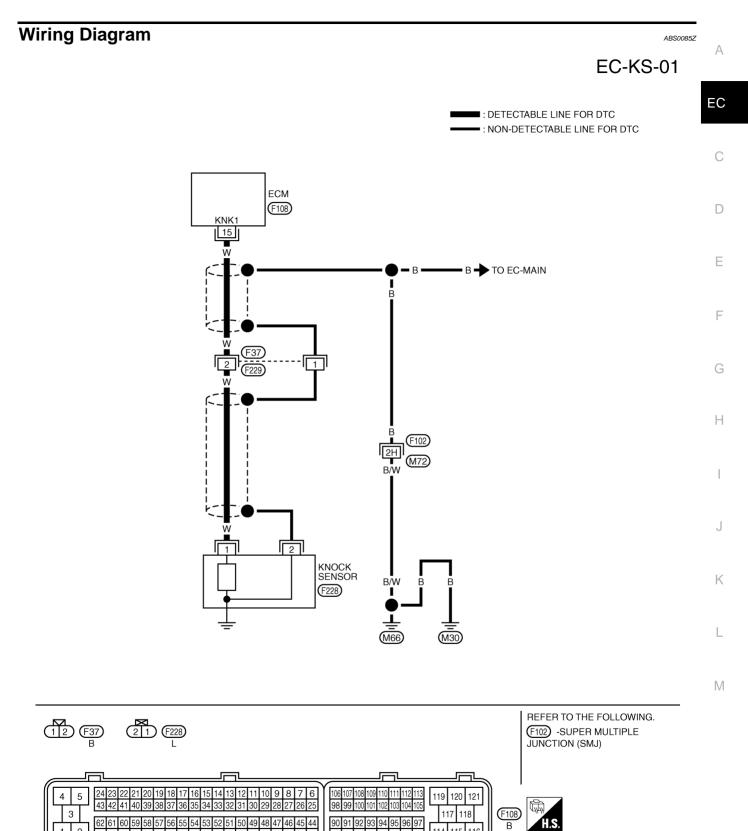
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EC-292

PFP:22060

ABS0085W

## DTC P0327, P0328 KS



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
15	W	Knock sensor	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	Approximately 2.5V

# Diagnostic Procedure

ABS00860

## 1. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check resistance between ECM terminal 15 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram. **NOTE:**

## It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10 $\text{M}\Omega.$

## Resistance: Approximately 532 - 588 k $\Omega$ [at 20°C (68°F)]

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 2.

## 2. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

- 1. Disconnect knock sensor harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 15 and knock sensor terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.

# **3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART**

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F37, F229
- Harness for open or short between ECM and knock sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

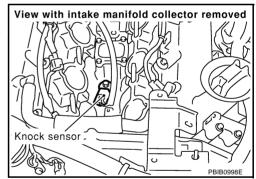
## 4. CHECK KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to EC-296, "Component Inspection" .

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

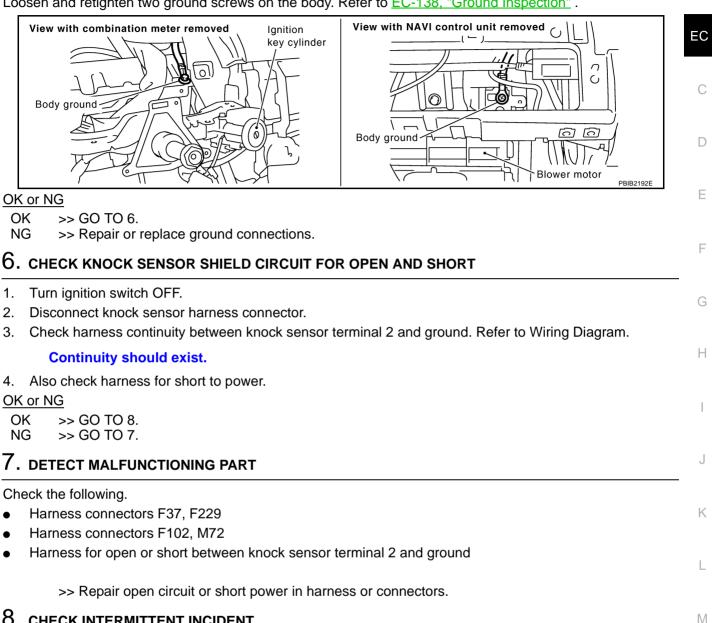
NG >> Replace knock sensor.



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# 5. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection".



# 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection KNOCK SENSOR

Check resistance between knock sensor terminal 1 and ground. **NOTE:** 

It is necessary to use an ohmmeter which can measure more than 10  $\text{M}\Omega.$ 

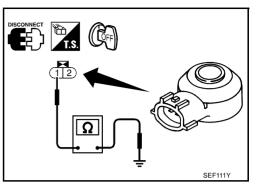
#### **Resistance: Approximately 532 - 588 k**Ω **[at 20°C (68°F)]**

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use any knock sensors that have been dropped or physically damaged. Use only new ones.

# Removal and Installation KNOCK SENSOR

Refer to EM-110, "CYLINDER BLOCK" .



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## **Component Description**

The crankshaft position sensor (POS) is located on the oil pan facing the gear teeth (cogs) of the signal plate. It detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

When the engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

The ECM receives the voltage signal and detects the fluctuation of the engine revolution.

# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED		Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0335	Crankshaft position	<ul> <li>The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not detected by the ECM during the first few seconds of engine cranking.</li> <li>The proper pulse signal from the crankshaft position sensor (POS) is not sent to ECM while the engine is running.</li> <li>The crankshaft position sensor (POS) signal is not in the normal pattern during engine running.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors</li></ul>
0335	sensor (POS) circuit		(The sensor circuit is open or shorted) <li>Crankshaft position sensor (POS)</li> <li>Signal plate</li>

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

## NOTE:

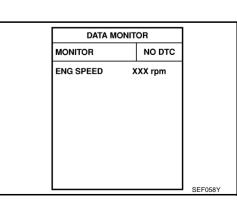
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with igni-Μ tion switch ON.

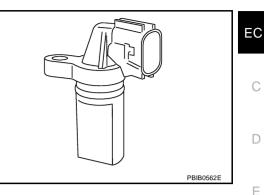
## (I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 sec-2. onds at idle speed.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-299, "Diagnostic Procedure" 3.



## **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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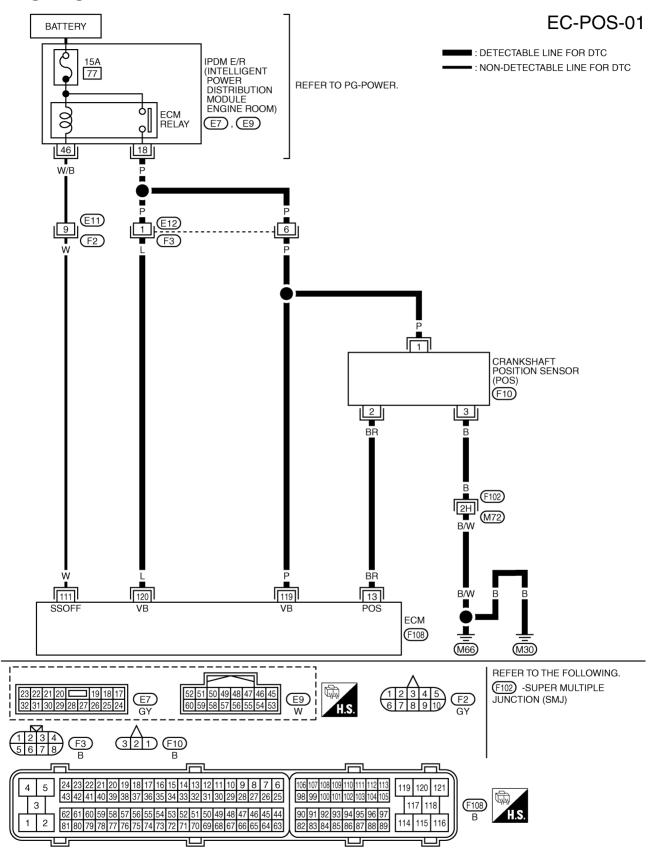
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# Wiring Diagram



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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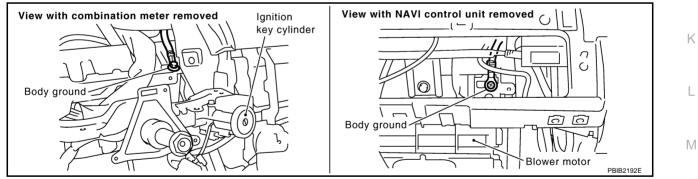
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С	
		Crankshaft position sensor (POS)	idle. RR Crankshaft position sensor	<ul> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at</li> </ul>	Approximately 1.2V★	D
13	ВК			[Engine is running]	Approximately 1.1V*	F
			• Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	≥ 5.0 V/Div 1 ms/Div T PBIB1042E	G	

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

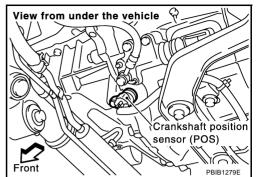


OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION (CKP) SENSOR (POS) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect crankshaft position (CKP) sensor (POS) harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

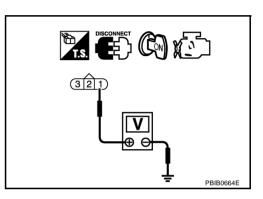


 Check voltage between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E12, F3
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ECM
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 4. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between CKP sensor (POS) terminal 3 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### **Continuity should exist.**

3. Also check harness for short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

## 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

### Check the following.

- Harness connectors F102, M72
- Harness for open or short between crankshaft position sensor (POS) and ground

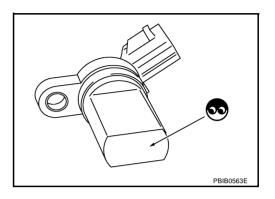
>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

6. CHECK CKP SENSOR (POS) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	А
<ol> <li>Disconnect ECM harness connector.</li> <li>Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 13 and CKP sensor (POS) terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	EC
Continuity should exist.	
<ol> <li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> </ol>	С
<ul> <li>OK &gt;&gt; GO TO 7.</li> <li>NG &gt;&gt; Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.</li> </ul>	D
7. CHECK CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)	
Refer to <u>EC-302, "Component Inspection"</u> . OK or NG	E
OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Replace crankshaft position sensor (POS).	F
8. CHECK GEAR TOOTH	
Visually check for chipping signal plate gear tooth. OK or NG	G
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Replace the signal plate.	Н
9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	1
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	
>> INSPECTION END	J
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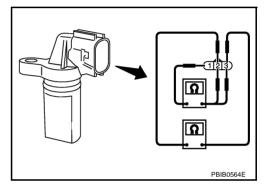
## Component Inspection CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

- 1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 2. Disconnect crankshaft position sensor (POS) harness connector.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 (+) - 2 (-)	
1 (+) - 3 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
2 (+) - 3 (-)	



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## Removal and Installation CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (POS)

Refer to EM-29, "OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER" .

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# **Component Description**

The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the retraction of intake valve camshaft to identify a particular cylinder. The camshaft position sensor (PHASE) senses the piston position.

When the crankshaft position sensor (POS) system becomes inoperative, the camshaft position sensor (PHASE) provides various controls of engine parts instead, utilizing timing of cylinder identification signals.

The sensor consists of a permanent magnet and Hall IC.

When engine is running, the high and low parts of the teeth cause the gap with the sensor to change.

The changing gap causes the magnetic field near the sensor to change.

Due to the changing magnetic field, the voltage from the sensor changes.

# **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
ENG SPEED	• Run engine and compare CONSULT-II value with the tachometer indica- tion.	Almost the same speed as the tachometer indication.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause		
P0340 0340 (Bank 1)		• The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM for the first few seconds during engine	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)</li> </ul>		
<u> </u>		<ul> <li>sor (PHASE) circuit</li> <li>The cylinder No. signal is not sent to ECM during engine running.</li> <li>The cylinder No. signal is not in the normal</li> </ul>	Camshaft (Intake)		
P0345 0345			during engine running.	• Starter motor (Refer to <u>SC-9</u> .)	
(Bank 2)			• Starting system circuit (Refer to <u>SC-9</u> .)		
、		pattern during engine running.	<ul> <li>Dead (Weak) battery</li> </ul>		

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

# NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

# TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V with ignition switch ON.

# B WITH CONSULT-II

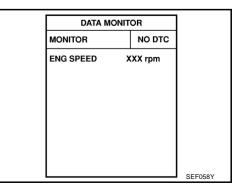
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Crank engine for at least 2 seconds and run it for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-307, "Diagnostic Procedure"

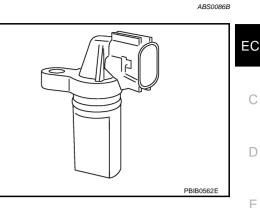
If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to next step.

- 5. Maintaining engine speed at more than 800 rpm for at least 5 seconds.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-307, "Diagnostic Procedure"

# WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.





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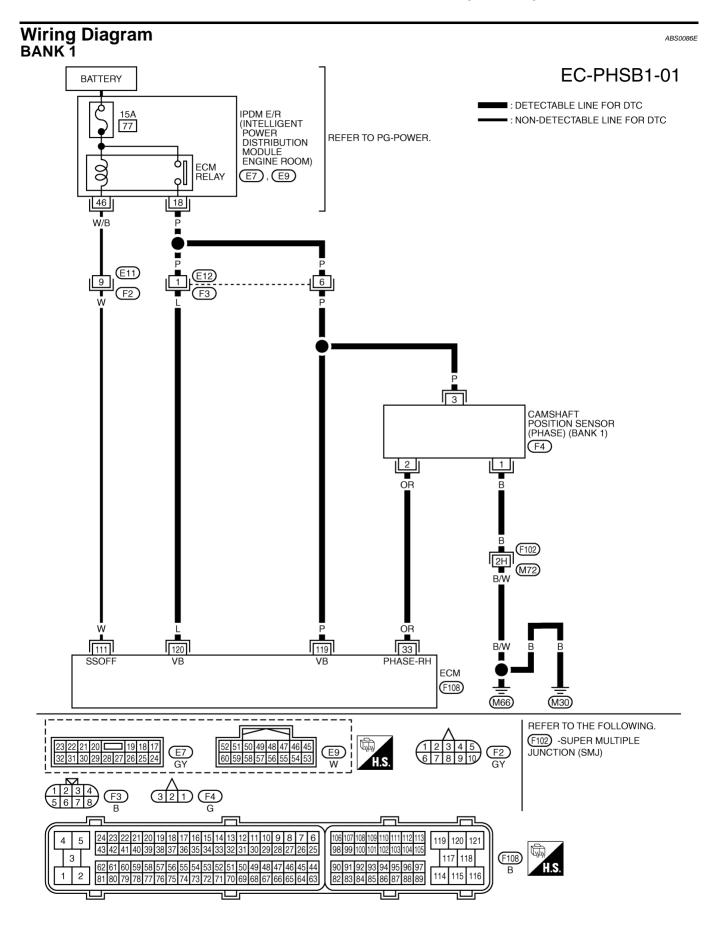
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
33	OR	Camshaft position sensor	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed NOTE: The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.	1.0 - 4.0V★	D
33	UK	(PHASE) (bank 1)	[Engine is running]	1.0 - 4.0V*	F
			● Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.	≥ 5.0 V/Div 20 ms/Div PBIB1040E	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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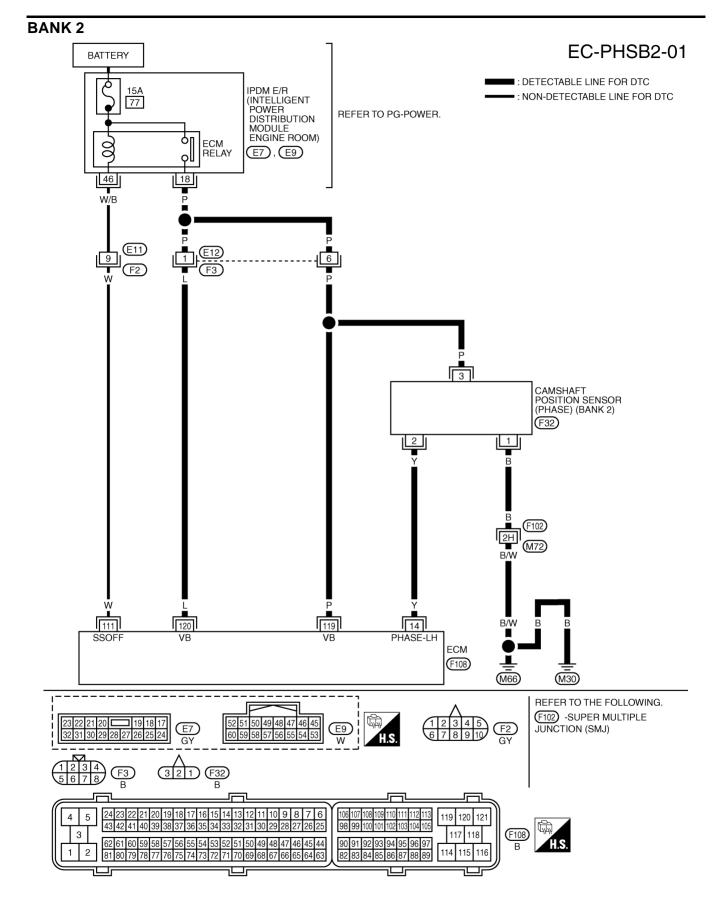
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
14	Y	Camshaft position sensor	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	1.0 - 4.0V★	D
14	T	(PHASE) (bank 2)	[Engine is running]	1.0 - 4.0V★	F
			<ul> <li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>&gt;&gt; 5.0 V/Div 20 ms/Div</li> <li>PBIB1040E</li> </ul>	G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

# Diagnostic Procedure

## 1. CHECK STARTING SYSTEM

Turn ignition switch to START position.

Does the engine turn over?

#### Does the starter motor operate?

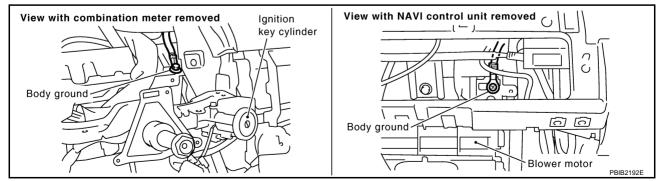
#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> Check sta

>> Check starting system. (Refer to <u>SC-9, "STARTING SYSTEM"</u>.)

# 2. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



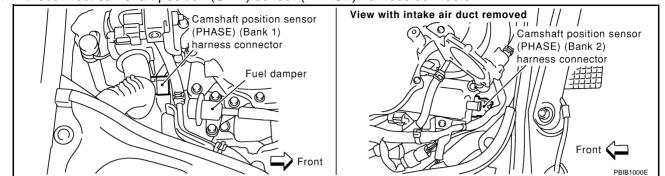
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 3. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION (CMP) SENSOR (PHASE) POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect camshaft position (CMP) sensor (PHASE) harness connector.

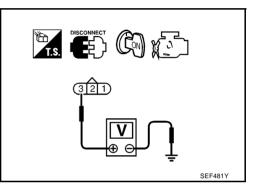


- 2. Turn ignition switch ON
- 3. Check voltage between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

## Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



## 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E12, F3
- Harness for open or short between camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and ECM
- Harness for open or short between camshaft position sensor (PHASE) and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 1 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

## 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F102, M72
- Harness for open or short between CMP sensor (PHASE) and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 7. CHECK CMP SENSOR (PHASE) INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT А 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector. 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 33 or 14 and CMP sensor (PHASE) terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram. EC Continuity should exist. 3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. D 8. CHECK CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE) F Refer to EC-310, "Component Inspection". OK or NG OK >> GO TO 9. F >> Replace camshaft position sensor (PHASE). NG 9. CHECK CAMSHAFT (INTAKE) Check the following. Accumulation of debris to the signal plate of camshaft rear end Chipping signal plate of camshaft rear end Н OK or NG Camshaft (intake) OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> Remove debris and clean the signal plate of camshaft rear end or replace camshaft.

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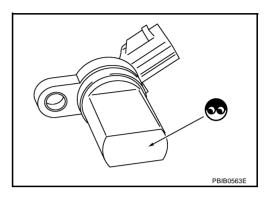
# 10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

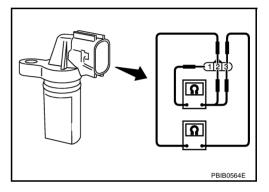
## Component Inspection CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE)

- 1. Loosen the fixing bolt of the sensor.
- 2. Disconnect camshaft position sensor (PHASE) harness connector.
- 3. Remove the sensor.
- 4. Visually check the sensor for chipping.



5. Check resistance as shown in the figure.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 (+) - 2 (-)	
1 (+) - 3 (-)	Except 0 or ∞
2 (+) - 3 (-)	_



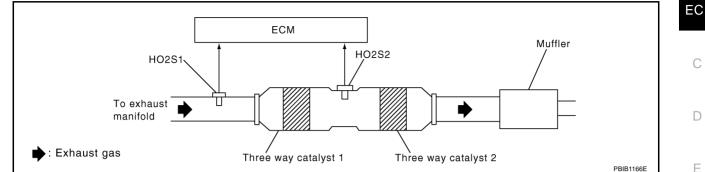
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Removal and Installation CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR (PHASE) Refer to EM-76, "CAMSHAFT". ABS0086G

# DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

The ECM monitors the switching frequency ratio of heated oxygen sensors 1 and 2.



A three way catalyst 1 with high oxygen storage capacity will indicate a low switching frequency of heated oxygen sensor 2. As oxygen storage capacity decreases, the heated oxygen sensor 2 switching frequency will increase.

When the frequency ratio of heated oxygen sensors 1 and 2 approaches a specified limit value, the three way catalyst 1 malfunction is diagnosed.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0420			Three way catalyst 1	
0420 (Book 1)			<ul> <li>Exhaust tube</li> </ul>	
(Bank 1)			<ul> <li>Intake air leaks</li> </ul>	
at a second s	Catalyst system effi- ciency below threshold		<ul> <li>Fuel injector</li> </ul>	
P0430 0430	ciency below threshold	<ul> <li>Three way catalyst 1 does not have enough oxygen storage capacity.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fuel injector leaks</li> </ul>	
(Bank 2)		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<ul> <li>Spark plug</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Improper ignition timing</li> </ul>	

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

## NOTE:

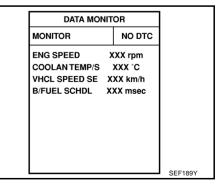
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

# B WITH CONSULT-II

## **TESTING CONDITION:**

Do not hold engine speed for more than the specified minutes below.

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
   If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).
- 7. Open engine hood.



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# DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

- 8. Select "DTC & SRT CONFIRMATION" then "SRT WORK SUP-PORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 9. Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and hold it for 3 consecutive minutes then release the accelerator pedal completely. If "INCMP" of "CATALYST" changed to "CMPLT", go to step 12.

11. Rev engine up to 2,000 to 3,000 rpm and maintain it until

"INCMP" of "CATALYST" changes to "CMPLT" (It will take

If not "CMPLT", stop engine and cool it down to less than 70°C

10. Wait 5 seconds at idle.

approximately 5 minutes).

(158°F) and then retest from step 1.

SRT WORK SL	JPPORT	1
CATALYST	INCMP	1
EVAP SYSTEM	INCMP	
HO2S HTR	CMPLT	
HO2S	INCMP	
MONITO	R	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	1
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
<b>B/FUEL SCHDL</b>	XXX msec	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX V	
COOLAN TEMP/S	XX °C	
HO2S1 (B1)	XXX V	
		SEF940

SRT WORK SUPPORT CATALYST CMPLT EVAP SYSTEM INCMP HO2S HTR CMPLT HO2S INCMP MONITOR ENG SPEED XXX rpm MAS A/F SE-B1 XXX V B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec A/F ALPHA-B1 XXXV COOLAN TEMP/S XX °C HO2S1 (B1) XXX V SEF941Z

SELF DIAG RESU	LTS	
DTC RESULTS	TIME	
NO DTC IS DETECTED.		
FURTHER TESTING		
MAY BE REQUIRED.		
		SEF5352

# 12. Select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.

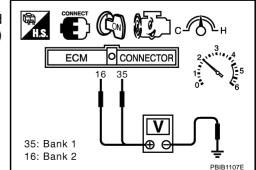
 Confirm that the 1st trip DTC is not detected. If the 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-313</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Proce-dure</u>".

# **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the three way catalyst 1. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## WITH GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 3. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 4. Open engine hood.
- Set voltmeters probes between ECM terminals 35 [HO2S1 (bank 1) signal], 16 [HO2S1 (bank 2) signal] and ground, and ECM terminals 74 [HO2S2 (bank 1) signal], 55 [HO2S2 (bank 2) signal] and ground.
- 6. Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.



# EC-312

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7 Make sure that the voltage switching frequency (high & low) between ECM terminals 74 and ground, or 55 and ground is very less than that of ECM terminals 35 and ground, or 16 and around.

Switching frequency ratio = A/B A: Heated oxygen sensor 2 voltage switching frequency

B: Heated oxygen sensor 1 voltage switching frequency

This ratio should be less than 0.75.

If the ratio is greater than above, it means three way catalyst 1 does not operate properly. Go to EC-313, "Diagnostic Procedure".

## NOTE:

If the voltage at terminal 35 or 16 does not switch periodically more than 5 times within 10 seconds at step 7, perform trouble diagnosis for "DTC P0133, P0153" first. (See EC-211.)

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK EXHAUST SYSTEM

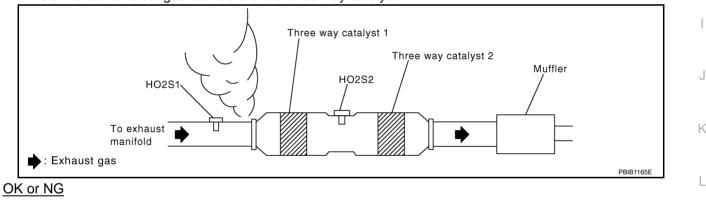
Visually check exhaust tubes and muffler for dent.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK EXHAUST GAS LEAK

- Start engine and run it at idle. 1.
- 2. Listen for an exhaust gas leak before the three way catalyst 1.



OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

# $\mathbf{3}$ . CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> Repair or replace. С H.S. **F** O CONNECTOR ECM EC 55 71 74: Bank 1 55: Bank 2 PBIB1108E

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# 4. CHECK IGNITION TIMING

Check the following items.	Refer to EC-77	"Basic Inspection"
Check the following items.		<u>Dasic inspection</u> .

Items		Specifications
Target idle speed	A/T	$650 \pm 50$ rpm (in P or N position)
rarger luie speed	M/T	$650\pm50$ rpm (in neutral position)
Ignition timing	A/T	$15\pm5^\circ$ BTDC (in P or N position)
ignition tinning	M/T	$15\pm5^\circ$ BTDC (in neutral position)

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Follow the <u>EC-77</u>, "Basic Inspection".

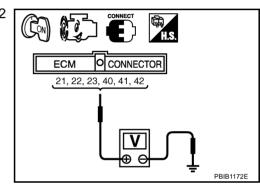
# 5. CHECK INJECTORS

- 1. Stop engine and then turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 21, 22, 23, 40, 41, 42 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester. Refer to Wiring Diagram for Injectors, <u>EC-596</u>.

## Battery voltage should exist.

## OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Perform <u>EC-598, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.



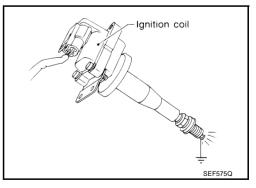
# 6. CHECK IGNITION SPARK

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil assembly from rocker cover.
- 3. Connect a known-good spark plug to the ignition coil assembly.
- 4. Disconnect injector harness connectors.
- 5. Place end of spark plug against a suitable ground and crank engine.
- 6. Check for spark.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Check ignition coil with power transistor and their circuit. Refer to <u>EC-583, "IGNITION SIGNAL"</u>.



# DTC P0420, P0430 THREE WAY CATALYST FUNCTION

7.	. CHECK INJECTOR	Δ
1.	Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2.	Remove injector assembly. Refer to <u>EM-38, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"</u> . Keep fuel hose and all injectors connected to injector gallery.	EC
3.	Reconnect all injector harness connectors.	
4.	Disconnect all ignition coil harness connectors.	С
5.	Turn ignition switch ON. Make sure fuel does not drip from injector.	
<u>Ok</u>	K or NG	D
	DK (Does not drip.)>>GO TO 8. IG (Drips.)>>Replace the injector(s) from which fuel is dripping.	_
8.	. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	E
Re	efer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	F
т	rouble is fixed.>>INSPECTION END	
Т	rouble is not fixed.>>Replace three way catalyst assembly.	G
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# DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

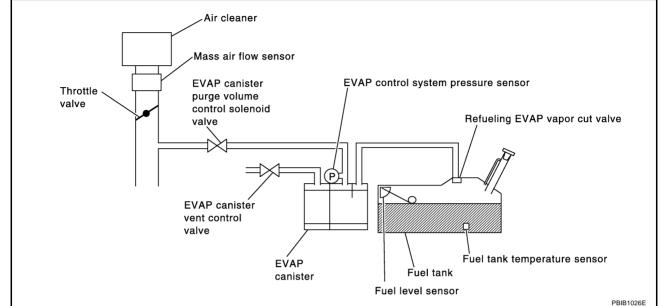
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## **System Description**

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## NOTE:

If DTC P0441 is displayed with other DTC such as P2122, P2123, P2127, P2128 or P2138, first perform trouble diagnosis for other DTC.



In this evaporative emission (EVAP) control system, purge flow occurs during non-closed throttle conditions. Purge volume is related to air intake volume. Under normal purge conditions (non-closed throttle), the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is open to admit purge flow. Purge flow exposes the EVAP control system pressure sensor to intake manifold vacuum.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

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Under normal conditions (non-closed throttle), sensor output voltage indicates if pressure drop and purge flow are adequate. If not, a malfunction is determined.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
	EVAP control system incorrect purge flow	5	<ul> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve stuck closed</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Loose, disconnected or improper con- nection of rubber tube</li> </ul>
P0441 0441			<ul> <li>Blocked rubber tube</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Cracked EVAP canister</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Blocked purge port</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> </ul>

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### CAUTION:

Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

## **TESTING CONDITION:**

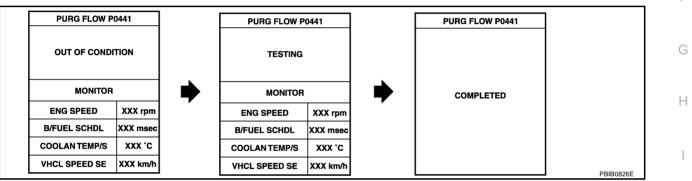
Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

# DTC P0441 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

## (I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 70 seconds.
- 4. Select "PURG FLOW P0441" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC CONFIRMATION" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START".
  - If "COMPLETED" is displayed, go to step 7.
- 6. When the following conditions are met, "TESTING" will be displayed on the CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions continuously until "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take at least 35 seconds.)

Selector lever	Suitable position
Vehicle speed	32 - 120 km/h (20 - 75 MPH)
ENG SPEED	500 - 3,000 rpm
B/FUEL SCHDL	1.3 - 9.0 msec
Engine coolant temperature	70 - 100°C (158 - 212°F)



If "TESTING" is not changed for a long time, retry from step 2.

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-</u> <u>318, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

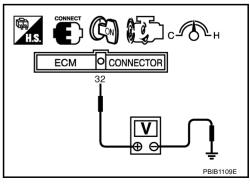
## **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall monitoring function of the EVAP control system purge flow monitoring. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## WITH GST

- 1. Lift up drive wheels.
- 2. Start engine (VDC switch OFF) and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 70 seconds.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes to ECM terminals 32 (EVAP control system pressure sensor signal) and ground.
- 6. Check EVAP control system pressure sensor value at idle speed and note it.
- 7. Establish and maintain the following conditions for at least 1 minute.

Air conditioner switch	ON
Headlamp switch	ON
Rear window defogger switch	ON
Engine speed	Approx. 3,000 rpm
Gear position	Any position other than P, N or R



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8. Verify that EVAP control system pressure sensor value stays 0.1V less than the value at idle speed (measured at step 6) for at least 1 second.

### 9. If NG, go to EC-318, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

2. Check EVAP canister for cracks.

## OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister.

# 2. CHECK PURGE FLOW

## With CONSULT-II

- Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <u>EC-635</u>, "EVAPORA-<u>TIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle.
- 3. Select "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Rev engine up to 2,000 rpm.
- Touch "Qd" and "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to adjust "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening and check vacuum existence.

PURG VOL CONT/V	Vacuum
100%	Should exist.
0%	Should not exist.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 4.

ACTIVE TES		
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
		PBIB0147

## 3. CHECK PURGE FLOW

### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- Disconnect vacuum hose connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port and install vacuum gauge. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <u>EC-635</u>, "EVAPORA-<u>TIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 5. Check vacuum gauge indication when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

### Vacuum should exist.

6. Release the accelerator pedal fully and let idle.

### Vacuum should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 7.
NG	>> GO TO 4.

## 4. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

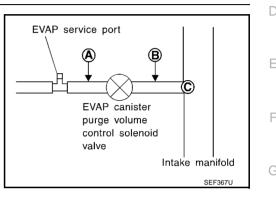
- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Check EVAP purge line for improper connection or disconnection. Refer to EC-635. "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

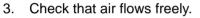
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> Repair it.

# 5. CHECK EVAP PURGE HOSE AND PURGE PORT

- 1. Disconnect purge hoses connected to EVAP service port A and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve B.
- Blow air into each hose and EVAP purge port C. 2.



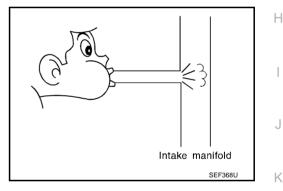


#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair or clean hoses and/or purge port.



## 6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

### (P) With CONSULT-II

#### 1. Start engine.

2. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 8.
NG	>> GO TO 7.

ACTIVE TES	т
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %
MONITOR	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %

# 7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-335, "Component Inspection" .

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

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# 8. Check evap control system pressure sensor connector

- 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check connectors for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

## 9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR FUNCTION

Refer to DTC Confirmation Procedure for DTC P0452 EC-348 , P0453 EC-354 .

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

## **10.** CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

## 11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-342, "Component Inspection" .

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

## 12. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Inspect EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube). Check for evidence of leaks. Refer to <u>EC-635</u>, "<u>EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING</u>".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> Replace it.

# 13. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 14.

# 14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

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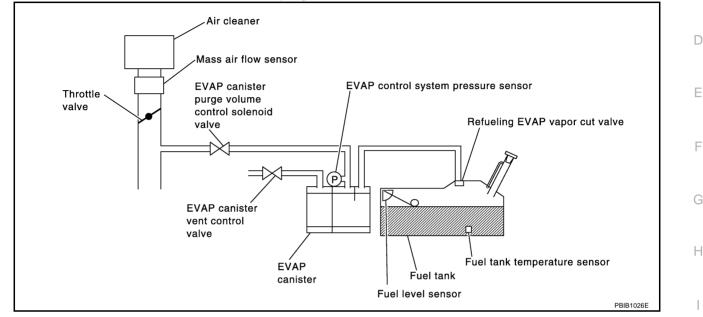
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# DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

This diagnosis detects leaks in the EVAP purge line using engine intake manifold vacuum. If pressure does not increase, the ECM will check for leaks in the line between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, under the following "Vacuum test" conditions. The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge vol-

The EVAP canister vent control valve is closed to shut the EVAP purge line off. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will then be opened to depressurize the EVAP purge line using intake manifold vacuum. After this occurs, the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve will be closed.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
EVAP control system			Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve	
			<ul> <li>Incorrect fuel filler cap used</li> </ul>	
			• Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.	
			<ul> <li>Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.</li> </ul>	
		• EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks		
	EVAP control system has a leak, EVAP	• EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks	M	
		EVAP purge line rubber tube bent		
P0442	0442     small leak detected       442     (negative pressure)	control system does not operate prop- erly.	<ul> <li>Loose or disconnected rubber tube</li> </ul>	
)++ <u>2</u>			• EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit	
		<ul> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit</li> </ul>		
		• Fuel tank temperature sensor		
		<ul> <li>O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged</li> </ul>		
		Water separator		
			• EVAP canister is saturated with water	
			EVAP control system pressure sensor	
			<ul> <li>Fuel level sensor and the circuit</li> </ul>	
			Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve	
			<ul> <li>ORVR system leaks</li> </ul>	

## **CAUTION:**

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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## NOTE:

• If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

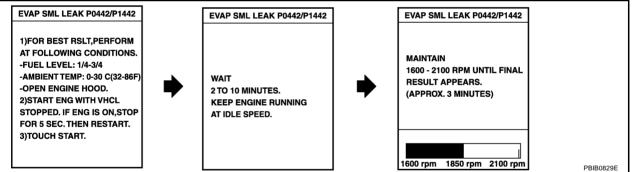
## **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Always perform test at a temperature of 0 to 30°C (32 to 86°F).

## WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 30°C (32 - 86°F)
- Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



### NOTE:

If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to <u>EC-77, "Basic Inspection"</u>.

## 6. Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-323, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

#### NOTE:

Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

 EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442	
ок	
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	
NO DTC DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	
	SEC763C

## WITH GST

### NOTE:

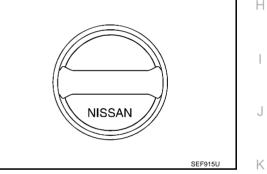
Be sure to read the explanation of Driving Pattern on <u>EC-57</u> before driving vehicle.

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Drive vehicle according to EC-57, "Driving Pattern".

# DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

		-
3.	Stop vehicle.	
4.	Select "MODE 1" with GST.	А
•	If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.	
•	If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.	- 0
5.	Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.	EC
6.	Start engine.	
	It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.	C
7.	Drive vehicle again according to EC-57, "Driving Pattern".	C
8.	Stop vehicle.	
9.	Select "MODE 3" with GST.	D
•	If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-323, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u> .	
•	If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to Diagnostic Procedure for DTC P0441, <u>EC-318</u> .	
•	If P0441 and P0442 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.	Е
10.	Select "MODE 1" with GST.	
•	If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.	
•	If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 6.	F
Dia	agnostic Procedure	
	CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN	-
		G
1.	Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2.	Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.	Н
<u> </u>	t or NG	

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



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# 2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise. OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

# $3. \ \mathsf{CHECK} \ \mathsf{FUEL} \ \mathsf{FILLER} \ \mathsf{CAP} \ \mathsf{FUNCTION}$

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

# 4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

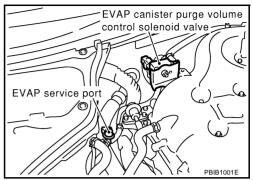
Refer to <u>EC-637</u>, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)" . OK or NG

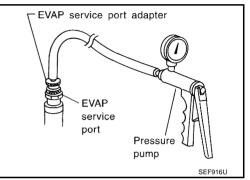
OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

# 5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <u>EC-635</u>, "<u>EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE</u> <u>DRAWING</u>".





#### NOTE: Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.

With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7.

### DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

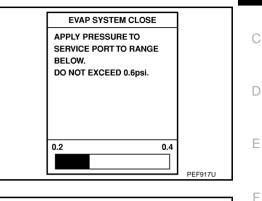
### 6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

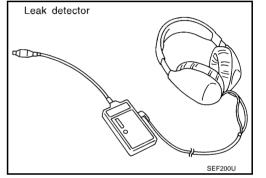
#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

#### NOTE:

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.





 Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to <u>EC-635, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair or replace.

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EC-325

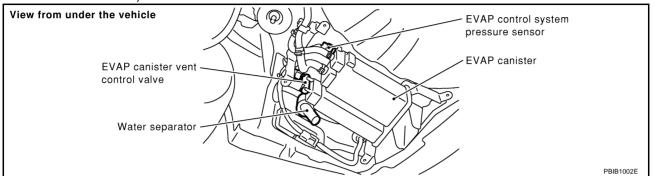
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EC

### 7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



3. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

#### NOTE:

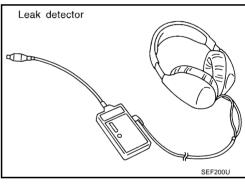
• Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.

#### • Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.

Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to <u>EC-635</u>, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair or replace.



### 8. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-329, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace water separator.

### 9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

#### Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly. Refer to <u>EC-638, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
   Refer to <u>EC-342, "Component Inspection"</u>.

#### OK or NG

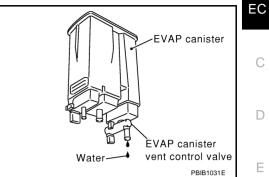
- OK >> GO TO 10.
- NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

### DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

### 10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?
- Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 11. No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13. No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.



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### 11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.	F
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).	
OK or NG	G
OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.	
NG >> GO TO 12.	Н
12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	
EVAP canister for damage	
EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection	J
>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.	
13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION	К
(P) With CONSULT-II	

### 

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 4. Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 16.
NG	>> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TES	ЗT
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %
MONITOR	(
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %

### 14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

#### Vacuum should exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 15.

### 15. CHECK VACUUM HOSE

Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to EC-23, "Vacuum Hose Drawing" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

### 16. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-335, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

### **17.** CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-274, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 18.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

### 18. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

#### Refer to EC-352, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 19.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

### **19.** CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to <u>EC-635, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 20.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

### 20. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 21.

### EC-328

### DTC P0442 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

21. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE	
Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clonection. For location, refer to <u>EC-641, "ON BOARD REFUELING VA</u>	gging, kink, looseness and improper con- POR RECOVERY (ORVR)".
OK or NGOK >> GO TO 22.NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.	
22. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE	
Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank fo improper connection. OK or NG	r clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and
OK>> GO TO 23.NG>> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.	
23. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE	
Refer to <u>EC-645, "REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u>	
OK >> GO TO 24. NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.	
24. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR	
Refer to <u>DI-15, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT CHECK"</u> .	
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 25. NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.	
25. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INC	CIDENT" .
>> INSPECTION END	
Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR	ABS008GD
1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.	
<ol> <li>Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.</li> <li>Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.</li> <li>Check that A and C are not clogged by blowing air into B with</li> </ol>	Dressure
A, and then C plugged.	Blind plug Pressure handy pump
<ul> <li>5. In case of NG in items 2 - 4, replace the parts.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>Do not disassemble water separator.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>* (A) : Bottom hole (To atmosphere)</li> <li>(B) : Emergency tube (From EVAP canister)</li> </ul>
	C : Inlet port (To member)

### DTC P0444, P0445 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

#### Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

ABSOORE

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE) Engine speed*1				
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Battery	Battery voltage*1			
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position	EVAP canister	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve	
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
Heated oxygen sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)			
Fuel tank temperature sensor	Fuel temperature in fuel tank			
Wheel sensor* <sup>2</sup>	Vehicle speed			

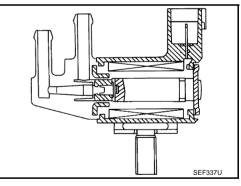
\*1:ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

\*2: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/ OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



### CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS0086V

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>	Idle	0%
PURG VOL C/V	<ul> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	2,000 rpm	_

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

On Boa	rd Diagnosis Logic		ABS0086W	, Δ
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0444 0444	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit open	An excessively low voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> </ul>	EC
P0445 0445	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve circuit shorted	An excessively high voltage signal is sent to ECM through the valve	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The solenoid valve circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve</li> </ul>	

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

#### (I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 13 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-334, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA M	ONITOR	
IONITOR	NO DTC	
NG SPEED	XXX rpm	1

### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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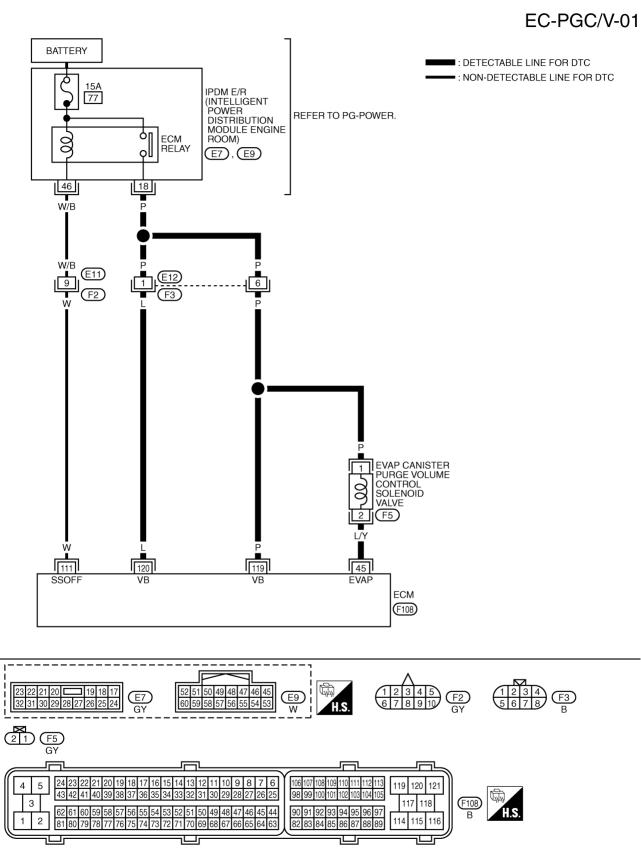
ABS0086X

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### Wiring Diagram



TBWT0660E

ABS0086Y

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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EC

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
		EVAP canister purge vol-	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)*
45	L/W	ume control solenoid valve	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed is about 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine).</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
111	w	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V
			<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	P L	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

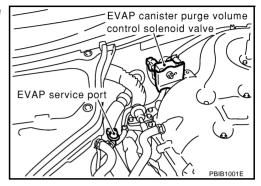
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### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIR-CUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



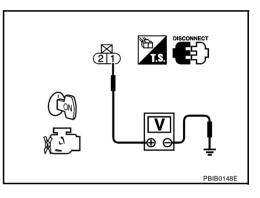
ABS0086Z

4. Check voltage between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.



### 2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E12, F3
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

# 3. check evap canister purge volume control solenoid valve output signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 45 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 4.

OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 4. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- Start engine. 2.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> GO TO 5.

ACTIVE TES	т	
PURG VOL CONT/V	0 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	LEAN	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
		PBIB0147

### 5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-335, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

#### 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

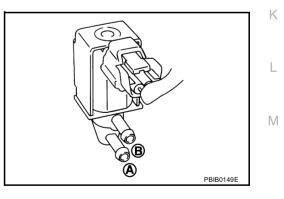
#### >> INSPECTION END

### **Component Inspection** EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

### (P) With CONSULT-II

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

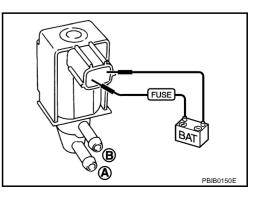
Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between A and B
100%	Yes
0%	No



### **Without CONSULT-II**

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



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Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Refer to EM-18, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR".

### DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

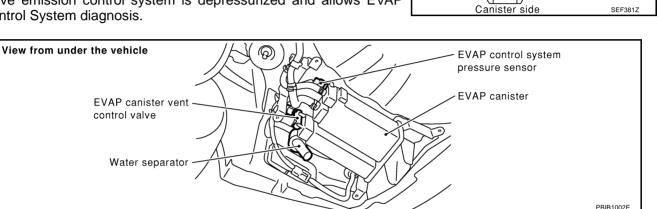
### **Component Description**

The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows EVAP Control System diagnosis.



### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	,
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF	

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	1
P0447 0447	EVAP canister vent con- trol valve circuit open	An improper voltage signal is sent to ECM through EVAP canister vent control valve.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The valve circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> </ul>	L



Terminal

To water separator

Spring

O-ring

Valve

Coi

Plunaer

EC

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K

ABS00873

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

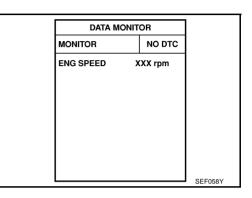
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

#### Before performing the following procedure, confirm battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait at least 8 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-340, "Diagnostic Procedure"

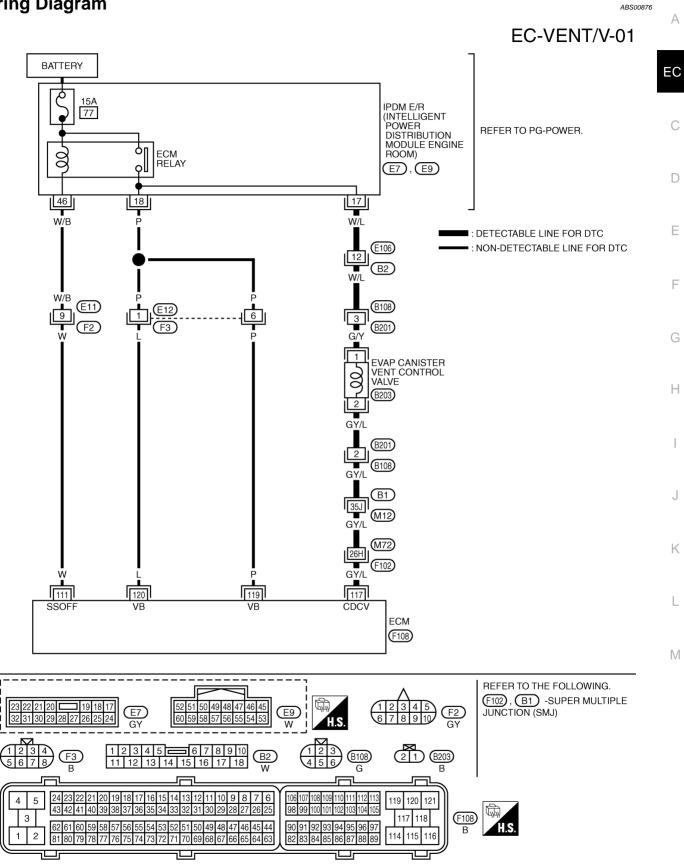


#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

### DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Wiring Diagram



Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### CAUTION:

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111	111 W ECM relay (Self shut-off)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V	
			<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
117	GY/L	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	P L	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. INSPECTION START

Do you have CONSULT-II?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

### 2. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT

### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and then turn ON.
- 2. Select "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ON/OFF" on CONSULT-II screen.
- 4. Check for operating sound of the valve. Clicking noise should be heard.

#### OK or NG

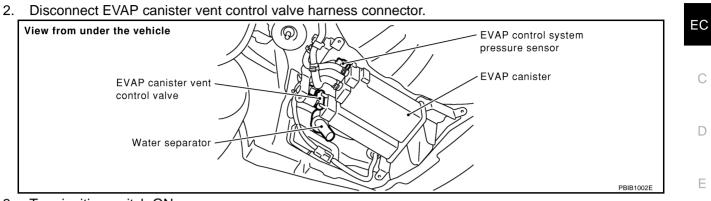
- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> GO TO 3.

ACTIVE TES	т	
VENT CONTROL/V	VENT CONTROL/V OFF	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	
HO2S1 (B1)	XXX V	
HO2S1 (B2)	xxx v	
	1	PBIB0151

### DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

### $\overline{\mathbf{3.}}$ check evap canister vent control valve power supply circuit

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

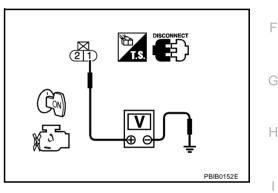


- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



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#### 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E106, B2
- Harness connectors B108, B201
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and IPDM E/R

>> Repair harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 117 and EVAP canister vent control valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

EC-341

### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

#### Check the following.

- Harness connectors B201, B108
- Harness connectors B1, M12
- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister vent control valve and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 7. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

### 8. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-342, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

### 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

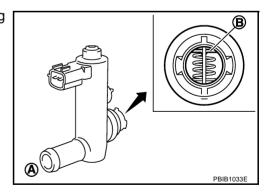
### Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- 2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

- 3. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.



### DTC P0447 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

- 5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time. Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	No
OFF	Yes

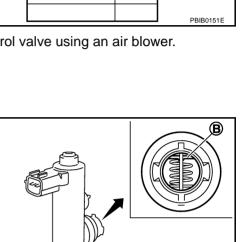
Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

- 7. Clean the air passage (Portion A to B) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 8. Perform step 6 again.

### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- 2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



ACTIVE TEST

OFF

XXX rpm

XXX %

XXX %

xxx v

xxx v

VENT CONTROL/V

A/F ALPHA-B1

A/F ALPHA-B2

HO2S1 (B1)

HO2S1 (B2)

**A**(

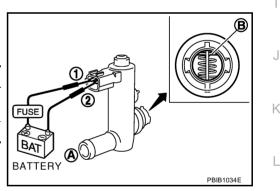
Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.
 Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

# ConditionAir passage continuity between A and B12V direct current supply between<br/>terminals 1 and 2NoOFFYes

#### Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

- 4. Clean the air passage (Portion A to B) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 5. Perform step 3 again.



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### **Component Description**

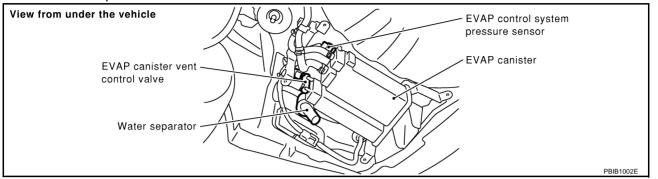
PFP:22365

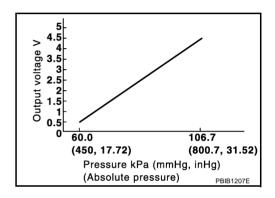
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ABS0087B

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.





### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

#### NOTE:

If DTC P0451 is displayed with DTC P1229, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1229. Refer to <u>EC-494</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0451 0451	EVAP control system pressure sensor perfor- mance	ECM detects a sloshing signal from the EVAP control system pressure sensor	<ul><li>Harness or connectors</li><li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li></ul>

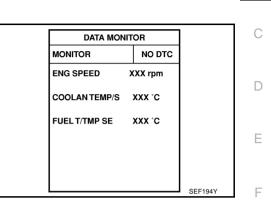
### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and wait at least 40 seconds.
   NOTE: Do not depress accelerator pedal even slightly. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-345</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure"



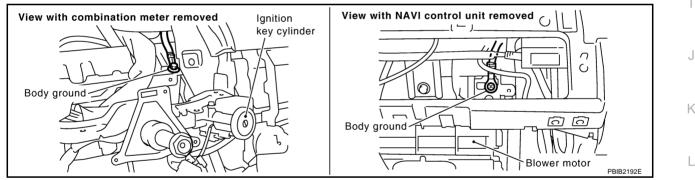
### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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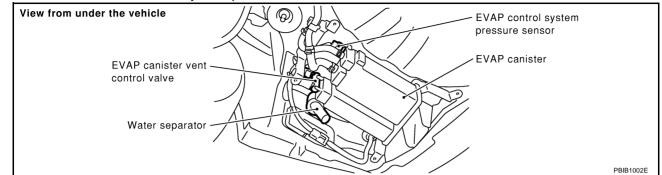
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### 2. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR FOR WATER

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

### 3. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-346, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

### 4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"</u>. For wiring diagram, refer to <u>EC-349</u>.

#### >> INSPECTION END

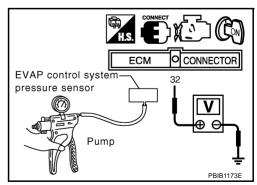
#### Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected from EVAP canister. **Do not reuse the O-ring, replace it with a new one.**
- 2. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V	
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8	
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value	

#### CAUTION:

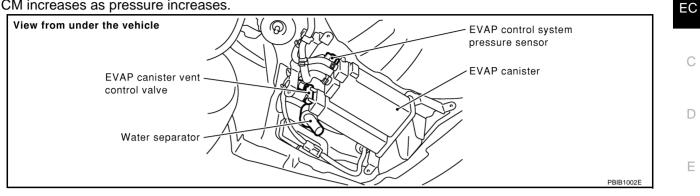
- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 4. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

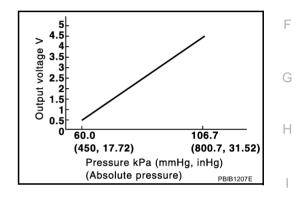


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### **Component Description**

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.





### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V	V

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

#### NOTE:

If DTC P0452 is displayed with DTC P1229, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1229. Refer to <u>EC-494</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	M
P0452 0452	EVAP control system pressure sensor low input	An excessively low voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> </ul>	101

EC-347

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### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

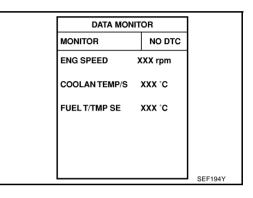
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

#### Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

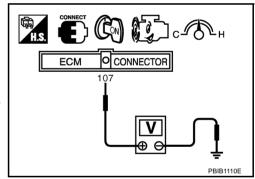
#### WITH CONSULT-II

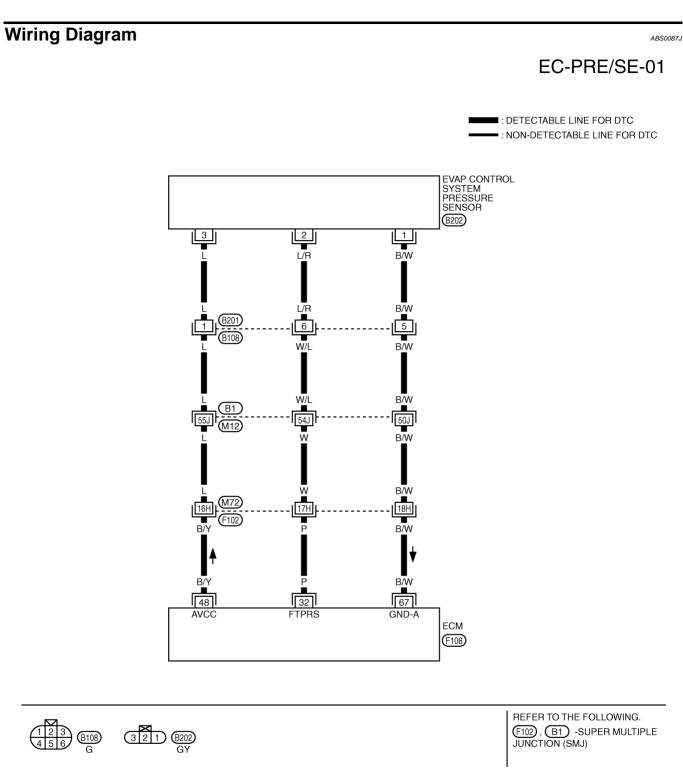
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-350</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure"



### WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check that voltage between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-350, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>





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62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44

81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

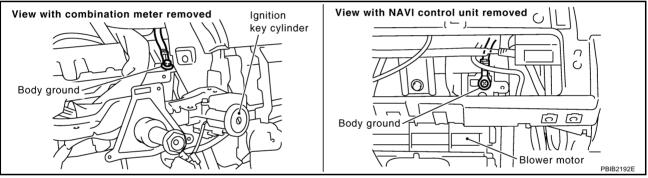
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
32	Ρ	EVAP control system pres- sure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
48	B/Y	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pres- sure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	B/W	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

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### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



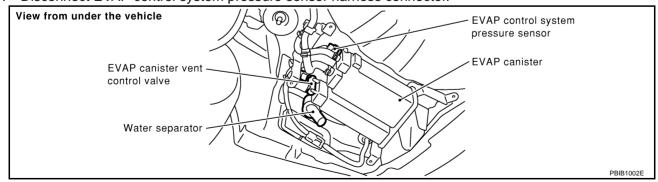
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### 2. CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

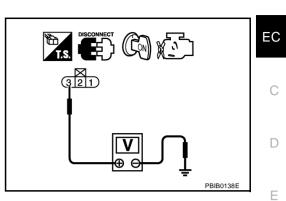
### $\overline{\mathbf{3.}}$ check evap control system pressure sensor power supply circuit

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



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4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	F
Harness connectors B201, B108	
Harness connectors B1, M12	
Harness connectors M72, F102	G
Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM	
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	Н
5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND	
SHORT	Ι
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
3. Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67.	J
Refer to Wiring Diagram.	K
Continuity should exist.	K
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
OK or NG	L
OK >> GO TO 7.	
NG >> GO TO 6.	R.A
6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	Μ

#### Check the following.

- Harness connectors B201, B108
- Harness connectors B1, M12
- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 32 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 2.
 Befor to Wiring Diagram

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

```
OK or NG
```

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

### 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B201, B108
- Harness connectors B1, M12
- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 9. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-352, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

### 10. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### >> INSPECTION END

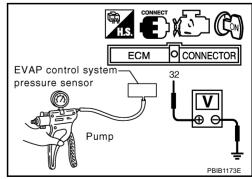
#### Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected from EVAP canister. **Do not reuse the O-ring, replace it with a new one.**
- 2. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V	
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8	
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value	

#### CAUTION:

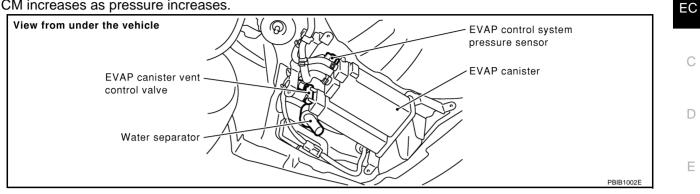
- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 4. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

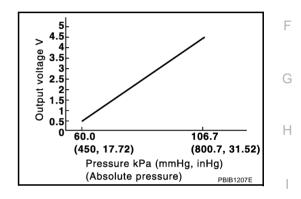


ABS0087L

### **Component Description**

The EVAP control system pressure sensor detects pressure in the purge line. The sensor output voltage to the ECM increases as pressure increases.





### **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
EVAP SYS PRES	Ignition switch: ON	Approx. 1.8 - 4.8V	IZ.

### On Board Diagnosis Logic

#### NOTE:

If DTC P0453 is displayed with DTC P1229, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1229. Refer to  $\underline{EC-494}$ .

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0453 0453	EVAP control system pressure sensor high input	An excessively high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>EVAP canister</li> <li>Water separator</li> <li>Rubber hose from EVAP canister vent control valve to water separator</li> </ul>

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### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

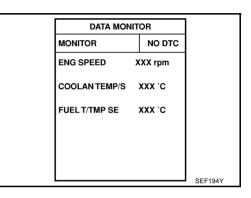
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

#### Always perform test at a temperature of $5^{\circ}C$ (41°F) or more.

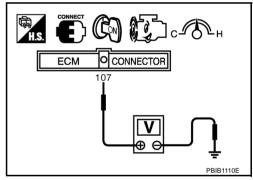
#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Make sure that "FUEL T/TEMP SE" is more than 0°C (32°F).
- 6. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- 7. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-356, "Diagnostic Procedure"



### WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Check that voltage between ECM terminal 107 (Fuel tank temperature sensor signal) and ground is less than 4.2V.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and wait at least 20 seconds.
- Select "MODE 7" with GST. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-356</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure"



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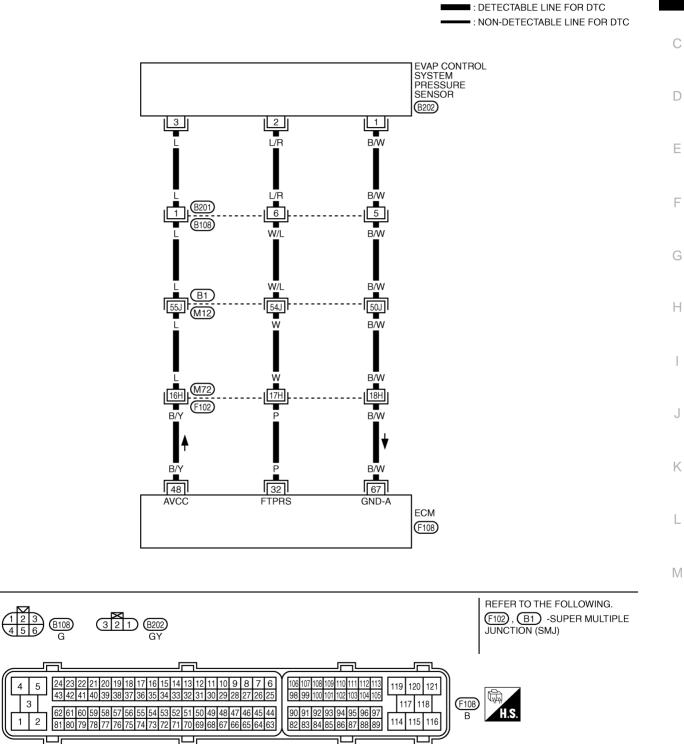




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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

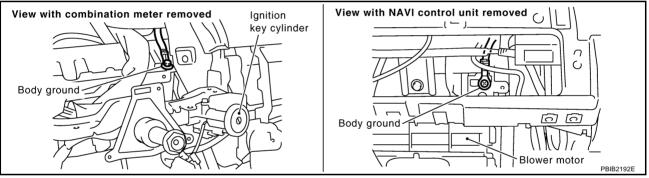
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
32	Р	EVAP control system pres- sure sensor	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 1.8 - 4.8V
48	B/Y	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pres- sure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
67	B/W	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

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### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



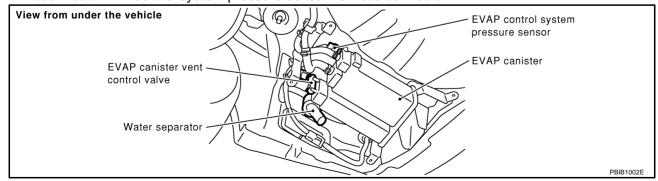
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### 2. CHECK CONNECTOR

1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.



2. Check sensor harness connector for water.

### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness connector.

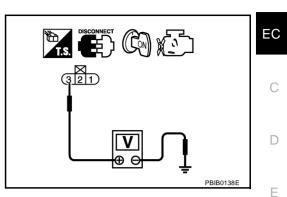
### $\overline{\mathbf{3.}}$ check evap control system pressure sensor power supply circuit

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



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4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	F
Harness connectors B201, B108	1
Harness connectors B1, M12	
Harness connectors M72, F102	G
Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM	
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	Н
5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND	
SHORT	
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	1
3. Check harness continuity between EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 67.	U.
Refer to Wiring Diagram.	K
Continuity should exist.	n
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 7.	
NG >> GO TO 6.	p. 4
6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	N

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B201, B108
- Harness connectors B1, M12
- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### EC-357

# 7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

 Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 32 and EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 2.
 Defer to Wiring Diagram

Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

```
OK or NG
```

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 8.

### 8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors B201, B108
- Harness connectors B1, M12
- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness for open or short between EVAP control system pressure sensor and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 9. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging, vent and kinked.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower, repair or replace rubber tube.

### 10. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-342, "Component Inspection" .

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

### 11. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-360, "Component Inspection" .

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

### 12. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-378, "Component Inspection" .

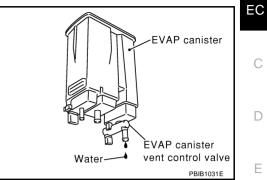
### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Replace water separator.

## 13. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.
- Yes or No
- Yes >> GO TO 14. No >> GO TO 16.



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### 14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.	F
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).	
OK or NG	G
OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 15.	
15. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	Н
Check the following.	I
EVAP canister for damage	
<ul> <li>EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection</li> </ul>	
>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.	J
16. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	K
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .	
>> INSPECTION END	L
	М

### Component Inspection EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

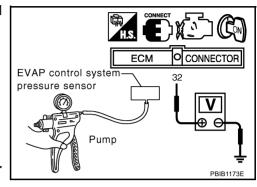
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- 1. Remove EVAP control system pressure sensor with its harness connector connected from EVAP canister. **Do not reuse the O-ring, replace it with a new one.**
- 2. Install a vacuum pump to EVAP control system pressure sensor.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and check output voltage between ECM terminal 32 and ground under the following conditions.

Applied vacuum kPa (mmHg, inHg)	Voltage V
Not applied	1.8 - 4.8
-26.7 (-200, -7.87)	2.1 to 2.5V lower than above value

#### **CAUTION:**

- Always calibrate the vacuum pump gauge when using it.
- Do not apply below -93.3 kPa (-700 mmHg, -27.56 inHg) or pressure over 101.3 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.92 inHg).
- 4. If NG, replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.



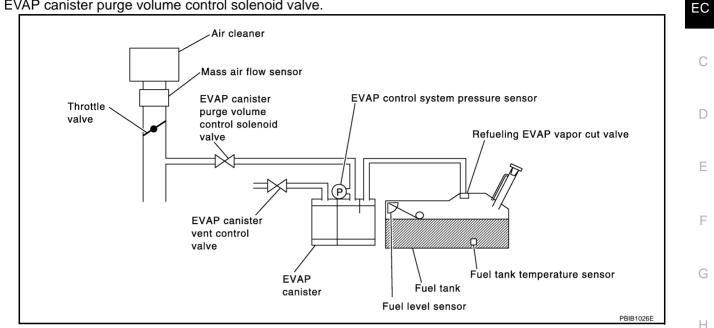
# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

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This diagnosis detects a very large leak (fuel filler cap fell off etc.) in EVAP system between the fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P0455 0455			• Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.
			<ul> <li>Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Incorrect fuel filler cap used</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.</li> </ul>
	EVAP control system gross leak detected		<ul> <li>Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent control valve.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks</li> </ul>
		SUCD as fuel filler can fell off EVAP control sys-	<ul> <li>EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>EVAP purge line rubber tube bent.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Loose or disconnected rubber tube</li> </ul>
			• EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit
			<ul> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Fuel tank temperature sensor</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>ORVR system leaks</li> </ul>

**CAUTION:** 

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.

### • Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

## **CAUTION:**

Never remove fuel filler cap during the DTC Confirmation Procedure. NOTE:

- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

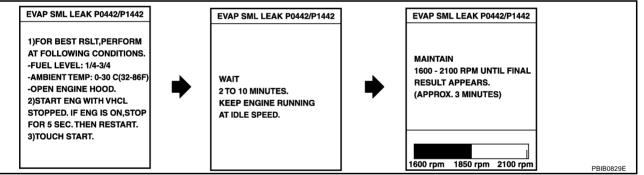
### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" when the fuel level is between 1/4 and 3/4 full, and vehicle is placed on flat level surface.
- Open engine hood before conducting the following procedures.

## B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Tighten fuel filler cap securely until ratcheting sound is heard.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Make sure that the following conditions are met. COOLAN TEMP/S: 0 - 70°C (32 - 158°F) INT/A TEMP SE: 0 - 60°C (32 - 140°F)
- Select "EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.



#### NOTE:

If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on the CONSULT-II screen, go to <u>EC-77, "Basic Inspection"</u>.

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed. If "NG" is displayed, select "SELF-DIAG RESULTS" mode and make sure that "EVAP GROSS LEAK [P0455]" is displayed. If it is displayed, refer to <u>EC-363, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If P0442 is displayed, perform "Diagnostic Procedure" for DTC P0442 <u>EC-323, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

EVAP SML LEAK P0442/P1442	
ок	
SELF-DIAG RESULTS	
NO DTC DETECTED. FURTHER TESTING MAY BE REQUIRED.	
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## WITH GST

#### NOTE:

Be sure to read the explanation of <u>EC-57, "Driving Pattern"</u> before driving vehicle.

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Drive vehicle according to EC-57, "Driving Pattern" .

# EC-362

	_
3. Stop vehicle.	-
4. Select "MODE 1" with GST.	A
<ul> <li>If SRT of EVAP system is not set yet, go to the following step.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.</li> </ul>	
5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.	EC
6. Start engine.	
It is not necessary to cool engine down before driving.	C
<ol> <li>Drive vehicle again according to <u>EC-57, "Driving Pattern"</u>.</li> </ol>	C
8. Stop vehicle.	
9. Select "MODE 3" with GST.	D
<ul> <li>If P0455 is displayed on the screen, go to <u>EC-363, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>If P0442 is displayed on the screen, go to Diagnostic Procedure, for DTC P0442, <u>EC-323</u>.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>If P0441 is displayed on the screen, go to Diagnostic Procedure for DTC P0441, <u>EC-318</u>.</li> </ul>	E
<ul> <li>If P0455, P0441, P0442 are not displayed on the screen, go to the following step.</li> </ul>	
10. Select "MODE 1" with GST.	
<ul> <li>If SRT of EVAP system is set, the result will be OK.</li> </ul>	F
<ul> <li>If SRT of EVAP system is not set, go to step 6.</li> </ul>	
Diagnostic Procedure	V 0
1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN	, G
	-
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	Н
2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.	1
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 2.	
NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.	

# 2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise. OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

# 3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap. OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

## 4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

Refer to <u>EC-637</u>, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)" . OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

# EC-363

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# 5. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE

Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks, improper connection or disconnection.

Refer to EC-635, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

## 6. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 7.

## 7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly. Refer to <u>EC-638, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
   Refer to <u>EC-342, "Component Inspection"</u>.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

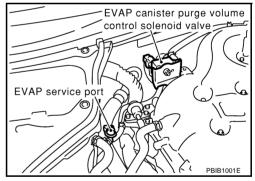
NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

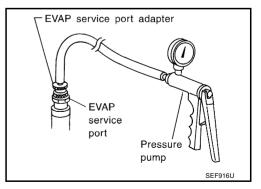
## 8. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely.

#### NOTE:

# Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.



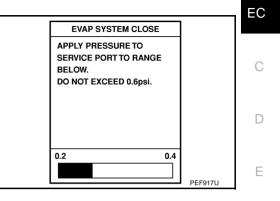


With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 9. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 10.

# 9. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

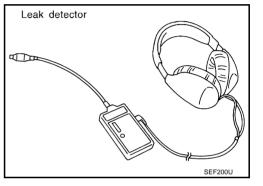
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
   NOTE:
  - Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
  - Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



 Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to <u>EC-635</u>, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
- NG >> Repair or replace.



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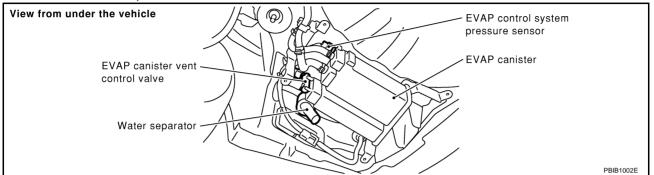
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# 10. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



3. Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

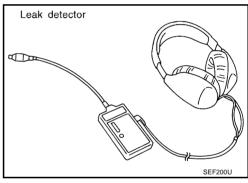
#### NOTE:

• Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.

- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to <u>EC-635, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> Repair or replace.



# 11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

#### (I) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 14.
NG	>> GO TO 13.

ACTIVE TES	T	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
		PBIB0828E

# 12. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

12	
🕱 V	Vithout CONSULT-II
	Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. Stop engine.
4.	Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port. Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.
	Vacuum should exist.
<u>OK (</u> OK NG	
13	. CHECK VACUUM HOSE
<u>OK (</u>	ck vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to <u>EC-23, "Vacuum Hose Drawing"</u> . <u>or NG</u> K (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.
OK NG	(Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 15. >> Repair or reconnect the hose.
14	. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE
()  ) V 1.	Vith CONSULT-II Start engine. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with

 Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
- NG >> GO TO 15.

ACTIVE TES	т	
PURG VOL CONT/V	XXX %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XX %	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	LEAN	
	1	
		PBIB0828E

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# 15. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-335, "Component Inspection" .

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 16.
- NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

# 16. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-274, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 17.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

# 17. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-352, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 18.
- NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

## 18. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE

Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to <u>EC-641, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)"</u>.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 19.
- NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

## **19.** CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE

Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 20.
- NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

# 20. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-645, "REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 21.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

# 21. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

## >> INSPECTION END

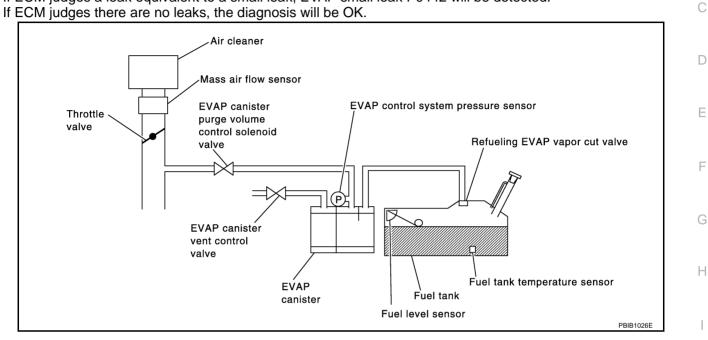
# DTC P0456 EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

This diagnosis detects very small leaks in the EVAP line between fuel tank and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve, using the intake manifold vacuum in the same way as conventional EVAP small leak diagnosis.

If ECM judges a leak which corresponds to a very small leak, the very small leak P0456 will be detected.

If ECM judges a leak equivalent to a small leak, EVAP small leak P0442 will be detected.



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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
			<ul> <li>Incorrect fuel tank vacuum relief valve</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Incorrect fuel filler cap used</li> </ul>
			• Fuel filler cap remains open or fails to close.
			<ul> <li>Foreign matter caught in fuel filler cap.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Leak is in line between intake manifold and EVAF canister purge volume control solenoid valve.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>EVAP system has a very small leak.</li> <li>EVAP system does not operate properly.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister vent con trol valve.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>EVAP canister or fuel tank leaks</li> </ul>
	0456 control system very		• EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) leaks
			<ul> <li>EVAP purge line rubber tube bent</li> </ul>
P0456 0456			<ul> <li>Loose or disconnected rubber tube</li> </ul>
			• EVAP canister vent control valve and the circuit
			<ul> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and the circuit</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Fuel tank temperature sensor</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>O-ring of EVAP canister vent control valve is missing or damaged</li> </ul>
			Water separator
			<ul> <li>EVAP canister is saturated with water</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve</li> </ul>
			ORVR system leaks
			<ul> <li>Fuel level sensor and the circuit</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Foreign matter caught in EVAP canister purge vo ume control solenoid valve</li> </ul>

## **CAUTION:**

- Use only a genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.
- If the fuel filler cap is not tightened properly, the MIL may come on.
- Use only a genuine NISSAN rubber tube as a replacement.

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

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#### NOTE:

- If DTC P0456 is displayed with P0442, first perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0456.
- After repair, make sure that the hoses and clips are installed properly.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Open engine hood before conducting following procedure.
- If any of following conditions are met just before the DTC confirmation procedure, leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour.
- Fuel filler cap is removed.
- Refilled or drained the fuel.
- EVAP component parts is/are removed.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

### (I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Make sure the following conditions are met.

FUEL LEVEL SE: 0.25 - 1.4VCOOLAN TEMP/S:  $0 - 32^{\circ}C$  ( $32 - 90^{\circ}F$ ) FUEL T/TMP SE:  $0 - 35^{\circ}C$  ( $32 - 95^{\circ}F$ ) INT A/TEMP SE: More than  $0^{\circ}C$  ( $32^{\circ}F$ )

If NG, turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle) or refilling/draining fuel until the output voltage condition of the "FUEL LEVEL SE" meets within the range above and leave the vehicle for more than 1 hour. Then start from step 1).

- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 5. Select "EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.

Follow the instruction displayed.

	7				1	
EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456		EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456		EVAP V/S LEAK P0456/P1456		
CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR(V SEE SERVICE MANUAL FOR SPECIFICATION, IS THE VOLTAGE WITHIN THE SPECIFICATION?		MAINTAIN 1800-2800 RPM UNTIL FINAL RESULT		ок		l
MONITOR		APPEARS.	•			(
FUEL LEVEL SE XXX V						
		1800 rpm 2300 rpm 2800 rpm			PBIB0837E	ŀ

6. Make sure that "OK" is displayed.

If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-372, "Diagnostic Procedure".

- NOTE:
- If the engine speed cannot be maintained within the range displayed on CONSULT-II screen, go to <u>EC-77, "Basic Inspection"</u>.
- Make sure that EVAP hoses are connected to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve properly.

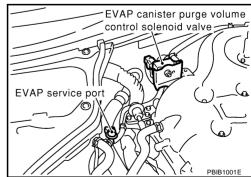
# **Overall Function Check**

## WITH GST

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the EVAP very small leak function. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Never use compressed air, doing so may damage the EVAP system.
- Do not start engine.
- Do not exceeded 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi).
- 1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.



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- 2. Set the pressure pump and a hose.
- 3. Also set a vacuum gauge via 3-way connector and a hose.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 5. Connect GST and select mode 8.
- 6. Using mode 8 control the EVAP canister vent control valve (close).
- 7. Apply pressure and make sure the following conditions are satisfied.

Pressure to be applied: 2.7 kPa (20 mmHg, 0.79 inHg) Time to be waited after the pressure drawn in to the EVAP system and the pressure to be dropped: 60 seconds and the pressure should not be dropped more than 0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.12 inHg). If NG, go to EC-372, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If OK, go to next step.

- 8. Disconnect GST.
- 9. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 10. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 11. Restart engine and let it idle for 90 seconds.
- 12. Keep engine speed at 2,000 rpm for 30 seconds.
- 13. Turn ignition switch OFF. **NOTE:**

### For more information, refer to GST instruction manual.

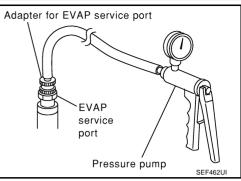
## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## **1. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP DESIGN**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check for genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap design.

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Replace with genuine NISSAN fuel filler cap.



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# 2. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP INSTALLATION

Check that the cap is tightened properly by rotating the cap clockwise.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> 1. Open fuel filler cap, then clean cap and fuel filler neck threads using air blower.2. Retighten until ratcheting sound is heard.

## 3. CHECK FUEL FILLER CAP FUNCTION

Check for air releasing sound while opening the fuel filler cap.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

# 4. CHECK FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE

#### Refer to EC-637, "FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)" .

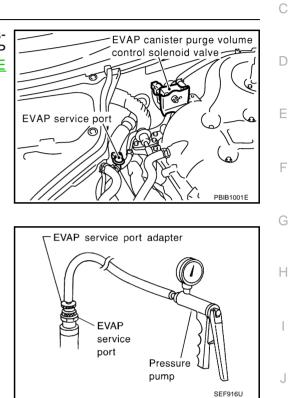
OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace fuel filler cap with a genuine one.

## 5. INSTALL THE PRESSURE PUMP

To locate the EVAP leak, install EVAP service port adapter and pressure pump to EVAP service port securely. For the location of EVAP service port, refer to <u>EC-635</u>, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".



#### NOTE: Improper installation of the EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause leaking.

With CONSULT-II>>GO TO 6. Without CONSULT-II>>GO TO 7. EC

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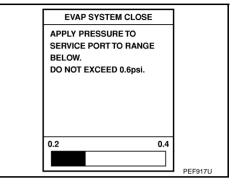
# 6. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "START" and apply pressure into the EVAP line until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.

### NOTE:

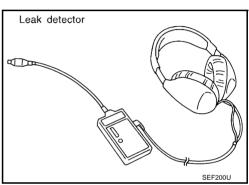
- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.



 Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to <u>EC-635</u>, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"

### OK or NG

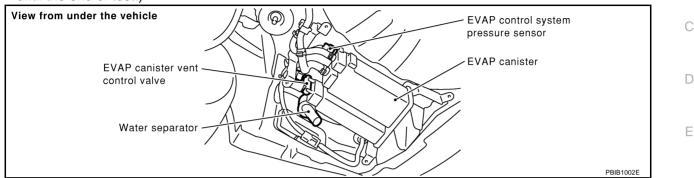
- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair or replace.



# 7. CHECK FOR EVAP LEAK

### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Apply 12 volts DC to EVAP canister vent control valve. The valve will close. (Continue to apply 12 volts until the end of test.)



 Pressurize the EVAP line using pressure pump with 1.3 to 2.7 kPa (10 to 20 mmHg, 0.39 to 0.79 inHg), F then remove pump and EVAP service port adapter.

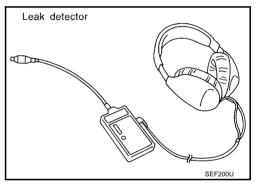
#### NOTE:

• Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.

- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in the system.
- Using EVAP leak detector, locate the EVAP leak. For the leak detector, refer to the instruction manual for more details. Refer to <u>EC-635, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair or replace.



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# 8. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-378, "Component Inspection" .

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace water separator.

## 9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

#### Check the following.

- EVAP canister vent control valve is installed properly. Refer to <u>EC-638, "Removal and Installation"</u>.
- EVAP canister vent control valve.
   Refer to <u>EC-342</u>, "Component Inspection".

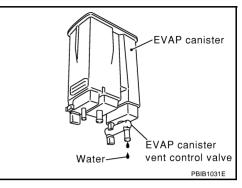
#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
- NG >> Repair or replace EVAP canister vent control valve and O-ring.

# 10. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Does water drain from the EVAP canister?
- Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 11. No (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13. No (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14.



# 11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

#### The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 13. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 14. NG >> GO TO 12.

# 12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- EVAP canister for damage
- EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection

>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.

# 13. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

#### (B) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- Touch "Qu" on CONSULT-II screen to increase "PURG VOL CONT/V" opening to 100%.
- 5. Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG	>>	GO	10	15.	

ACTIVE TES	Т	
	0 %	
MONITOR		
SPEED	XXX rpm	
VINTR (B1)	LEAN	
MNTR (B2)	LEAN	
PHA-B1	XXX %	
PHA-B2	XXX %	
		PBIB0147
	SPEED MNTR (B1) MNTR (B2) _PHA-B1	SPEED XXX rpm MNTR (B1) LEAN MNTR (B2) LEAN .PHA-B1 XXX %

# 14. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OPERATION

<ul> <li>Without CONSULT-II</li> <li>Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.</li> <li>Stop engine.</li> </ul>	l
<ol> <li>Disconnect vacuum hose to EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve at EVAP service port.</li> <li>Start engine and let it idle for at least 80 seconds.</li> <li>Check vacuum hose for vacuum when revving engine up to 2,000 rpm.</li> </ol>	
Vacuum should exist.	
OK or NG           OK         >> GO TO 16.           NG         >> GO TO 15.	
15. снеск vacuum hose	
Check vacuum hoses for clogging or disconnection. Refer to <u>EC-23, "Vacuum Hose Drawing"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 16.	_
NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.	
16. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE	
Refer to <u>EC-335</u> , " <u>Component Inspection</u> ". <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 17.	_
NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.	
17. CHECK FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR	
Refer to <u>EC-274, "Component Inspection"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 18.	_
NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit. <b>18. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR</b>	
Refer to <u>EC-352, "Component Inspection"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 19. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	
19. CHECK EVAP PURGE LINE	
Check EVAP purge line (pipe, rubber tube, fuel tank and EVAP canister) for cracks or improper connection. Refer to EC-635, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING".	—

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 20.

NG >> Repair or reconnect the hose.

# 20. CLEAN EVAP PURGE LINE

Clean EVAP purge line (pipe and rubber tube) using air blower.

>> GO TO 21.

# 21. CHECK EVAP/ORVR LINE

Check EVAP/ORVR line between EVAP canister and fuel tank for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection. For location, refer to <u>EC-641, "ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)"</u>.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 22.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

# 22. CHECK RECIRCULATION LINE

Check recirculation line between filler neck tube and fuel tank for clogging, kink, cracks, looseness and improper connection.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 23.

NG >> Repair or replace hose, tube or filler neck tube.

## 23. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-644, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 24.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

# 24. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to DI-15, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT CHECK" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 25.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit.

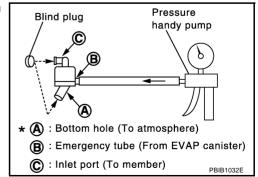
# 25. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

## >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.
- 4. Check that **A** and **C** are not clogged by blowing air into **B** with **A**, and then **C** plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts. **NOTE:** 
  - Do not disassemble water separator.



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# DTC P0460 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

# **Component Description**

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

## NOTE:

If DTC P0460 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-139</u>.

When the vehicle is parked, naturally the fuel level in the fuel tank is stable. It means that output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change. If ECM senses sloshing signal from the sensor, fuel level sensor malfunction is detected.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0460 Fuel level sensor circu 0460 noise	Fuel level sensor circuit	Even though the vehicle is parked, a signal	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)</li> <li>Harness or connectors</li> </ul>	ŀ
	noise	being varied is sent from the fuel level sensor to ECM.	(The sensor circuit is open or shorted)	
			Combination meter	
			Fuel level sensor	

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

## NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

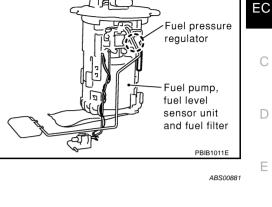
## B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and wait maximum of 2 consecutive minutes.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-380, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC	
FUEL T/TMP SE FUEL LEVEL SE		

## WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.





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# Diagnostic Procedure

## 1. CHECK FUEL GAUGE OPERATION

Refer to DI-9, "Meter/Gauges Operation and Odo/Trip Meter" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Follow the instruction of <u>DI-9</u>, "Meter/Gauges Operation and Odo/Trip Meter".

# 2. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR AND CIRCUIT

Refer to DI-13, "Inspection/Fuel Level Sensor" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning parts.

# 3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

## >> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

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Refer to FL-4, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY".

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# DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

# **Component Description**

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

## NOTE:

If DTC P0461 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-139.

Driving long distances naturally affect fuel gauge level.

This diagnosis detects the fuel gauge malfunction of the gauge not moving even after a long distance has been driven.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0461 0461	Fuel level sensor circuit range/performance	The output signal of the fuel level sensor does not change within the specified range even though the vehicle has been driven a long dis- tance.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)</li> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Combination meter</li> <li>Fuel level sensor</li> </ul>	H

# **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the fuel level sensor function. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## WARNING:

When performing following procedure, be sure to observe the handling of the fuel. Refer to <u>FL-11</u>, <u>"FUEL TANK"</u>.

## **TESTING CONDITION:**

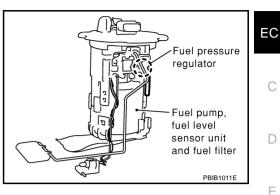
Before starting overall function check, preparation of draining fuel and refilling fuel is required.

## WITH CONSULT-II

## NOTE:

Start from step 10, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30  $\ell$  (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/ 8 Imp gal) in advance.

- 1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
- 2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line, refer to EC-44, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" .
- 3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
- 4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds then turn ON.
- 6. Select "FUEL LEVEL SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.



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# DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

- 7. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- 8. Select "FUEL PUMP" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 9. Touch "ON" and drain fuel approximately 30  $\ell$  (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) and stop it.
- 10. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- 11. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30  $\ell$  (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal).
- 12. Check "FUEL LEVEL SE" output voltage and note it.
- Confirm whether the voltage changes more than 0.03V during step 7 to 10 and 10 to 12. If NG, go to <u>EC-382, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

## WITH GST

### NOTE:

Start from step 8, if it is possible to confirm that the fuel cannot be drained by 30  $\ell$  (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) in advance.

- 1. Prepare a fuel container and a spare hose.
- 2. Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to EC-44, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE" .
- 3. Remove the fuel feed hose on the fuel level sensor unit.
- 4. Connect a spare fuel hose where the fuel feed hose was removed.
- 5. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 6. Drain fuel by 30 ℓ (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal) from the fuel tank using proper equipment.
- 7. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies.
- 8. Fill fuel into the fuel tank for 30  $\ell$  (7-7/8 US gal, 6-5/8 Imp gal).
- 9. Confirm that the fuel gauge indication varies.

10. If NG, go to EC-382, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

## **1. CHECK FUEL GAUGE OPERATION**

Refer to DI-9, "Meter/Gauges Operation and Odo/Trip Meter" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Follow the instruction of DI-9, "Meter/Gauges Operation and Odo/Trip Meter".

# 2. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR AND CIRCUIT

Refer to DI-13, "Inspection/Fuel Level Sensor" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning parts.

## **3.** CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Removal and Installation

FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

Refer to FL-4, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

DATA MON	DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC		
FUEL T/TMP SE	XXX °C		
FUEL LEVEL SE	XXX V		

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# **DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR**

# **Component Description**

The fuel level sensor is mounted in the fuel level sensor unit. The sensor detects a fuel level in the fuel tank and transmits a signal to the combination meter. The combination meter sends the fuel level sensor signal to the ECM through CAN communication line.

It consists of two parts, one is mechanical float and the other is variable resistor. Fuel level sensor output voltage changes depending on the movement of the fuel mechanical float.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

#### NOTE:

If DTC P0462 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-139.

This diagnosis indicates the former, to detect open or short circuit malfunction.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	C
			Harness or connectors     (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)	F
	Fuel level sensor circuit low input		<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Combination meter</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Fuel level sensor</li> </ul>	

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

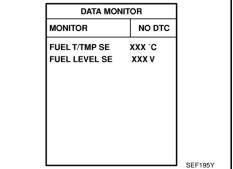
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at ignition switch ON.

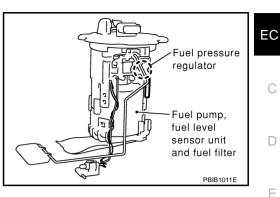
## WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.
- 3. Wait at least 5 seconds.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-384, "Diagnostic Procedure" 4.



# WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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# DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

# Diagnostic Procedure

## **1. CHECK FUEL GAUGE OPERATION**

Refer to DI-9, "Meter/Gauges Operation and Odo/Trip Meter" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Follow the instruction of <u>DI-9</u>, "Meter/Gauges Operation and Odo/Trip Meter".

## 2. CHECK FUEL LEVEL SENSOR AND CIRCUIT

Refer to DI-13, "Inspection/Fuel Level Sensor" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace malfunctioning parts.

# 3. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

Removal and Installation FUEL LEVEL SENSOR

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Refer to FL-4, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY".

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# **DTC P0500 VSS**

# **DTC P0500 VSS**

### Description

NOTE:

If DTC P0500 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-139, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE" .

The vehicle speed signal is sent to the combination meter from the VDC/TCS/ABS control unit by CAN communication line. The combination meter then sends the signal to the ECM by CAN communication line.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	•
P0500 0500 Vehicle speed ser			<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted)</li> </ul>	-
	Vehicle speed sensor	Vehicle speed sensor vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM even when vehicle is being driven. (The vehicle speed sensor is sent to ECM shorter	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The vehicle speed signal circuit is open or shorted)</li> </ul>	
			Wheel sensor	
			Combination meter	
			<ul> <li>VDC/TCS/ABS control unit</li> </ul>	

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Steps 1 and 2 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
- 2. Read "VHCL SPEED SE" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. The vehicle speed on CONSULT-Κ II should exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position. If NG, go to EC-386, "Diagnostic Procedure" . If OK, go to following step.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 3.
- 4. Warm engine up to normal operating temperature.
- Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive sec-5. onds.

			MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	1,600 - 6,000 rpm		ENG SPEED	XXX rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)	-	COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx °c
B/FUEL SCHDL	5.3 - 31.8 msec (A/T) 5.0 - 31.8 msec (M/T)	-	B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec
Selector lever	Except P or N position (A/T) Except Neutral position (M/T)	-	PW/ST SIGNAL	OFF
		_	VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h
PW/ST SIGNAL	OFF			
		•	1	

If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-386, "Diagnostic Procedure" 6.

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DATA MONITOR

# **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the vehicle speed sensor circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

## WITH GST

- 1. Lift up drive wheels.
- 2. Start engine.
- Read vehicle speed sensor signal in "MODE 1" with GST. The vehicle speed sensor on GST should be able to exceed 10 km/h (6 MPH) when rotating wheels with suitable gear position.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-386, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

## 1. CHECK DTC WITH VDC/TCS ABS CONTROL UNIT

Refer to BRC-10, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace.

# 2. COMBINATION METER

Check combination meter function. Refer to <u>DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS"</u>.

#### >> INSPECTION END

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## DTC P0506 ISC SYSTEM

## Description

## NOTE:

If DTC P0506 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0506 0506	Idle speed control sys- tem RPM lower than expected	The idle speed is less than the target idle speed by 100 rpm or more.	<ul><li>Electric throttle control actuator</li><li>Intake air leak</li></ul>	F

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

NOTE:

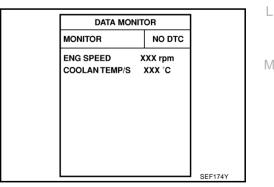
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform Idle Air Volume Learning, <u>EC-42</u>, before conducting DTC Confirmation Procedure. For the target idle speed, refer to the Service Data and Specifications (SDS), <u>EC-652</u>.

## **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).

## B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Open engine hood.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-388, "Diagnostic Procedure"



## WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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# DTC P0506 ISC SYSTEM

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

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- 1. Start engine and let it idle.
- 2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

# 2. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Replace ECM.
- 3. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-134, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 4. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

# DTC P0507 ISC SYSTEM

## Description

### NOTE:

If DTC P0507 is displayed with other DTC, first perform the trouble diagnosis for the other DTC.

The ECM controls the engine idle speed to a specified level through the fine adjustment of the air, which is let into the intake manifold, by operating the electric throttle control actuator. The operating of the throttle valve is varied to allow for optimum control of the engine idling speed. The crankshaft position sensor (POS) detects the actual engine speed and sends a signal to the ECM.

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator so that the engine speed coincides with the target value memorized in the ECM. The target engine speed is the lowest speed at which the engine can operate steadily. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by taking into consideration various engine conditions, such as during warming up, deceleration, and engine load (air conditioner, power steering and cooling fan operation, etc.).

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0507	Idle speed control sys-	The idle speed is more than the target idle	Electric throttle control actuator	F
0507	tem RPM higher than expected	speed by 200 rpm or more.	<ul><li>Intake air leak</li><li>PCV system</li></ul>	
			,	~

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

NOTE:

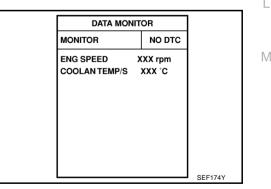
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait H at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.
- If the target idle speed is out of the specified value, perform Idle Air Volume Learning, <u>EC-42</u>, before conducting DTC Confirmation Procedure. For the target idle speed, refer to the Service Data and Specifications (SDS), <u>EC-652</u>.

## **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.
- Always perform the test at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).

## WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Open engine hood.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON again and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Start engine and run it for at least 1 minute at idle speed.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-390, "Diagnostic Procedure"



## WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

EC-389

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# DTC P0507 ISC SYSTEM

# Diagnostic Procedure

# 1. CHECK PCV HOSE CONNECTION

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Confirm that PCV hose is connected correctly.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Repair or replace.

2. CHECK INTAKE AIR LEAK

1. Start engine and let it idle.

2. Listen for an intake air leak after the mass air flow sensor.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Discover air leak location and repair.

# 3. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Stop engine.
- 2. Replace ECM.
- 3. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-134, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 4. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Power steering pressure (PSP) sensor is installed to the power

steering high-pressure tube and detects a power steering load. This

Specification data are reference values.

DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

**Component Description** 

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	F
PW/ST SIGNAL	• Engine: After warming up, idle	Steering wheel is in neutral position. (Forward direction)	OFF	•
	the engine	Steering wheel is turned.	ON	G

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

NOTE:

If DTC P0550 is displayed with DTC P1229, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1229. Refer to EC-494.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P0550 0550	Power steering pres- sure sensor circuit	An excessively low or high voltage from the sensor is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Power steering pressure sensor</li> </ul>	,

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### (I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and let it idle for at least 5 seconds. 3.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-393, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

### **G** WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# DTC P0550 PSP SENSOR

sensor is a potentiometer which transforms the power steering load into output voltage, and emits the voltage signal to the ECM. The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator and adjusts the throttle valve opening angle to increase the engine speed and adjusts the idle speed for the increased load.	Power steering pressure sensor

View from under the vehicle

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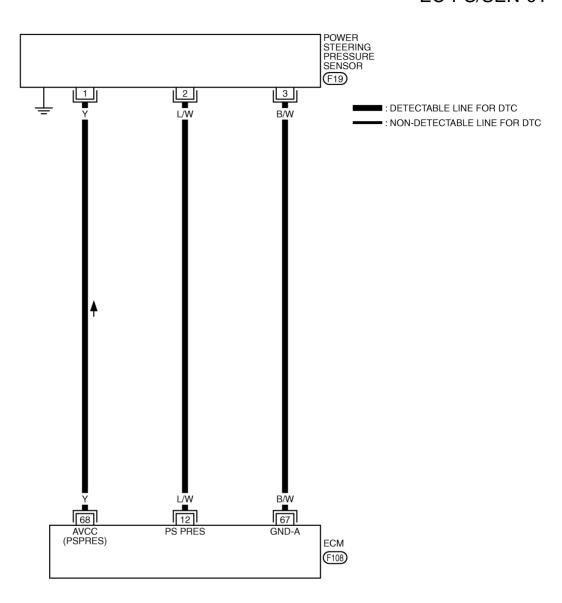
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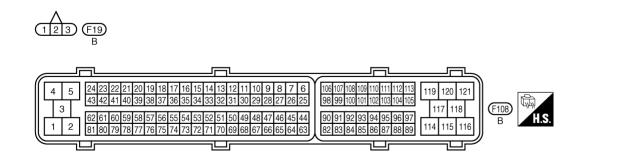
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# Wiring Diagram

EC-PS/SEN-01

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

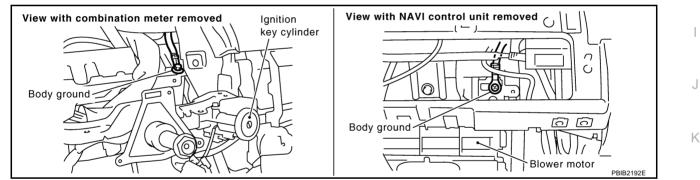
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
12 L/W		Power steering pressure	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Steering wheel is being turned.</li></ul>	0.5 - 4.5V	С
12	L/ VV	sensor	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Steering wheel is not being turned.</li></ul>	0.4 - 0.8V	D
67	B/W	Sensor ground (Mass air flow sensor / IAT sensor / Power steering pressure sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	Е
68	Y	Sensor power supply (Power steering pressure sensor / EVAP control sys- tem pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch ON]	Approximately 5V	F

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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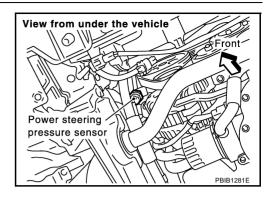
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# 2. CHECK PSP SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect PSP sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

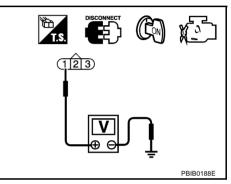


3. Check voltage between PSP sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.



# 3. CHECK PSP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between PSP sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

## OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 4. CHECK PSP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 12 and PSP sensor terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

## Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

## OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 5. CHECK PSP SENSOR

Refer to EC-395, "Component Inspection" .

## OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Replace PSP sensor.

# 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

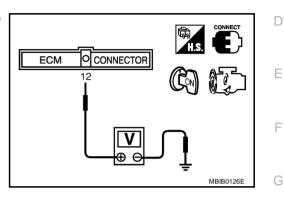
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

## **Component Inspection** POWER STEERING PRESSURE SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Start engine and let it idle.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 12 and ground under the following conditions.

Condition	Voltage	
Steering wheel is being turned.	0.5 - 4.5V	
Steering wheel is not being turned.	0.4 - 0.8V	



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# **DTC P0605 ECM**

# **Component Description**

The ECM consists of a microcomputer and connectors for signal input and output and for power supply. The ECM controls the engine.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has one or two trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause	
P0605 0605	Engine control module	A)	ECM calculation function is malfunctioning.		
		B)	ECM EEP-ROM system is malfunctioning.	• ECM	
		C)	ECM self shut-off function is malfunctioning.		

## **FAIL-SAFE MODE**

ECM enters fail-safe mode when the malfunction A is detected.

Detected items	Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode			
Malfunction A	• ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.			
	• ECM deactivates ASCD operation.			

## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A first. If the 1st trip DTC cannot be confirmed, perform **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B. If there is no malfunction on PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION** B, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

## **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A**

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.
- 3. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-397, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MC			
MONITOR NO DTC			
ENG SPEED	x	XX rpm	
			SEF058Y

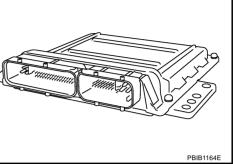
## With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

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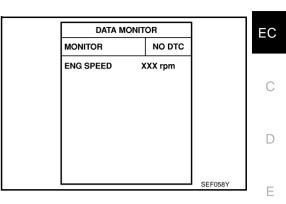
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#### **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION B**

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-397, "Diagnostic Procedure"



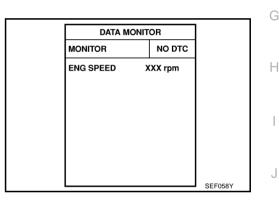
#### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

#### **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C**

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
- 4. Repeat step 3 for 32 times.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-397, "Diagnostic Procedure"



#### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

**1. INSPECTION START** 

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- 4. **Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.** See <u>EC-396</u>.
- 5. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

#### (a) With GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "MODE 4" with GST.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- 4. Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure. See EC-396.
- 5. Is the 1st trip DTC P0605 displayed again?

#### Yes or No

- Yes >> GO TO 2.
- No >> INSPECTION END

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# 2. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-134, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 4. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

>> INSPECTION END

DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

# **Component Description**

Battery voltage is supplied to the ECM even when the ignition switch is turned OFF for the ECM memory function of the DTC memory, the air-fuel ratio feedback compensation value memory, the idle air volume learning value memory, etc.

# DTC P1065 ECM POWER SUPPLY

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

Trouble diagnosis name

P1065 1065	ECM power supply cir- cuit	ECM back-up RAM system does not function properly.	<ul><li>[ECM power supply (back-up) circuit is open or shorted.]</li><li>ECM</li></ul>			
DTC Confirmation Procedure						

DTC detecting condition

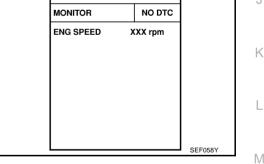
#### NOTE:

DTC No.

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### (I) WITH CONSULT-II

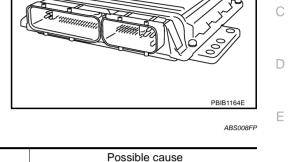
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II. 2.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 four times.
- If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-401, "Diagnostic Procedure" 6.



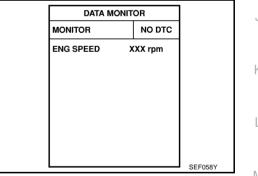
#### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

EC-399



Harness or connectors



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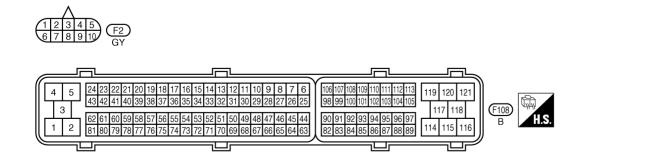
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# Wiring Diagram

# EC-ECM/PW-01

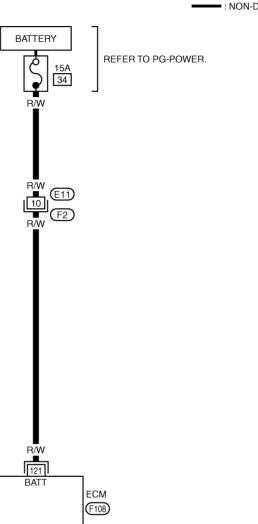
■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC • : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC

BATTERY REFER TO PG-POWER. \$ R/W 15A 34 R/W 10 R/W (E11) (F2) R/W BATT ECM (F108)



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### **EC-400**



Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
121	R/W	Power supply for ECM (Back-up)	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
-		Procedure I POWER SUPPLY		AE	3S008F5
Dis	connect E	switch OFF. ECM harness connector.			
		ge between ECM term or tester.	inal 121 and ground with		ECT
	-	Battery voltage			
<u>OK or N</u> OK	>> GO <sup>-</sup>				
NG	>> GO <sup>-</sup>	το 2.			
2. de	ГЕСТ МА	LFUNCTIONING PART		MBIBO	026E
	he follow	•			
	ness con , fuse	nectors E11, F2			
_		open or short between E	CM and battery		
	>> Repa	air or replace harness or	connectors.		
3. сн					
			S FOR INTERMITTENT INC	IDENT" .	
OK or N	G				
OK	>> GO -	TO 4.			

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

### 4. PERFORM DTC CONFIRMATION PROCEDURE

#### (B) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "SELF DIAG RESULTS" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- 4. **Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.** See <u>EC-399</u>.
- 5. Is the 1st trip DTC P1065 displayed again?

#### With GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "MODE 4" with GST.
- 3. Touch "ERASE".
- 4. **Perform DTC Confirmation Procedure.** See <u>EC-399</u>.
- 5. Is the 1st trip DTC P1065 displayed again?

### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5.

No >> INSPECTION END

## 5. REPLACE ECM

- 1. Replace ECM.
- 2. Perform initialization of IVIS (NATS) system and registration of all IVIS (NATS) ignition key IDs. Refer to <u>BL-134, "ECM Re-communicating Function"</u>.
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 4. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

### **Component Description**

Intake valve timing control solenoid valve is activated by ON/OFF pulse duty (ratio) signals from the ECM.

The intake valve timing control solenoid valve changes the oil amount and direction of flow through intake valve timing control unit or stops oil flow.

The longer pulse width advances valve angle.

The shorter pulse width retards valve angle.

When ON and OFF pulse widths become equal, the solenoid valve stops oil pressure flow to fix the intake valve angle at the control position.

## **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION	F
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	0% - 2%	-
INT/V SOL (B1) INT/V SOL (B2)	<ul> <li>Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> <li>No-load</li> </ul>	When revving engine up to 2,000 rpm quickly	Approx. 0% - 50%	G

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P1111 1111 (Bank 1)	Intake valve timing control	An improper voltage is sent to the ECM through intake valve timing control solenoid	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (Intake valve timing control solenoid valve)</li> </ul>	
P1136 1136 (Bank 2)	solenoid valve circuit	valve.	<ul><li>circuit is open or shorted.)</li><li>Intake valve timing control solenoid valve</li></ul>	

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

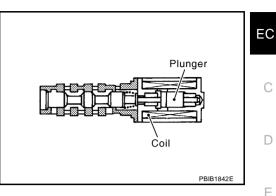
#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-407, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA M	ONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	

#### WITH GST

Following the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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#### Wiring Diagram BANK 1 ABS0088E EC-IVCB1-01 BATTERY Ċ 15A 77 IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MODULE ENGINE ROOM) REFER TO PG-POWER. ЪП ECM 8 RELAY οll (E7), (E9) 17 18 46 W/B W/L P ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC • : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC W/B W/L 9 (E11) E12 6 ) (F3 1 (F2) W/L w F (F18) 5 (F201) W/L VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE (BANK 1) ģ 1 (F204) W/R (F201) 4 (F18) R/W 111 120 11 119 SSOFF VB VB C-IVC (R) ECM (F108) 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 23 22 21 20 🔲 19 18 17 12345 F3 B (E9) (F2)(E7) 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 678910 5678 GY W 21 (F204) G 1 23 **F18** 456 В Γ ᆔ ᄃ ᄃ ٦ 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 4 5 119 120 121 43 42 41 40 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 GT -3 117 118 (F108) 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 62 61 60 59 58 57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 H.S В 1 2 114 115 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 116 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63 ٦Шr

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### EC-404

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D
11	11 R/W	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 1)	[Engine is running] ● Warm-up condition	7 - 12V*	E
			<ul> <li>When revving engine up to 2,500 rpm quickly</li> </ul>	≥ 10.0 V/Div PBIB1790E	F

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

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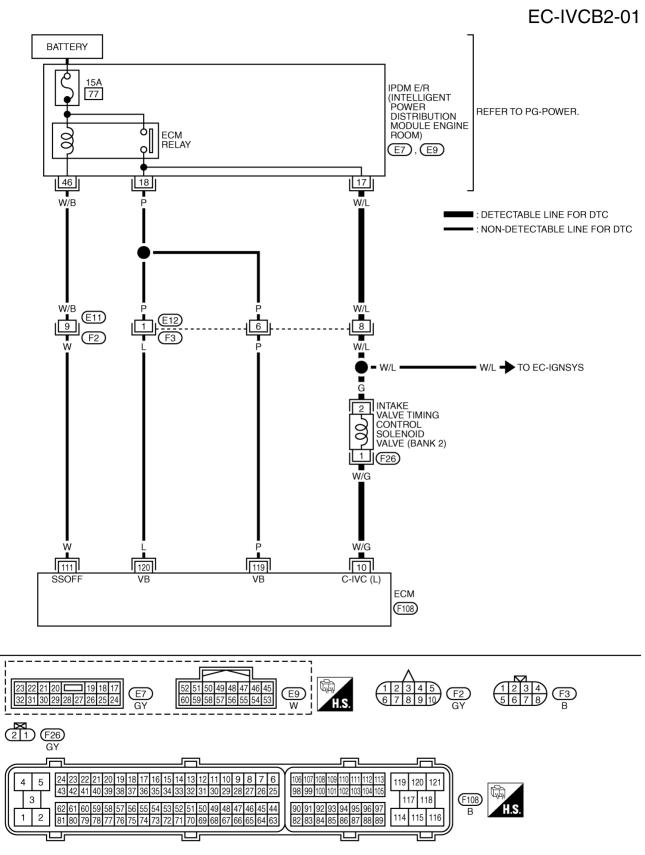
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**BANK 2** 



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### EC-406

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

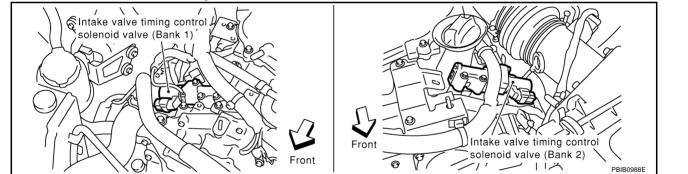
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
			[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D
10	W/G	Intake valve timing control solenoid valve (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>When revving engine up to 2,500 rpm quickly</li> </ul>	7 - 12V*	E
				>10.0 V/Div PBIB1790E	

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.

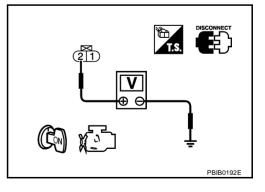


- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 2 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 3.
NG	>> GO TO 2.



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# $\overline{2}$ . DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E12, F3
- Harness connectors F18, F201
- IPDM E/R harness connector E7
- Harness for open or short between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R

>> Repair harness or connectors.

# $\mathbf{3.}$ check intake value timing control solenoid value output signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 11 (bank 1) or 10 (bank 2) and intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

### 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F18, F201
- Harness for open and short between ECM and intake valve timing control solenoid valve

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 5. CHECK INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-409, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace intake valve timing control solenoid valve.

### 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

### >> INSPECTION END

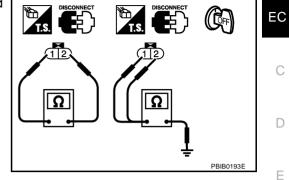
### Component Inspection INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE



ABS0088H

- 1. Disconnect intake valve timing control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between intake valve timing control solenoid valve terminals as follows.

Terminals	Resistance
1 and 2	7.0 - 7.5Ω at 20°C (68°F)
1 or 2 and ground	${}^{\infty\Omega}$ (Continuity should not exist)



#### Removal and Installation INTAKE VALVE TIMING CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EM-56, "TIMING CHAIN".



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## DTC P1121 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

### **Component Description**

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

The throttle position sensor detects the throttle valve position, and the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feeds the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

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#### This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition		Possible cause
P1121	Electric throttle control actuator	A)	Electric throttle control actuator does not func- tion properly due to the return spring malfunc- tion.	
1121		B)	Throttle valve opening angle in fail-safe mode is not in specified range.	Electric throttle control actuator
		C)	ECM detects the throttle valve is stuck open.	

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Detected items	Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode
Malfunction A	ECM controls the electric throttle actuator by regulating the throttle opening around the idle position. The engine speed will not rise more than 2,000 rpm.
Malfunction B	ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to 20 degrees or less.
Malfunction C	While the vehicle is driving, it slows down gradually by fuel cut. After the vehicle stops, the engine stalls. The engine can restart in N or P position, and engine speed will not exceed 1,000 rpm or more.

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

NOTE:

- Perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B first. If the DTC cannot be confirmed, perform PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C.
- If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

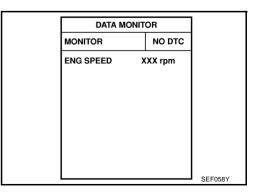
### PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION A AND B

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Shift selector lever to D position (A/T), 1st position (M/T), and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 4. Shift selector lever to D position (A/T), 1st position (M/T).
- 5. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 6. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- Shift selector lever to D position (A/T), 1st position (M/T), and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 8. Shift selector lever to D position (A/T), 1st position (M/T).
- Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds, and then turn ON.
- 10. If DTC is detected, go to EC-411, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

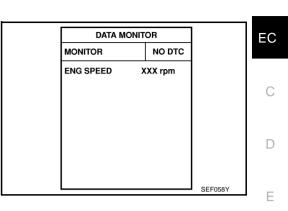


EC-410

### **PROCEDURE FOR MALFUNCTION C**

### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Shift selector lever to D position (A/T), 1st position (M/T), and wait at least 3 seconds.
- 4. Shift selector lever to N or P position (A/T), Neutral position (M/ T).
- 5. Start engine and let it idle for 3 seconds.
- 6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-411, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

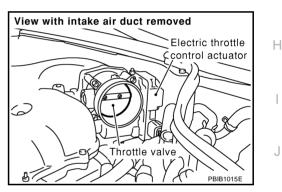
### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

- 1. Remove the intake air duct.
- 2. Check if a foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



# 2. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

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### DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

### Description

NOTE:

If DTC P1122 is displayed with DTC P1121 or 1126, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1121 or P1126. Refer to <u>EC-410</u> or <u>EC-418</u>.

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc.

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve.

The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

### On Board Diagnosis Logic

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1122 1122	Electric throttle control performance problem	Electric throttle control function does not oper- ate properly.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator</li> </ul>

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

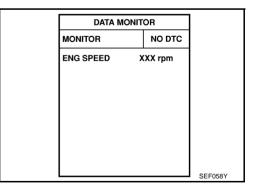
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### TESTING CONDITION:

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V when engine is running.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-414, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

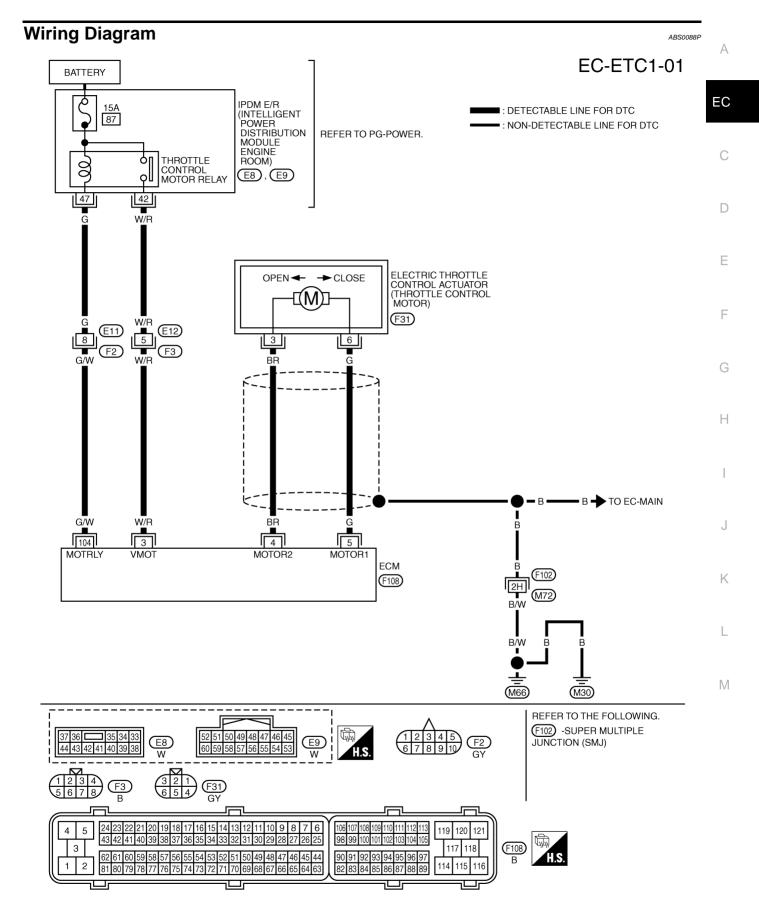
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### DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION



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# DTC P1122 ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL FUNCTION

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

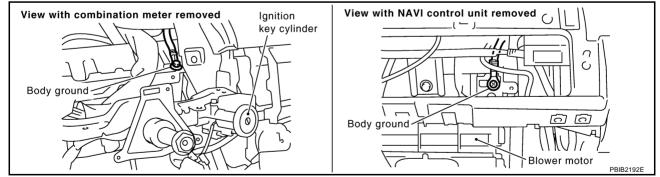
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
3	W/R	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
4	BR	Throttle control motor (Close)	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) • Accelerator pedal is released	0 - 14V★
5	G	Throttle control motor (Open)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal is fully depressed</li> </ul>	0 - 14V★
104	G/W	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
			[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V

### Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

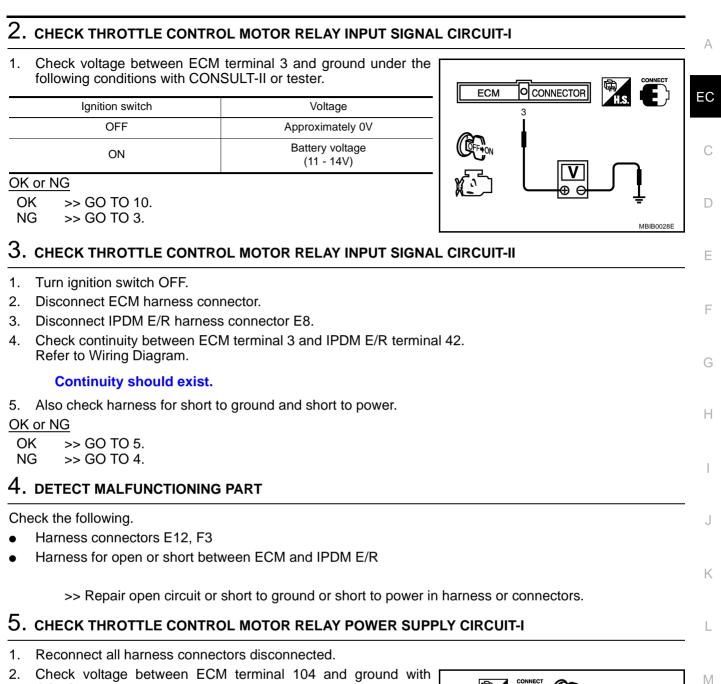
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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

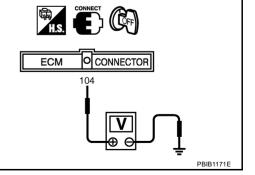


Voltage: Battery voltage

CONSULT-II or tester.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 6.



### 6. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E9.
- 3. Check continuity between ECM terminal 104 and IPDM E/R terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> GO TO 7.

### 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E11, F2
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 8. CHECK FUSE

1. Disconnect 15A fuse.

2. Check 15A fuse for blown.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace 15A fuse.

### 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

OK or NG

OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to <u>PG-16, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-ULE ENGINE ROOM)"</u>.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

#### 10. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
3	5	Should not exist
5	4	Should exist
6	5	Should exist
0	4	Should not exist

- Electric throttle control actuator
- 5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 11.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

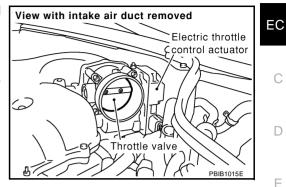
# EC-416

# 11. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

- 1. Remove the intake air duct.
- 2. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



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# 12. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

#### Refer to EC-417, "Component Inspection". F OK or NG OK >> GO TO 13. >> GO TO 14. NG 13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT Refer to EC-129. "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . Н OK or NG OK >> GO TO 14. NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors. 14. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator. 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" . 3. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" . K >> INSPECTION END **Component Inspection** ARSOORE

### THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

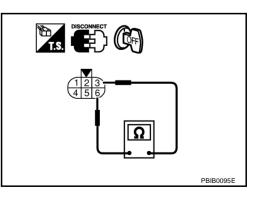
- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals 3 and 6.

#### Resistance: Approximately 1 - 15 Ω [at 25 °C (77°F)]

- 3. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
- 4. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

# Remove and Installation

ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR Refer to EM-18, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR".



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### DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

### **Component Description**

Power supply for the throttle control motor is provided to the ECM via throttle control motor relay. The throttle control motor relay is ON/OFF controlled by the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned ON, the ECM sends an ON signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is provided to the ECM. When the ignition switch is turned OFF, the ECM sends an OFF signal to throttle control motor relay and battery voltage is not provided to the ECM.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION
THRTL RELAY	Ignition switch: ON	ON

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1124 1124	Throttle control motor relay circuit short	ECM detects the throttle control motor relay is stuck ON.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor relay circuit is shorted)</li> <li>Throttle control motor relay</li> </ul>
P1126 1126	Throttle control motor relay circuit open	ECM detects a voltage of power source for throttle control motor is excessively low.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor relay circuit is open)</li> <li>Throttle control motor relay</li> </ul>

#### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### PROCEDURE FOR DTC P1124

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 8V.

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 1 second.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. If DTC is detected, go to EC-421, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED XXX rpm	

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## DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY

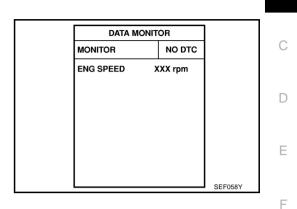
### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

#### PROCEDURE FOR DTC P1126

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR"" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-421, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



#### With GST

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

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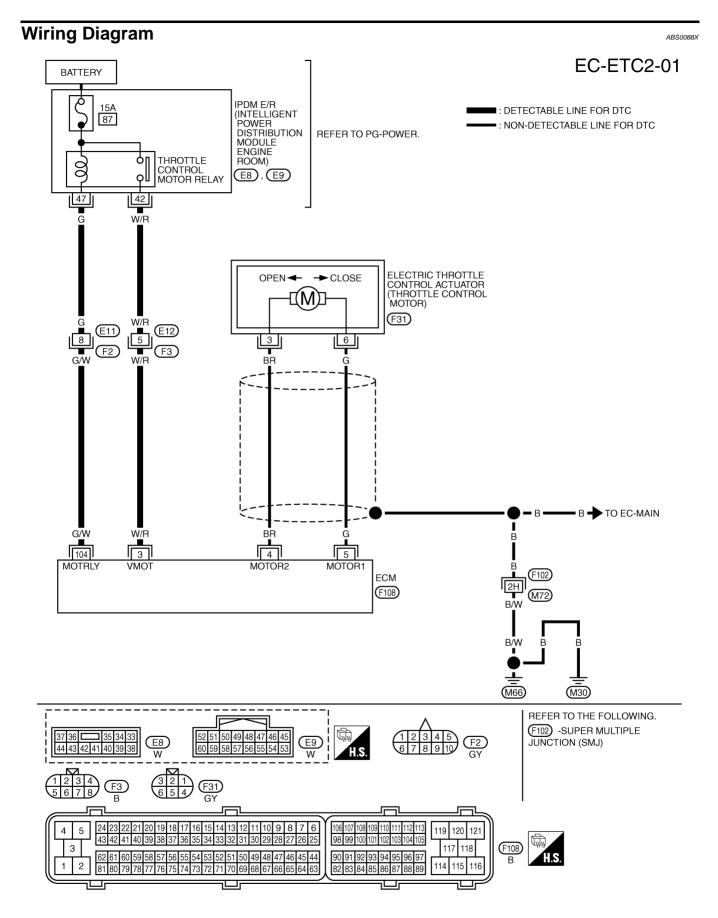
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### DTC P1124, P1126 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY



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### EC-420

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

	TER- MINAL	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC	
	NO.	002011					
	3	W/R	Throttle control motor relay power supply	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	С	
104	104	G/W	G/W Throttle control motor relay	Throttle control motor relay	[Ignition switch: OFF]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D
				[Ignition switch: ON]	0 - 1.0V		

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

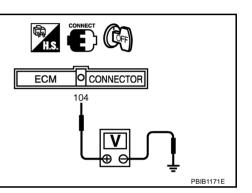
### 1. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 104 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 2.



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2. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II	I
1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	J
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E9.	
<ol> <li>Check continuity between ECM terminal 104 and IPDM E/R terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	Κ
Continuity should exist.	1
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	L
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.	M

### 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E11, F2
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 4. CHECK FUSE

1. Disconnect 15A fuse.

2. Check 15A fuse for blown.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace 15A fuse.

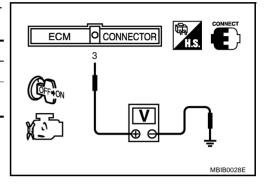
### 5. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-I

Check voltage between ECM terminal 3 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

Ignition switch	Voltage
OFF	Approximately 0V
ON	Battery voltage (11 - 14V)

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 6.



### 6. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR RELAY INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E8.
- 4. Check continuity between ECM terminal 3 and IPDM E/R terminal 42. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 7.

### 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E12, F3
- Harness for open or short between ECM and IPDM E/R

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

OK or NG

- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to <u>PG-16, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-</u> <u>ULE ENGINE ROOM)"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

### DTC P1128 THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

### **Component Description**

The throttle control motor is operated by the ECM and it opens and closes the throttle valve. The current opening angle of the throttle valve is detected by the throttle position sensor and it provides feedback to the ECM to control the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

## **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	D
P1128 1128	Throttle control motor circuit short	ECM detects short in both circuits between ECM and throttle control motor.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (Throttle control motor circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator (Throttle control motor)</li> </ul>	E

#### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

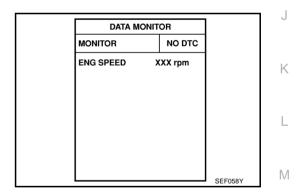
### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### (I) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 2 seconds.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 5 seconds.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-425, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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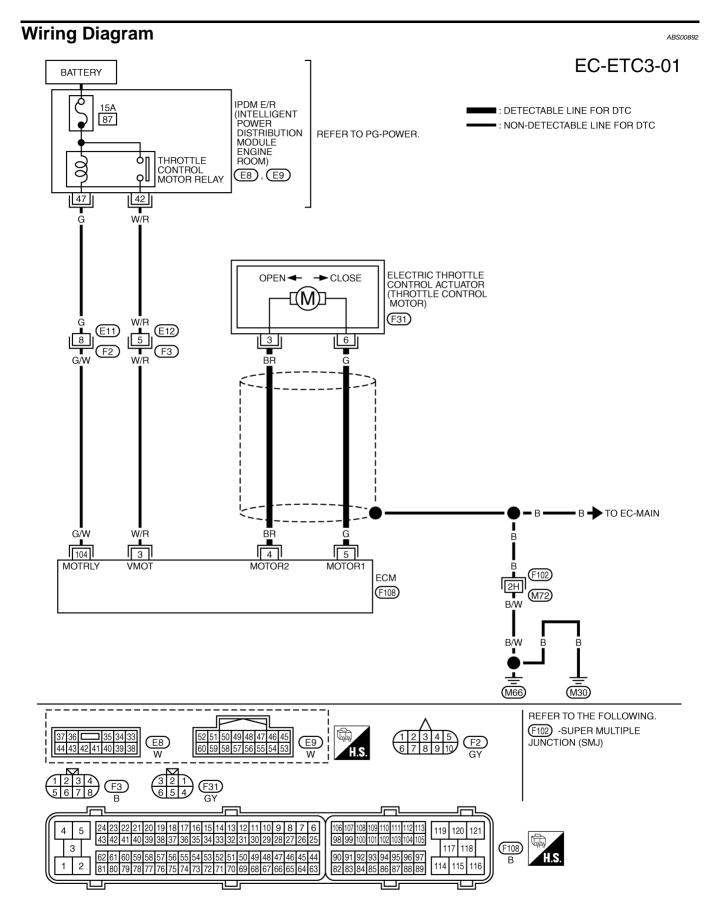
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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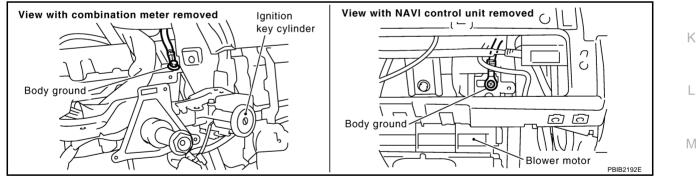
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
4	BR	Throttle control motor (Close)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal is released</li> </ul>	0 - 14V*	D
5	G	Throttle control motor (Open)	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T) • Accelerator pedal is fully depressed	0 - 14V★ 0 - 14V ★	F
				PBIB1105E	Н

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

#### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



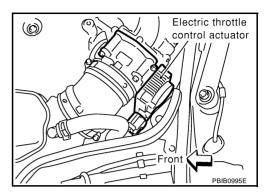
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# $\overline{2.}$ CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN OR SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between the following terminals. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

Electric throttle control actuator terminal	ECM terminal	Continuity
2	5	Should not exist
5	4	Should exist
6	5	Should exist
0	4	Should not exist



5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Repair or replace.

### 3. CHECK THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

Refer to EC-426, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 5.

### 4. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

#### 5. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

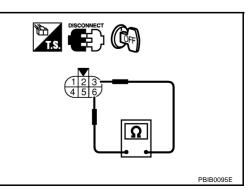
#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection THROTTLE CONTROL MOTOR

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals 3 and 6.

#### **Resistance:** Approximately 1 - 15 $\Omega$ [at 25 °C (77°F)]

- If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to next step.
- 4. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 5. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .



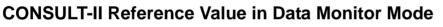
ABS00894

Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR	ABS00895	А
Refer to EM-18, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR".		
		EC
		С
		D
		E
		F
		G
		Η
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		K
		L
		M

## DTC P1143, P1163 HO2S1

### **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.

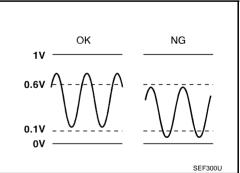


Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	$0 - 0.3V \leftrightarrow Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V$
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

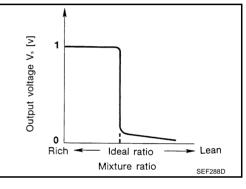
To judge the malfunction, the output from the heated oxygen sensor 1 is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high and whether the "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the lean side, the malfunction will be detected.

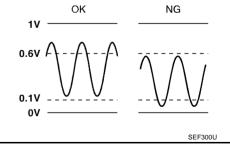


DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1143			<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li> </ul>
1143 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 1 lean shift monitoring	The maximum and minimum voltage from the	<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater</li> </ul>
( )		SOF sensor are not reached to the specified volt-	Fuel pressure
P1163 1163	r louir onne morntoning		Injector
(Bank 2)			Intake air leaks

**EC-428** 

# Louver Heater pad Holder Zirconia tube SEF463R





ABS00897

ABS00898

	tion Procedure	ABS	50094P
CAUTION:			
•	cle at a safe speed.		
NOTE:			
	n Procedure has been previously conducted, alwa efore conducting the next test.	ivs turn ignition switch OFF and wai	t at
	-		
	m at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).		
	ning following procedure, confirm that battery	voltage is more than 11V at idle.	
		C C	
Ľ	d warm it up to normal operating temperature.		
•	d wait at least 10 seconds.		
3. Turn ignition sw	vitch ON and select "HO2S1 (B1) P1143" of "HO2S	S1" or "HO2S1 (B2) P1163" of "HO2	S1"
	SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.		
I. Touch "START"		HO2S1 (B1) P1143	
	d let it idle for at least 3 minutes.		
NOTE: Nover raise or	gine speed above 3,600 rpm after this step. If	OUT OF CONDITION	
	eed limit is exceeded, return to step 5.		
0 1	<i>,</i>	MONITOR	
		ENG SPEED XXX rpm	
		B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C	
		VHCL SPEED SEN XXX km/h	
		PBIB054	6E
6. When the follo	wing conditions are met, "TESTING" will be dis-		
played on the (	CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions con-	HO2S1 (B1) P1143	
	"TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will tely 40 seconds or more.)	TESTING	
ENG SPEED	1,200 - 2,600 rpm	MONITOR	
Vehicle speed	Less than 100 km/h (62 MPH)	ENG SPEED XXX rpm	
B/FUEL SCHDL	2.5 - 12.0 msec	B/FUEL SCHDL XXX msec	
Selector lever	Suitable position	COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C	1

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-430, "Diagnostic</u> <u>Procedure"</u>.

HO2S1 (B1) P1143	
COMPLETED	
	SEC769C

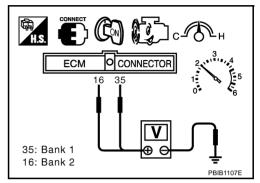
### **Overall Function Check**

ABS0089B

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### WITH GST

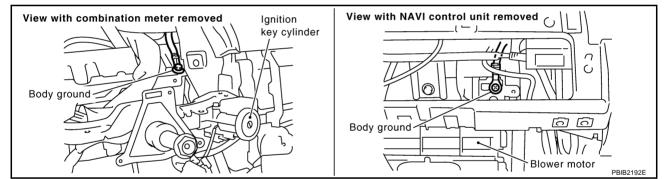
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1(B1) signal] or 16 [HO2S1(B2) signal] and ground.
- 3. Check one of the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is over 0.1V at least one time.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-430, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



## **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

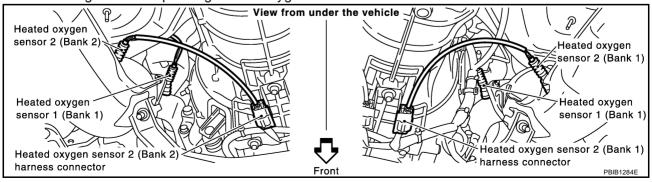


#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### 2. RETIGHTEN HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten corresponding heated oxygen sensor 1.



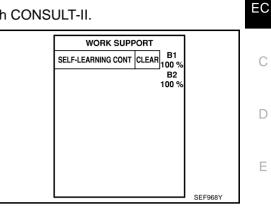
#### Tightening torque: 40 - 50 N·m (4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

### EC-430

# $\overline{\mathbf{3.}}$ clear the self-learning data

### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171, P0174. Refer to EC-254.

No >> GO TO 4.

#### 4. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-152, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

#### 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EC-432, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

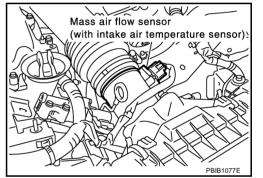
OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

### 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to <u>EC-129</u>, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" . For circuit, refer to <u>EC-203</u>, "Wiring Diagram" .

#### >> INSPECTION END



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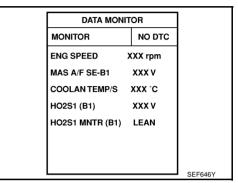
М

### **Component Inspection** HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

ABS0089C

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature. 1.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-2. Ш
- 3. Select "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)".
- 4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 5. Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.



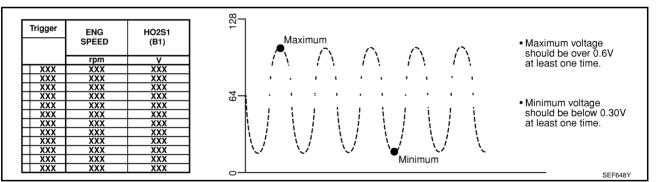
- Check the following.
  - "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right.

- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Bank 1 cycle   1   2   3   4   5
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
Bank 2
cycle   1   2   3   4   5
HO2S1 MNTR (B2) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
R means HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates RICH
L means HO2S1
MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates LEAN

SEF647Y



#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 16 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.
  - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

1 time:  $0 - 0.3V \rightarrow 0.6 - 1.0V \rightarrow 0 - 0.3V$ 

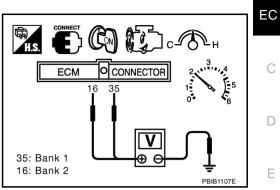
2 times: 0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .



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# DTC P1144, P1164 HO2S1

# **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 1 is placed into the exhaust manifold. It detects the amount of oxygen in the exhaust gas compared to the outside air. The heated oxygen sensor 1 has a closed-end tube made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions. The heated oxygen sensor 1 signal is sent to the ECM. The ECM adjusts the injection pulse duration to achieve the ideal air-fuel ratio. The ideal air-fuel ratio occurs near the radical change from 1 to 0V.

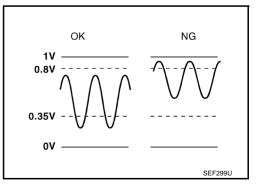


Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	0 - 0.3V ←→ Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) HO2S1 MNTR (B2)	• Engine: After warming up	Maintaining engine speed at 2,000 rpm	LEAN $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ RICH Changes more than 5 times during 10 seconds.

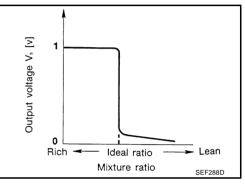
# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

To judge the malfunction, the output from the heated oxygen sensor 1 is monitored to determine whether the "rich" output is sufficiently high and "lean" output is sufficiently low. When both the outputs are shifting to the rich side, the malfunction will be detected.



DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1144 1144 (Bank 1) P1164 1164 (Bank 2)	Heated oxygen sensor 1 rich shift monitoring	The maximum and minimum voltages from the sensor are beyond the specified voltages.	<ul> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 1 heater</li> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Injector</li> </ul>

# ABSOBOSE





ABS0089G

PFP:22690

	ation Procedure		ABS0094R
CAUTION:			
•	nicle at a safe speed.		
<b>IOTE:</b> f DTC Confirmati	ion Procedure has been previously conducted, alwa	avs turn ignition switch	OFF and wait at
	before conducting the next test.		
<b>FESTING CONDI</b>	TION:		
Always perfe	orm at a temperature above –10°C (14°F).		
Before perfo	rming the following procedure, confirm that batte	ery voltage is more the	an 11V at idle.
	ULT-II		
9	and warm it up to normal operating temperature.		
-	and wait at least 5 seconds.		
	switch ON and select "HO2S1 (B1) P1144" or "HC	D2S1 (B2) P1164" of "H	HO2S1" in "DTC
	PORT" mode with CONSULT-II.		
4. Touch "STAR	Τ".	HO2S1 (B1) P114	4
-	and let it idle for at least 3 minutes.		
NOTE:		OUT OF CONDITION	N
	engine speed above 3,600 rpm after this step. If peed limit is exceeded, return to step 5.		
the engine s		MONITOR	
		ENG SPEED	CXX rpm
			XX msec
			xxx °C
			XX km/h PBIB0548E
6. When the fol	lowing conditions are mot "TESTINC" will be die		
	lowing conditions are met, "TESTING" will be dis- e CONSULT-II screen. Maintain the conditions con-	HO2S1 (B1) P114	4
tinuously unt	il "TESTING" changes to "COMPLETED". (It will		
take approxin	nately 40 seconds or more.)	TESTING	
ENG SPEED	1,200 - 2,600 rpm	MONITOR	
	Less than 100 km/h (62 MPH)	ENG SPEED	XX rpm
Vehicle speed	2.5 - 12.0 msec		KX msec
Vehicle speed B/FUEL SCHDL	2.0 12.0 11000		
•	Suitable position	COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx °C

 Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-436, "Diagnostic</u> <u>Procedure"</u>.

HO2S1 (B1) P1144	
COMPLETED	
	SEC772C

# **Overall Function Check**

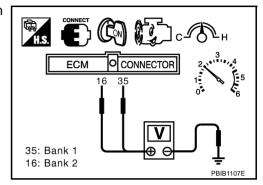
ABS0094S

ABS0089J

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### WITH GST

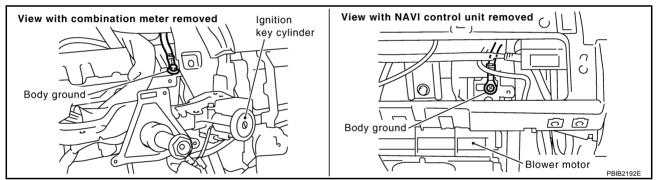
- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1(B1) signal] 16 [HO2S1(B2) signal] and ground.
- 3. Check one of the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The maximum voltage is below 0.8V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.35V at least one time.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-436, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



**Diagnostic Procedure** 

#### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

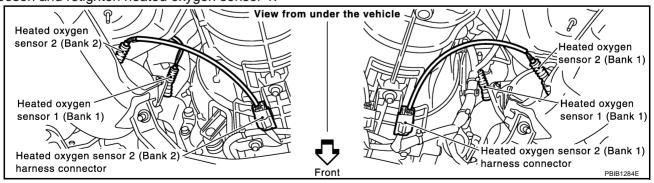


#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

#### 2. RETIGHTEN HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Loosen and retighten heated oxygen sensor 1.

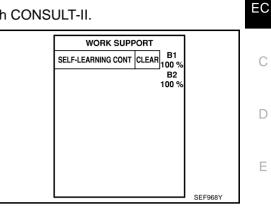


Tightening torque: 40 - 50 N·m (4.1 - 5.1 kg-m, 30 - 37 ft-lb)

# 3. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?

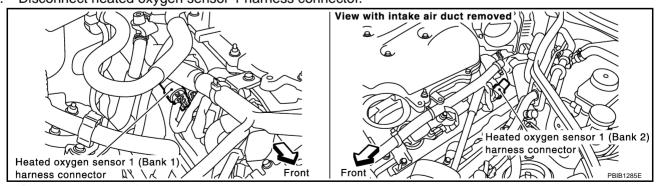
#### Yes or No

Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172, P0175. Refer to EC-262.

No >> GO TO 4.

#### 4. CHECK HO2S1 CONNECTOR FOR WATER

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 1 harness connector.



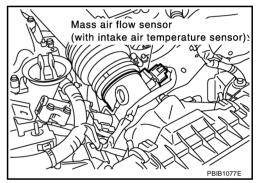
3. Check connectors for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.



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# 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1 HEATER

Refer to EC-152, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

#### 6. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EC-438, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 1.

#### 7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

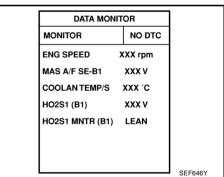
Refer to <u>EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"</u>. For circuit, refer to <u>EC-203, "Wiring Diagram"</u>.

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- Select "MANU TRIG" and adjust "TRIGGER POINT" to 100% in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Select "HO2S1 (B1)" and "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)".
- 4. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm under no load during the following steps.
- 5. Touch "RECORD" on CONSULT-II screen.



6. Check the following.

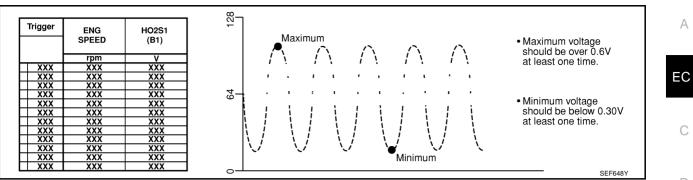
 "HO2S1 MNTR (B1)/(B2)" in "DATA MONITOR" mode changes from "RICH" to "LEAN" to "RICH" 5 times in 10 seconds.

5 times (cycles) are counted as shown at right.

- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes above 0.6V at least once.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage goes below 0.3V at least once.
- "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage never exceeds 1.0V.

Bank 1 cycle   1   2   3   4   5
HO2S1 MNTR (B1) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
Bank 2
cycle   1   2   3   4   5
HO2S1 MNTR (B2) R-L-R-L-R-L-R-L-R
R means HO2S1
INTR (B1)/(B2) indicates RICH
means HO2S1
MNTR (B1)/(B2) indicates LEAN SEF647Y

# DTC P1144, P1164 HO2S1



#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 16 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no load.
  - The voltage fluctuates between 0 to 0.3V and 0.6 to 1.0V more than 5 times within 10 seconds.
  - The maximum voltage is over 0.6V at least one time.
  - The minimum voltage is below 0.3V at least one time.
  - The voltage never exceeds 1.0V.
  - 1 time: 0 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 0.3V

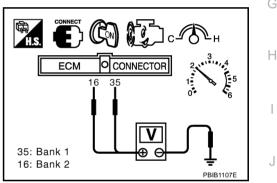
2 times: 0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V  $\rightarrow$  0.6 - 1.0V  $\rightarrow$  0 - 0.3V

#### **CAUTION:**

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 1

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .



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# DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

# **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst 1, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the heated oxygen sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.

# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

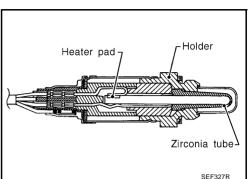
Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	NDITION	SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	<ul><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>After keeping engine speed</li></ul>	Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	$0 - 0.3V \leftrightarrow Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V$
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	quickly.	$LEAN \leftarrow \rightarrow RICH$

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the heated oxygen sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity of the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the minimum voltage of sensor is sufficiently low during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

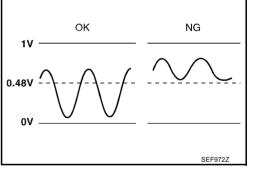
			0V OV
		L	SEF972Z
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1146 1146 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor 2 minimum voltage	The minimum voltage from the sensor is not	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 2</li> </ul>
P1166 1166 (Bank 2)	monitoring	reached to the specified voltage.	<ul> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Injector</li> </ul>



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# OK NG 1V F972Z



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#### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

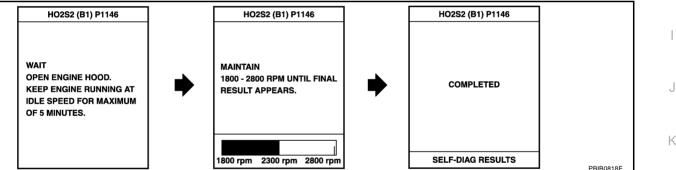
If DTC confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### (I) WITH CONSULT-II

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

#### For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with 1 CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating tempera-2. ture.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Δ Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C 6. (158°F). If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).
- 7. Open engine hood.
- Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1146" or "HO2S2 (B2) P1166" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with 8. CONSULT-II.
- q Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



10. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to EC-446, "Diagnostic Procedure". If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.

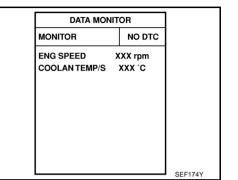
- Turn ignition switch OFF and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle). а
- Return to step 1. b.

# **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### **WITH GST**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds. 2.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- Let engine idle for 1 minute. 4.
- 5 Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.



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6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

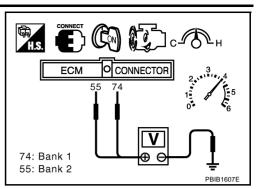
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position (A/T), 4th gear position (M/T).
 The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this

The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

8. If NG, go to EC-446, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



# DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

#### Wiring Diagram BANK 1 ABS0089R А EC-02S2B1-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START EC FUSE BLOCK (J/B) Ċ REFER TO PG-POWER. 15A 15 (M4) 9A С R/B ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC D (M72) 4H (F102) Т R/B Е 2 F HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 (BANK 1) (F11) G 3 4 L/B B/Y Р/В Н I J Κ B/Y P/B L/B ∎ L . 74 78 25 GND-O2 O2HRR O2SRR ECM Μ (F108) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. $\underbrace{\begin{array}{c} \hline 3 \\ \hline 4 \\ \hline 2 \\ \hline \end{array} }_{B} \underbrace{ F11}_{B}$ (F102) -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) (M4) -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B) 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 4 5 119 120 121 43 27 26 25 98 99 (F108) 3 117 118 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 90 91 92 93 94 95 HS 97 В 2 114 115 116 1 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 ٦Шr 1 L

#### EC-443

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

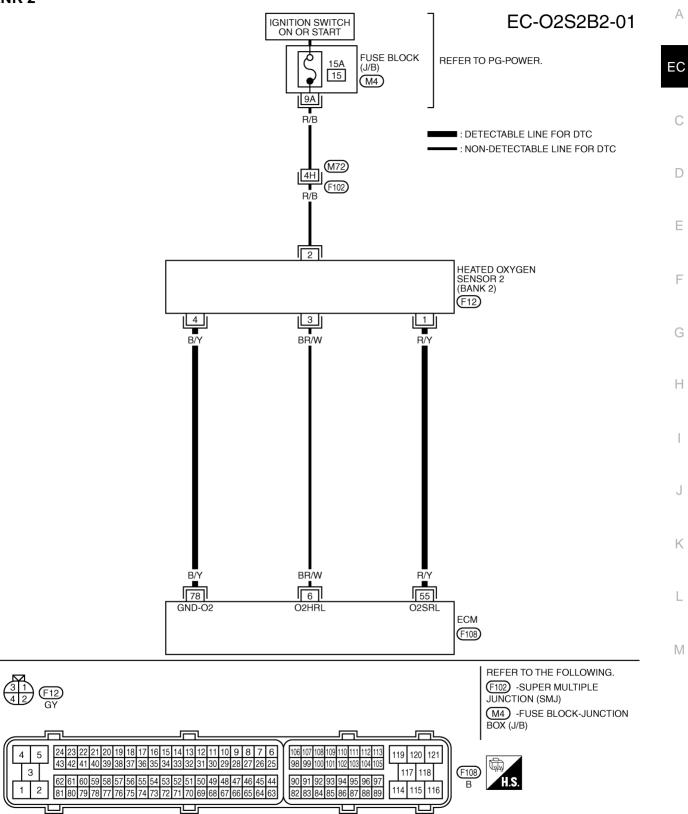
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
74	L/B	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

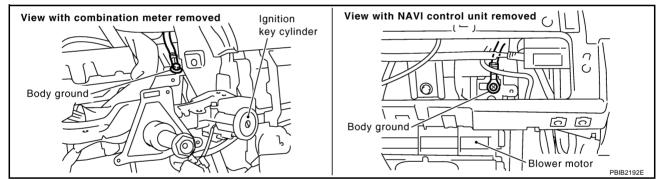
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
55	R/Y	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V

# Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

ABS0089S

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



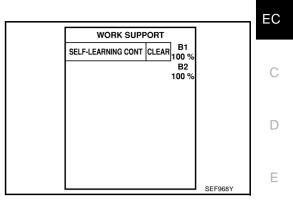
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

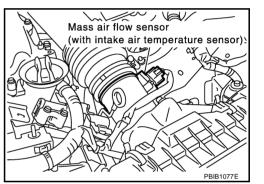
#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- 4. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0172 or P0175 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?
- Yes or No
- Yes >> Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0172, P0175. Refer to EC-262.
- No >> GO TO 3.



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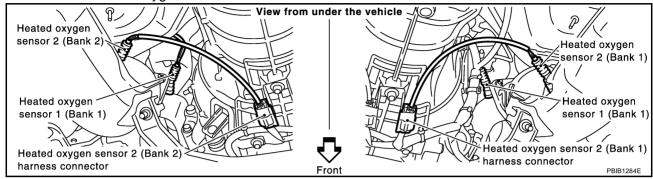
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# $\overline{\mathbf{3.}}$ check ho2s2 ground circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



4. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Terminals		Bank
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Darik
P1146	74	1	1
P1166	55	1	2

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Tern	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P1146	74	1	1
P1166	55	1	2

#### Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# DTC P1146, P1166 HO2S2

efer to <u>EC-449, "Component Inspection"</u> .	
<u>K or NG</u> DK >> GO TO 6. NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.	
CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
efer to <u>EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDE</u>	<u>NI"</u> .
>> INSPECTION END	
omponent Inspection	ABS000
EATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2 With CONSULT-II	
Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with	DATA MONITOR
CONSULT-II. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating tempera-	MONITOR NO DTC
Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating tempera- ture.	ENG SPEED XXX rpm COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C
Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.	
Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.	
Let engine idle for 1 minute.	
	0751711
	SEF174Y
Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select	ACTIVE TEST
"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.	FUEL INJECTION 25 %
	MONITOR ENG SPEED XXX rpm
	HO2S1 (B1) XXX V
	HO2S2 (B1) XXX V
	HO2S1 MNTR (B1) RICH
	HO2S2 MNTR (B1) RICH
	SEF662Y
Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJEC	TION" to ±25%.
Reference data)	
The voltage should be above       0.63V at least one time.	
	٦
	The voltage should be below 0.48V at least one time.
0	······

#### **CAUTION:**

• Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

• Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.63V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage is above 0.63V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position (A/T), 4th gear position (M/T).
 The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this

The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this procedure.

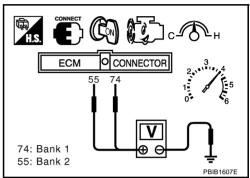
8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .



# DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

# DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2

# **Component Description**

The heated oxygen sensor 2, after three way catalyst 1, monitors the oxygen level in the exhaust gas on each bank.

Even if switching characteristics of the heated oxygen sensor 1 are shifted, the air-fuel ratio is controlled to stoichiometric, by the signal from the heated oxygen sensor 2.

This sensor is made of ceramic zirconia. The zirconia generates voltage from approximately 1V in richer conditions to 0V in leaner conditions.

Under normal conditions the heated oxygen sensor 2 is not used for engine control operation.

# **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

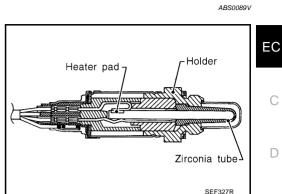
Specification data are reference values.

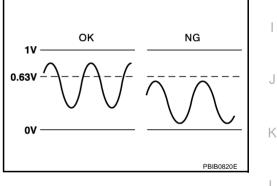
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
HO2S2 (B1) HO2S2 (B2)	<ul><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>After keeping engine speed</li></ul>	Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm	$0 - 0.3V \leftrightarrow Approx. 0.6 - 1.0V$
HO2S2 MNTR (B1) HO2S2 MNTR (B2)	between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.	quickly.	$LEAN \leftarrow \rightarrow RICH$

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

The heated oxygen sensor 2 has a much longer switching time between rich and lean than the heated oxygen sensor 1. The oxygen storage capacity before the three way catalyst causes the longer switching time. To judge the malfunctions of heated oxygen sensor 2, ECM monitors whether the maximum voltage of the sensor is sufficiently high during the various driving condition such as fuel-cut.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P1147 1147 (Bank 1)	Heated oxygen sensor	The maximum voltage from the sensor is not	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The sensor circuit is open or shorted)</li> <li>Heated oxygen sensor 2</li> </ul>	ľ
P1167 1167 (Bank 2)	2 maximum voltage monitoring	I he maximum voltage from the sensor is not	<ul> <li>Fuel pressure</li> <li>Injector</li> <li>Intake air leaks</li> </ul>	





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## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

If DTC confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

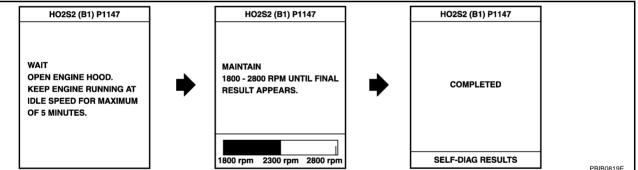
#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

#### For better results, perform "DTC WORK SUPPORT" at a temperature of 0 to 30 °C (32 to 86 °F).

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- Make sure that "COOLAN TEMP/S" indicates more than 70°C (158°F).
   If not, warm up engine and go to next step when "COOLAN TEMP (01).

TEMP/S" indication reaches to 70°C (158°F).

- 7. Open engine hood.
- 8. Select "HO2S2 (B1) P1147" or "HO2S2 (B2) P1167" of "HO2S2" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 9. Start engine and following the instruction of CONSULT-II.



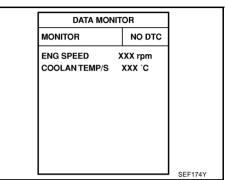
- Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-457, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If "CAN NOT BE DIAGNOSED" is displayed, perform the following.
- a. Turn ignition switch "OFF" and leave the vehicle in a cool place (soak the vehicle).
- b. Return to step 1.

# **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the heated oxygen sensor 2 circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

#### WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.



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# EC-452

**EC-453** 

6. Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.

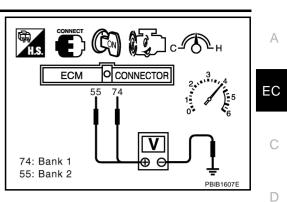
(Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.) The voltage should be above 0.63V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage can be confirmed in step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check the voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position (A/T), 4th gear position (M/T).
 The voltage should be above 0.63V at least once during this

The voltage should be above 0.63V at least once during this procedure.

8. If NG, go to EC-457, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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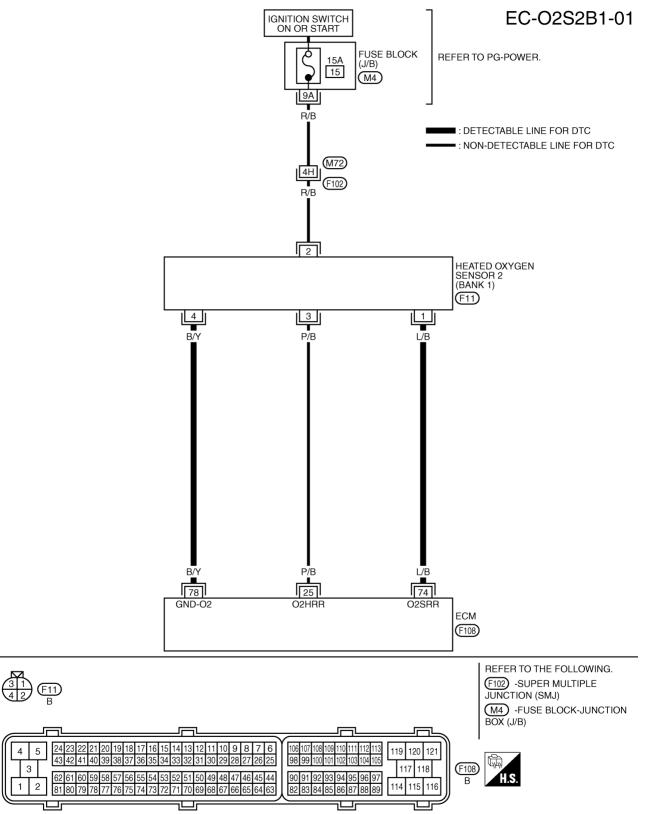
# Wiring Diagram BANK 1

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li></ul>		С
74	L/B	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 1)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	D
			<ul> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>		E
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	F

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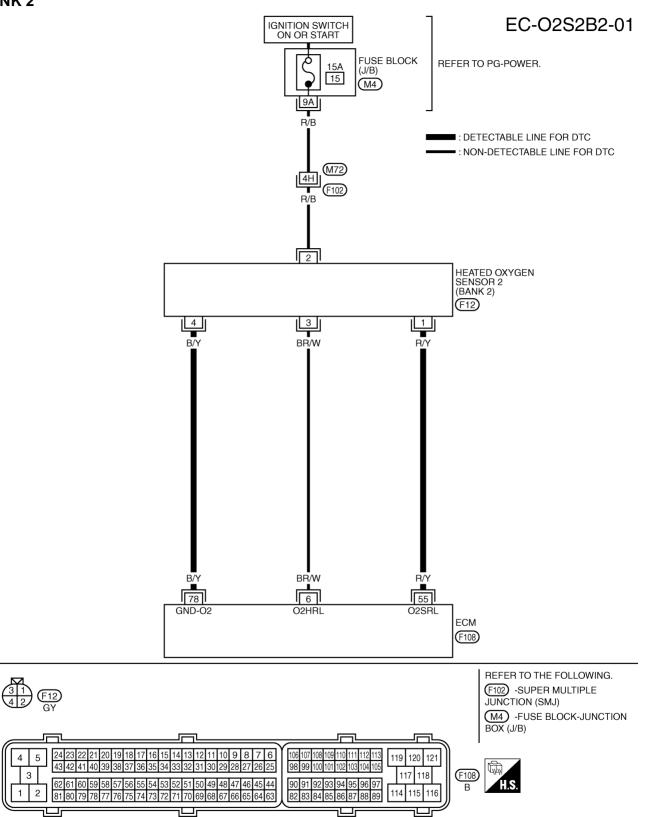
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# DTC P1147, P1167 HO2S2



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

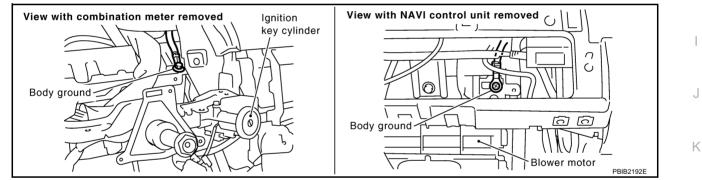
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

•		•		-	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li></ul>		С
55	R/Y	Heated oxygen sensor 2 (bank 2)	<ul> <li>Revving engine from idle to 3,000 rpm quickly after the following conditions are met.</li> </ul>	0 - Approximately 1.0V	D
			<ul> <li>After keeping the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for 1 minute and at idle for 1 minute under no load.</li> </ul>		E
78	B/Y	Sensor ground (Heated oxygen sensor)	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li></ul>	Approximately 0V	
		(notice oxygen sensor)	Idle speed		

# Diagnostic Procedure

# 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

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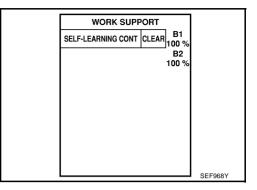
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# 2. CLEAR THE SELF-LEARNING DATA

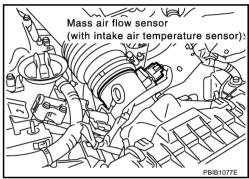
#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "SELF-LEARNING CONT" in "WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Clear the self-learning control coefficient by touching "CLEAR".
- Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?



#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector, and restart and run engine for at least 5 seconds at idle speed.
- 4. Stop engine and reconnect mass air flow sensor harness connector.
- 5. Make sure DTC P0102 is displayed.
- 6. Erase the DTC memory. Refer to <u>EC-60, "HOW TO ERASE</u> <u>EMISSION-RELATED DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION"</u>.
- 7. Make sure DTC P0000 is displayed.
- 8. Run engine for at least 10 minutes at idle speed. Is the 1st trip DTC P0171 or P0174 detected? Is it difficult to start engine?
- Yes or No
- Yes  $\rightarrow$  Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0171or P0174. Refer to <u>EC-254</u>.
- No >> GO TO 3.



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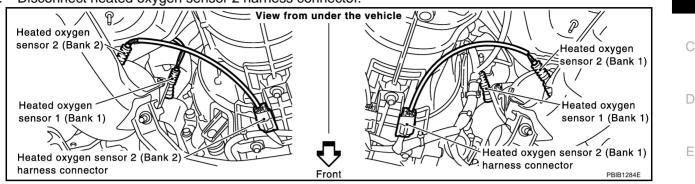
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# $\overline{\mathbf{3.}}$ check ho2s2 ground circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connector.



4. Check harness continuity between HO2S2 terminal 4 and ECM terminal 78. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 4. CHECK HO2S2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal and HO2S2 terminal as follows. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
	ECM	Sensor	Dailk
P1147	74	1	1
P1167	55	1	2

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Check harness continuity between the following terminals and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

DTC	Term	Bank	
DIC	ECM	Sensor	Dalik
P1147	74	1	1
P1167	55	1	2

#### Continuity should not exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

EC-459

# 5. CHECK HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EC-460, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning heated oxygen sensor 2.

#### 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

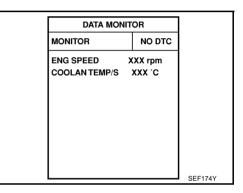
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

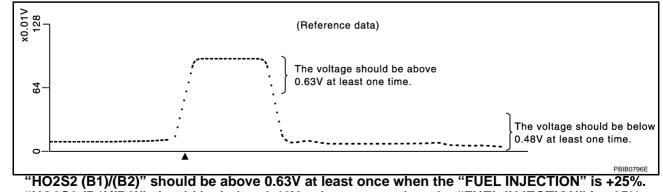
#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 5. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 6. Select "FUEL INJECTION" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode, and select "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" as the monitor item with CONSULT-II.



ACTIVE TES		
FUEL INJECTION	25 %	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
HO2S1 (B1)	xxx v	
HO2S2 (B1)	XXX V	
HO2S1 MNTR (B1)	RICH	
HO2S2 MNTR (B1)	RICH	
		SEF662Y

#### 7. Check "HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" at idle speed when adjusting "FUEL INJECTION" to ±25%.



"HO2S2 (B1)/(B2)" should be below 0.48V at least once when the "FUEL INJECTION" is –25%.

#### CAUTION:

• Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.

ABS008A2

 Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to the normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and keep the engine speed between 3,500 and 4,000 rpm for at least 1 minute under no load.
- 4. Let engine idle for 1 minute.
- 5. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 74 [HO2S2 (B1) signal] or 55 [HO2S2 (B2) signal] and ground.
- Check the voltage when revving up to 4,000 rpm under no load at least 10 times.
   (Depress and release accelerator pedal as soon as possible.)

The voltage should be above 0.63V at least once during this procedure.

If the voltage is above 0.63V at step 6, step 7 is not necessary.

 Keep vehicle at idling for 10 minutes, then check voltage. Or check the voltage when coasting from 80 km/h (50 MPH) in D position (A/T), 4th gear position (M/T).
 The voltage should be below 0.48V at least once during this

procedure.8. If NG, replace heated oxygen sensor 2.

#### CAUTION:

- Discard any heated oxygen sensor which has been dropped from a height of more than 0.5 m (19.7 in) onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; use a new one.
- Before installing new oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using Oxygen Sensor Thread Cleaner tool J-43897-18 or J-43897-12 and approved anti-seize lubricant.

#### Removal and Installation HEATED OXYGEN SENSOR 2

Refer to EM-25, "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST" .

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ECM

74: Bank 1

55: Bank 2

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# DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1148 1148 (Bank 1)	Closed loop control	The closed loop control function for bank 1 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	<ul> <li>The heated oxygen sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.</li> </ul>
P1168 1168 (Bank 2)	Closed loop control function	The closed loop control function for bank 2 does not operate even when vehicle is driving in the specified condition.	<ul><li>Heated oxygen sensor 1</li><li>Heated oxygen sensor heater</li></ul>

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

## CAUTION:

#### Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

**NOTE:** If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

- Never raise engine speed above 3,600 rpm during the DTC Confirmation Procedure. If the engine speed limit is exceeded, retry the procedure from step 2.
- Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 11V at idle.

## B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Hold engine speed at 2,000 rpm and check one of the following.
  - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage should go above 0.70V at least once.
  - "HO2S1 (B1)/(B2)" voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.
     If the check result is NG, perform <u>EC-463</u>, "Diagnostic Procedure".

If the check result is OK, perform the following step.

- 4. Let engine idle at least 5 minutes.
- 5. Maintain the following condition at least 50 consecutive seconds.

B/FUEL SCHDL	2.5 msec or more
ENG SPEED	More than 1,500 rpm
Selector lever	Suitable position
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 70 km/h (43 MPH)

During this test, P0132 and/or P0152 may be displayed on CONSULT-II screen.

6. If DTC is detected, go to EC-463, "Diagnostic Procedure".

DATA MONITOR		]
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED COOLAN TEMP/S HO2S1 (B1) HO2S1 (B2)	XXX rpm XXX °C XXX V XXX V XXX V	
		SECO

PFP:22690

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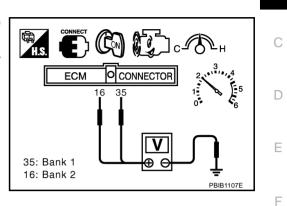
# DTC P1148, P1168 CLOSED LOOP CONTROL

## **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the closed loop control. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

#### WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Set voltmeter probes between ECM terminal 35 [HO2S1 (B1) signal] or 16 [HO2S1 (B2) signal] and ground.
- 3. Check the following with engine speed held at 2,000 rpm constant under no-load.
  - The voltage should go above 0.70V at least once.
  - The voltage should go below 0.21V at least once.
- 4. If NG, go to EC-463, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



# **Diagnostic Procedure**

Perform trouble diagnosis for DTC P0133, P0153. Refer to EC-217, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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# DTC P1211 TCS CONTROL UNIT

# Description

The malfunction information related to TCS is transferred through the CAN communication line from VDC/ TCS/ABS control unit to ECM.

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for VDC/TCS/ABS control unit but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis. The MIL will not light up for this selfdiagnosis.

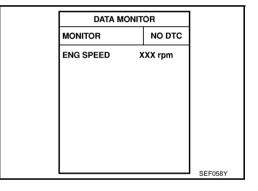
DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1211	TCS control unit	ECM receives a malfunction information from	<ul> <li>VDC/TCS/ABS control unit</li> </ul>
1211		VDC/TCS/ABS control unit.	<ul> <li>TCS related parts</li> </ul>

# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

TESTING CONDITION: Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 60 seconds.
- 4. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-464, "Diagnostic Procedure"



#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

#### **Diagnostic Procedure**

Go to BRC-10, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" .

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PFP:47850

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ABS008AA

# DTC P1212 TCS COMMUNICATION LINE

## Description

NOTE:

If DTC P1212 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-139, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.

This CAN communication line is used to control the smooth engine operation during the TCS operation. Pulse signals are exchanged between ECM and VDC/TCS/ABS control unit.

Be sure to erase the malfunction information such as DTC not only for VDC/TCS/ABS control unit but also for ECM after TCS related repair.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

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Freeze frame data is not stored in the ECM for this self-diagnosis. The MIL will not light up for this self-diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	E
P1212 TCS 1212 line	TCS communication	ECM can not receive the information from VDC/TCS/ABS control unit continu-	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.)</li> </ul>	F
1212	line	ously.	<ul> <li>VDC/TCS/ABS control unit</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>Dead (Weak) battery</li> </ul>	

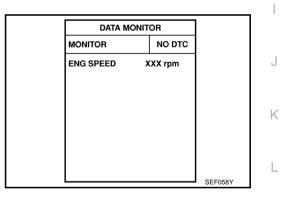
# **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10.5V at idle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 10 seconds.
- 4. If a 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-465, "Diagnostic Proce-dure"</u>.



#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

1. CHECK VDC/TCS/ABS CONTROL UNIT FUNCTION

Refer to BRC-10, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS" .

# >> INSPECTION END

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#### DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE (FOR A/T MODELS)

# Description

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000 or U1001. Refer to EC-139, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".

#### Cooling Fan Control

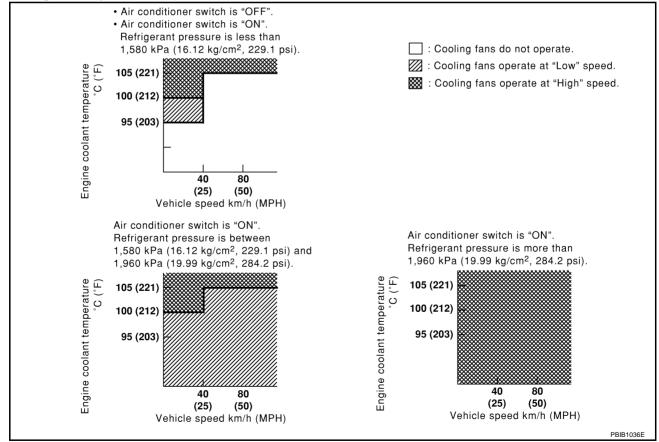
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*1			
Battery	Battery voltage*1	Cooling fan IPDM E/R control (Cooling fan re	IPDM E/R (Cooling fan relays)	
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed*2			
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Air conditioner switch	Air conditioner ON signal*2			
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure			

\*1: The ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

\*2: This signal is sent to ECM through CAN communication line.

The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, refrigerant pressure, and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 3-step control [High/Low/Off].

#### **Cooling Fan Operation**



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# DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE (FOR A/T MODELS)

#### Cooling Fan Relay Operation

The ECM controls cooling fan relays in the IPDM E/R through CAN communication line.

Cooling for around	Cooling fan relay		
Cooling fan speed	1	3	EC
Stop	OFF	OFF	
Low	OFF	ON	
High	ON	ON	С

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

#### **Cooling Fan Motor**

The cooling fan operates at each speed when the current flows in the cooling fan motor as follows.

Cooling fan speed	Cooling fan motor terminals	
Cooling fair speed	(+)	(-)
Low	1 or 2	3 and 4
High	1 and 2	3 and 4

# **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CO	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	
	• Engine: After warming up, idle	Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF	
AIR COND SIG	the engine	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	ON	Н
		Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less	OFF	
COOLING FAN	<ul><li>Engine: After warming up, idle the engine</li><li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li></ul>	Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 99°C (210°F)	LOW	J
		Engine coolant temperature is 100°C (212°F) or more	н	

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

#### This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
91217 1217 1217	Engine over tempera- ture (Overheat)	<ul> <li>Cooling fan does not operate properly (Overheat).</li> <li>Cooling fan system does not operate properly (Overheat).</li> <li>Engine coolant was not added to the system using the proper filling method.</li> <li>Engine coolant is not within the specified range.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Cooling fan</li> <li>Radiator hose</li> <li>Radiator</li> <li>Radiator cap</li> <li>Water pump</li> <li>Thermostat</li> <li>Cooling fan (crankshaft driven)</li> <li>For more information, refer to <u>EC-477.</u> "Main 12 Causes of Overheating".</li> </ul>

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#### **CAUTION:**

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine</u> <u>Coolant"</u>. Also, replace the engine oil. Refer to <u>LU-8, "Changing Engine Oil"</u>.

- 1. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to <u>MA-10</u>, "<u>Anti-Freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio</u>".
- 2. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

# **Overall Function Check**

Use this procedure to check the overall function of the cooling fan. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

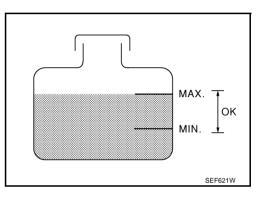
#### WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

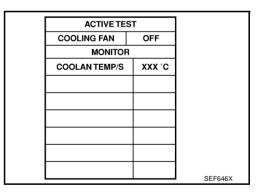
Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator. Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level. If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-472</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-472</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- Start engine.
   Be careful not to overheat engine.
- Make sure that cooling fan (crankshaft driven) operates normally. If NG, refer to <u>CO-22, "COOLING FAN"</u>.
  - If OK, go to the following step.
- 5. Stop engine and turn ignition switch ON.
- 6. Select "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT-II.
- 7. If the results are NG, go to EC-472, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

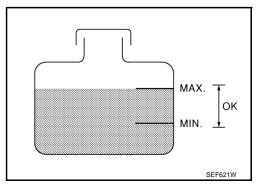


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#### WITH GST

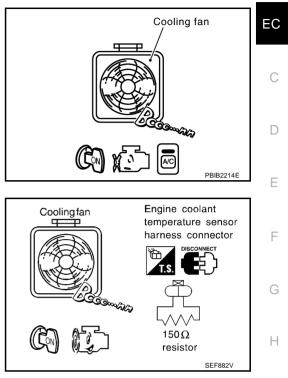
- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator. Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level. If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-472</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-472</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- Start engine.
   Be careful not to overheat engine.
- Make sure that cooling fan (crankshaft driven) operates normally. If NG, refer to CO-22, "COOLING FAN".



# EC-468

If OK, go to the following step.

- 5. Turn air condition switch ON.
- 6. Turn blower fan switch ON.
- Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed. If NG, go to <u>EC-472</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If OK, go to the following step.
- 8. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 9. Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch OFF.
- 10. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.



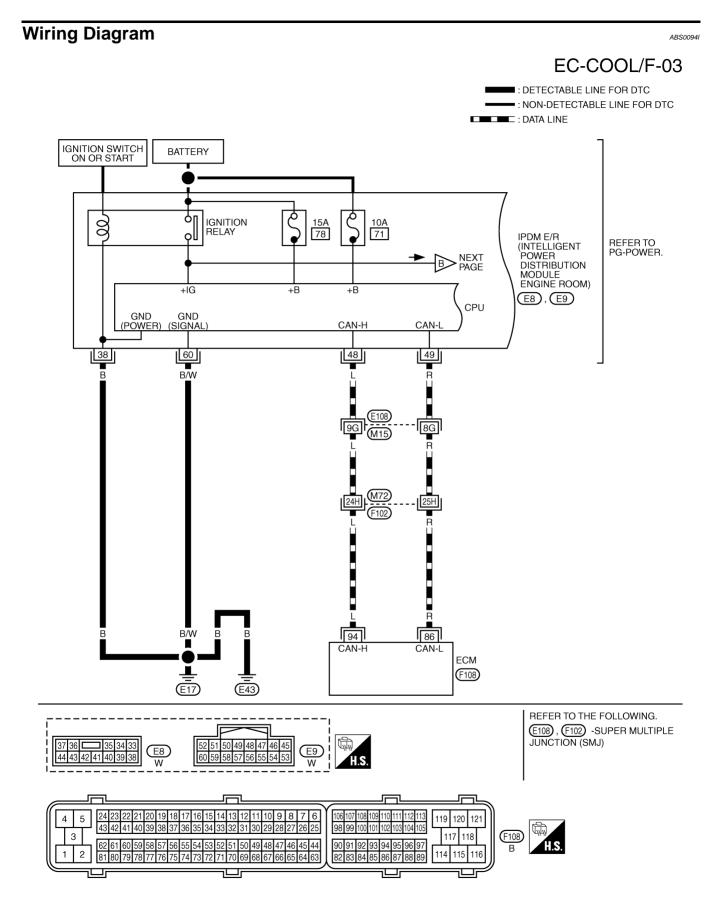
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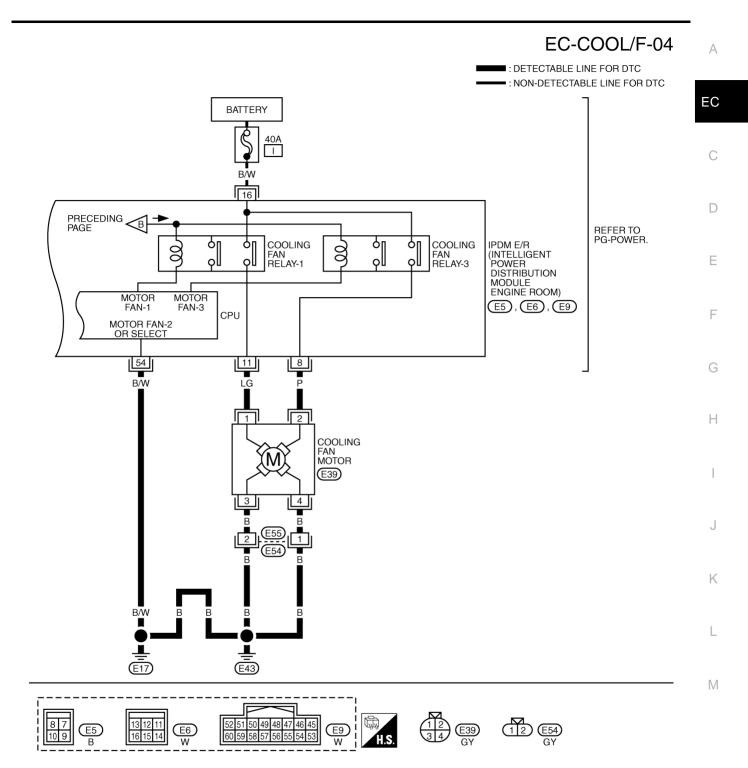
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- Connect 150Ω resister to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed.
   Be careful not to overheat engine.
- 13. If NG, go to EC-472, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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TBWT0673E

### Diagnostic Procedure

### 1. CHECK COOLING FAN (CRANKSHAFT DRIVEN)

1. Start engine and let it idle.

2. Make sure that cooling fan (crankshaft driven) operates normally.

OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2.

OK (without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 4.

NG >> Check cooling fan (crankshaft driven). Refer to CO-22, "COOLING FAN".

### 2. CHECK COOLING FAN LOW SPEED OPERATION

#### (I) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT-II and touch "LOW" on the CONSULT-II screen.
- 3. Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Check cooling fan low speed control circuit. (Go to <u>EC-</u> 475, "PROCEDURE A" .)

	ACTIVE TES	۲.	
	OOLING FAN	LOW	
F	MONITOR		
	OOLAN TEMP/S		
Ľ	OULAN TEMP/S	~~~ 0	
			SEF784Z

### 3. CHECK COOLING FAN HIGH SPEED OPERATION

### With CONSULT-II

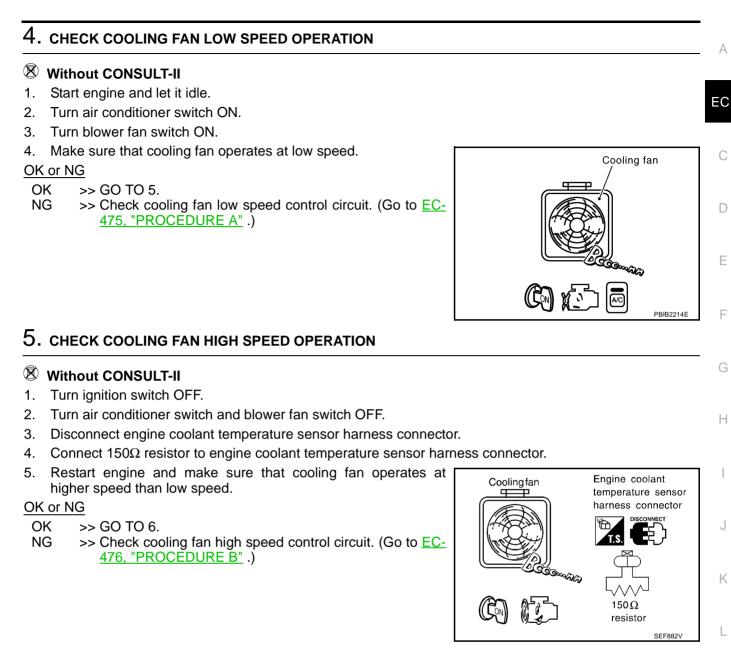
- 1. Touch "HIGH" on the CONSULT-II screen.
- 2. Make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed.

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Check cooling fan high speed control circuit. (Go to <u>EC-476, "PROCEDURE B"</u>.)

ACTIVE TES	т	
COOLING FAN	HIGH	
MONITOR		
COOLAN TEMP/S	XXX °C	
		SEF785Z

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### 6. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR GROUND CIRCUIT

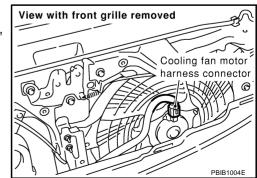
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 3. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between cooling fan motor terminal 3, 4 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 8.
NG	>> GO TO 7.



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### 7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E54, E55
- Harness for open or short between cooling fan motor and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 8. CHECK COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAK

Apply pressure to the cooling system with a tester, and check if the pressure drops.

Testing pressure: 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi)

#### CAUTION:

Higher than the specified pressure may cause radiator damage. Pressure should not drop.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> Check the following for leak
  - Hose

    - Radiator
    - Water pump Refer to <u>CO-26, "WATER PUMP"</u>.

### 9. CHECK RADIATOR CAP

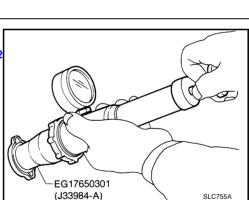
Apply pressure to cap with a tester.

Radiator cap relief pressure: 59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> , 9 - 14 psi)

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 10.
NG	>> Replace radiato

NG >> Replace radiator cap.



### 10. CHECK THERMOSTAT

- 1. Check valve seating condition at normal room temperatures. **It should seat tightly.**
- 2. Check valve opening temperature and valve lift.

Valve opening temperature:82°C (180°F) [standard]Valve lift:More than 8.6 mm/95°C<br/>(0.339 in/203°F)

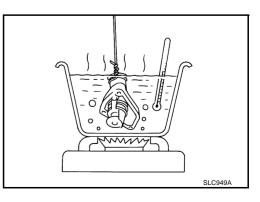
 Check if valve is closed at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature. For details, refer to <u>CO-32, "WATER INLET AND THERMO-</u>

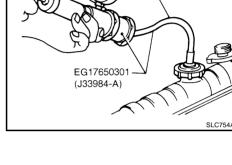
STAT ASSEMBLY".

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.







Hose adapter

Refer to EC-185, "Component Inspection".		1
OK or NG		
OK >> GO TO 12.		EC
NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.		
12. CHECK MAIN 12 CAUSES		(
f the cause cannot be isolated, go to EC-477, "Main 12 Causes of O	verheating".	
>> INSPECTION END		
PROCEDURE A		
1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT		E
<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch OFF.</li> <li>Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E6.</li> </ol>		
3. Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 16 and ground with	]	
CONSULT-II or tester.		(
Voltage: Battery voltage		C
<u>DK or NG</u>	13 12 11 16 15 14	
OK >> GO TO 3. NG >> GO TO 2.		ŀ
	PBIB0966E	
2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART		,
Check the following.		
• 40A fusible link		
<ul> <li>Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and battery</li> </ul>		

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### $3. \ \mathsf{CHECK} \ \mathsf{COOLING} \ \mathsf{FAN} \ \mathsf{MOTOR} \ \mathsf{CIRCUIT}$

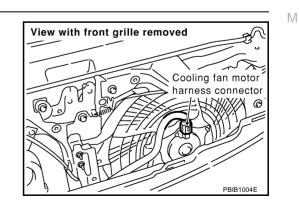
- 1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connectors E5 and E9.
- Check harness continuity between the following; cooling fan motor terminal 2 and IPDM E/R terminal 8, cooling fan motor terminal 3 and ground, cooling fan motor terminal 4 and ground, IPDM E/R terminal 54 and ground. Refer to wiring diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



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### 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E55, E54
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and cooling fan motor
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and ground
- Harness for open or short between cooling fan motor and ground

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 5. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR

Refer to EC-477, "COOLING FAN MOTOR" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Replace cooling fan motor.

### 6. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### OK or NG

- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to <u>PG-16, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-ULE ENGINE ROOM)"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness or connector.

### PROCEDURE B

### 1. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connectors E6 and E9.
- Check harness continuity between the following; cooling fan motor terminal 1 and IPDM E/R terminal 11, IPDM E/R terminal 54 and ground. Refer to wiring diagram.

#### **Continuity should exist.**

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 2. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTOR

Refer to EC-477, "COOLING FAN MOTOR" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

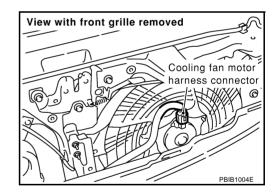
NG >> Replace cooling fan motor.

### **3.** CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

### OK or NG

- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to <u>PG-16, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-ULE ENGINE ROOM)"</u>
- NG >> Repair or replace harness connectors.



Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page	
OFF	1	<ul> <li>Blocked radiator</li> <li>Blocked condenser</li> <li>Blocked radiator grille</li> <li>Blocked bumper</li> </ul>	● Visual	No blocking	_	
-	2	Coolant mixture	Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	<u>MA-10</u>	
	3	Coolant level	• Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radi- ator filler neck	<u>CO-10</u>	
F	4	Radiator cap	Pressure tester	59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	<u>CO-16</u>	
ON* <sup>2</sup>	5	Coolant leaks	Visual	No leaks	<u>CO-10</u>	
ON* <sup>2</sup>	6	Thermostat	<ul> <li>Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses</li> </ul>	Both hoses should be hot	<u>CO-32</u>	
ON* <sup>1</sup>	7	Cooling fan	CONSULT-II	Operating	See trouble diagnosis for DTC P1217 ( $\underline{EC-466}$ ).	
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	_	
ON⁺ <sup>3</sup>	9	Coolant temperature     gauge	• Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	_	
		<ul> <li>Coolant overflow to reservoir tank</li> </ul>	• Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	<u>CO-10</u>	
DFF <sup>*4</sup>	10	<ul> <li>Coolant return from reservoir tank to radia- tor</li> </ul>	● Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	<u>CO-10</u>	
OFF	11	Cylinder head	<ul> <li>Straight gauge feeler gauge</li> </ul>	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maxi- mum distortion (warping)	<u>EM-92</u>	
-	12	Cylinder block and pis- tons	Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	<u>EM-110</u>	

#### Main 12 Causes of Overheating

\*1: Turn the ignition switch ON.

\*2: Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

\*3: Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

\*4: After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to CO-6, "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS" .

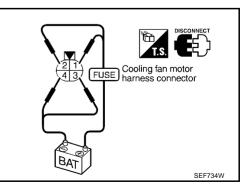
#### Component Inspection COOLING FAN MOTOR

- 1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connectors.
- 2. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

	Speed	term	inals
	Opeeu	(+)	(–)
Cooling fan motor	Low	1 or 2	3 and 4
	High	1 and 2	3 and 4

#### Cooling fan motor should operate.

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.



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### DTC P1217 ENGINE OVER TEMPERATURE (FOR M/T MODELS)

### Description

SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

NOTE:

If DTC P1217 is displayed with DTC U1000 or U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to EC-139, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE".

#### Cooling Fan Control

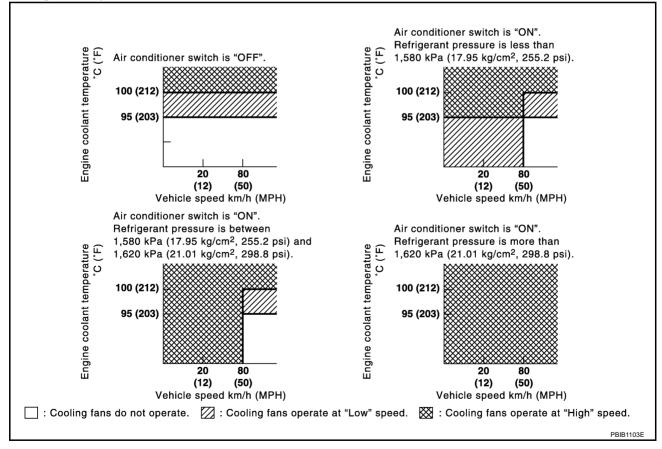
Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*1		
Battery	Battery voltage*1		
Wheel sensor	Vehicle speed* <sup>2</sup>	Cooling fan control	IPDM E/R (Cooling fan relays)
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature		(Cooling lan rolayo)
Air conditioner switch	Air conditioner ON signal*2		
Refrigerant pressure sensor	Refrigerant pressure		

\*1: The ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

\*2: This signal is sent to ECM through CAN communication line.

The ECM controls the cooling fan corresponding to the vehicle speed, engine coolant temperature, refrigerant pressure, and air conditioner ON signal. The control system has 3-step control [HIGH/LOW/OFF].

#### **Cooling Fan Operation**



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#### Cooling Fan Relay Operation

The ECM controls cooling fan relays in the IPDM E/R through CAN communication line.

Cooling for aroud		Cooling fan relay		-
Cooling fan speed	1	2	3	EC
Stop	OFF	OFF	OFF	
Low	ON	OFF	OFF	-
High	ON	ON	ON	С

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### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

#### **Cooling Fan Motor**

The cooling fan operates at each speed when the current flows in the cooling fan motor as follows.

Cooling fan speed	Cooling fan motor terminals		
Cooling fair speed	(+)	(–)	
Low	1	3	
LOW	2	4	
High	1 and 2	3 and 4	

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
AIR COND SIG • Engine: After war the engine		Air conditioner switch: OFF	OFF	
	0	Air conditioner switch: ON (Compressor operates.)	ON	
COOLING FAN	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up, idle the engine</li> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> </ul>	Engine coolant temperature is 94°C (201°F) or less	OFF	
		Engine coolant temperature is between 95°C (203°F) and 99°C (210°F)	LOW	
		Engine coolant temperature is 100°C (212°F) or more	н	

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

If the cooling fan or another component in the cooling system malfunctions, engine coolant temperature will rise.

When the engine coolant temperature reaches an abnormally high temperature condition, a malfunction is indicated.

### This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1217 1217	Engine over tempera- ture (Overheat)	<ul> <li>Cooling fan does not operate properly (Overheat).</li> <li>Cooling fan system does not operate properly (Overheat).</li> <li>Engine coolant was not added to the system using the proper filling method.</li> <li>Engine coolant is not within the specified range.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The cooling fan circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Cooling fan</li> <li>Radiator hose</li> <li>Radiator</li> <li>Radiator cap</li> <li>Water pump</li> <li>Thermostat</li> <li>For more information, refer to EC-489, "Main 12 Causes of Overheating".</li> </ul>

#### **CAUTION:**

When a malfunction is indicated, be sure to replace the coolant. Refer to <u>CO-10, "Changing Engine</u> <u>Coolant"</u>. Also, replace the engine oil. Refer to <u>LU-8, "Changing Engine Oil"</u>.

- 1. Fill radiator with coolant up to specified level with a filling speed of 2 liters per minute. Be sure to use coolant with the proper mixture ratio. Refer to <u>MA-10</u>, "<u>Anti-Freeze Coolant Mixture Ratio</u>".
- 2. After refilling coolant, run engine to ensure that no water-flow noise is emitted.

### **Overall Function Check**

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Use this procedure to check the overall function of the cooling fan. During this check, a DTC might not be confirmed.

#### WARNING:

Never remove the radiator cap when the engine is hot. Serious burns could be caused by high pressure fluid escaping from the radiator.

Wrap a thick cloth around cap. Carefully remove the cap by turning it a quarter turn to allow built-up pressure to escape. Then turn the cap all the way off.

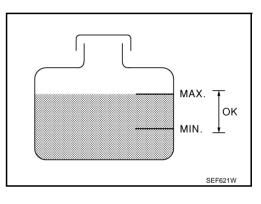
#### WITH CONSULT-II

- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator. Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level. If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-484</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-484</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

Perform "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-

If the results are NG, go to EC-484, "Diagnostic Procedure".

3. Turn ignition switch ON.



ACTIVE TEST
COOLING FAN OFF
MONITOR
COOLAN TEMP/S XXX °C

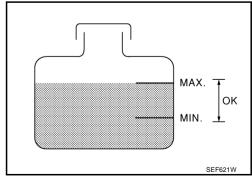
### WITH GST

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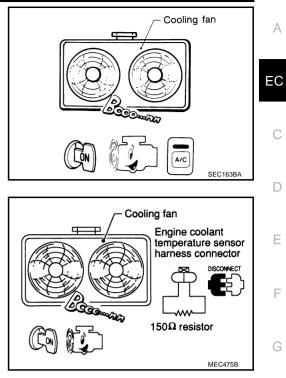
5.

- Check the coolant level in the reservoir tank and radiator. Allow engine to cool before checking coolant level. If the coolant level in the reservoir tank and/or radiator is below the proper range, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-484</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- Confirm whether customer filled the coolant or not. If customer filled the coolant, skip the following steps and go to <u>EC-484</u>, <u>"Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.
- Start engine.
   Be careful not to overheat engine.
- 4. Turn air conditioner switch ON.
- 5. Turn blower fan switch ON.



EC-481

- Make sure that cooling fan operates at low speed. If NG, go to <u>EC-484</u>, "<u>Diagnostic Procedure</u>". If OK, go to the following step.
- 7. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 8. Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch OFF.
- 9. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 10. Connect 150  $\!\Omega$  resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- Restart engine and make sure that cooling fan operates at higher speed than low speed.
   Be careful not to overheat engine.
- 12. If NG, go to EC-484, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



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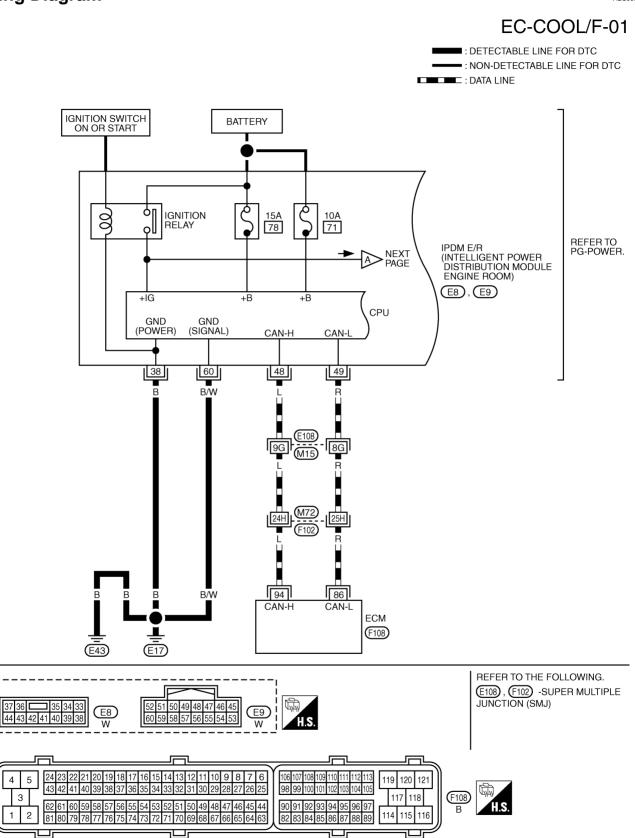
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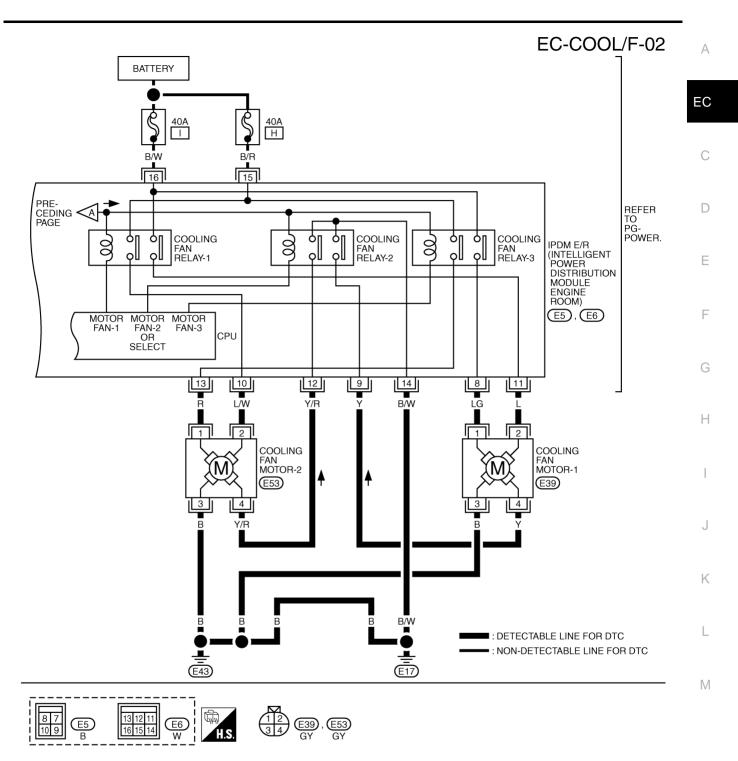
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### Wiring Diagram







TBWT0671E

# Diagnostic Procedure

Do vou have CONSULT-II?

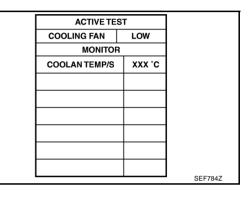
#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 4.

### 2. CHECK COOLING FAN LOW SPEED OPERATION

### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and let it idle.
- 2. Select "COOLING FAN" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CON-SULT-II and touch "LOW" on the CONSULT-II screen.
- 3. Make sure that cooling fans-1 and -2 operate at low speed. OK or NG
- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Check cooling fan low speed control circuit. (Go to <u>EC-487, "PROCEDURE A"</u>.)



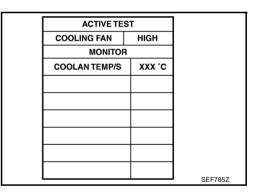
### 3. CHECK COOLING FAN HIGH SPEED OPERATION

### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Touch "HIGH" on the CONSULT-II screen.
- 2. Make sure that cooling fans-1 and -2 operate at higher speed than low speed.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 6.
- NG >> Check cooling fan high speed control circuit. (Go to <u>EC-488, "PROCEDURE B"</u>.)



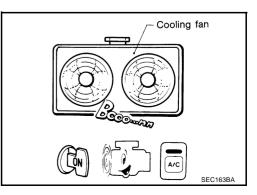
### 4. CHECK COOLING FAN LOW SPEED OPERATION

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine and let it idle.
- 2. Turn air conditioner switch ON.
- 3. Turn blower fan switch ON.
- 4. Make sure that cooling fans-1 and -2 operate at low speed.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Check cooling fan low speed control circuit. (Go to <u>EC-487, "PROCEDURE A"</u>.)



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### 5. CHECK COOLING FAN HIGH SPEED OPERATION

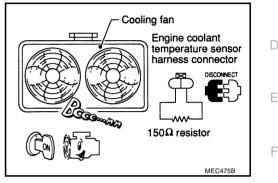
### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Turn air conditioner switch and blower fan switch OFF.
- 3. Disconnect engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 4. Connect  $150\Omega$  resistor to engine coolant temperature sensor harness connector.
- 5. Restart engine and make sure that cooling fans-1 and -2 operate at higher speed than low speed.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Check cooling fan high speed control circuit. (Go to  $\underline{\text{EC-}}$ <u>488, "PROCEDURE B"</u>.)



### 6. CHECK COOLING SYSTEM FOR LEAK

Apply pressure to the cooling system with a tester, and check if the pressure drops.

#### Testing pressure: 157 kPa (1.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 23 psi)

#### **CAUTION:**

Higher than the specified pressure may cause radiator damage. Pressure should not drop.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

- NG >> Check the following for leak. Refer to <u>CO-10, "LEAK</u> <u>CHECK"</u>.
  - Hose
  - Radiator
  - Water pump

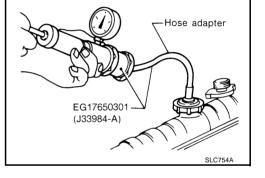
### 7. CHECK RADIATOR CAP

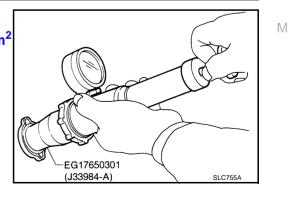
Apply pressure to cap with a tester.

Radiator cap relief pressure: 59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> , 9 - 14 psi)

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 8.
NG	>> Replace radiator cap.





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### 8. CHECK THERMOSTAT

- 1. Check valve seating condition at normal room temperatures. **It should seat tightly.**
- 2. Check valve opening temperature and valve lift.

Valve opening temperature:76.5°C (170°F) [standard]Valve lift:More than 8.6 mm/90°C<br/>(0.339 in/194°F)

 Check if valve is closed at 5°C (9°F) below valve opening temperature. For details, refer to <u>CO-32</u>, "WATER INLET AND THERMO-STAT ASSEMBLY".

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace thermostat

### 9. CHECK ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENSOR

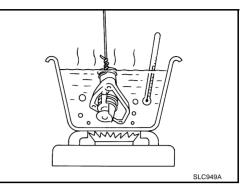
Refer to EC-185, "Component Inspection" .

- OK or NG
- OK >> GO TO 10.
- NG >> Replace engine coolant temperature sensor.

### 10. CHECK MAIN 12 CAUSES

If the cause cannot be isolated, go to EC-489, "Main 12 Causes of Overheating" .

#### >> INSPECTION END



#### PROCEDURE A

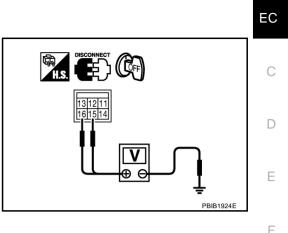
### 1. CHECK POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E6.
- 3. Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminals 15, 16 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> GO TO 2.



### 2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- 40A fusible links
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and battery

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 3. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTORS CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect cooling fan motor-1 harness connector and cooling fan motor-2 harness connector.
- 2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E5.
- Check harness continuity between cooling fan motor-1 terminal 2 and IPDM E/R terminal 11, cooling fan motor-1 terminal 3 and ground.

Refer to wiring diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

- 4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.
- Check harness continuity between cooling fan motor-2 terminal 2 and IPDM E/R terminal 10, cooling fan motor-2 terminal 3 and ground. Refer to wiring diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

6. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

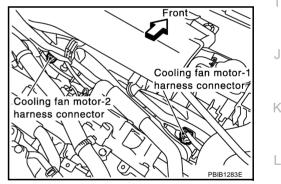
NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness connectors.

### 4. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTORS

Refer to EC-489, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Replace cooling fan motors.



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### 5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### OK or NG

- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to <u>PG-16, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-</u> <u>ULE ENGINE ROOM)"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness or connector.

### **PROCEDURE B**

### 1. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTORS CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect cooling fan motor-1 harness connector and cooling fan motor-2 harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connectors E5 and E6.
- Check harness continuity between the following; cooling fan motor-1 terminal 1 and IPDM E/R terminal 8, cooling fan motor-1 terminal 4 and IPDM E/R terminal 9, IPDM E/R terminal 14 and ground. Refer to wiring diagram.

#### **Continuity should exist.**

- 5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.
- Check harness continuity between the following; cooling fan motor-2 terminal 1 and IPDM E/R terminal 13, cooling fan motor-2 terminal 4 and IPDM E/R terminal 12, IPDM E/R terminal 14 and ground. Refer to wiring diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

7. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 2. CHECK COOLING FAN MOTORS

Refer to EC-489, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

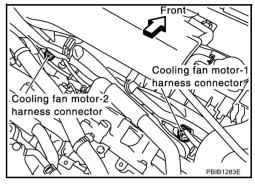
- OK >> GO TO 3.
- NG >> Replace cooling fan motors.

### **3.** CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Perform EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### OK or NG

- OK >> Replace IPDM E/R. Refer to <u>PG-16, "IPDM E/R (INTELLIGENT POWER DISTRIBUTION MOD-ULE ENGINE ROOM)"</u>.
- NG >> Repair or replace harness connectors.



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Engine	Step	Inspection item	Equipment	Standard	Reference page
OFF	1	<ul> <li>Blocked radiator</li> <li>Blocked condenser</li> <li>Blocked radiator grille</li> <li>Blocked bumper</li> </ul>	• Visual	No blocking	—
-	2	Coolant mixture	Coolant tester	50 - 50% coolant mixture	<u>MA-10</u>
-	3	Coolant level	Visual	Coolant up to MAX level in reservoir tank and radi- ator filler neck	<u>CO-10</u>
-	4	Radiator cap	Pressure tester	59 - 98 kPa (0.6 - 1.0 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 9 - 14 psi) (Limit)	<u>CO-16</u>
ON* <sup>2</sup>	5	Coolant leaks	Visual	No leaks	<u>CO-10</u>
ON* <sup>2</sup>	6	Thermostat	<ul> <li>Touch the upper and lower radiator hoses</li> </ul>	Both hoses should be hot	<u>CO-32</u>
ON* <sup>1</sup>	7	Cooling fan	CONSULT-II	Operating	See trouble diagnosis for DTC P1217 ( $\underline{EC-478}$ ).
OFF	8	Combustion gas leak	Color checker chemical tester 4 Gas analyzer	Negative	_
ON⁺ <sup>3</sup>	9	Coolant temperature     gauge	• Visual	Gauge less than 3/4 when driving	_
		Coolant overflow to reservoir tank	• Visual	No overflow during driving and idling	<u>CO-10</u>
DFF <sup>*4</sup>	10	Coolant return from reservoir tank to radia- tor	● Visual	Should be initial level in reservoir tank	<u>CO-10</u>
OFF	11	Cylinder head	<ul> <li>Straight gauge feeler gauge</li> </ul>	0.1 mm (0.004 in) Maxi- mum distortion (warping)	<u>EM-92</u>
	12	Cylinder block and pis- tons	Visual	No scuffing on cylinder walls or piston	<u>EM-110</u>

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\*1: Turn the ignition switch ON.

\*2: Engine running at 3,000 rpm for 10 minutes.

\*3: Drive at 90 km/h (55 MPH) for 30 minutes and then let idle for 10 minutes.

\*4: After 60 minutes of cool down time.

For more information, refer to CO-6, "OVERHEATING CAUSE ANALYSIS" .

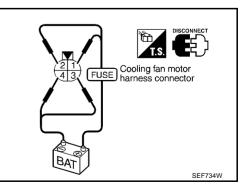
#### **Component Inspection COOLING FAN MOTORS-1 AND -2**

- 1. Disconnect cooling fan motor harness connectors.
- 2. Supply cooling fan motor terminals with battery voltage and check operation.

	Spood	term	inals
	Speed -	(+)	(-)
Cooling fan motor	Low	1	3
		2	4
	High	1 and 2	3 and 4

#### Cooling fan motor should operate.

If NG, replace cooling fan motor.



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## DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

### **Component Description**

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

#### The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1225 1225	Closed throttle position learning performance problem	Closed throttle position learning value is excessively low.	<ul> <li>Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)</li> </ul>

DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

#### Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

### B WITH CONSULT-II

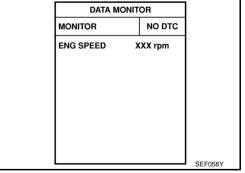
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.

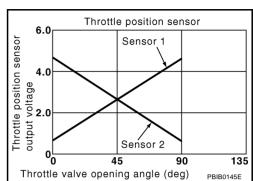
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.

WITH GST

5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-491, "Diagnostic Procedure"





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#### PFP:16119

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### DTC P1225 TP SENSOR

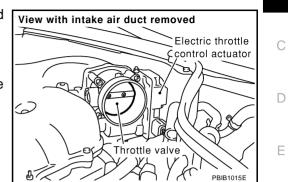
### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Remove the intake air duct.
- 3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



		ビスノノアノイト/パー	PBIB1015E	
2.	REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR			F
	Replace the electric throttle control actuator. Perform <u>EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"</u> . Perform <u>EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .			G
	>> INSPECTION END			Н
EL	emoval and Installation ECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR fer to EM-18, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR" .		ABS008AS	I
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EC-492

### DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

### **Component Description**

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.

### On Board Diagnosis Logic

### The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1226 1226	Closed throttle position learning performance problem	Closed throttle position learning is not per- formed successfully, repeatedly.	• Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

### Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

### B WITH CONSULT-II

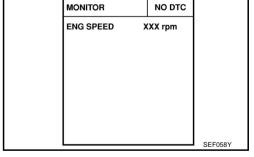
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.

**WITH GST** 

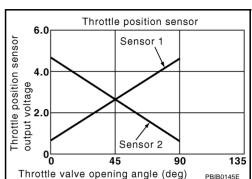
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 for 32 times.

Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-493, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>



DATA MONITOR



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#### PFP:16119

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### DTC P1226 TP SENSOR

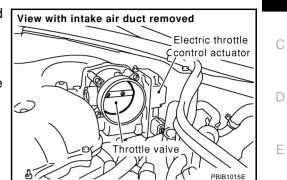
### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR VISUALLY

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Remove the intake air duct.
- 3. Check if foreign matter is caught between the throttle valve and the housing.

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Remove the foreign matter and clean the electric throttle control actuator inside.



2.	REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR		F
1. 2. 3.	Replace the electric throttle control actuator. Perform <u>EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"</u> . Perform <u>EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .		G
	>> INSPECTION END		Н
EL	moval and Installation ECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR fer to EM-18, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR" .	ABSOOGAX	I
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### DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

### On Board Diagnosis Logic

### This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1229 1229	Sensor power supply circuit short	ECM detects a voltage of power source for sensor is excessively low or high.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (APP sensor 1 circuit is shorted.) (PSP sensor circuit is shorted.) (Refrigerant pressure sensor circuit is shorted.) (EVAP control system pressure sensor circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor</li> <li>Power steering pressure sensor</li> <li>Refrigerant pressure sensor</li> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> </ul>

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

ECM stops the electric throttle control actuator control, throttle valve is maintained at a fixed opening (approx. 5 degrees) by the return spring.

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

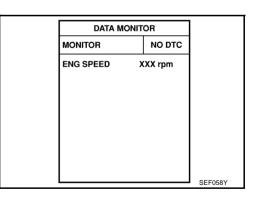
#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test. **TESTING CONDITION:** 

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

#### B WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-496, "Diagnostic Procedure".



### WITH GST

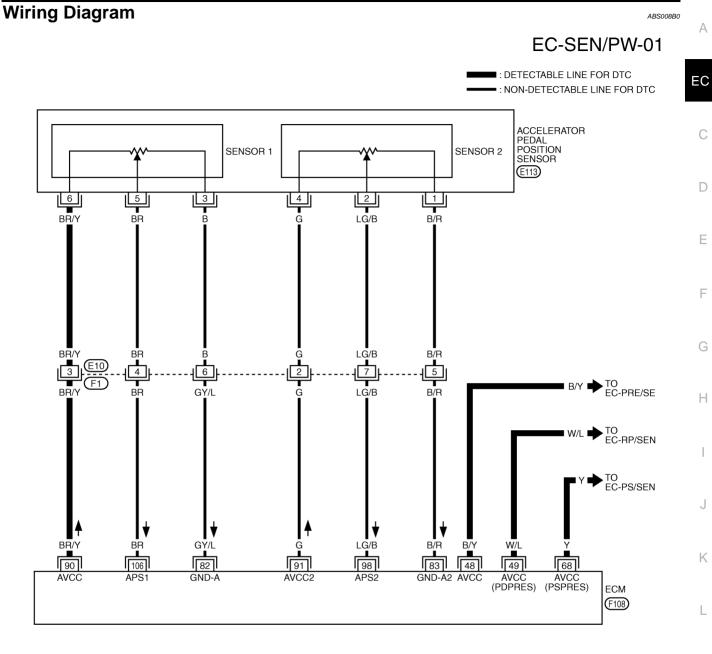
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

PFP:16119

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### **DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY**



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			、 、
4 5 24 23 22 21 20	19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25	106107108109110111112113         119         120         121           9899100101102103104105         117         118	(F108)
1         2         62         61         60         59         56           1         2         81         80         79         78         77	57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63	9091929394959697 8283848586878889 114 115 116	B H.S.

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### EC-495

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

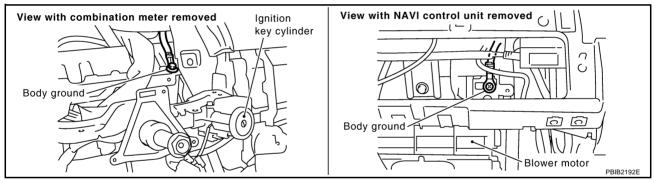
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
48	B/Y	Sensor power supply (EVAP control system pres- sure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
49	W/L	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
68	Y	Sensor power supply (Power steering pressure sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
90	BR/Y	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

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- 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



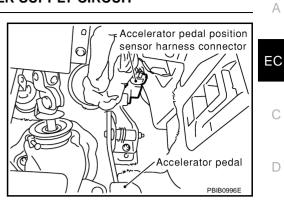
OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

### DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

### 2. CHECK ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

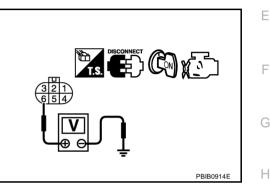


3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 6 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 3.



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### 3. CHECK SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUITS

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram	
48	EVAP control system pressure sensor terminal 3	<u>EC-349</u>	J
49	Refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 1	<u>EC-392</u>	
68	PSP sensor terminal 1	<u>EC-608</u>	IZ.
90	APP sensor terminal 6	<u>EC-556</u>	K

EC-497

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 4. CHECK COMPONENTS

Check the following.

- EVAP control system pressure sensor (Refer to EC-352.)
- Power steering pressure sensor (Refer to EC-395.)
- Refrigerant pressure sensor (Refer to <u>ATC-90</u>.)

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace malfunctioning component.

### 5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-559, "Component Inspection".

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

### DTC P1229 SENSOR POWER SUPPLY

### 6. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Replace accelerator pedal assembly.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 4. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

### 7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	EC
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed *1			
Mass air flow sensor	Amount of intake air			C
Engine coolant temperature sensor	Engine coolant temperature			
Battery	Battery voltage*1	_		D
Throttle position sensor	Throttle position	EVAP canister	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve	
Accelerator pedal position sensor	Accelerator pedal position			
Heated oxygen sensor 1	Density of oxygen in exhaust gas (Mixture ratio feedback signal)	_		
Fuel tank temperature sensor	Fuel temperature in fuel tank	_		F
Wheel sensor* <sup>2</sup>	Vehicle speed			1

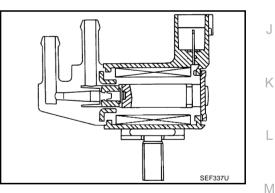
\*1: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

\*2: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

This system controls flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The opening of the vapor by-pass passage in the EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve changes to control the flow rate. The EVAP Н canister purge volume control solenoid valve repeats ON/OFF operation according to the signal sent from the ECM. The opening of the valve varies for optimum engine control. The optimum value stored in the ECM is determined by considering various engine conditions. When the engine is operating, the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister is regulated as the air flow changes.

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve uses a ON/ OFF duty to control the flow rate of fuel vapor from the EVAP canister. The EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is moved by ON/OFF pulses from the ECM. The longer the ON pulse, the greater the amount of fuel vapor that will flow through the valve.



### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
PURG VOL C/V	<ul> <li>Engine: After warming up</li> </ul>	Idle	0%
	• Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)		_
	<ul> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> </ul>	2,000 rpm	
	<ul> <li>No-load</li> </ul>		

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### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

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DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1444 1444	EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve	The canister purge flow is detected during the specified driving conditions, even when EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is completely closed.	<ul> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor</li> <li>EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve (The valve is stuck open.)</li> <li>EVAP canister vent control valve</li> <li>EVAP canister</li> <li>Hoses (Hoses are connected incorrectly or clogged.)</li> </ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

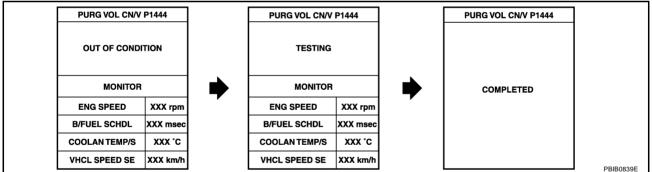
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

#### Always perform test at a temperature of 5°C (41°F) or more.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Select "PURG VOL CN/V P1444" of "EVAPORATIVE SYSTEM" in "DTC WORK SUPPORT" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START".



6. Start engine and let it idle until "TESTING" on CONSULT-II changes to "COMPLETED". (It will take approximately 10 seconds.)

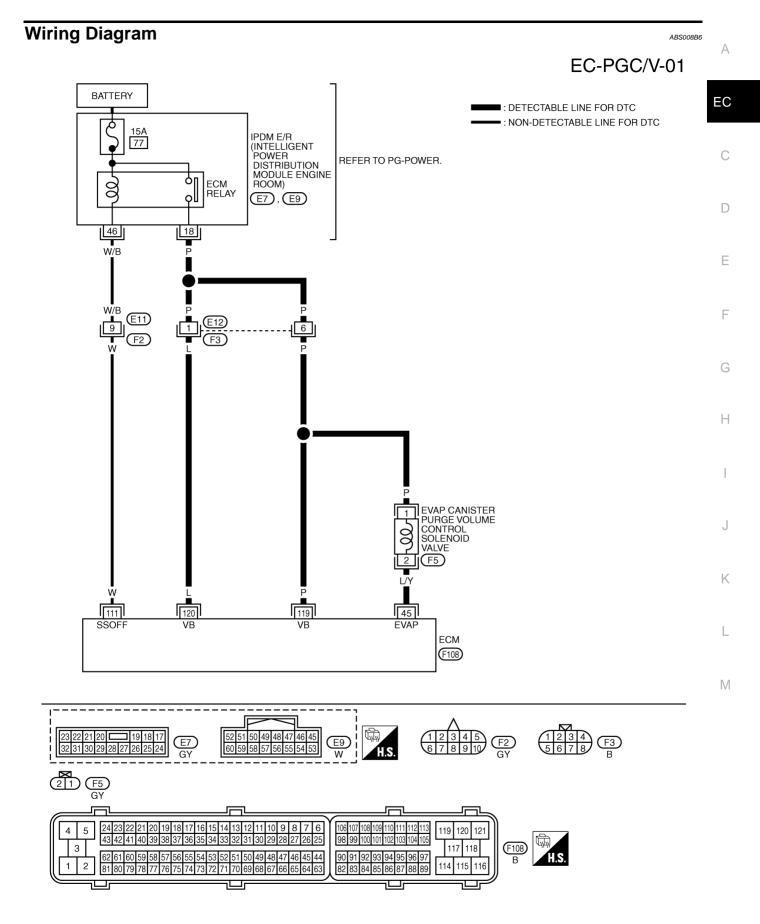
If "TESTING" is not displayed after 5 minutes, retry from step 2.

7. Make sure that "OK" is displayed after touching "SELF-DIAG RESULTS". If "NG" is displayed, refer to <u>EC-503, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.

### WITH GST

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for at least 20 seconds.
- 4. Select "MODE 7" with GST.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-503, "Diagnostic Procedure".

### EC-500



### EC-501

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
45	L/Y	EVAP canister purge vol- ume control solenoid valve	[Engine is running] • Idle speed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
			<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Engine speed is about 2,000 rpm (More than 100 seconds after starting engine).</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)*
111	w	ECM relay (Self shut-off)	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V
			<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	P L	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE POWER SUPPLY CIR-CUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

EC EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve EVAP service port ത F PBIB1001E

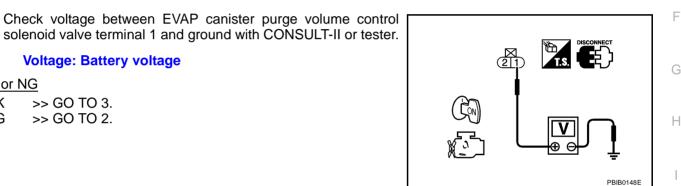
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### 2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Voltage: Battery voltage

Check the following.

4.

OK or NG OK

NG

Harness connectors E12, F3 •

>> GO TO 3.

>> GO TO 2.

- IPDM E/R harness connector E7
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and IPDM E/R
- Harness for open or short between EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

### 3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE OUTPUT SIGNAL CIR-**CUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 45 and EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### EC-503

### 4. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR

- 1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.
- 2. Check connectors for water.

#### Water should not exist.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

#### 5. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

Refer to EC-352, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 6. OK (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 7. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

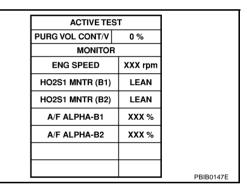
### 6. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

#### () With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 3. Start engine.
- Perform "PURG VOL CONT/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II. Check that engine speed varies according to the valve opening.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> GO TO 7.



### 7. CHECK EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-506, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve.

#### 8. CHECK RUBBER TUBE FOR CLOGGING

- 1. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.
- 2. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Clean the rubber tube using an air blower.

### 9. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

Refer to EC-342, "Component Inspection" .

#### <u>OK or NG</u>

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

### EC-504

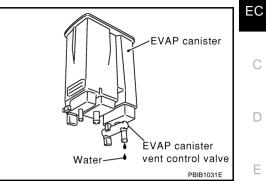
### DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

# $\overline{10}$ . CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 11. No >> GO TO 13.



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### 11. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.	
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).	
OK or NG	(
OK >> GO TO 13.	
NG >> GO TO 12.	ŀ
12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	
EVAP canister for damage	
<ul> <li>EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection</li> </ul>	
	,
>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.	
13. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR	
Refer to EC-378, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 14.	
NG >> Clean or replace water separator.	
14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	ľ
Refer to EC-129 "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT"	

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

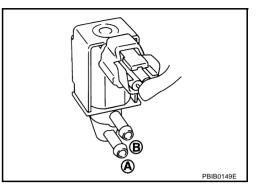
### DTC P1444 EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

# Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

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Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

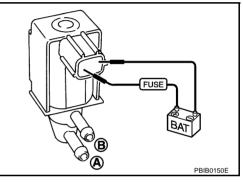
Condition (PURG VOL CONT/V value)	Air passage continuity between A and B
100%	Yes
0%	No



### **Without CONSULT-II**

Check air passage continuity of EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve under the following conditions.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	Yes
No supply	No



Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE Refer to EM-18, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR".

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### DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

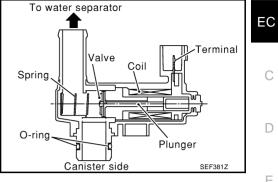
### **Component Description**

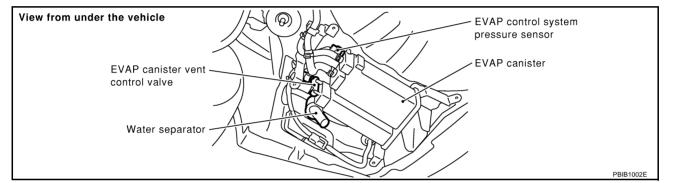
The EVAP canister vent control valve is located on the EVAP canister and is used to seal the canister vent.

This solenoid valve responds to signals from the ECM. When the ECM sends an ON signal, the coil in the solenoid valve is energized. A plunger will then move to seal the canister vent. The ability to seal the vent is necessary for the on board diagnosis of other evaporative emission control system components.

This solenoid valve is used only for diagnosis, and usually remains opened.

When the vent is closed, under normal purge conditions, the evaporative emission control system is depressurized and allows EVAP Control System diagnosis.





### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
VENT CONT/V	Ignition switch: ON	OFF	,

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause		
P1446 EVAP canister vent con- 1446 trol valve close			EVAP canister vent control valve	-	
		<ul> <li>EVAP control system pressure sensor and the circuit</li> </ul>	L		
			<ul> <li>Blocked rubber tube to EVAP canister vent control valve</li> </ul>	M	
				Water separator	IVI
			• EVAP canister is saturated with water		

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### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### NOTE:

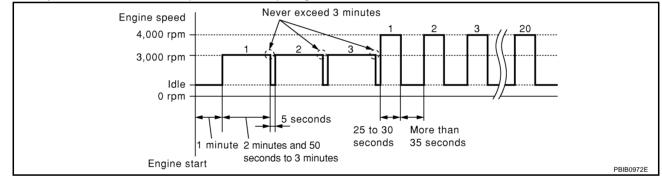
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON and wait at least 5 seconds.
- 2. Turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON and select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine and let it idle for at least 1 minute.
- 5. Repeat next procedures 3 times.
- a. Increase the engine speed up to 3,000 to 3,500 rpm and keep it for 2 minutes and 50 seconds to 3 minutes.
   Never exceed 3 minutes.
- b. Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for about 5 seconds.
- 6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-510, "Diagnostic Procedure"

If 1st trip DTC is not detected, go to the next step.

- 7. Repeat next procedure 20 times.
- a. Quickly increase the engine speed up to 4,000 to 4,500 rpm or more and keep it for 25 to 30 seconds.
- b. Fully released accelerator pedal and keep engine idle for at least 35 seconds.



8. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-510, "Diagnostic Procedure".

#### WITH GST

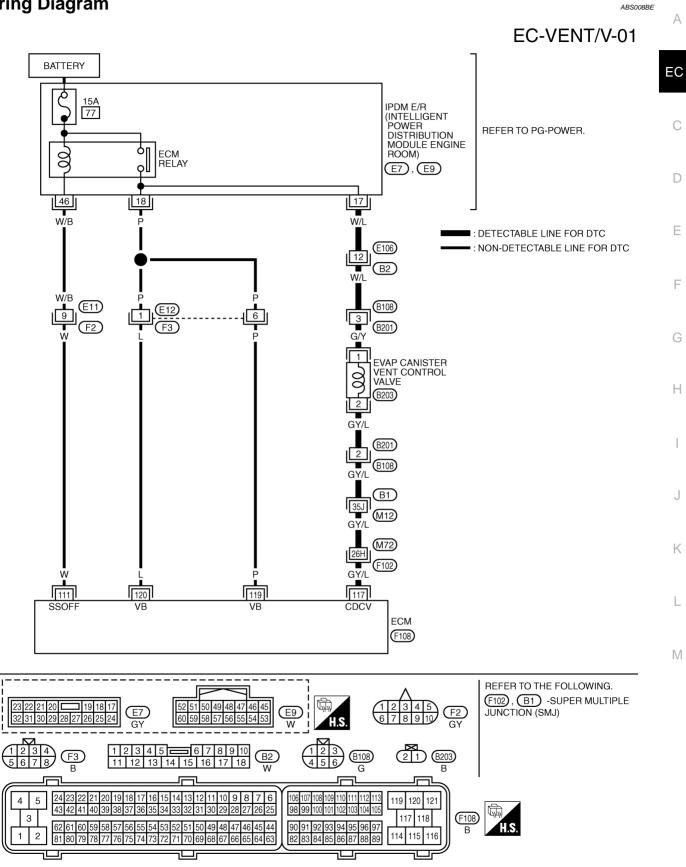
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

DATA MONITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

ABS008BD

### DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

### Wiring Diagram



TBWT0661E

### EC-509

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### CAUTION:

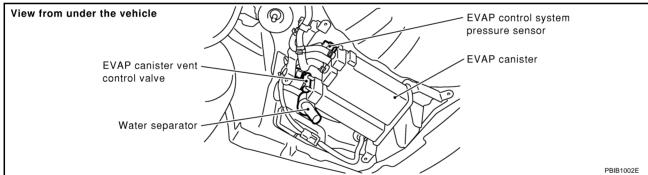
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
111	W ECM relay (Self shut-off)	WV S	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V
		<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
117	GY/L	EVAP canister vent control valve	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
119 120	P L	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK RUBBER TUBE

ABS008BF

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rubber tube connected to EVAP canister vent control valve.



3. Check the rubber tube for clogging.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Clean rubber tube using an air blower.

### 2. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to EC-378, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 3.

NG >> Clean or replace water separator.

### 3. CHECK EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

#### Refer to EC-512, "EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE" .

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 4.
- NG >> Replace EVAP canister vent control valve.

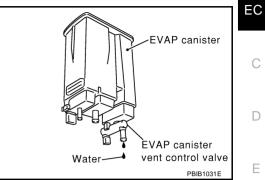
### DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

# 4. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Check if water will drain from the EVAP canister.

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 5. No >> GO TO 7.



А

### 5. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

Weigh the EVAP canister with the EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sense	sor
attached. <b>Fhe weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).</b>	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 7.	
NG >> GO TO 6.	
6	
6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	
EVAP canister for damage	
<ul> <li>EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection</li> </ul>	
>> Repair hose or replace EVAP canister.	
7. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR CONNECTOR	
1. Disconnect EVAP control system pressure sensor harness connector.	
2. Check connectors for water.	
Water should not exist.	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.	
8. CHECK EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR	

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace EVAP control system pressure sensor.

## 9. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

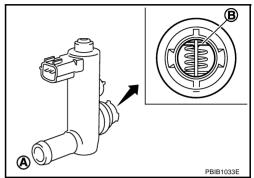
### Component Inspection EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- Check portion B of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

- 3. Reconnect harness connectors disconnected.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.



- 5. Perform "VENT CONTROL/V" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode.
- 6. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time. **Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.**

Condition VENT CONTROL/V	Air passage continuity between A and B
ON	No
OFF	Yes

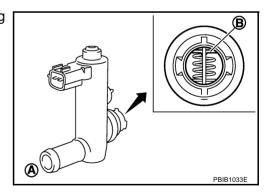
#### Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

- 7. Clean the air passage (Portion A to B) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.
- 8. Perform step 6 again.

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Remove EVAP canister vent control valve from EVAP canister.
- 2. Check portion **B** of EVAP canister vent control valve for being rusted.



3. Check air passage continuity and operation delay time under the following conditions.

#### Make sure new O-ring is installed properly.

Condition	Air passage continuity between A and B
12V direct current supply between terminals 1 and 2	No
OFF	Yes

#### Operation takes less than 1 second.

If NG, replace EVAP canister vent control valve. If OK, go to next step.

4. Clean the air passage (Portion **A** to **B**) of EVAP canister vent control valve using an air blower.

ACTIVE TES	π	
ENT CONTROL/V	OFF	
MONITOR		
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
A/F ALPHA-B1	XXX %	
A/F ALPHA-B2	XXX %	

xxx v

XXX V

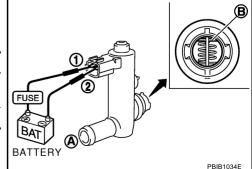
PBIB0151E

VF

HO2S1 (B1)

HO2S1 (B2)

EC-512



ABS008BG

### DTC P1446 EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE

5.	Perform step 3 again.	А
		EC
		С
		D
		E
		F
		G
		Н
		J
		K
		L
		Μ

### DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

### **Component Description**

ASCD steering switch has variant values of electrical resistance for each button. ECM reads voltage variation of switch, and determines which button is operated.

Refer to <u>EC-649</u>, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for the ASCD function.

### CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
		ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: Pressed	ON
MAIN SW	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: Released	OFF
CANCEL SW	Ignition switch: ON	CANCEL switch: Pressed	ON
		CANCEL switch: Released	OFF
RESUME/ACC SW	Ignition switch: ON	ACCEL/RESUME switch: Pressed	ON
		ACCEL/RESUME switch: Released	OFF
SET SW		COAST/SET switch: Pressed	ON
	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	COAST/SET switch: Released	OFF

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

#### NOTE:

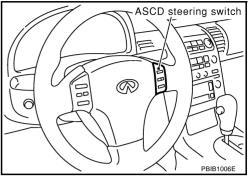
If DTC P1564 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to <u>EC-396</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P1564	ASCD steering	<ul> <li>An excessively high voltage signal from the ASCD steering switch is sent to ECM.</li> <li>ECM detects that input signal from the ASCD steering switch is out of the specified range.</li> <li>ECM detects that the ASCD steering switch is stuck ON.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors</li></ul>
1564	switch		(The switch circuit is open or shorted.) <li>ASCD steering switch</li> <li>ECM</li>

PFP:25551

ABS008BH

ARSOORE



ABS008BJ

DTC Confirmation Procedure	
NOTE:	A
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.	at
	EC
<ul> <li>WITH CONSULT-II</li> <li>Turn ignition switch ON.</li> </ul>	
<ol> <li>Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.</li> </ol>	
3. Wait at least 10 seconds.	С
<ol> <li>Press ON/OFF (MAIN) switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>Press ACCEL/RESUME switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.</li> </ol>	D
<ol> <li>Press COAST/SET switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.</li> </ol>	D
<ol> <li>Press CANCEL switch for at least 10 seconds, then release it and wait at least 10 seconds.</li> </ol>	
<ol> <li>If DTC is detected, go to <u>EC-517, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>.</li> </ol>	E
Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.	F
	G
	G
	Н
	J
	J

Κ

L

Μ

### Wiring Diagram

OFF

R

R

14

Ò

34

G/۱

G/Y

G/Y

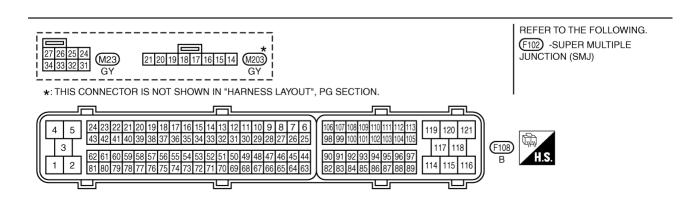
99 ASCDSW B/W

67

GND-A

EC-ASC/SW-01

■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC • : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC ASCD STEERING SWITCH ON OFF ON OFF OFF ON ON ON/OFF (MAIN) SWITCH CANCEL COAST/SET SWITCH ACCEL/RESUME SWITCH В В 15 COMBINATION SWITCH (SPIRAL CABLE) C M23 , M203 133 в/w 28H M72 23H (F102) B/W



ECM (F108)

TBWT0675E

### EC-516

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

А

ABS008BM

Н

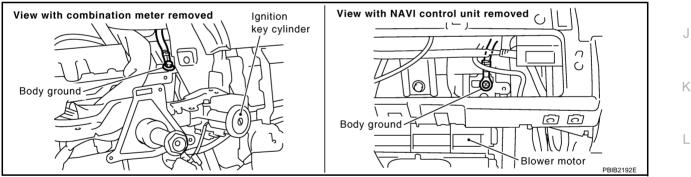
Μ

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
67	B/W	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V	С
		<ul> <li>ASC</li> <li>[Ignitic</li> <li>ON/c</li> <li>[Ignitic</li> <li>CAN</li> <li>[Ignitic</li> </ul>	[Ignition switch: ON] • ASCD steering switch: OFF	Approximately 4V	D
	99 G/Y ASCD steering switch		[Ignition switch: ON] • ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: Pressed.	Approximately 0V	Е
99			[Ignition switch: ON] • CANCEL switch: Pressed.	Approximately 1V	F
			[Ignition switch: ON] • COAST/SET switch: Pressed.	Approximately 2V	I
		[Ignition switch: ON] • ACCEL/RESUME switch: Pressed.	Approximately 3V	G	

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# $\overline{2}$ . CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH CIRCUIT

#### (B) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "MAIN SW", "RESUME/ACC SW", "SET SW" and "CANCEL SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check each item indication under the following conditions.

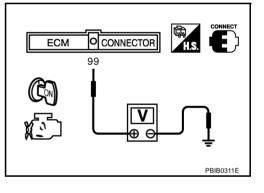
Switch	Monitor item	Condition	Indication
ON/OFF (MAIN)	MAIN SW	Pressed	ON
switch		Released	OFF
COAST/SET switch	SET SW	Pressed	ON
	SET 3W	Released	OFF
ACCEL/RESUME	RESUME/ACC SW	Pressed	ON
switch	RESOME/ACC SW	Released	OFF
CANCEL switch	CANCEL SW	Pressed	ON
CANCEL SWICH	CANCEL SW	Released	OFF

DATA MONITOR		
MONITOR	NO DTC	
MAIN SW	OFF	
CANCEL SW	OFF	
RESUME/ACC SW	OFF	
SET SW	OFF	
		SEC00

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 99 and ground with pressing each button.

Switch	Condition	Voltage [V]
ON/OFF (MAIN) switch	Pressed	Approx. 0
	Released	Approx. 4
COAST/SET switch	Pressed	Approx. 2
	Released	Approx. 4
ACCEL/RESUME switch	Pressed	Approx. 3
	Released	Approx. 4
CANCEL switch	Pressed	Approx. 1
	Released	Approx. 4



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 3.

### $\mathbf{3}$ . Check ascd steering switch ground circuit for open and short

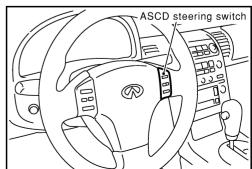
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect combination switch harness connector M203.
- 4. Check harness continuity between combination switch terminal 15 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

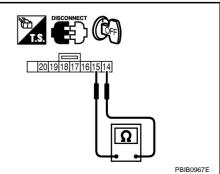


PBIB1006

### DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	А
Check the following.	
Harness connectors M72, F102	50
Combination switch (spiral cable)	EC
Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch	
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	С
5. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	D
1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 99 and combination switch terminal 14. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	D
Continuity should exist.	E
2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
OK or NG	F
OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.	
	G
6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	G
Check the following.	
Harness connectors M72, F102     Orachinetical active	Н
<ul> <li>Combination switch (spiral cable)</li> <li>Harness for open and short between ECM and combination switch</li> </ul>	
	I
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
7. CHECK ASCD STEERING SWITCH	J
Refer to EC-519, "Component Inspection".	
OK or NG	K
OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Replace steering wheel.	
8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	L
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	M
>> INSPECTION END	
Component Inspection	ABS008BN
ASCD STEERING SWITCH	·
<ol> <li>Disconnect combination switch (spiral cable).</li> <li>Obsolv cartingtic between combination switch (called be) to a spiral cable).</li> </ol>	
2. Check continuity between combination switch (spiral cable) ter- minals 14 and 15 with pushing each switch.	

Switch	Condition	Resistance [ $\Omega$ ]
ON/OFF (MAIN) switch	Pressed	Approx. 0
	Released	Approx. 4,000
COAST/SET switch	Pressed	Approx. 660
	Released	Approx. 4,000
ACCEL/RESUME switch	Pressed	Approx. 1,480
	Released	Approx. 4,000



### DTC P1564 ASCD STEERING SWITCH

Switch	Condition	Resistance [ $\Omega$ ]
CANCEL switch	Pressed	Approx. 250
	Released	Approx. 4,000

### DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

### **Component Description**

When the brake pedal is depressed, ASCD brake switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal). Refer to <u>EC-649</u>, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)" for the ASCD function.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	(	CONDITION		F
BRAKE SW 1 (ASCD brake switch)		<ul> <li>Clutch pedal (M/T) and brake pedal: Fully released</li> </ul>	ON	_
	Ignition switch: ON	<ul> <li>Clutch pedal (M/T) and/or brake pedal: Slightly depressed</li> </ul>	OFF	G
BRAKE SW 2	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF	Н
(stop lamp switch)	• Ignition switch. ON	Brake pedal: Depressed	ON	-

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

#### NOTE:

If DTC P1572 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to <u>EC-396</u>

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause	K
P1572 1572	ASCD brake switch	When the vehicle speed is above 30 km/h (19 MPH), ON signals from the stop lamp switch and the ASCD brake switch are sent to the ECM at the same time.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The stop lamp switch circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Harness or connectors (The ASCD brake switch circuit is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Stop lamp switch</li> <li>ASCD brake switch</li> <li>Incorrect stop lamp switch installation</li> <li>Incorrect ASCD brake switch installation</li> </ul>	L
			<ul> <li>Incorrect ASCD brake switch installation</li> <li>ASCD clutch switch (M/T models)</li> <li>Incorrect ASCD clutch switch installation (M/T models)</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>	

PFP:25320

Θ

PBIB1282E

ARSONREP

Stop lamp

switch

ASCD clutch

ASCD brake

switch Brake pedal

switch

Clutch

pedal



А

EC

D

F



### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### CAUTION:

#### Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Steps 3 and 4 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position

If DTC is detected, go to  $\underline{\text{EC-527, "Diagnostic Procedure"}}$ . If DTC is not detected, go to the following step.

4. Drive the vehicle for at least 5 consecutive seconds under the following condition.

VHCL SPEED SE	More than 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position
Driving location	Depress the brake pedal for more than five seconds so as not to come off from the above-mentioned condition.

5. If DTC is detected, go to EC-527, "Diagnostic Procedure".

### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

ABS008BR

#### Wiring Diagram A/T MODELS

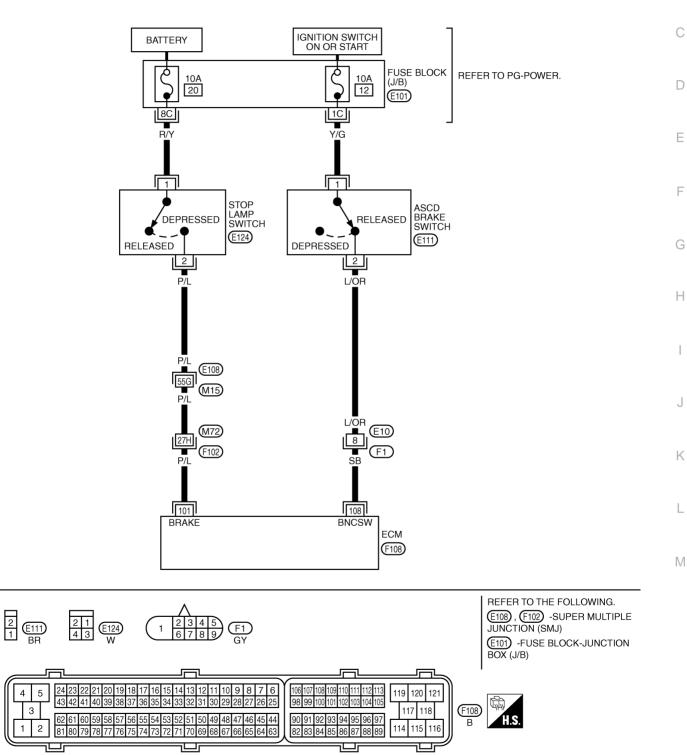


А

EC



DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. **CAUTION:** 

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

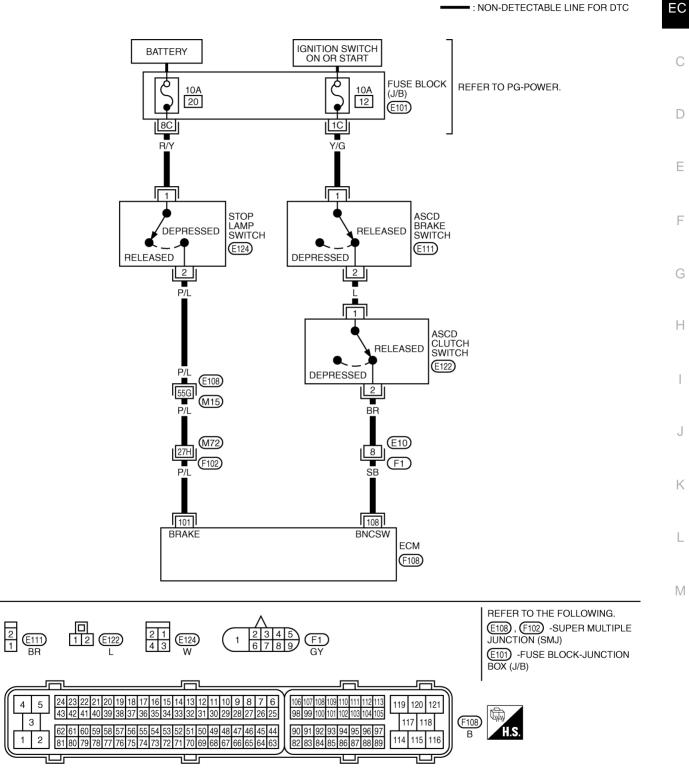
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V
	[Ignition switch: ON]       • Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		
108	SB	ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
100 SB ASCD Diake switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)		



## EC-ASC/BS-01

А

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



TBWT0676E

### EC-525

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V
101	F/L		[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)
108	SB	ASCD brake switch	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Brake pedal and/or clutch pedal are depressed</li> </ul>	Approximately 0V
100	60		<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Brake pedal and clutch pedal are fully released</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

### DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

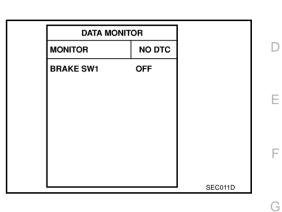
### A/T MODELS

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

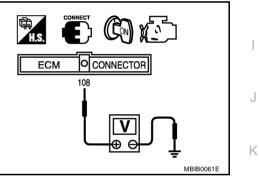
CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal is depressed	OFF
When brake pedal is fully released	ON



#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

When brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal is fully released	Battery voltage



#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 2.
NG	>> GO TO 3.

М

L

ABS008BT

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EC

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# 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

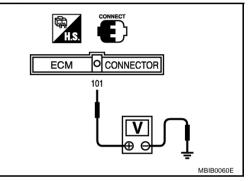
With CONSULT-II
 Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal is released	OFF
When brake pedal is depressed	ON

DATA MO	ONITOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
BRAKE SW2	OFF

**Without CONSULT-II** Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is released	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal is depressed	Battery voltage



OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> GO TO 8.

### DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

# $\overline{\mathbf{3.}}$ check ascd brake switch power supply circuit

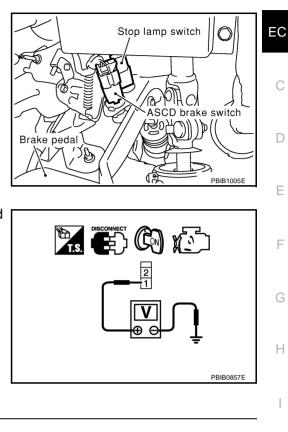
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



K

Т

Μ

Check the following.

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E101
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD brake switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 5. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and ASCD brake switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E10, F1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ASCD brake switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### EC-529

### 7. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

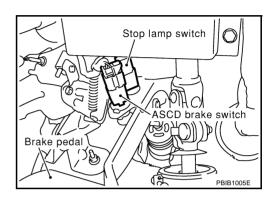
Refer to EC-537, "Component Inspection"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

### 8. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

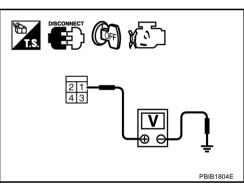


3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT -II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 10.
- NG >> GO TO 9.



### 9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E101
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 10. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> GO TO 11.

### DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	А
Check the following.	
Harness connectors E108, M15	
<ul> <li>Harness connectors M72, F102</li> </ul>	EC
<ul> <li>Harness for open or short between ECM and stop lamp switch</li> </ul>	
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	С
12. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH	D
Refer to EC-537, "Component Inspection"	D
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 13.	E
NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.	
13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	F
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	
>> INSPECTION END	G
	Н
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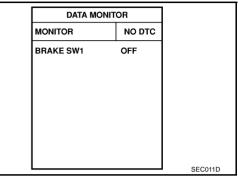
### M/T MODELS

### 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

### B With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

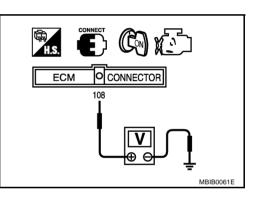
CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal and/or clutch pedal are depressed	OFF
When brake pedal and clutch pedal are fully released	ON



#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal and/or clutch pedal are depressed	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal and clutch pedal are fully released	Battery voltage



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

# 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal is released	OFF
When brake pedal is depressed	ON

DATA M	DATA MONITOR		E
MONITOR	NO DTC		
BRAKE SW2	OFF		(
			I
		SEC013D	[

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

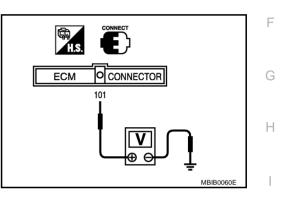
CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is released	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal is depressed	Battery voltage

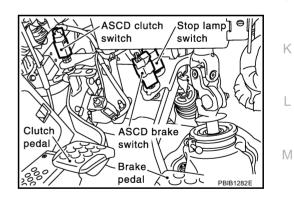
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 11.

## 3. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD clutch switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

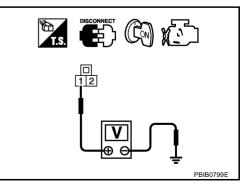




4. Check voltage between ASCD clutch switch terminal 1 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is released	Battery voltage
When brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
OK or NG	

OK	>> GO TO 8.
NG	>> GO TO 4.



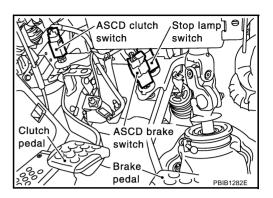
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### DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

### 4. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

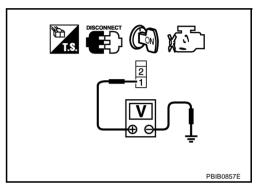


4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



### 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

#### Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E101
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD brake switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 6. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminal 2 and ASCD clutch switch terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 7. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

#### Refer to EC-537, "Component Inspection"

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

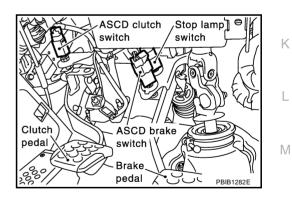
### EC-534

### DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

# $\overline{\mathbf{8.}}$ check ascd clutch switch input signal circuit for open and short

	A
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	50
3. Check harness continuity between ASCD clutch switch terminal 2 and ECM terminal Refer to Wiring Diagram.	108. EC
Continuity should exist.	С
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	-
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 10.	D
NG >> GO TO 9.	
9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	E
Check the following.	
Harness connectors E10, F1	_
Harness for open or short between ECM and ASCD clutch switch	F
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connect	ors. G
10. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH	
Refer to EC-537, "Component Inspection".	Н
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 16.	
NG >> Replace ASCD clutch switch.	1
11. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT	

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.



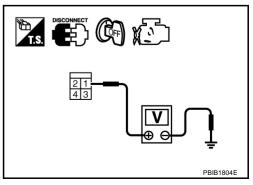
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3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT -II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 13.
NG	>> GO TO 12.



# 12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E101
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 13. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 15. NG >> GO TO 14.

## 14. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E108, M15
- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness for open or short between ECM and stop lamp switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 15. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-537, "Component Inspection"

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

### 16. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

### DTC P1572 ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

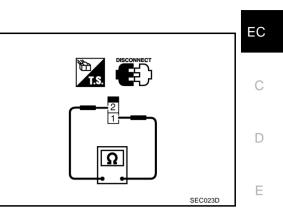
### Component Inspection ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal is fully released.	Should exist.
When brake pedal is depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD brake switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6,</u> <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

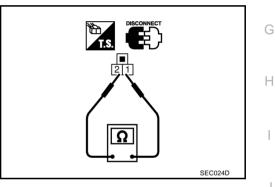


### ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD clutch switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ASCD clutch switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When clutch pedal is fully released.	Should exist.
When clutch pedal is depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD clutch switch installation, refer to <u>CL-5</u>, <u>"CLUTCH PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

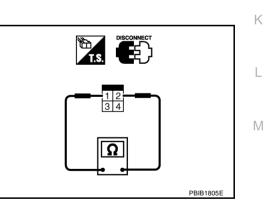


### **STOP LAMP SWITCH**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal is fully released.	Should not exist.
When brake pedal is depressed.	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.



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### DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

### **Component Description**

The ECM receives two vehicle speed sensor signals via CAN communication line. One is sent from combination meter and the other is from TCM (Transmission control module). The ECM uses these signals for ASCD control. Refer to <u>EC-649</u>, "<u>AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)</u>" for ASCD functions.

### **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

#### This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

#### NOTE:

- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC U1000, U1001, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC U1000, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-139, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN COMMUNICATION LINE"</u>.
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0500, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0500. Refer to <u>EC-385, "DTC P0500 VSS"</u>
- If DTC P1574 is displayed with DTC P0605, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P0605. Refer to <u>EC-396, "DTC P0605 ECM"</u>

DTC No.	Trouble Diagnosis Name	DTC Detecting Condition	Possible Cause
P1574 1574	ASCD vehicle speed sensor	ECM detects a difference between two vehicle speed signals is out of the specified range.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (The CAN communication line is open or shorted.)</li> <li>Combination meter</li> <li>VDC/TCS/ABS control unit</li> <li>Wheel sensor</li> <li>TCM</li> <li>ECM</li> </ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Step 3 may be conducted with the drive wheels lifted in the shop or by driving the vehicle. If a road test is expected to be easier, it is unnecessary to lift the vehicle.

#### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine (VDC switch OFF).
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Drive the vehicle at more than 40 km/h (25 MPH).
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-539, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

DATA M	ONITOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm

#### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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### DTC P1574 ASCD VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR

Diagnostic Procedure ABSOOBBY 1. CHECK DTC WITH TCM	A
Check DTC with TCM. Refer to <u>AT-38</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 2.	EC
OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> Perform trouble shooting relevant to DTC indicated.	0
2. CHECK DTC WITH VDC/TCS/ABS CONTROL UNIT	С
Refer to <u>BRC-10, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 3.	D
NG >> Repair or replace. 3. CHECK COMBINATION METER	E
Check combination meter function. Refer to <u>DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS"</u> .	F
>> INSPECTION END	G
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### DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH

### **Component Description**

When the gear position is P or N (A/T), Neutral (M/T), park/neutral position (PNP) switch is ON. ECM detects the position because the continuity of the line (the ON signal) exists.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CON	IDITION	SPECIFICATION
P/N POSI SW	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Shift lever: P or N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)	ON
1/11/05/5/	• Ignition switch. ON	Shift lever: Except above	OFF

### On Board Diagnosis Logic

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P1706 1706	Park/neutral position switch	The signal of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch is not changed in the process of engine starting and driving.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors [The park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit is open or shorted.]</li> <li>Park/neutral position (PNP) switch</li> <li>Combination meter (A/T models)</li> </ul>

### **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Always drive vehicle at a safe speed.

#### NOTE:

If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

#### **WITH CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "P/N POSI SW" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CON-SULT-II. Then check the "P/N POSI SW" signal under the following conditions.

Position (Selector lever)	Known-good signal
P or N position (A/T) Neutral position (M/T)	ON
Except the above position	OFF

If NG, go to <u>EC-545, "Diagnostic Procedure"</u>. If OK, go to following step.

- 3. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 5. Maintain the following conditions for at least 60 consecutive seconds.

ENG SPEED	1,400 - 6375 rpm
COOLAN TEMP/S	More than 70°C (158°F)
B/FUEL SCHDL	2.0 - 31.8 msec
VHCL SPEED SE	More than 64 km/h (40 MPH)
Selector lever	Suitable position
C If dat this DTC is data at	al ve te EC E4E "Dissussetie Dresselure"

6. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-545, "Diagnostic Procedure"

DATA MOI	NITOR
MONITOR	NO DTC
P/N POSI SW	ON

DATA MON	ITOR	
MONITOR	NO DTC	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
COOLAN TEMP/S	xxx °c	
VHCL SPEED SE	XXX km/h	
P/N POSI SW	OFF	
B/FUEL SCHDL	XXX msec	SEF213

PFP:32006

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ABS008C0

ABS008C1

ABS008C2

# **Overall Function Check**

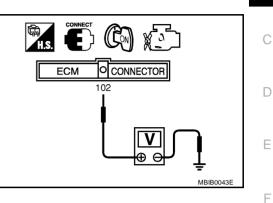
Use this procedure to check the overall function of the park/neutral position (PNP) switch circuit. During this check, a 1st trip DTC might not be confirmed.

### WITH GST

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 102 (PNP switch signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	Voltage V (Known good data)
P or N position (A/T) Neutral position (M/T)	Approx. 0
Except the above position	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)

3. If NG, go to EC-545, "Diagnostic Procedure" .





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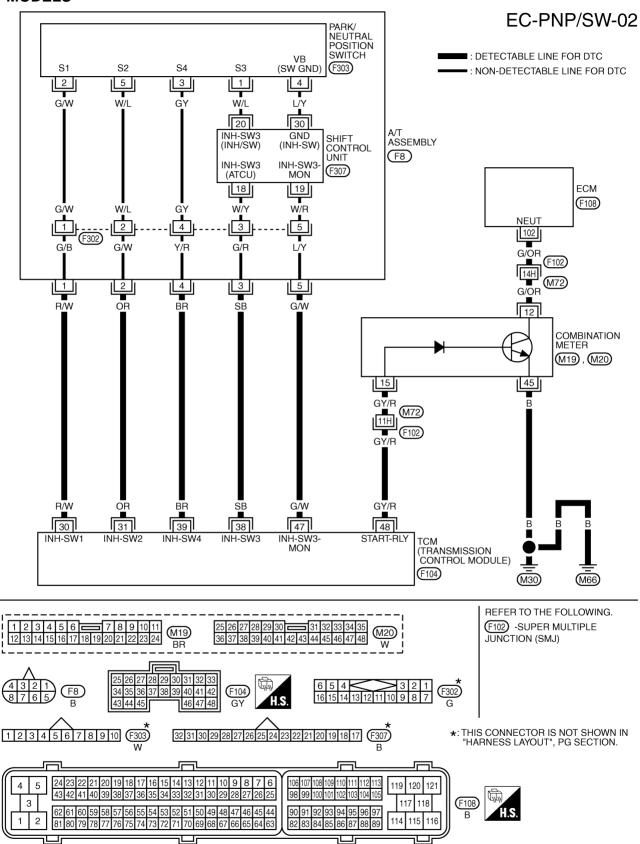
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### Wiring Diagram A/T MODELS



### EC-542

ABS0094X

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

age to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.				EC	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
102 G/OR PNP switch	PNP switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Shift lever: P or N	Approximately 0V	U	
102	G/OK		<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Except the above gear position</li></ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D

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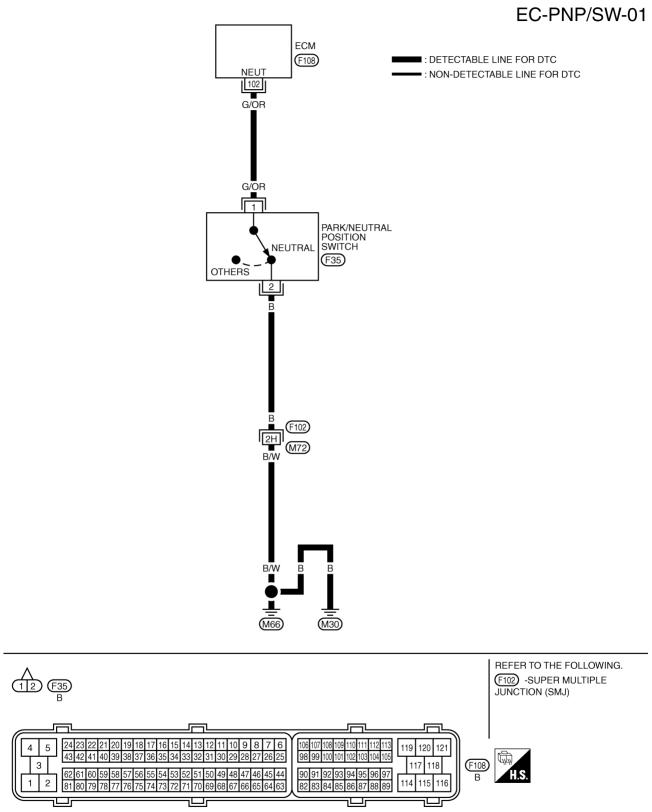
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## **DTC P1706 PNP SWITCH**

### M/T MODELS



Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
			[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 0V	С
	PNP switch	<ul> <li>Shift lever: Neutral</li> </ul>			
102	G/OR	PNP Switch	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE	
			<ul> <li>Except the above gear position</li> </ul>	(11 - 14V)	D

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### A/T MODELS

### **1. INSPECTION START**

Do you have CONSULT-II?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

## 2. CHECK PNP SWITCH SIGNAL

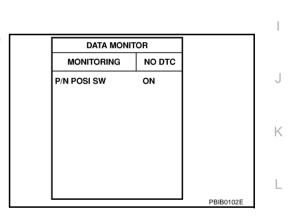
### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "A/T", then "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Select "P/N POSI SW" signal and check its indication under the following conditions.

Condition (Gear position)	P/N POSI SW	
P or N position	ON	
Other position	OFF	

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



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# 3. CHECK PNP SWITCH SIGNAL

### **Without CONSULT-II**

Confirm that the PNP switch signal is sent to TCM correctly.

Refer to AT-112, "DTC P0705 PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH" .

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

### 4. CHECK PNP SWITCH CIRCUIT

Check the PNP switch circuit. Refer to AT-112, "DTC P0705 PARK/NEUTRAL POSITION SWITCH".

### >> INSPECTION END

# 5. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TCM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect combination meter harness connector.
- 4. Check harness continuity between TCM terminal 48 and combination meter terminal 15. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7 NG >> GO TO 6.

### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F102, M72
- Harness for open or short between TCM and combination meter

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 7. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-II

1. Check harness continuity between combination meter terminal 45 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 8.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 8. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT-III

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 102 and combination meter terminal 12. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> GO TO 9.

### 9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F102, M72
- Harness for open or short between ECM and combination meter

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

10. CHECK COMBINATION METER	А
Refer to <u>DI-4, "COMBINATION METERS"</u> .	7.
OK or NG OK >> GO TO 11.	EC
NG >> Replace combination meter	
11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	С
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	
>> INSPECTION END	D
M/T MODELS	
1. CHECK PNP SWITCH GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	E
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect PNP switch harness connector.	F
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between PNP switch terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	
Continuity should exist.	G
4. Also check harness for short to power.	
OK or NG	Н
OK >> GO TO 3 NG >> GO TO 2.	
2. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	I
Check the following.	
Harness connectors F102, M72	J
Harness for open or short between PNP switch and ground	
>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.	Κ
3. CHECK PNP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	I
1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 102 and PNP switch terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	Μ
Continuity should exist.	
3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
OK or NG	
<ul> <li>OK &gt;&gt; GO TO 4.</li> <li>NG &gt;&gt; Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.</li> </ul>	
4. CHECK PNP SWITCH	

### Refer to MT-12, "POSITION SWITCH" .

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace PNP switch.

# 5. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

# DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

# Description

Brake switch signal is applied to the ECM through the stop lamp switch when the brake pedal is depressed. This signal is used mainly to decrease the engine speed when the vehicle is driving.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
BRAKE SW	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF	
		Brake pedal: Slightly depressed	ON	[

## On Board Diagnosis Logic

The MIL will not light up for this diagnosis.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P1805 1805	Brake switch	A brake switch signal is not sent to ECM for an extremely long time while the vehicle is driving.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (Stop lamp switch circuit is open or shorted.)</li> </ul>	F
			<ul> <li>Stop lamp switch</li> </ul>	G

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

 Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

 ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator by regulating the throttle opening to a small range.

 Therefore, acceleration will be poor.

 Vehicle condition

 Vehicle condition

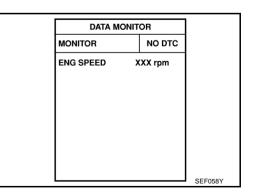
 When engine is idling

 When accelerating

 Poor acceleration

### DTC Confirmation Procedure WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Fully depress the brake pedal for at least 5 seconds.
- 3. Erase the DTC with CONSULT-II.
- 4. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 5. If 1st trip DTC is detected, go to EC-551, "Diagnostic Procedure"



### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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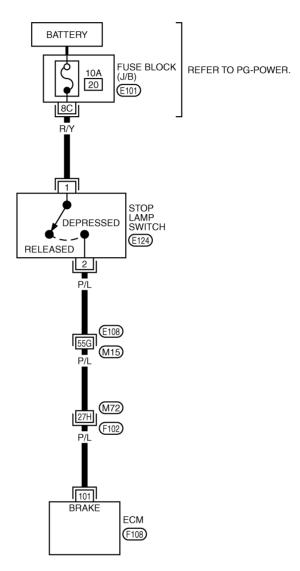
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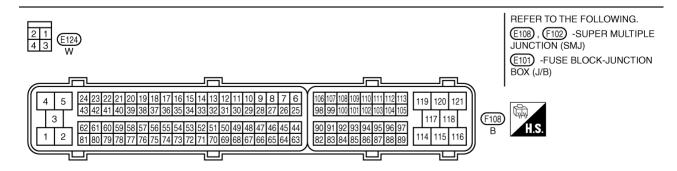
# Wiring Diagram

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### EC-BRK/SW-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC
 : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER-	WIRE				EC
MINAL NO.	COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
	Oton Jomn quitch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V	С	
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D

# **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Check the stop lamp when depressing and releasing the brake pedal.

Brake pedal	Stop lamp		
Fully released	Not illuminated		
Depressed	Illuminated		
OK or NG			

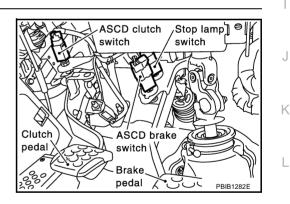
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OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> GO TO 2.

# 2. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

1. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.



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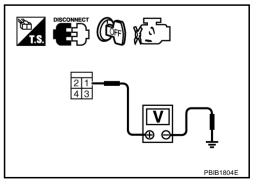
ABS008CB

2. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 4.
NG	>> GO TO 3.



# $\overline{\mathbf{3}}$ . Detect malfunctioning part

Check the following.

- 10A fuse
- Fuse block (J/B) connector E101
- Harness for open and short between stop lamp switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 4. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

5. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

### 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E108, M15
- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness for open or short between ECM and stop lamp switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 6. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-553, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

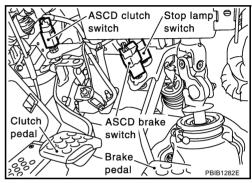
OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

# 7. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

>> INSPECTION END



# DTC P1805 BRAKE SWITCH

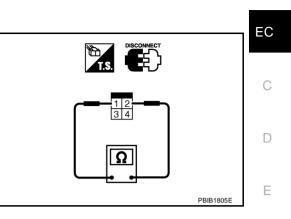
### Component Inspection STOP LAMP SWITCH

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal is fully released.	Should not exist.
When brake pedal is depressed.	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6,</u> <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.



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# DTC P2122, P2123 APP SENSOR

## **Component Description**

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.

Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM

receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
ACCEL SEN1	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
ACCEL SENT	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.0 - 4.7V
ACCEL SEN2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.3 - 1.2V
	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	3.9 - 4.8V
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON
	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF

\*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic. NOTE:

# If DTC P2122 or P2123 is displayed with DTC P1229, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1229. Refer to <u>EC-494</u>.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause
P2122 2122	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor 1 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (APP sensor 1 circuit is open or shorted.)</li> </ul>
P2123 2123	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor 1 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 1 is sent to ECM.	,

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

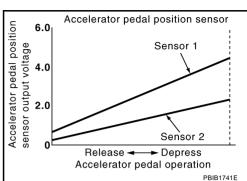
When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.



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## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

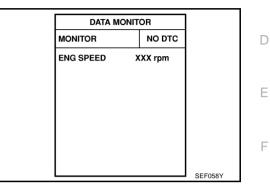
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Start engine and let it idle for 1 second. 3.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-557, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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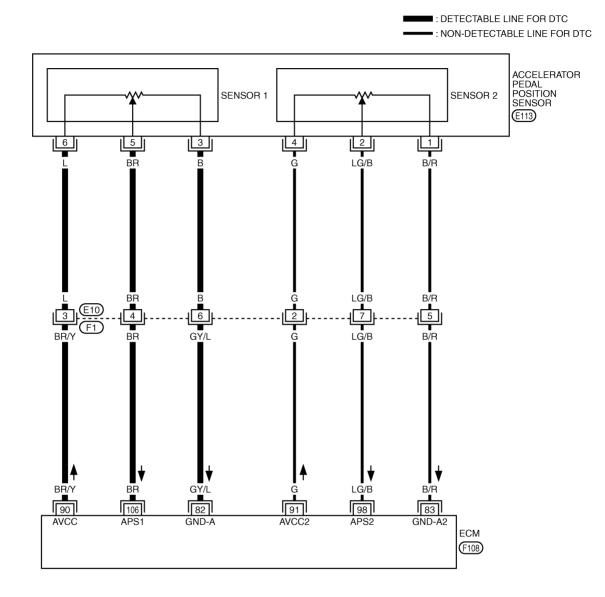
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# Wiring Diagram

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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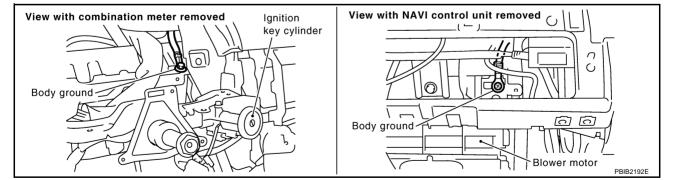
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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
82	GY/L	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	С
83	B/R	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	D
90	BR/Y	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	- E
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	F
	I (¬/B	LG/B Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Accelerator pedal fully released	0.15 - 0.60V	G
98 LG/B			[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Accelerator pedal fully depressed	1.95 - 2.40V	H
100		Accelerator pedal position	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li></ul>	0.5 - 1.0V	
106 BR	ВК	BR sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Accelerator pedal fully depressed	3.9 - 4.7V	J

# Diagnostic Procedure

### 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

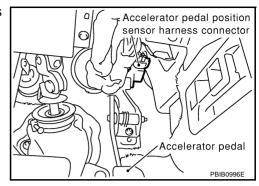


#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# $\overline{2}$ . CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

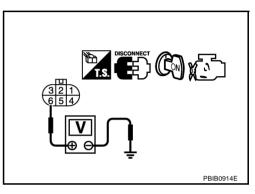


3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 6 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

#### Check the following.

- Harness connectors E10, F1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 4. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 82. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

### 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

### Check the following.

- Harness connectors E10, F1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor

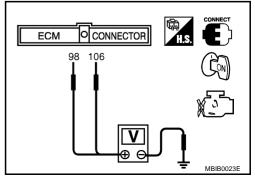
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

6.	. CHECK APP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	Α
1.	Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 106 and APP sensor terminal 5. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
	Continuity should exist.	EC
0	Also check harness for short to ground and short to power. <u>K or NG</u> DK >> GO TO 8. IG >> GO TO 7.	С
7.	DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	D
Ch •	neck the following. Harness connectors E10, F1 Harness for open or short between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor	E
8.	<ul> <li>&gt;&gt; Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.</li> <li>CHECK APP SENSOR</li> </ul>	F
Re	efer to EC-559, "Component Inspection".	G
0	<u>&lt; or NG</u> )K >> GO TO 10. IG >> GO TO 9.	Н
9.	REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY	I
1. 2. 3. 4.		J
	>> INSPECTION END	K
1(	0. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	L
Re	efer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .	
	>> INSPECTION END	M
Сс	omponent Inspection	ABS008CJ

# ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106	Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	3.9 - 4.7V
98	Fully released	0.15 - 0.60V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	1.95 - 2.40V



- 4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
- 5. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 7. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

# Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to ACC-3, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM" .

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# DTC P2127, P2128 APP SENSOR

# **Component Description**

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.

Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM

receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CO	NDITION	SPECIFICATION	_
ACCEL SEN1	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V	- 0
ACCEL SENT	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.0 - 4.7V	
ACCEL SEN2*	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.3 - 1.2V	-
ACCEL SENZ		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	3.9 - 4.8V	
CLSD THL POS	Ignition switch: ON     (Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON	
		Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF	

\*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage.

# On Board Diagnosis Logic

These self-diagnoses have the one trip detection logic.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	
P2127 2127	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor 2 circuit low input	An excessively low voltage from the APP sen- sor 2 is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>Harness or connectors (APP sensor 2 circuit is open or shorted.)</li> </ul>	
P2128 2128	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor 2 circuit high input	An excessively high voltage from the APP sensor 2 is sent to ECM.	<ul> <li>(TP sensor circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)</li> </ul>	

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

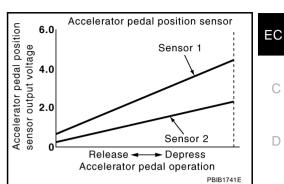
When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.



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## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

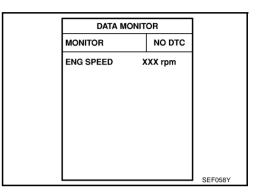
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

### Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

### WITH CONSULT-II

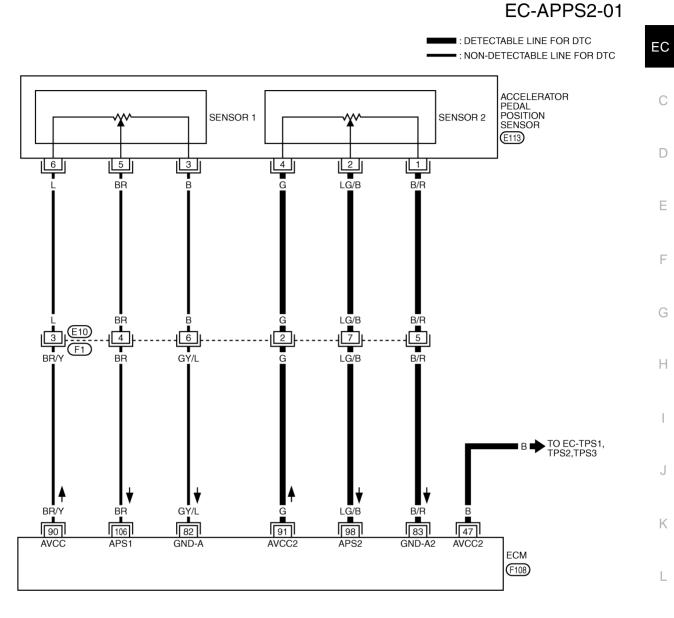
- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-564, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



### WITH GST

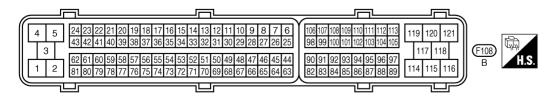
Follow the procedure "With CONSULT-II" above.

# Wiring Diagram



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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

### **CAUTION:**

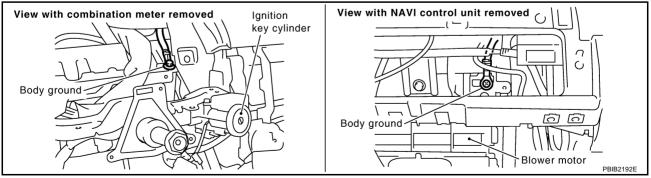
Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
47	В	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
82	GY/L	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	
83	B/R	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V	
90	BR/Y	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	
98	LG/B	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> </ul>	0.15 - 0.60V	
				<ul><li>Engine stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li></ul>	1.95 - 2.40V
106 BR	DD	BR Accelerator pedal position sensor 1	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li></ul>	0.5 - 1.0V	
	DΚ		<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li></ul>	3.9 - 4.7V	

### Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

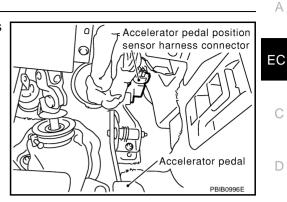


OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

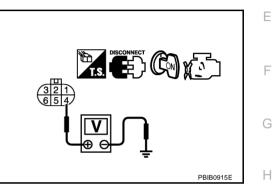


3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.	
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 91. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	J
Continuity should exist.	
OK or NG	K
OK >> GO TO 5.	
NG >> GO TO 4.	
4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	L
Check the following.	
Harness connectors E10, F1	M

• Harness for open between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor

>> Repair or replace open circuit.

# 5. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
91	APP sensor terminal 4	<u>EC-563</u>
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 1	<u>EC-570</u>

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 6. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-574, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 14. NG >> GO TO 7.

# 7. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

### >> INSPECTION END

### 8. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 83. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.

### 9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E10, F1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 10. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

1. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 98 and APP sensor terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

2. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11.

### 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E10, F1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor

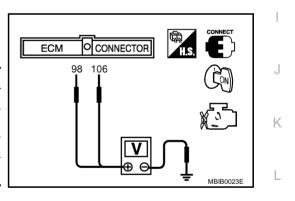
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 12. CHECK APP SENSOR

		А
Refer to EC-567, "Component Inspection".		
$\frac{OK \text{ or } NG}{OK} >> GO TO 14.$	ľ	EC
NG >> GO TO 13.		
13. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY		С
1. Replace accelerator pedal assembly.		
2. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .		D
3. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning".		D
4. Perform <u>EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .		_
>> INSPECTION END		E
14. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT		F
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".		
>> INSPECTION END		G
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ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR		Н

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106	Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	3.9 - 4.7V
98	Fully released	0.15 - 0.60V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	1.95 - 2.40V



- 4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
- 5. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 7. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

# Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to <u>ACC-3, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM"</u>.

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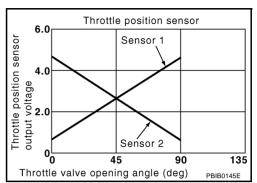
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# DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

# **Component Description**

Electric throttle control actuator consists of throttle control motor, throttle position sensor, etc. The throttle position sensor responds to the throttle valve movement.

The throttle position sensor has the two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the throttle valve position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the throttle valve and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the throttle valve from these signals and the ECM controls the throttle control motor to make the throttle valve opening angle properly in response to driving condition.



# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
THRTL SEN1 THRTL SEN2*	Ignition switch: ON	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	More than 0.36V
	(Engine stopped) ● Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)	Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V

\*: Throttle position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differs from ECM terminal voltage signal.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

DTC No. DTC detecting condition Trouble diagnosis name Possible cause • Harness or connector (TP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.) Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM Throttle position sensor (APP sensor 2 circuit is shorted.) P2135 circuit range/perforcompared with the signals from TP sensor 1 2135 Electric throttle control actuator mance problem and TP sensor 2. (TP sensor 1 and 2) Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 2)

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

When the malfunction is detected, the ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operation condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.

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## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

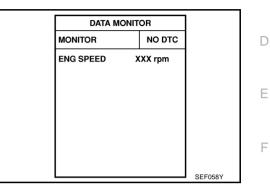
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

### (P) WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-571, "Diagnostic Procedure" .



### **WITH GST**

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.



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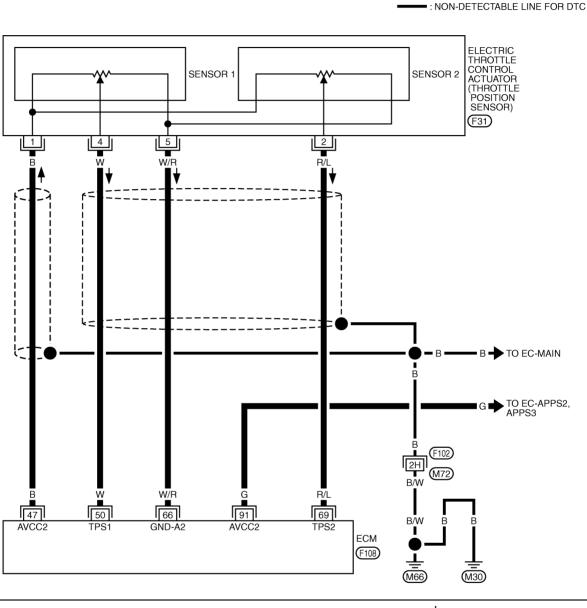
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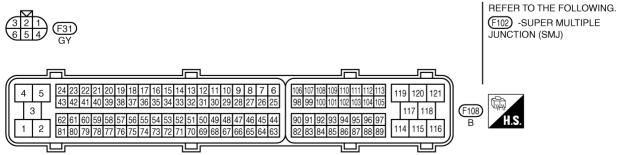
# Wiring Diagram

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EC-TPS3-01

■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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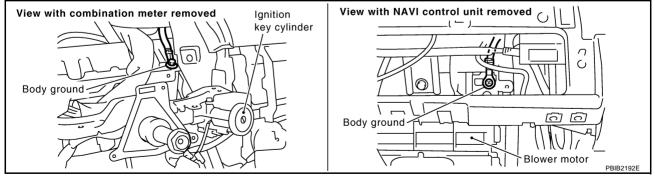
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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	В	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
50 W	10/	W Throttle position sensor 1	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V
	vv		<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li> </ul>	Less than 4.75V
66	W/R	Sensor ground (Throttle position sensor)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
69 R/L	D/I		<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li> </ul>	Less than 4.75V
		Throttle position sensor 2	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Engine stopped</li> <li>Shift lever: D (A/T), 1st (M/T)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal fully depressed</li> </ul>	More than 0.36V
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V

## Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

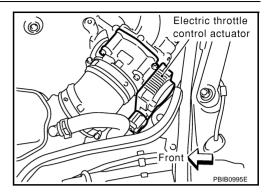


#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Disconnect electric throttle control actuator harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

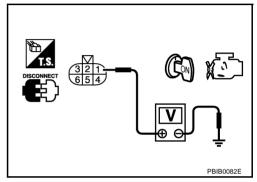


3. Check voltage between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

### Voltage: Approximately 5V

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 1 and ECM terminal 47. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4.

NG >> Repair or replace open circuit.

### 4. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
47	Electric throttle control actuator terminal 1	<u>EC-570</u>
91	APP sensor terminal 4	<u>EC-563</u>

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK APP SENSOR

Refer to EC-567, "Component Inspection" .

### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> GO TO 6.

# DTC P2135 TP SENSOR

6.	REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY	Δ
1. 2. 3.	Replace accelerator pedal assembly. Perform <u>EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"</u> . Perform <u>EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"</u> .	EC
4.	Perform <u>EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning"</u> .	
	>> INSPECTION END	С
7.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	D
1. 2. 3.	Turn ignition switch OFF. Disconnect ECM harness connector. Check harness continuity between electric throttle control actuator terminal 5 and ECM terminal 66.	E
	Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
	Continuity should exist.	F
		G
8.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	Н
1.	Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 50 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 4, ECM terminal 69 and electric throttle control actuator terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.	
	Continuity should exist.	
O		J
N	G >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	Κ
9.	CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR	
<u>0K</u>	er to <u>EC-574, "Component Inspection"</u> . or NG	L
OI N(		M
10	). REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR	
1.	Replace the electric throttle control actuator.	

2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .

3. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

### >> INSPECTION END

# 11. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

### Component Inspection THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

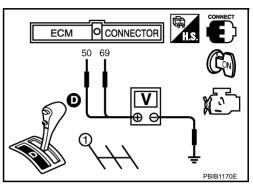
- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Set selector lever to D (A/T), 1st (M/T) position.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 50 (TP sensor 1 signal), 69 (TP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
50	Fully released	More than 0.36V
(Throttle position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	Less than 4.75V
69	Fully released	Less than 4.75V
(Throttle position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	More than 0.36V

- 6. If NG, replace electric throttle control actuator and go to the next step.
- 7. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 8. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

## Removal and Installation ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

Refer to EM-18, "INTAKE MANIFOLD COLLECTOR" .



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EC-575

# DTC P2138 APP SENSOR

# **Component Description**

The accelerator pedal position sensor is installed on the upper end of the accelerator pedal assembly. The sensor detects the accelerator position and sends a signal to the ECM.

Accelerator pedal position sensor has two sensors. These sensors are a kind of potentiometers which transform the accelerator pedal position into output voltage, and emit the voltage signal to the ECM. In addition, these sensors detect the opening and closing speed of the accelerator pedal and feed the voltage signals to the ECM. The ECM judges the current opening angle of the accelerator pedal from these signals and controls the throttle control motor based on these signals.

Idle position of the accelerator pedal is determined by the ECM

receiving the signal from the accelerator pedal position sensor. The ECM uses this signal for the engine operation such as fuel cut.

# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	
ACCEL SEN1	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V	
	(Engine stopped) Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	4.0 - 4.7V		
ACCEL SEN2*		Accelerator pedal: Fully released	0.3 - 1.2V	
		Accelerator pedal: Fully depressed	3.9 - 4.8V	
CLSD THL POS	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Accelerator pedal: Fully released	ON	
	(Engine stopped)	Accelerator pedal: Slightly depressed	OFF	

\*: Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal is converted by ECM internally. Thus, it differ from ECM terminal voltage.

# **On Board Diagnosis Logic**

This self-diagnosis has the one trip detection logic.

NOTE: If DTC P2138 is displayed with DTC P1229, first perform the trouble diagnosis for DTC P1229. Refer to EC-494.

DTC No.	Trouble diagnosis name	DTC detecting condition	Possible cause	L
P2138 2138	Accelerator pedal posi- tion sensor circuit range/performance problem	Rationally incorrect voltage is sent to ECM compared with the signals from APP sensor 1 and APP sensor 2.	<ul> <li>Harness or connector (APP sensor 1 and 2 circuit is open or shorted.) (TP sensor circuit is shorted.)</li> <li>Accelerator pedal position sensor (APP sensor 1 and 2)</li> <li>Electric throttle control actuator (TP sensor 1 and 2)</li> </ul>	Μ

### FAIL-SAFE MODE

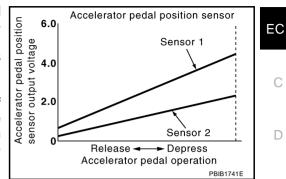
When the malfunction is detected, ECM enters fail-safe mode and the MIL lights up.

Engine operating condition in fail-safe mode

The ECM controls the electric throttle control actuator in regulating the throttle opening in order for the idle position to be within +10 degrees.

The ECM regulates the opening speed of the throttle valve to be slower than the normal condition.

So, the acceleration will be poor.



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## **DTC Confirmation Procedure**

### NOTE:

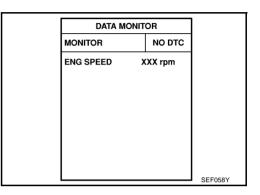
If DTC Confirmation Procedure has been previously conducted, always turn ignition switch OFF and wait at least 10 seconds before conducting the next test.

### **TESTING CONDITION:**

### Before performing the following procedure, confirm that battery voltage is more than 10V at idle.

### WITH CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Start engine and let it idle for 1 second.
- 4. If DTC is detected, go to EC-578, "Diagnostic Procedure" .

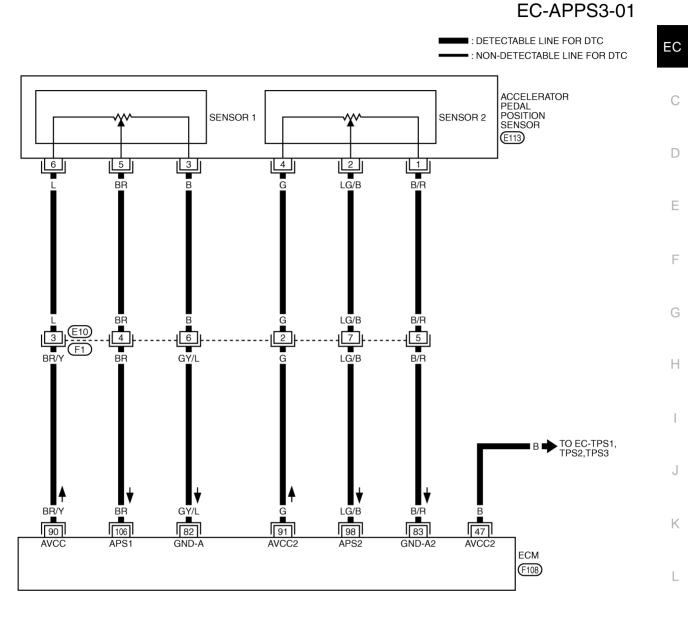


### WITH GST

Follow the procedure "WITH CONSULT-II" above.

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Wiring Diagram







			1
4 5 242322212	20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25	98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105	
3 62 61 60 59 5 81 80 79 78 7	88 57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63		$ \begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 116 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} (F108) \\ B \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ H.S. \end{array} $
			J

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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

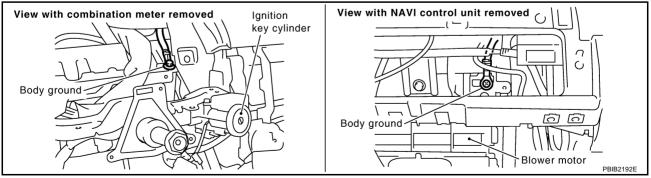
# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
47	В	Sensor power supply (Throttle position sensor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
82	GY/L	Sensor ground (APP sensor 1)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
83	B/R	Sensor ground (APP sensor 2)	[Engine is running] • Warm-up condition • Idle speed	Approximately 0V
90	BR/Y	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 1)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
91	G	Sensor power supply (APP sensor 2)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V
98	LG/B	Accelerator pedal position sensor 2	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Accelerator pedal fully released [Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped	0.15 - 0.60V 1.95 - 2.40V
			Accelerator pedal fully depressed	1.00 2.400
106	BR	Accelerator pedal position	<ul><li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li><li>Engine stopped</li><li>Accelerator pedal fully released</li></ul>	0.5 - 1.0V
100	DK	sensor 1	[Ignition switch: ON] • Engine stopped • Accelerator pedal fully depressed	3.9 - 4.7V

### Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK GROUND CONNECTIONS

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- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Loosen and retighten two ground screws on the body. Refer to EC-138, "Ground Inspection" .

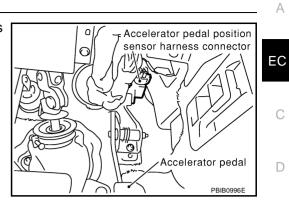


OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 2.
- NG >> Repair or replace ground connections.

# 2. CHECK APP SENSOR 1 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Disconnect accelerator pedal position (APP) sensor harness connector.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.

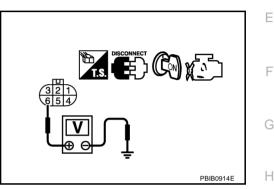


3. Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 6 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



# 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E10, F1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

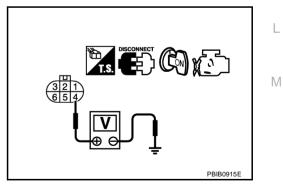
### 4. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

Check voltage between APP sensor terminal 4 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 5.



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# 5. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 4 and ECM terminal 91. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

#### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E10, F1
- Harness for open between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor

>> Repair or replace open circuit.

### 7. CHECK APP SENSOR 2 POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III

Check harness for short to power and short to ground, between the following terminals.

ECM terminal	Sensor terminal	Reference Wiring Diagram
91	APP sensor terminal 4	<u>EC-577</u>
47         Electric throttle control actuator terminal 1         EC-		<u>EC-570</u>

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Repair short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 8. CHECK THROTTLE POSITION SENSOR

Refer to EC-574, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 9.

### 9. REPLACE ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR

- 1. Replace the electric throttle control actuator.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

10. CHECK APP SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	Δ
<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch OFF.</li> <li>Disconnect ECM harness connector.</li> <li>Check harness continuity between APP sensor terminal 1 and ECM terminal 83, APP sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 82. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	EC
Continuity should exist.	С
<ul> <li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> <li>OK &gt;&gt; GO TO 12.</li> <li>NG &gt;&gt; GO TO 11.</li> </ul>	D
11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	Е
<ul> <li>Check the following.</li> <li>Harness connectors E10, F1</li> <li>Harness for open or short between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor</li> </ul>	F
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. 12. CHECK APP SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	G
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 106 and APP sensor terminal 5, ECM terminal 98 and APP sensor terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	Н
Continuity should exist.	
<ol> <li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> <li>OK &gt;&gt; GO TO 14.</li> <li>NG &gt;&gt; GO TO 13.</li> </ol>	J
13. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	ΓX.
<ul> <li>Check the following.</li> <li>Harness connectors E10, F1</li> <li>Harness for open or short between ECM and accelerator pedal position sensor</li> </ul>	L
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	
14. CHECK APP SENSOR	

# 15. REPLACE ACCELERATOR PEDAL ASSEMBLY

- 1. Replace accelerator pedal assembly.
- 2. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning"
- 3. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning"
- 4. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning"

#### >> INSPECTION END

### 16. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

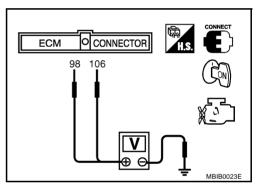
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### >> INSPECTION END

#### Component Inspection ACCELERATOR PEDAL POSITION SENSOR

- 1. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 2. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between ECM terminals 106 (APP sensor 1 signal), 98 (APP sensor 2 signal) and ground under the following conditions.

Terminal	Accelerator pedal	Voltage
106	Fully released	0.5 - 1.0V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 1)	Fully depressed	3.9 - 4.7V
98	Fully released	0.15 - 0.60V
(Accelerator pedal position sensor 2)	Fully depressed	1.95 - 2.40V



- 4. If NG, replace accelerator pedal assembly and go to next step.
- 5. Perform EC-42, "Accelerator Pedal Released Position Learning" .
- 6. Perform EC-42, "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" .
- 7. Perform EC-42, "Idle Air Volume Learning".

#### Removal and Installation ACCELERATOR PEDAL

Refer to ACC-3, "ACCELERATOR CONTROL SYSTEM" .

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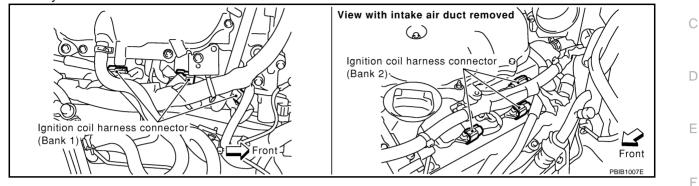
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### Component Description IGNITION COIL & POWER TRANSISTOR

The ignition signal from the ECM is sent to and amplified by the power transistor. The power transistor turns ON and OFF the ignition coil primary circuit. This ON/OFF operation induces the proper high voltage in the coil secondary circuit.



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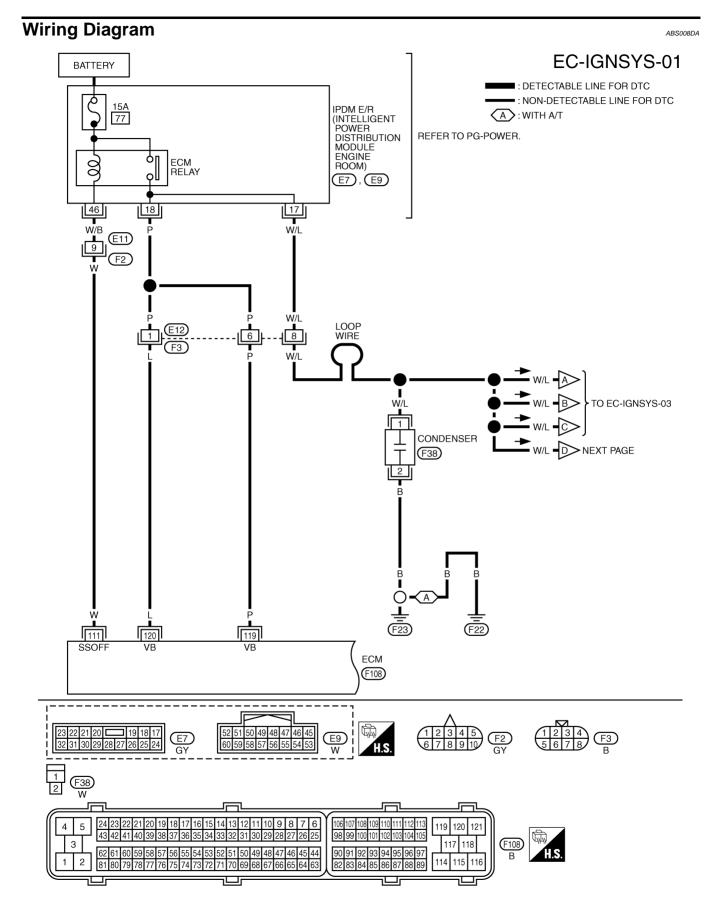
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### EC-584

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

#### Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	C
111	11 W ECM relay		<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>For a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	0 - 1.5V	D
		(Self shut-off)	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: OFF]</li> <li>More than a few seconds after turning ignition switch OFF</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	E
119 120	P L	Power supply for ECM	[Ignition switch: ON]	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F

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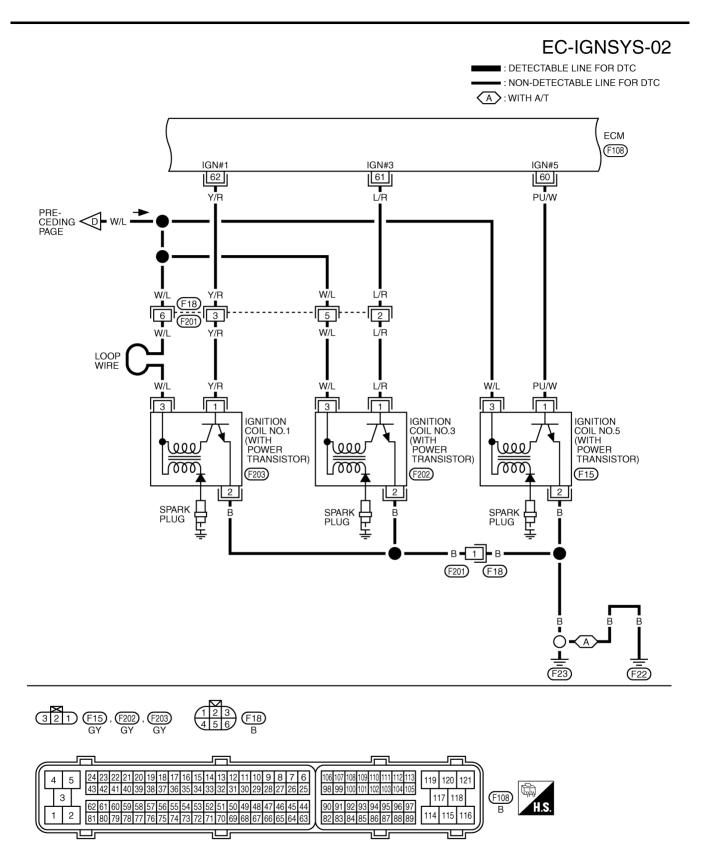
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Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	С
60 61	PU/W L/R	Ignition signal No. 5 Ignition signal No. 3	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	0 - 0.2V*	D
62	Y/R	Ignition signal No. 1	[Engine is running]	0.1 - 0.4V★	F
			<ul> <li>Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.</li> </ul>		G

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

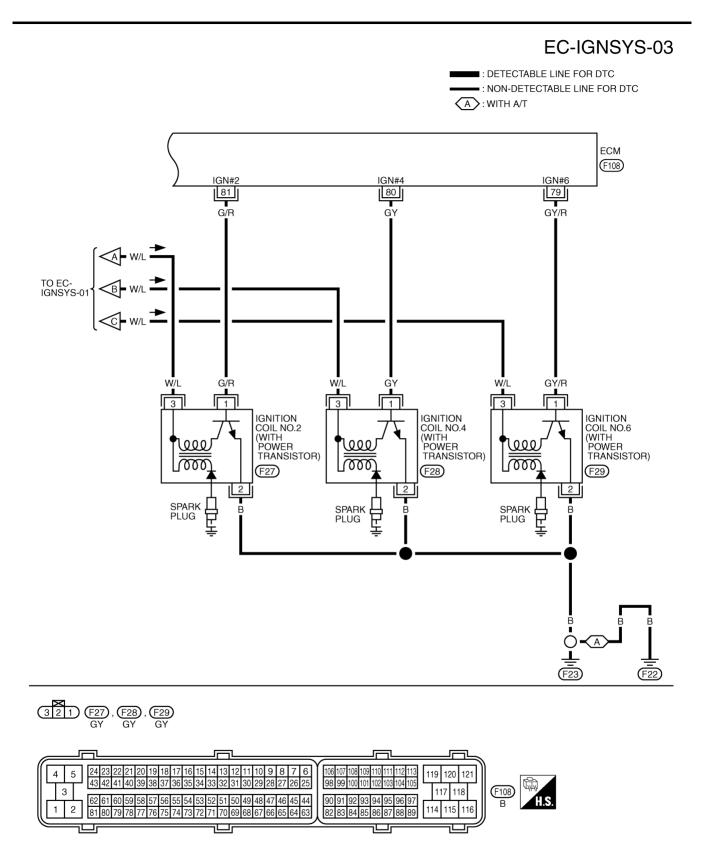
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TBWT0463E

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
79 80	GY/R GY	Ignition signal No. 6	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	0 - 0.2V★	C D E
80 81	G/R	Ignition signal No. 4 Ignition signal No. 2	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is 2,500 rpm.</li> </ul>	0.1 - 0.4V★	F

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

### Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK ENGINE START

Turn ignition switch OFF, and restart engine. **Is engine running?** 

#### Yes or No

Yes (With CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 2. Yes (Without CONSULT-II)>>GO TO 3. No >> GO TO 4.

### 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

#### (P) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 2. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> GO TO 10.

ACTIVE TES	ACTIVE TEST	
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOR	1	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
		PBIB0133E

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ABS008DB

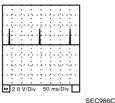
# 3. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Let engine idle.
- 2. Read the voltage signal between ECM terminals 60, 61, 62, 79, 80, 81 and ground with an oscilloscope.
- 3. Verify that the oscilloscope screen shows the signal wave as shown below.

#### NOTE:

The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.



#### OK or NG



NG >> GO TO 10.

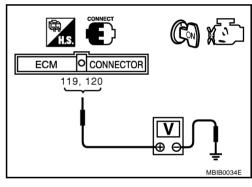
### 4. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

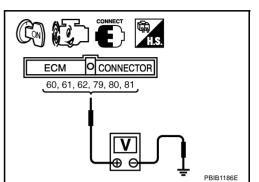
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF, wait at least 10 seconds and then turn ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminals 119, 120 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 5.
- NG >> Go to <u>EC-130, "POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIR-</u> <u>CUIT"</u>.





### 5. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II

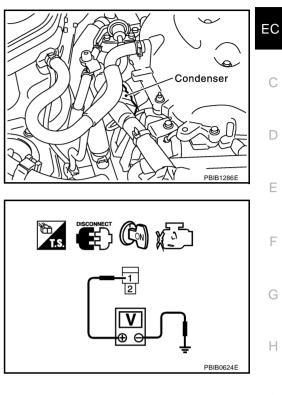
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

4. Check voltage between condenser terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 6.



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6. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-III	I
1. Turn ignition switch OFF.	
2. Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E7.	
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R terminal 17 and condenser terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	J
Continuity should exist.	Κ
4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.	
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 17.	L
NG >> GO TO 7.	
7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	M

#### Check the following.

- Harness connectors E12, F3
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and condenser

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 8. CHECK CONDENSER GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Check harness continuity between condenser terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to power.

OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 9.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 9. CHECK CONDENSER

Refer to EC-594, "Component Inspection" .

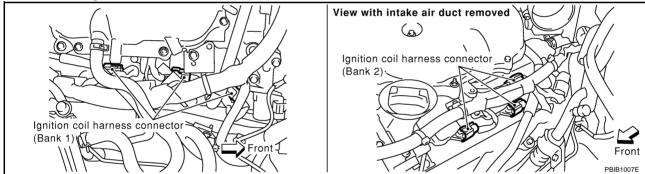
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace condenser.

# 10. CHECK IGNITION COIL POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-IV

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 3. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.

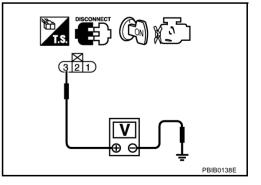


- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 5. Check voltage between ignition coil terminal 3 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> GO TO 11.



# 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F18, F201
- Harness for open or short between ignition coil and harness connector F3

>> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

## EC-592

12. CHECK IGNITION COIL GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	A
<ol> <li>Turn ignition switch OFF.</li> <li>Check harness continuity between ignition coil terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	EC
Continuity should exist.	
<ol> <li>Also check harness for short to power.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> <li>OK or NG</li> </ol>	С
OK >> GO TO 14. NG >> GO TO 13.	D
13. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	E
Harness connectors F18, F201	
Harness for open or short between ignition coil and ground	F
>> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.	
14. CHECK IGNITION COIL OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	G
<ol> <li>Disconnect ECM harness connector.</li> <li>Check harness continuity between ECM terminals 60, 61, 62, 79, 80, 81 and ignition coil terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	Н
Continuity should exist.	
<ol><li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li><li>OK or NG</li></ol>	I
OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> GO TO 15.	J
15. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	K
<ul> <li>Check the following.</li> <li>Harness connectors F18, F201</li> <li>Harness for open or short between ignition coil and ECM</li> </ul>	L
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	M
16. CHECK IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR	
Refer to <u>EC-594, "Component Inspection"</u> . <u>OK or NG</u>	_

OK >> GO TO 17.

>> Replace ignition coil with power transistor. NG

# 17. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### OK or NG

OK

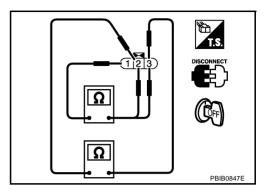
>> Replace IPDM E/R. refer to <u>PG-16</u>. >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors. NG

### **EC-593**

### Component Inspection IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil harness connector.
- 3. Check resistance between ignition coil terminals as follows.

Terminal No. (Polarity)	Resistance $\Omega$ [at 25°C (77°F)]
1 and 2	Except 0 or ∞
1 and 3	
2 and 3	Except 0



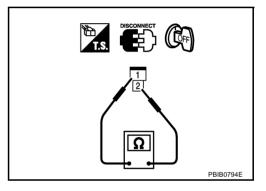
#### CONDENSER

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

Resistance

- 2. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
- 3. Check resistance between condenser terminals 1 and 2.

Above 1 MΩ at 25°C (77°F)



Removal and Installation IGNITION COIL WITH POWER TRANSISTOR

Refer to EM-35, "IGNITION COIL" .

ABS008DD

## **INJECTOR CIRCUIT**

## **Component Description**

The fuel injector is a small, precise solenoid valve. When the ECM supplies a ground to the injector circuit, the coil in the injector is energized. The energized coil pulls the needle valve back and allows fuel to flow through the injector into the intake manifold. The amount of fuel injected depends upon the injection pulse duration. Pulse duration is the length of time the injector remains open. The ECM controls the injection pulse duration based on engine fuel needs.

# EC Ball valve Ball valve C C O-ring SEF375Z

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	F
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.5 - 3.5 msec	
B/FUEL SCHDL	• Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)			
B/I OLL SCHOL	<ul> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> </ul>	2,000 rpm 2.5 - 3	2.5 - 3.5 msec	G
	No-load			
	Engine: After warming up	Idle	2.0 - 3.0 msec	Н
INJ PULSE-B1	• Shift lever: N (A/T), Neutral (M/T)			
INJ PULSE-B2	<ul> <li>Air conditioner switch: OFF</li> </ul>	2,000 rpm	1.9 - 2.9 msec	
	<ul> <li>No-load</li> </ul>			

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EC-595

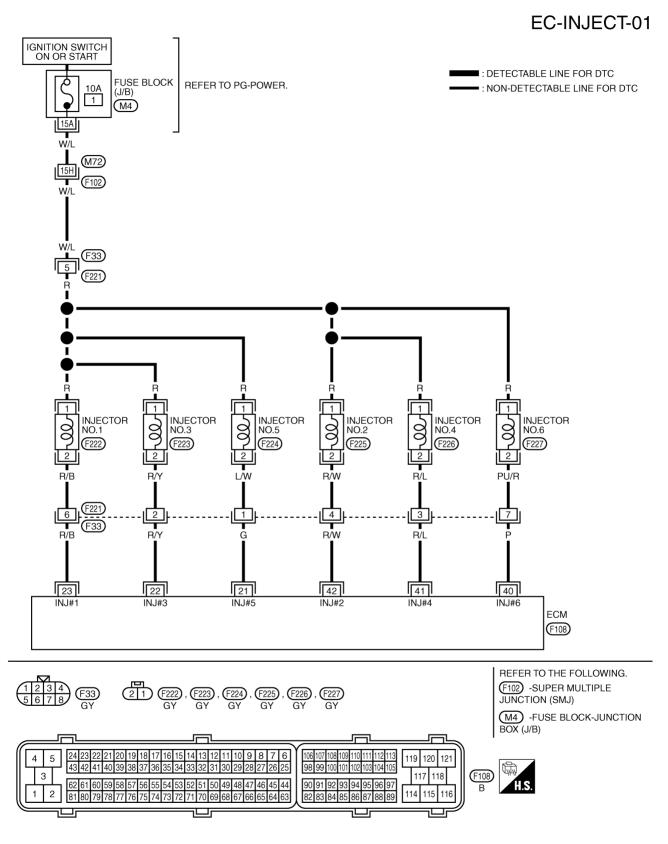
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ABS008DE

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## Wiring Diagram



TBWT0301E

### EC-596

ABS008DG

### **INJECTOR CIRCUIT**

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. Pulse signal is measured by CONSULT-II.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- /INAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)
21	G	Injector No. 5	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★
22 23	R/Y R/B	Injector No. 3 Injector No. 1		BATTERY VOLTAGE
		<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Engine speed is 2,000 rpm</li> </ul>	(11 - 14V)★	
40	P	Injector No. 6	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Idle speed</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The pulse cycle changes depending on rpm at idle.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)*
41 R/L 42 R/W		Warm-up condition	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)★	

★: Average voltage for pulse signal (Actual pulse signal can be confirmed by oscilloscope.)

### Diagnostic Procedure 1. INSPECTION START

Turn ignition switch to START. Is any cylinder ignited?

#### Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 2. No >> GO TO 3.

### 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

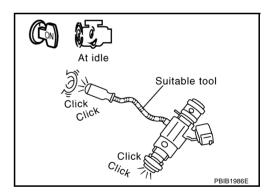
#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform "POWER BALANCE" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Make sure that each circuit produces a momentary engine speed drop.

ACTIVE TE	от.	
POWER BALANCE		
MONITOF	1	
ENG SPEED	XXX rpm	
MAS A/F SE-B1	XXX V	
		PBIB0133E

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Listen to each injector operating sound. Clicking noise should be heard.



OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 3.

ABS008DH

# $\overline{\mathbf{3}}$ . CHECK INJECTOR POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect injector harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

Check voltage between injector terminal 1 and ground with

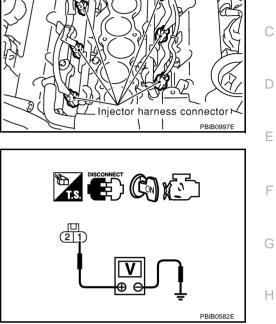
#### OK or NG

4.

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.

CONSULT-II or tester.

Voltage: Battery voltage



View with intake manifold collector removed

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EC

4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	1
Check the following.	
Harness connectors M72, F102	1
Harness connectors F33, F221	J
Fuse block (J/B) connector M4	
• 10A fuse	K
Harness for open or short between injector and fuse	
>> Repair harness or connectors.	L
5. CHECK INJECTOR OUTPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	
1 Turn ignition quitch OFF	M

- Turn ignition switch OFF. 1.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between injector terminal 2 and ECM terminals 21, 22, 23, 40, 41, 42. 3. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. >> GO TO 6. NG

### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors F33, F221
- Harness for open or short between injector and ECM

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## 7. CHECK INJECTOR

Refer to EC-600, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> Replace injector.

### 8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

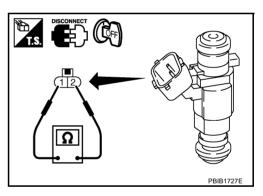
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

#### >> INSPECTION END

# Component Inspection INJECTOR

- 1. Disconnect injector harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between terminals as shown in the figure.

Resistance: 13.5 - 17.5Ω [at 10 - 60°C (50 - 140°F)]



# Removal and Installation

**INJECTOR** Refer to <u>EM-38, "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE"</u>. ABS008DJ

ABS008DI

### **FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT**

### **FUEL PUMP CIRCUIT**

#### Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Sensor	Input Signal to ECM	ECM Function	Actuator	EC
Crankshaft position sensor (POS) Camshaft position sensor (PHASE)	Engine speed*	Fuel pump control	Fuel pump relay	
Battery	Battery voltage*			С

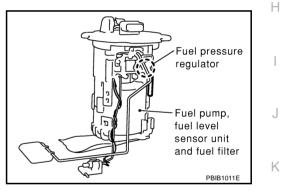
\*: ECM determines the start signal status by the signals of engine speed and battery voltage.

The ECM activates the fuel pump for 1 second after the ignition switch is turned ON to improve engine startability. If the ECM receives a engine speed signal from the camshaft position sensor (PHASE), it knows that the engine is rotating, and causes the pump to operate. If the engine speed signal is not received when the ignition switch is ON, the engine stalls. The ECM stops pump operation and prevents battery discharging, thereby improving safety. The ECM does not directly drive the fuel pump. It controls the ON/OFF fuel pump relay, which in turn controls the fuel pump.

Condition	Fuel pump operation	-
Ignition switch is turned to ON.	Operates for 1 second.	
Engine running and cranking	Operates.	-
When engine is stopped	Stops in 1.5 seconds.	G
Except as shown above	Stops.	0

#### **COMPONENT DESCRIPTION**

A turbine type design fuel pump is used in the fuel tank.



### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

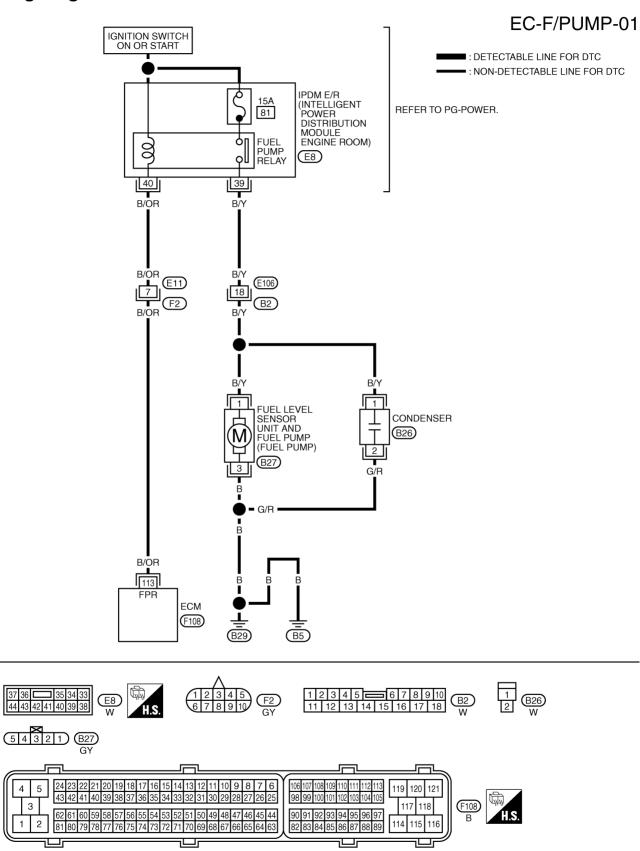
MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	
FUEL PUMP RLY	<ul><li>For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON</li><li>Engine running or cranking</li></ul>	ON	M
	Except above conditions	OFF	

ABS008DL

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### Wiring Diagram

ABS008DM



TBWT0683E

### EC-602

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

				-	
TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
113	B/OR	Fuel pump relay	[Ignition switch: ON] • For 1 second after turning ignition switch ON [Engine is running]	0 - 1.5V	С
115	BIOR		<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>More than 1 second after turning ignition switch ON.</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D
					Е

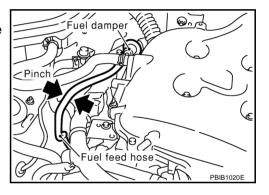
### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Pinch fuel feed hose with two fingers.
   Fuel pressure pulsation should be felt on the fuel feed hose for 1 second after ignition switch is turned "ON".

#### OK or NG

- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> GO TO 2.



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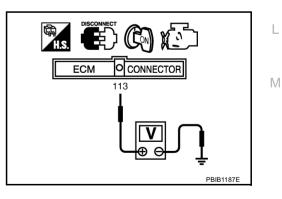
# 2. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Check voltage between ECM terminal 113 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 3.



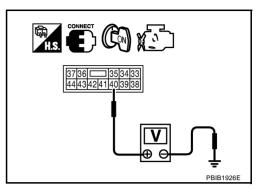
# 3. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- Check voltage between IPDM E/R terminal 40 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 13.



### 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E11, F2
- Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and ECM

>> Repair harness or connectors.

# 5. CHECK CONDENSER POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Reconnect all harness connectors disconnected.
- 3. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 5. Check voltage between condenser terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage should exist for 1 second after ignition switch is turned ON.

6. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

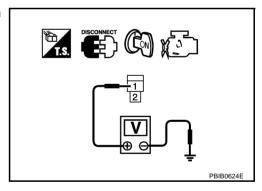
OK >> GO TO 9. NG >> GO TO 6.



- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect 15A fuse.
- 3. Check 15A fuse.

#### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 7.
- NG >> Replace fuse.



7. CHECK CONDENSER POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT-II	A
<ol> <li>Disconnect IPDM E/R harness connector E8.</li> <li>Check harness continuity between IPDM E/R terminal 39 and condenser terminal 1. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	EC
Continuity should exist.	
<ol> <li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> <li>OK or NG</li> </ol>	С
OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> GO TO 8.	D
8. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following.	E
Harness connectors E106, B2	
Harness for open or short between IPDM E/R and condenser	F
>> Repair harness or connectors.	
9. CHECK CONDENSER GROUND CIRCUIT	G
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between condenser terminal 2 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	Н
Continuity should exist.	
2. Also check harness for short to power.	I
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.	J
10. CHECK CONDENSER	Ŭ
Refer to EC-606, "Component Inspection".	K
OK or NG	
OK >> GO TO 11. NG >> Replace condenser.	L
11. CHECK FUEL PUMP POWER SUPPLY AND GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHO	RT
	N /I

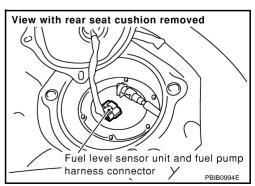
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" harness connector.
- Check harness continuity between "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 1 and harness connector B2 terminal 18, "fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump" terminal 3 and ground. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

### OK or NG

- OK >> GO TO 12.
- NG >> Repair open circuit or short to power in harness or connectors.



EC-605

# 12. CHECK FUEL PUMP

Refer to EC-606, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Replace fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump

# 13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".

#### OK or NG

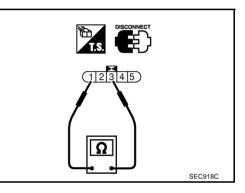
OK >> Replace IPDM E/R.

NG >> Repair or replace harness or connectors.

#### Component Inspection FUEL PUMP

- 1. Disconnect fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump harness connector.
- 2. Check resistance between fuel level sensor unit and fuel pump terminals 1 and 3.

#### Resistance: Approximately 0.2 - 5.0Ω [at 25°C (77°F)]

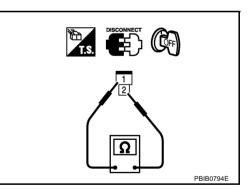


#### CONDENSER

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect condenser harness connector.
- 3. Check resistance between condenser terminals 1 and 2.

Resistance

Above 1 MΩ at 25°C (77°F)



# Removal and Installation FUEL PUMP

Refer to FL-4, "FUEL LEVEL SENSOR UNIT, FUEL FILTER AND FUEL PUMP ASSEMBLY" .

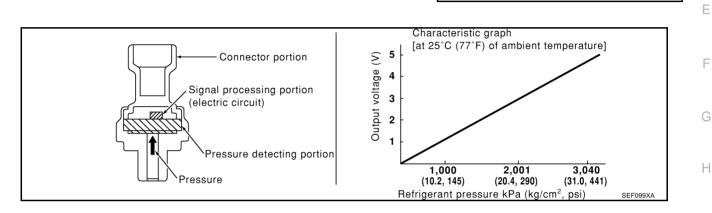
ABS008DP

ABS008D0

### **REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR**

### **Component Description**

The refrigerant pressure sensor is installed at the liquid tank of the air conditioner system. The sensor uses an electrostatic volume pressure transducer to convert refrigerant pressure to voltage. The voltage signal is sent to ECM, and ECM controls cooling fan system.





PFP:92136

PBIB1009E

Refrigerant pressure sensor

View with front grille removed

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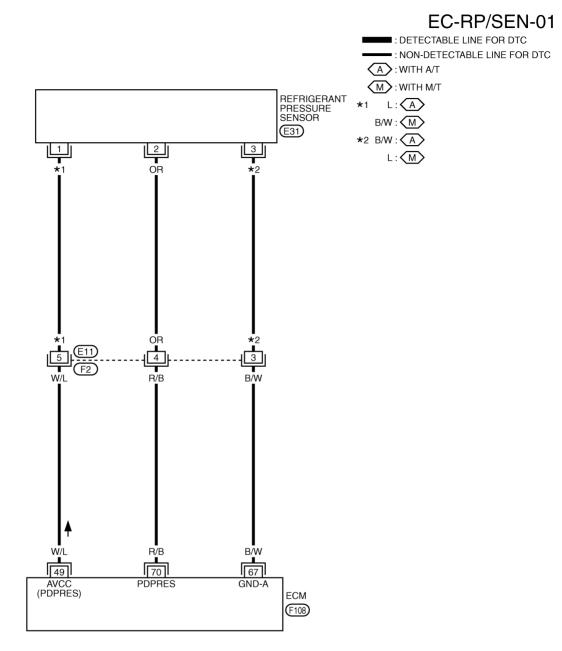
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### Wiring Diagram





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4         5         24/23/22/21           3	20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 39 38 37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 58 57 56 55 54 53 52 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63	<u>98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105</u> 117 11 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97	121 B 116 B B B B H.S.
			F

TBWT0684E

ABS008DR

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
49	W/L	Sensor power supply (Refrigerant pressure sen- sor)	[Ignition switch: ON]	Approximately 5V	С
67	B/W	Sensor ground	<ul><li>[Engine is running]</li><li>Warm-up condition</li><li>Idle speed</li></ul>	Approximately 0V	D
70	R/B	Refrigerant pressure sensor	<ul> <li>[Engine is running]</li> <li>Warm-up condition</li> <li>Both A/C switch and blower switch are ON. (Compressor operates.)</li> </ul>	1.0 - 4.0V	E

## **Diagnostic Procedure**

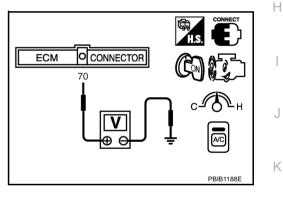
# 1. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR OVERALL FUNCTION

- 1. Start engine and warm it up to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Turn A/C switch and blower switch ON.
- 3. Check voltage between ECM terminal 70 and ground with CON-SULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: 1.0 - 4.0V

#### OK or NG

- OK >> INSPECTION END
- NG >> GO TO 2.



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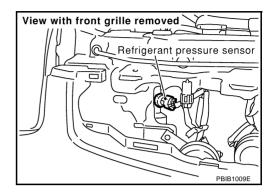
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## **REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR**

# $\overline{2.}$ check refrigerant pressure sensor power supply circuit

- 1. Turn A/C switch and blower switch OFF.
- 2. Stop engine.
- 3. Disconnect refrigerant pressure sensor harness connector.
- 4. Turn ignition switch ON.

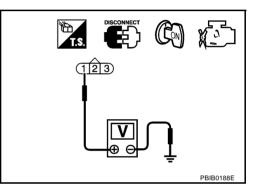


 Check voltage between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Approximately 5V

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 4. NG >> GO TO 3.



### 3. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E11, F2
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor

>> Repair harness or connectors.

#### 4. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between refrigerant pressure sensor terminal 3 and ECM terminal 67. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.

### 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E11, F2
- Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

## EC-610

6. CHECK REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OP	EN AND SHORT
<ol> <li>Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 70 and refrigerant pressure sensor Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	terminal 2.
Continuity should exist.	EC
<ul> <li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li> <li>OK or NG</li> <li>OK &gt;&gt; GO TO 8.</li> <li>NG &gt;&gt; GO TO 7.</li> </ul>	С
7. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	D
<ul> <li>Check the following.</li> <li>Harness connectors E11, F2</li> <li>Harness for open or short between ECM and refrigerant pressure sensor</li> </ul>	E
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connect <b>8. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT</b>	
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .	G
OK or NGOK>> Replace refrigerant pressure sensor.NG>> Repair or replace.	Н
Removal and Installation REFRIGERANT PRESSURE SENSOR Refer to <u>ATC-151, "Removal and Installation of Refrigerant Pressure Sensor"</u> .	ABS008DT
Refer to ATC-131, Removal and installation of Reingerant Fressure Sellson.	J
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### ELECTRICAL LOAD SIGNAL

### Description

The electrical load signal (Headlamp switch signal, rear window defogger switch signal, etc.) is transferred through the CAN communication line from BCM to ECM via IPDM E/R.

### **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION
LOAD SIGNAL	Ignition switch: ON	Rear window defogger switch is ON and/or lighting switch is in 2nd.	ON
		Rear window defogger switch is OFF and lighting switch is OFF.	OFF

### **Diagnostic Procedure**

### 1. CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-I

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Connect CONSULT-II and select "DATA MONITOR" mode.
- Select "LOAD SIGNAL" and check indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Rear window defogger switch ON	ON
Rear window defogger switch OFF	OFF

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

## 2. CHECK LOAD SIGNAL CIRCUIT OVERALL FUNCTION-II

Check "LOAD SIGNAL" indication under the following conditions.

Condition	Indication
Lighting switch ON at 2nd position	ON
Lighting switch OFF	OFF

#### OK or NG

OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 4.

### **3.** CHECK REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER SYSTEM

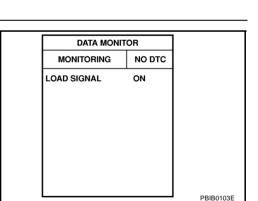
Refer to GW-94, "REAR WINDOW DEFOGGER".

#### >> INSPECTION END

### 4. CHECK HEADLAMP SYSTEM

Refer to <u>LT-7</u>, "HEADLAMP (FOR USA)" or <u>LT-39</u>, "HEADLAMP (FOR CANADA) - DAYTIME LIGHT SYS-<u>TEM -"</u>.

>> INSPECTION END



DATA MONITOR

NO DTC

ON

MONITORING

LOAD SIGNAL

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ABS008DU

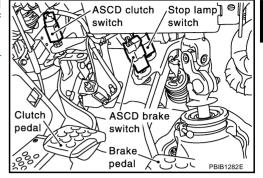
ABS008DV

# **ASCD BRAKE SWITCH**

# **Component Description**

When the brake pedal is depressed, ASCD brake switch is turned OFF and stop lamp switch is turned ON. ECM detects the state of the brake pedal by this input of two kinds (ON/OFF signal). Refer to EC-649, "AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE

(ASCD)" for the ASCD function.



# **CONSULT-II Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode**

Specification data are reference values.

MONITOR ITEM		CONDITION	SPECIFICATION	F
		Clutch pedal (M/T) and brake pedal: Fully released	ON	
BRAKE SW 1 (ASCD brake switch)	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clutch pedal (M/T) and/or brake pedal: Slightly depressed</li> </ul>	OFF	G
BRAKE SW 2	<ul> <li>Ignition switch: ON</li> </ul>	Brake pedal: Fully released	OFF	Н
(stop lamp switch)		Brake pedal: Depressed	ON	

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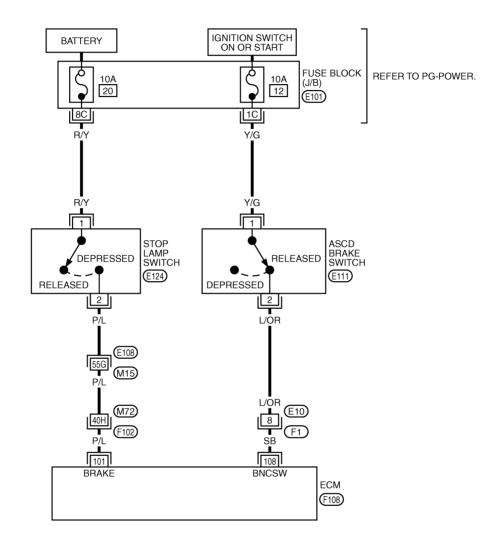
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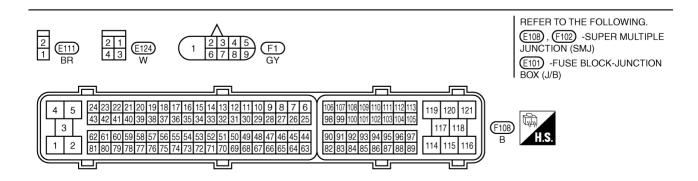
#### Wiring Diagram A/T MODELS

ABS0094Y

# EC-ASCBOF-02

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC





TBWT0686E

#### EC-614

Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground. **CAUTION:** 

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

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TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	
101	P/L	Stan Jamp quitab	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V	
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	
100	<u></u>		[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V	
108	SB	ASCD brake switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is fully released	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	

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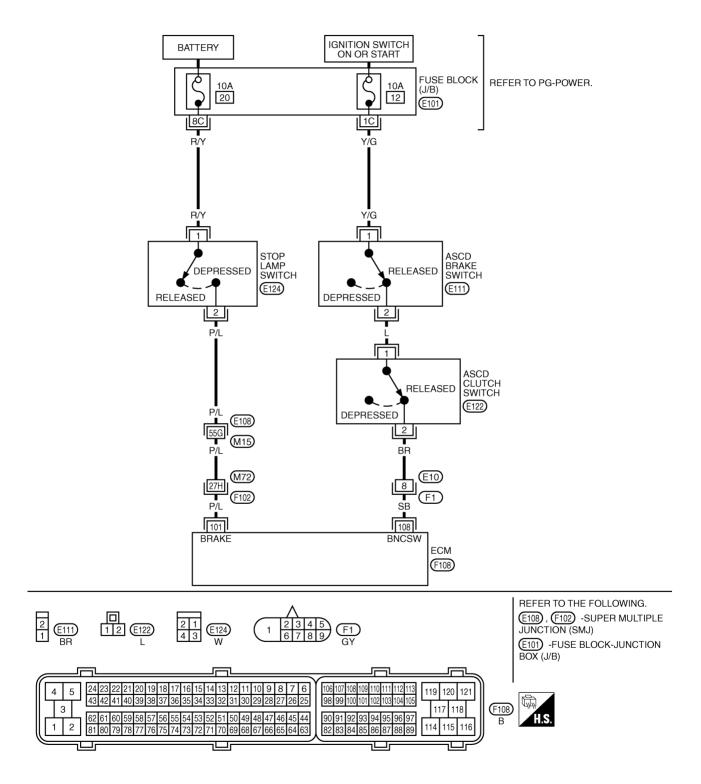
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#### **M/T MODELS**

# EC-ASCBOF-01

: DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC



Specification data are reference values and are measured between each terminal and ground.

#### **CAUTION:**

# Do not use ECM ground terminals when measuring input/output voltage. Doing so may result in damage to the ECM's transistor. Use a ground other than ECM terminals, such as the ground.

TER- MINAL NO.	WIRE COLOR	ITEM	CONDITION	DATA (DC Voltage)	EC
101	P/L	Stop Jomp quitch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is fully released	Approximately 0V	С
101	P/L	Stop lamp switch	[Ignition switch: ON] • Brake pedal is depressed	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	D
108	SB	ASCD brake switch	<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Brake pedal and/or clutch pedal are depressed</li> </ul>	Approximately 0V	E
100	30		<ul> <li>[Ignition switch: ON]</li> <li>Brake pedal and clutch pedal are fully released</li> </ul>	BATTERY VOLTAGE (11 - 14V)	F

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# Diagnostic Procedure

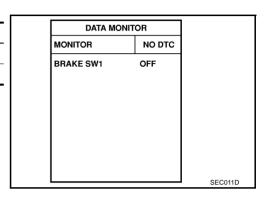
# A/T MODELS

1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

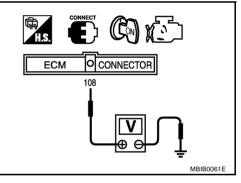
CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal is depressed	OFF
When brake pedal is fully released	ON



#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal is fully released	Battery voltage



#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 2.
NG	>> GO TO 3.

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# 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

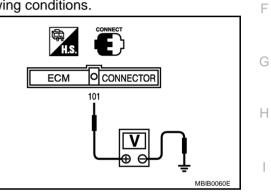
(B) With CONSULT-II Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal is released	OFF
When brake pedal is depressed	ON

DATA MO	NITOR		EC
MONITOR	NO DTC		
BRAKE SW2	OFF		C
		SEC013D	E

**Without CONSULT-II** Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is released	Approximately 0V
When brake pedal is depressed	Battery voltage



OK or NG OK >> INSPECTION END NG >> GO TO 8.

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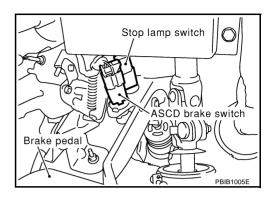
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# ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

# $\overline{\mathbf{3}}$ . Check ascd brake switch power supply circuit

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

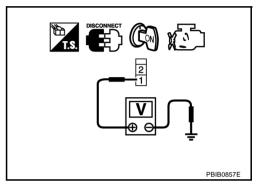


4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 5. NG >> GO TO 4.



#### 4. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

#### Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E101
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD brake switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 5. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 108 and ASCD brake switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7. NG >> GO TO 6.

#### 6. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E10, F1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ASCD brake switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# EC-620

# 7. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

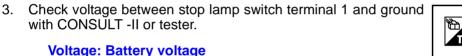
Refer to EC-628, "Component Inspection"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13. NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

# 8. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

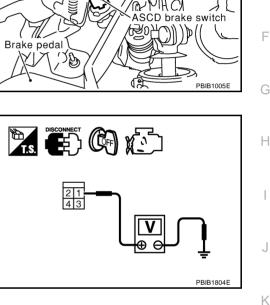
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.



#### vollage. Daller

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.



Stop lamp switch

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# 9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Fuse block (J/B) connector E101
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

### 10. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 2. Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 12. NG >> GO TO 11. А

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# EC-621

# 11. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E108, M15
- Harness connectors M72, F102
- Harness for open or short between ECM and stop lamp switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

# 12. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH

Refer to EC-628, "Component Inspection"

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 13.

NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.

# 13. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT

Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT" .

>> INSPECTION END

# ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

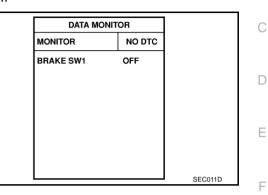
#### M/T MODELS

# 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-I

#### (B) With CONSULT-II

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Select "BRAKE SW1" in "DATA MONITOR" mode with CONSULT-II.
- 3. Check "BRAKE SW1" indication under the following conditions.

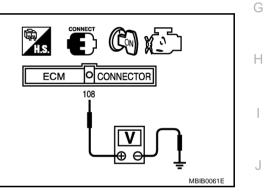
CONDITION	INDICATION
When brake pedal and/or clutch pedal are depressed	OFF
When brake pedal and clutch pedal are fully released	ON



#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 2. Check voltage between ECM terminal 108 and ground under the following conditions.

Ŭ		
CONDITION	VOLTAGE	
When brake pedal and/or clutch pedal are depressed	Approximately 0V	
When brake pedal and clutch pedal are fully released	Battery voltage	



#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3. А

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# 2. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION-II

#### With CONSULT-II

Check "BRAKE SW2" indication in "DATA MONITOR" mode.

When brake pedal is released	OFF
When brake pedal is depressed	ON

DATA MONITOR			
MONITOR NO DTC			
BRAKE SW2	OFF		

#### **Without CONSULT-II**

Check voltage between ECM terminal 101 and ground under the following conditions.

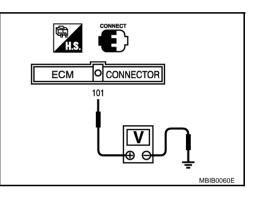
#### OK or NG

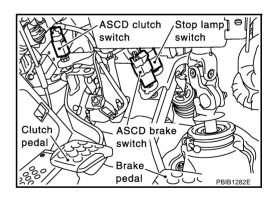
OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> GO TO 11.

# 3. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD clutch switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.



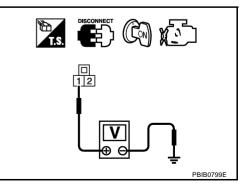


4. Check voltage between ASCD clutch switch terminal 1 and ground under the following conditions with CONSULT-II or tester.

CONDITION	VOLTAGE
When brake pedal is released	Battery voltage
When brake pedal is depressed	Approximately 0V

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8. NG >> GO TO 4.



# 4. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

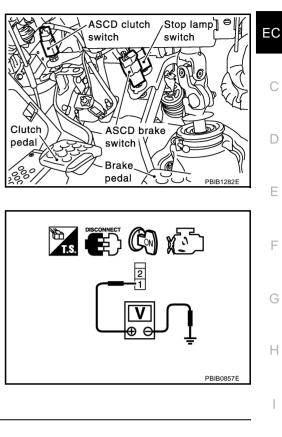
- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.

4. Check voltage between ASCD brake switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT-II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 6. NG >> GO TO 5.



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- 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART
- Check the following.
- Fuse block (J/B) connector E101
- 10A fuse
- Harness for open or short between ASCD brake switch and fuse

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 6. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminal 2 and ASCD clutch switch terminal 1.
   M
   Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

3. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 7. CHECK ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

Refer to EC-628, "Component Inspection"

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace ASCD brake switch.

# $\mathbf{8.}\,$ check ascd clutch switch input signal circuit for open and short

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ASCD clutch switch terminal 2 and ECM terminal 108. Refer to Wiring Diagram.

#### Continuity should exist.

4. Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.

OK or NG OK >> GO

OK >> GO TO 10. NG >> GO TO 9.

#### 9. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the following.

- Harness connectors E10, F1
- Harness for open or short between ECM and ASCD clutch switch

>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.

#### 10. CHECK ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH

Refer to EC-628, "Component Inspection" .

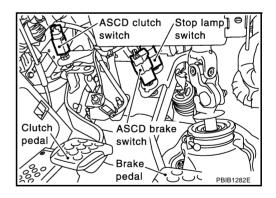
#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 16.

NG >> Replace ASCD clutch switch.

#### 11. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.

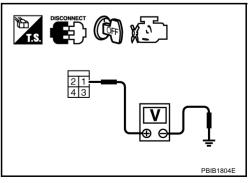


3. Check voltage between stop lamp switch terminal 1 and ground with CONSULT -II or tester.

#### Voltage: Battery voltage

#### OK or NG

OK	>> GO TO 13.
NG	>> GO TO 12.



# **ASCD BRAKE SWITCH**

12. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	А
Check the following. <ul> <li>Fuse block (J/B) connector E101</li> <li>10A fuse</li> </ul>	EC
<ul> <li>Harness for open or short between stop lamp switch and fuse</li> </ul>	
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	С
13. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH INPUT SIGNAL CIRCUIT FOR OPEN AND SHORT	D
<ol> <li>Disconnect ECM harness connector.</li> <li>Check harness continuity between ECM terminal 101 and stop lamp switch terminal 2. Refer to Wiring Diagram.</li> </ol>	E
Continuity should exist.	
<ol> <li>Also check harness for short to ground and short to power.</li> <li><u>OK or NG</u></li> <li>OK &gt;&gt; GO TO 15.</li> </ol>	F
NG >> GO TO 14.	G
14. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART	
Check the following. <ul> <li>Harness connectors E108, M15</li> </ul>	Н
<ul> <li>Harness connectors M72, F102</li> <li>Harness for open or short between ECM and stop lamp switch</li> </ul>	I
>> Repair open circuit or short to ground or short to power in harness or connectors.	J
15. CHECK STOP LAMP SWITCH	
Refer to <u>EC-628, "Component Inspection"</u> OK or NG	K
OK >> GO TO 16. NG >> Replace stop lamp switch.	L
16. CHECK INTERMITTENT INCIDENT	
Refer to EC-129, "TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTERMITTENT INCIDENT".	Μ

#### >> INSPECTION END

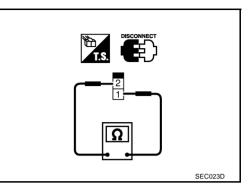
#### Component Inspection ASCD BRAKE SWITCH

1. Turn ignition switch OFF.

- 2. Disconnect ASCD brake switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ASCD brake switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal is fully released.	Should exist.
When brake pedal is depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD brake switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6,</u> <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

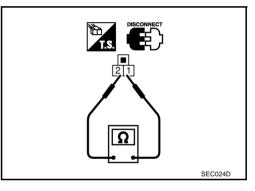


#### ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ASCD clutch switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between ASCD clutch switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When clutch pedal is fully released.	Should exist.
When clutch pedal is depressed.	Should not exist.

If NG, adjust ASCD clutch switch installation, refer to <u>CL-5</u>, <u>"CLUTCH PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.

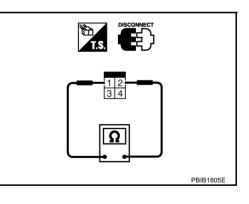


#### **STOP LAMP SWITCH**

- 1. Turn ignition switch OFF.
- 2. Disconnect stop lamp switch harness connector.
- 3. Check harness continuity between stop lamp switch terminals 1 and 2 under the following conditions.

Condition	Continuity
When brake pedal is fully released.	Should not exist.
When brake pedal is depressed.	Should exist.

If NG, adjust stop lamp switch installation, refer to <u>BR-6</u>, <u>"BRAKE PEDAL"</u>, and perform step 3 again.



# ASCD INDICATOR

# ASCD INDICATOR

## **Component Description**

ASCD indicator lamp illuminates to indicate ASCD operation status. Lamp has two indicators, CRUISE and SET, and is integrated in combination meter.

CRUISE indicator illuminates when ON/OFF (MAIN) switch on ASCD steering switch is turned ON to indicated that ASCD system is ready for operation.

SET indicator illuminates when following conditions are met.

- CRUISE indicator is illuminated.
- SET switch on ASCD steering switch is turned ON while vehicle speed is within the range of ASCD setting.

SET indicator remains lit during ASCD control. Refer to <u>EC-649</u>, "<u>AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)</u>" for the ASCD function.

# **CONSULT-II** Reference Value in Data Monitor Mode

ABS008E3

Specification data are reference value.

MONITOR ITEM	CONDITION		SPECIFICATION	F
CRUISE LAMP	Ignition switch: ON	ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: Pressed at the 1st time $\rightarrow$ at the 2nd time	$ON \rightarrow OFF$	1
	ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: ON	COAST/SET switch: Pressed	ON	G
SET LAMP	<ul> <li>When vehicle speed is between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89MPH)</li> </ul>	COAST/SET switch: Released	OFF	Н

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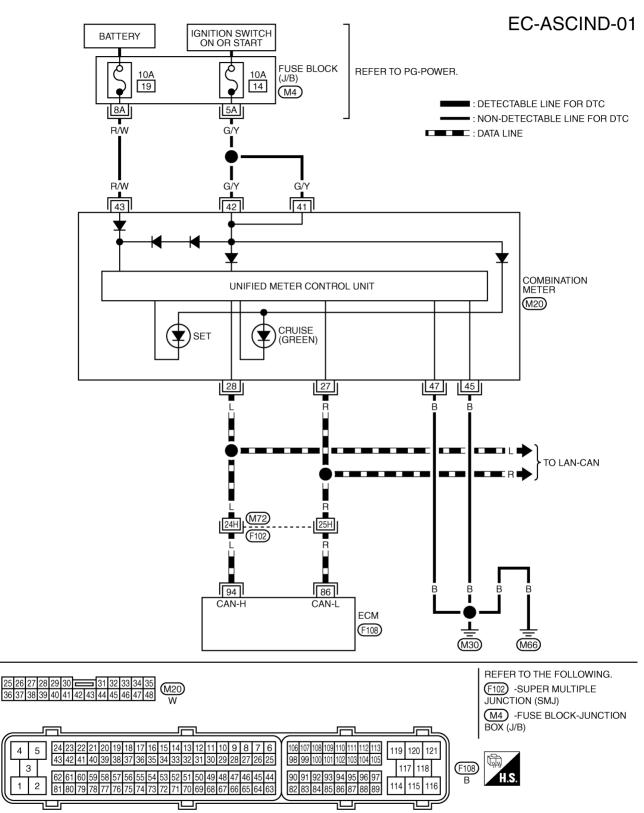
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# **ASCD INDICATOR**

# Wiring Diagram

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TBWT0305E

ABS008E4

# Diagnostic Procedure 1. CHECK OVERALL FUNCTION

ABS008E5

Check ASCD indicator under the following conditions.

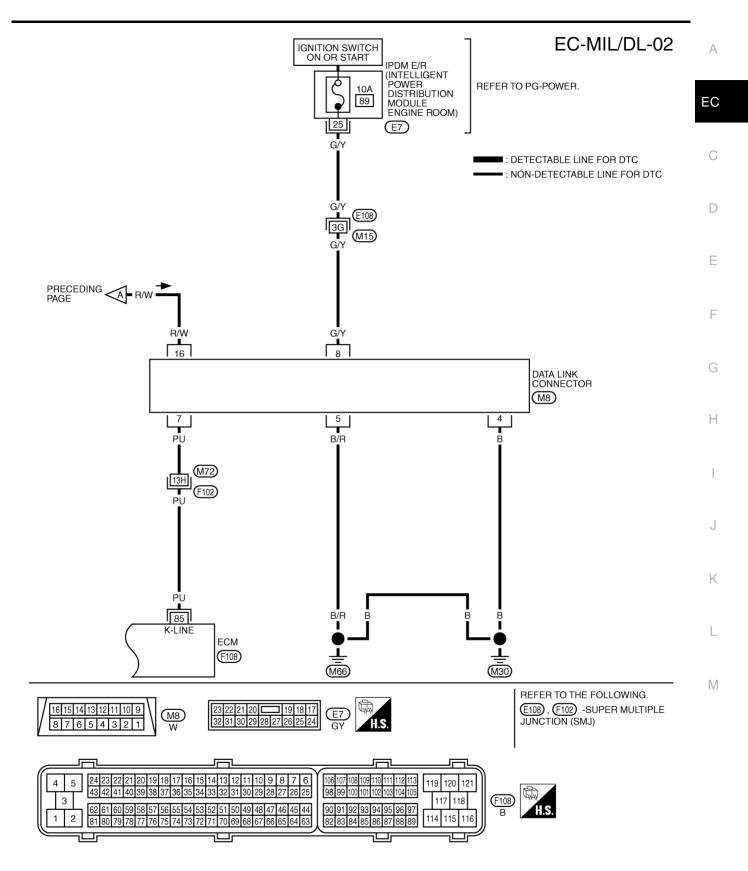
ASCD INDICATOR	CON	DITION	SPECIFICATION	E
CRUISE LAMP	Ignition switch: ON	ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: Pressed at the 1st time $\rightarrow$ at the 2nd time	$ON \rightarrow OFF$	(
	ON/OFF (MAIN) switch: ON	COAST/SET switch: Pressed	ON	
SET LAMP	<ul> <li>When vehicle speed is between 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89MPH)</li> </ul>	COAST/SET switch: Released	OFF	[
<u>OK or NG</u> OK >> <b>INSPECTIC</b> NG >> GO TO 2.	ON END			I
2. снеск ртс				I
Check that DTC U1000	or U1001 is not displayed.			
OK or NG				
OK >> GO TO 3.		0 114004 Defende E0 400		
	ouble diagnoses for DTC U100 CATION LINE".	0, U1001. Refer to <u>EC-139</u>	<u>, "DTC U1000, U1001 CAN</u>	
-				
<b>J. CHECK COMBINA</b>	TION METER OPERATION			
Does combination mete	er operate normally?			
Yes or No				
Yes >> GO TO 4. No >> Check com	bination meter circuit. Refer to		EDC"	
4. CHECK INTERMIT	TENT INCIDENT			
Refer to EC-129, "TRO	UBLE DIAGNOSIS FOR INTER	RMITTENT INCIDENT".		
>> INSPECTIO	ON END			

# MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR

#### MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR PFP:24814 Wiring Diagram ABS008E6 EC-MIL/DL-01 IGNITION SWITCH ON OR START BATTERY FUSE BLOCK Ò Ċ REFER TO PG-POWER. 10A 10A (J/B) 19 14 ■ : DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC (M4) - : NON-DETECTABLE LINE FOR DTC 8A 5A DATA LINE Т Т R/W G/Y R/W G/Y R/W G/Y 43 41 42 COMBINATION METER UNIFIED METER CONTROL UNIT (M20) MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LAMP 47 27 45 28 B TO LAN-CAN R 25H (M72 124H Ē P (F102) R (M30) (M66) 94 86 CAN-H CAN-L ECM (F108) REFER TO THE FOLLOWING. 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 (M20) W (F102) -SUPER MULTIPLE JUNCTION (SMJ) (M4) -FUSE BLOCK-JUNCTION BOX (J/B) ſĒ ٦ 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 119 120 121 5 4 27 26 25 98 99 100 3 104 105 117 118 (F108) 3 51 50 49 48 47 46 45 44 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 H.S В 2 114 115 1 116 81 80 79 78 77 76 75 74 73 72 71 70 69 68 67 66 65 64 63 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 Ъ ٦L

#### EC-632

# MIL AND DATA LINK CONNECTOR



TBWT0687E

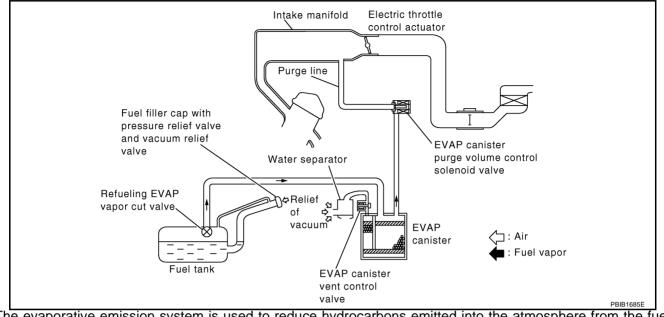
# **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**

## **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**

PFP:14950

ABS008E7

#### Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



The evaporative emission system is used to reduce hydrocarbons emitted into the atmosphere from the fuel system. This reduction of hydrocarbons is accomplished by activated charcoals in the EVAP canister.

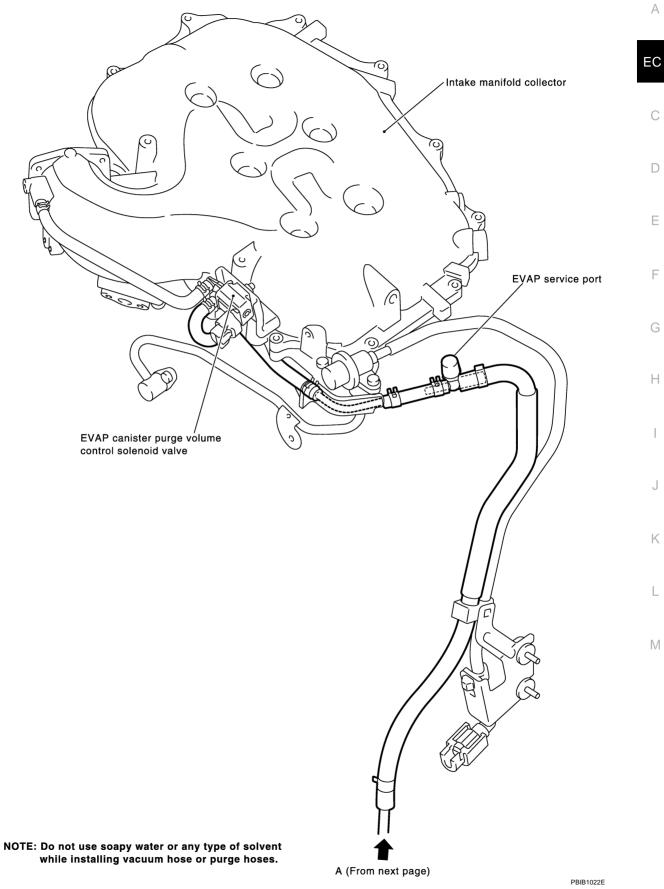
The fuel vapor in the sealed fuel tank is led into the EVAP canister which contains activated carbon and the vapor is stored there when the engine is not operating or when refueling to the fuel tank.

The vapor in the EVAP canister is purged by the air through the purge line to the intake manifold when the engine is operating. EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is controlled by ECM. When the engine operates, the flow rate of vapor controlled by EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve is proportionally regulated as the air flow increases.

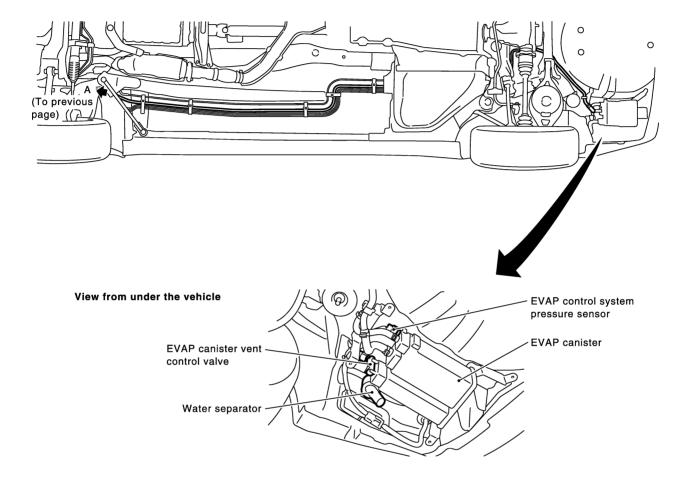
EVAP canister purge volume control solenoid valve also shuts off the vapor purge line during decelerating and idling.

# **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**

#### EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING



EC-635



#### **Component Inspection** EVAP CANISTER

Check EVAP canister as follows:

- 1 Block port B.
- 2. Blow air into port A and check that it flows freely out of port C.
- Release blocked port B. 3.
- 4. Apply vacuum pressure to port **B** and check that vacuum pressure exists at the ports A and C.
- 5. Block port A and B.
- 6. Apply pressure to port **C** and check that there is no leakage.

#### FUEL TANK VACUUM RELIEF VALVE (BUILT INTO FUEL FULLER CAP)

1. Wipe clean valve housing.

2. Check valve opening pressure and vacuum.

Pressure:	15.3 - 20.0 kPa (0.156 - 0.204 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , 2.22 - 2.90 psi)
Vacuum:	-6.0 to −3.3 kPa (−0.061 to −0.034 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> , −0.87 to −0.48 psi)

3. If out of specification, replace fuel filler cap as an assembly.

#### **CAUTION:**

Use only a genuine fuel filler cap as a replacement. If an incorrect fuel filler cap is used, the MIL may come on.

#### EVAP CANISTER PURGE VOLUME CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

Refer to EC-335 .

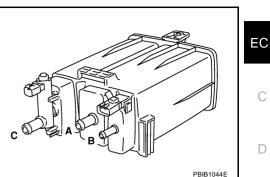
FUEL TANK TEMPERATURE SENSOR

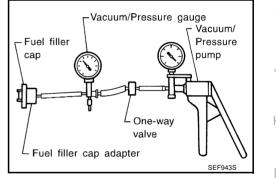
Refer to EC-278.

**EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE** 

Refer to EC-342.

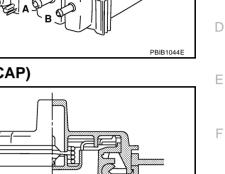
EVAP CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR Refer to EC-352.





Plate

Gasket



Spring -Pressure valve

Vacuum valve

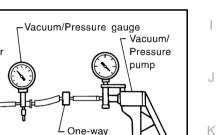
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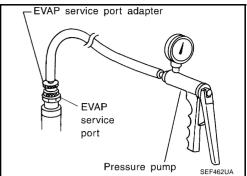
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#### **EVAP SERVICE PORT**

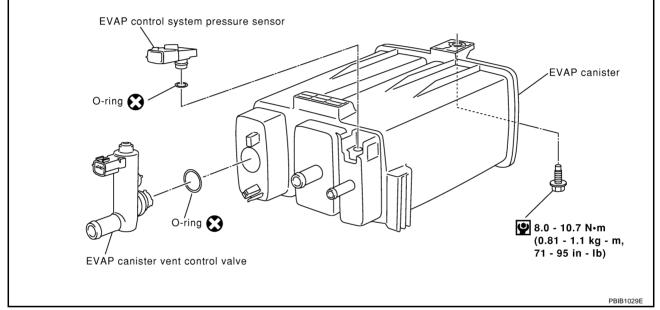
Positive pressure is delivered to the EVAP system through the EVAP service port. If fuel vapor leakage in the EVAP system occurs, use a leak detector to locate the leak.



ABS008E9

#### Removal and Installation EVAP CANISTER

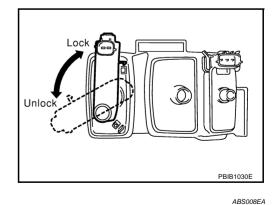
Tighten EVAP canister as shown in the figure.



#### **EVAP CANISTER VENT CONTROL VALVE**

- 1. Turn EVAP canister vent control valve counterclockwise.
- 2. Remove the EVAP canister vent control valve.

Do not reuse the O-ring, replace it with a new one.



# How to Detect Fuel Vapor Leakage

#### **CAUTION:**

- Never use compressed air or a high pressure pump.
- Do not exceed 4.12 kPa (0.042 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.6 psi) of pressure in EVAP system.

#### NOTE:

- Do not start engine.
- Improper installation of EVAP service port adapter to the EVAP service port may cause a leak.

# EC-638

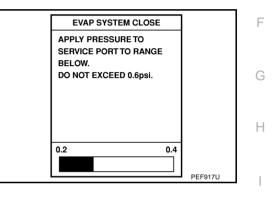
# **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**

#### WITH CONSULT-II

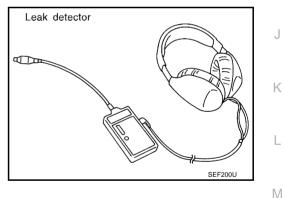
- 1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump and hose to the EVAP service port adapter.
- 3. Turn ignition switch ON.
- 4. Select the "EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE" of "WORK SUPPORT MODE" with CONSULT-II.
- 5. Touch "START". A bar graph (Pressure indicating display) will appear on the screen.

		EC
EVAP SYSTEM CLOSE		
APPLY PRESSURE TO EVAP SYSTEM FROM SERVICE PORT USING HAND PUMP WITH PRESSURE GAUGE AT		С
NEXT SCREEN. NEVER USE COMPRESSED AIR OR HIGH PRESSURE PUMP!		D
DO NOT START ENGINE. TOUCH START.	PEF838U	Е

- 6. Apply positive pressure to the EVAP system until the pressure indicator reaches the middle of the bar graph.
- 7. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.

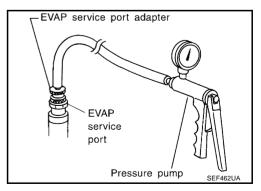


8. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to <u>EC-635, "EVAP-ORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING"</u>.



#### **WITHOUT CONSULT-II**

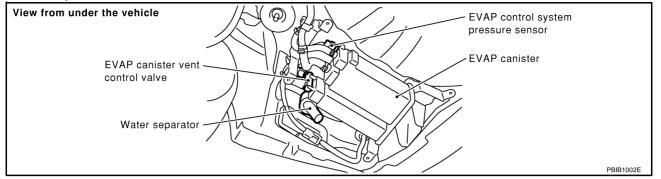
- 1. Attach the EVAP service port adapter securely to the EVAP service port.
- 2. Also attach the pressure pump with pressure gauge to the EVAP service port adapter.



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# **EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM**

3. Apply battery voltage to between the terminals of EVAP canister vent control valve to make a closed EVAP system.



- 4. To locate the leak, deliver positive pressure to the EVAP system until pressure gauge points reach 1.38 to 2.76 kPa (0.014 to 0.028 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, 0.2 to 0.4 psi).
- 5. Remove EVAP service port adapter and hose with pressure pump.
- 6. Locate the leak using a leak detector. Refer to EC-635, "EVAPORATIVE EMISSION LINE DRAWING" .

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# **ON BOARD REFUELING VAPOR RECOVERY (ORVR)**

#### А **System Description** ARSOORER EVAP/ORVR line EC **Recirculation line** To EVAP canister purge volume One-way fuel valve Fuel tank control solenoid valve EVAP F canister E R Refueling EVAP vapor cut valve To water separator PBIB1028E

From the beginning of refueling, the air and vapor inside the fuel tank go through refueling EVAP vapor cut valve and EVAP/ORVR line to the EVAP canister. The vapor is absorbed by the EVAP canister and the air is released to the atmosphere.

When the refueling has reached the full level of the fuel tank, the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve is closed and refueling is stopped because of auto shut-off. The vapor which was absorbed by the EVAP canister is purged during driving.

#### WARNING:

When conducting inspections below, be sure to observe the following:

- Put a "CAUTION: INFLAMMABLE" sign in workshop.
- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from work area.
- Be sure to furnish the workshop with a CO<sub>2</sub> fire extinguisher.

#### **CAUTION:**

- Before removing fuel line parts, carry out the following procedures:
- Put drained fuel in an explosion-proof container and put lid on securely.
- Release fuel pressure from fuel line. Refer to EC-44, "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
- Disconnect battery ground cable.
- Always replace O-ring when the fuel gauge retainer is removed.
- Do not kink or twist hose and tube when they are installed.
- Do not tighten hose and clamps excessively to avoid damaging hoses.
- After installation, run engine and check for fuel leaks at connection.
- Do not attempt to top off the fuel tank after the fuel pump nozzle shuts off automatically. Continued refueling may cause fuel overflow, resulting in fuel spray and possibly a fire.

#### Diagnostic Procedure SYMPTOM: FUEL ODOR FROM EVAP CANISTER IS STRONG.

**1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER** 

- 1. Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.
- 2. Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor attached.

The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 2.

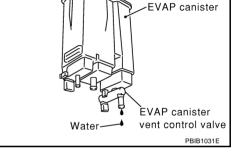
NG >> GO TO 3.

#### 2. CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER

Does water drain from the EVAP canister?

Yes or No

Yes >> GO TO 3. No >> GO TO 6.



ABS008EC

# 3. REPLACE EVAP CANISTER

Replace EVAP canister with a new one.

>> GO TO 4.

#### 4. CHECK WATER SEPARATOR

Refer to <u>EC-644, "Component Inspection"</u>. <u>OK or NG</u> OK >> GO TO 5.

NG >> Replace water separator.

## 5. DETECT MALFUNCTIONING PART

Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

#### 6. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-644, "Component Inspection" .

OK or NG

#### OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

#### SYMPTOM: CANNOT REFUEL/FUEL ODOR FROM THE FUEL FILLER OPENING IS STRONG WHILE REFUELING.

#### 1. CHECK EVAP CANISTER

EC Remove EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor 1. attached.

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Weigh the EVAP canister with EVAP canister vent control valve and EVAP control system pressure sensor 2. attached.

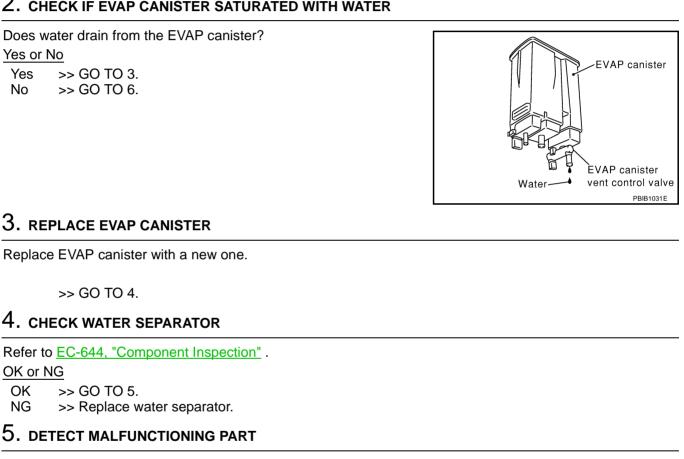
The weight should be less than 2.1 kg (4.6 lb).

#### OK or NG

No

OK >> GO TO 2. NG >> GO TO 3.

#### $2.\,$ CHECK IF EVAP CANISTER SATURATED WITH WATER



Check the EVAP hose between EVAP canister and water separator for clogging or poor connection.

>> Repair or replace EVAP hose.

#### 6. CHECK VENT HOSES AND VENT TUBES

Check hoses and tubes between EVAP canister and refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for clogging, kink, looseness and improper connection.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 7.

NG >> Repair or replace hoses and tubes.

# 7. CHECK FILLER NECK TUBE

Check recirculation line for clogging, dents and cracks.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 8.

NG >> Replace filler neck tube.

#### 8. CHECK REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE

Refer to EC-644, "Component Inspection" .

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 9.

NG >> Replace refueling EVAP vapor cut valve with fuel tank.

#### 9. CHECK FUEL FILLER TUBE

Check filler neck tube and hose connected to the fuel tank for clogging, dents and cracks.

OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 10.

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube.

# 10. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-I

Check one-way valve for clogging.

#### OK or NG

OK >> GO TO 11.

NG >> Repair or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.

# 11. CHECK ONE-WAY FUEL VALVE-II

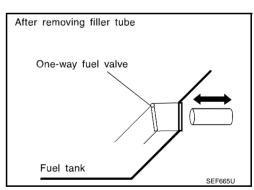
- 1. Make sure that fuel is drained from the tank.
- 2. Remove fuel filler tube and hose.
- Check one-way fuel valve for operation as follows. When a stick is inserted, the valve should open, when removing stick it should close.

#### Do not drop any material into the tank.

#### OK or NG

#### OK >> INSPECTION END

NG >> Replace fuel filler tube or replace one-way fuel valve with fuel tank.

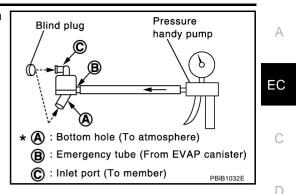


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#### Component Inspection WATER SEPARATOR

- 1. Check visually for insect nests in the water separator air inlet.
- 2. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the appearance.
- 3. Check visually for cracks or flaws in the hose.

- 4. Check that **A** and **C** are not clogged by blowing air into **B** with **A**, and then **C** plugged.
- 5. In case of NG in items 2 4, replace the parts.
  - NOTE: Do not disassemble water separator.



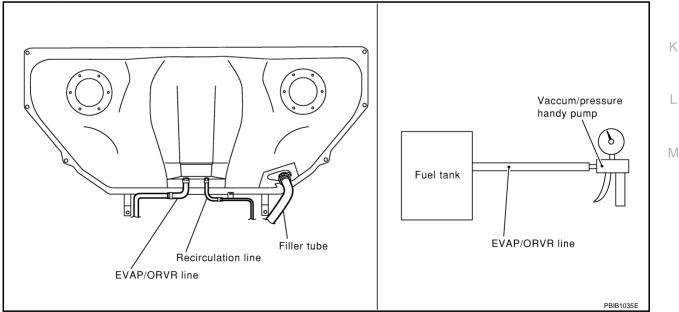
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#### **REFUELING EVAP VAPOR CUT VALVE**

#### With CONSULT-II

- 1. Remove fuel tank. Refer to FL-11, "FUEL TANK" .
- 2. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
- a. Remove fuel feed hose located on the fuel gauge retainer.
- b. Connect a spare fuel hose, one side to fuel gauge retainer where the hose was removed and the other side to a fuel container.
- c. Drain fuel using "FUEL PUMP RELAY" in "ACTIVE TEST" mode with CONSULT-II.
- Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows. Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.
- 4. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
- a. Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
- b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit. Always replace O-ring with new one.
- c. Put fuel tank upside down.
- d. Apply vacuum pressure to hose end [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



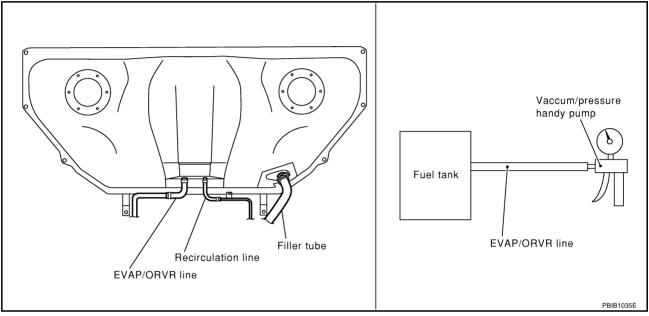
#### **Without CONSULT-II**

- 1. Remove fuel tank. Refer to FL-11, "FUEL TANK" .
- 2. Drain fuel from the tank as follows:
- a. Remove fuel gauge retainer.
- b. Drain fuel from the tank using a handy pump into a fuel container.
- 3. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to close as follows.

# EC-645

Blow air into the refueling EVAP vapor cut valve (from the end of EVAP/ORVR line hose), and check that the air flows freely into the tank.

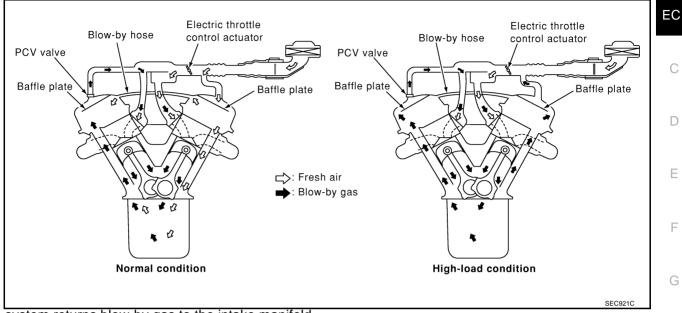
- 4. Check refueling EVAP vapor cut valve for being stuck to open as follows.
- a. Connect vacuum pump to hose end.
- b. Remove fuel gauge retainer with fuel gauge unit. Always replace O-ring with new one.
- c. Put fuel tank upside down.
- d. Apply vacuum pressure to hose end [-13.3 kPa (-100 mmHg, -3.94 inHg)] with fuel gauge retainer remaining open and check that the pressure is applicable.



# **POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION**

# POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION

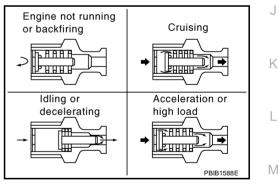
#### Description SYSTEM DESCRIPTION



This system returns blow-by gas to the intake manifold.

The positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve is provided to conduct crankcase blow-by gas to the intake manifold. During partial throttle operation of the engine, the intake manifold sucks the blow-by gas through the PCV valve. Normally, the capacity of the valve is sufficient to handle any blow-by and a small amount of ventilating air. The ventilating air is then drawn from the air inlet tubes into the crankcase. In this process the air passes through the hose connecting air inlet tubes to rocker cover. Under full-throttle condition, the manifold vacuum is insufficient to draw the blow-by flow through the valve. The flow goes through the hose connection in the reverse direction.

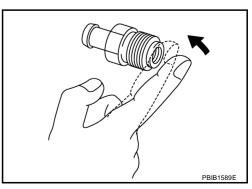
On vehicles with an excessively high blow-by, the valve does not meet the requirement. This is because some of the flow will go through the hose connection to the air inlet tubes under all conditions.



ABS008EF

#### **Component Inspection** PCV (POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION) VALVE

With engine running at idle, remove PCV valve from rocker cover. A properly working valve makes a hissing noise as air passes through it. A strong vacuum should be felt immediately when a finger is placed over valve inlet.

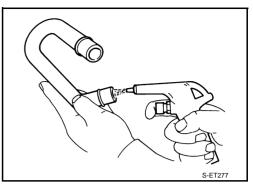


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#### **PCV VALVE VENTILATION HOSE**

- 1. Check hoses and hose connections for leaks.
- 2. Disconnect all hoses and clean with compressed air. If any hose cannot be freed of obstructions, replace.



# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

## System Description INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL CHART

Sensor	Input signal to ECM	ECM function	Actuator	EC	
ASCD brake switch	Brake pedal operation				
Stop lamp switch	Brake pedal operation				
ASCD clutch switch	Clutch pedal operation	ASCD vehicle speed control Electric throttle control actuator		С	
ASCD steering switch	ASCD steering switch operation		SCD steering switch operation ASCD vehicle speed control Electric throttle control	Electric throttle control	
Park/Neutral position (PNP) switch	Gear position		D		
Combination meter*	Vehicle speed				
TCM*	Powertrain revolution			E	

\*: This signal is sent to the ECM through CAN communication line.

#### BASIC ASCD SYSTEM

Refer to Owner's Manual for ASCD operating instructions.

Automatic Speed Control Device (ASCD) allows a driver to keep vehicle at predetermined constant speed without depressing accelerator pedal. Driver can set vehicle speed in advance between approximately 40 km/ h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH).

ECM controls throttle angle of electric throttle control actuator to regulate engine speed.

Operation status of ASCD is indicated by CRUISE indicator and SET indicator in combination meter. If any malfunction occurs in ASCD system, it automatically deactivates control.

#### NOTE:

#### Always drive vehicle in safe manner according to traffic conditions and obey all traffic laws.

#### **SET OPERATION**

Press ON/OFF (MAIN) switch. (The CRUISE indicator in combination meter illuminates.) When vehicle speed reaches a desired speed between approximately 40 km/h (25 MPH) and 144 km/h (89 MPH), press COAST/SET switch. (Then SET indicator in combination meter illuminates.)

#### ACCEL OPERATION

If the ACCEL/RESUME switch is pressed during cruise control driving, increase the vehicle speed until the switch is released or vehicle speed reaches maximum speed controlled by the system. And then ASCD will keep the new set speed.

#### **CANCEL OPERATION**

When any of following conditions exist, cruise operation will be canceled.

- CANCEL switch is depressed
- More than 2 switches at ASCD steering switch are pressed at the same time (Set speed will be cleared)
- Brake pedal is depressed
- Clutch pedal is depressed or gear position is changed to the neutral position (M/T models)
- Selector lever is changed to N, R, P position (A/T models)
- Vehicle speed decreased to 13 km/h (8 MPH) lower than the set speed
- VDC/TCS system is operated

When the ECM detects any of the following conditions, the ECM will cancel the cruise operation and inform the driver by blinking indicator lamp.

 Engine coolant temperature is slightly higher than the normal operating temperature, CRUISE lamp may blink slowly.

When the engine coolant temperature decreases to the normal operating temperature, CRUISE lamp will stop blinking and the cruise operation will be able to work by pressing COAST/SET switch or ACCEL/ RESUME switch.

Malfunction for some self-diagnoses regarding ASCD control: SET lamp will blink quickly.

If ON/OFF (MAIN) switch is turned to OFF during ASCD is activated, all of ASCD operations will be canceled and vehicle speed memory will be erased.

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#### **COAST OPERATION**

When the COAST/SET switch is pressed during cruise control driving, decrease vehicle set speed until the switch is released. And then ASCD will keep the new set speed.

#### **RESUME OPERATION**

When the ACCEL/RESUME switch is pressed after cancel operation other than pressing ON/OFF (MAIN) switch is performed, vehicle speed will return to last set speed. To resume vehicle set speed, vehicle condition must meet following conditions.

- Brake pedal is released
- Clutch pedal is released (M/T models)
- A/T selector lever is in other than P and N positions (A/T models)
- Vehicle speed is greater than 40 km/h (25 MPH) and less than 144 km/h (89 MPH)

# AUTOMATIC SPEED CONTROL DEVICE (ASCD)

Component Description ASCD STEERING SWITCH	ABS008EH	А
Refer to EC-514.		
ASCD BRAKE SWITCH		EC
Refer to EC-521, and EC-613.		LC
ASCD CLUTCH SWITCH		
Refer to EC-521.		С
STOP LAMP SWITCH		
Refer to <u>EC-521</u> , <u>EC-549</u> and <u>EC-613</u> .		D
ELECTRIC THROTTLE CONTROL ACTUATOR		
Refer to <u>EC-410</u> , <u>EC-412</u> , <u>EC-418</u> and <u>EC-423</u> .		_
ASCD INDICATOR		E
Refer to <u>EC-629</u> .		
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# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

# SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

#### **Fuel Pressure**

Fuel pressure at idling kPa (kg/cm<sup>2</sup>, psi) Approximately 350 (3.57, 51)

# Idle Speed and Ignition Timing

Target idle speed	A/T	No-load* (in P or N position)	650±50 rpm	
	M/T	No-load* (in Neutral position)		
Air conditioner: ON	A/T	In P or N position	775 rpm or more	
All conditioner. ON	M/T	In Neutral position		
Ignition timing	A/T	In P or N position	15° ± 5° BTDC	
	M/T	In Neutral position		

\*: Under the following conditions:

• Air conditioner switch: OFF

• Electric load: OFF (Lights, heater fan & rear window defogger)

• Steering wheel: Kept in straight-ahead position

# Calculated Load Value

ConditionsCalculated load value % (Using CONSULT-II or GST)At idle5 - 35At 2,500 rpm5 - 35

# Mass Air Flow Sensor

Supply voltage	Battery voltage (11 - 14V)	
Output voltage at idle	0.9 - 1.2*V	
Mass air flow (Using CONSULT-II or GST)	2.0 - 6.0 g·m/sec at idle* 7.0 - 20.0 g·m/sec at 2,500 rpm*	

\*: Engine is warmed up to normal operating temperature and running under no-load.

#### Intake Air Temperature Sensor

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ
25 (77)	1.94 - 2.06
80 (176)	0.295 - 0.349

# **Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor**

Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance kΩ	
20 (68)	2.1 - 2.9	
50 (122)	0.68 - 1.00	
90 (194)	0.236 - 0.260	

#### Heated Oxygen Sensor 1 Heater

	5.5 - 4.022
Resistance [at 25°C (77°E)]	3.3 - 4.0Ω

#### Heated Oxygen sensor 2 Heater

Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]

# **Crankshaft Position Sensor (POS)**

Refer to EC-302, "Component Inspection" .

# **Camshaft Position Sensor (PHASE)**

Refer to EC-310, "Component Inspection" .

ABS008ER

ABS008EQ

PFP:00030

ABS0094Z

ABS008EL

ABS008EM

ABS008EN

ABS008EO

ABS008EP

5.0 - 7.0Ω

ABS008EK

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Throttle Control Motor		ABS008ES	^
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)]	Approximately 1 - 15Ω		P
Injector		ABS008ET	
Resistance [at 10 - 60°C (50 - 140°F)]	13.5 - 17.5Ω		EC
Fuel Pump		ABS008EU	
Resistance [at 25°C (77°F)] Approximately 0.2 - 5.0Ω			C

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